

Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan, Chandigarh Region

Pre-Board-II Examination (2025-26)

Class - X
SCIENCE

SUB – SOCIAL

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper has Four Sections – A-History, B-Geography C- Political Science, and D- Economics.
3. Each Section is of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions, carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9. In Section A-History (2 marks) and Q19. In Section B - Geography (3 marks)
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.
10. In addition to this, NOTE that a separate question has been provided for Visually Impaired candidates in lieu of questions having visual inputs, map etc. Such questions are to be attempted by Visually Impaired candidates only.

SECTION A HISTORY (20 MARKS)

Q.1	Identify the correct statement with regard to 'The Act of Union-1707' from the following options: a) The British monarchy surrendered the power to English parliament. b) The British Parliament seized power from Ireland. c) The formation of the 'United Kingdom of Great Britain'. d) The British nation was formed as a result of a war with Scotland and Wales.	1
Q.2	Arrange the following historical events in chronological order and choose the correct option: I. Second Round Table Conference II. Simon Commission arrives in India III. Beginning of Dandi March IV. Incident of Chauri- Chaura Options: A) I, II, III And IV B) IV, II, III And I C) IV, II I and III D) I, II, IV and III	1
Q.3	Look at the picture given below. Identify the name of the painter of this painting from the following options. 	1

	SECTION-B GEOGRAPHY (20 Marks)											
Q.10	Choose the correctly matched pair: A) Corbett National park - Himachal Pradesh B) Sunderban National Park - Kerala C) Bandhavgarh National Park - Rajasthan D) Manas Tiger Reserve - Assam	1										
Q.11	Which of the following conservation strategies do NOT directly involve community participation? (A) Joint forest management (B) Beej Bachao Andolan (C) Chipko Movement (D) Demarcation of Wildlife sanctuaries.	1										
Q.12	Identify the soil with the help of clues given below: - • Well known for their capacity to hold moisture • Made up of extremely fine clayey material. • Generally poor in phosphoric contents Options:- A. Red soil B. Laterite soil C. Regur soil D. Alluvial soil	1										
Q.13	The piece of land left uncultivated for the past 1-5 agricultural years is called_____. a) Current fallow land b) Barren land c) Other than current fallow land d) Forest land	1										
Q.14	Match Column-I with Column-II and choose the correct option : <table><tr><td>Column-I (Dam)</td><td>Column-II (River)</td></tr><tr><td>a. Sardar Sarovar</td><td>i) Mahanadi</td></tr><tr><td>b. Salal</td><td>ii. Chambal</td></tr><tr><td>C. Gandhi Sagar</td><td>iii. Narmada</td></tr><tr><td>d. Hirakud</td><td>iv. Chenab</td></tr></table> Option: A) a-ii b-i c-iv d-iii B) a-iii b-iv c-i d-ii C) a-iii b-iv c-ii d-i D) a-i b-iii c-iv d-ii	Column-I (Dam)	Column-II (River)	a. Sardar Sarovar	i) Mahanadi	b. Salal	ii. Chambal	C. Gandhi Sagar	iii. Narmada	d. Hirakud	iv. Chenab	1
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Q.15	Fill in the blank: - Barley: Rabi crop, Cucumber: Zaid crop, _____: Kharif crop. A. Wheat B. Mustard C. Cotton D. Gram	1										
Q.16	Identify the crop described below and write the geographical conditions required for its growth: "It is the second most important cereal in India and a rabi crop. It is mainly grown in the north and north-western regions. Major producing states include Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar, and Rajasthan."	2										
Q.17	Name the most abundantly available fossil fuel in India. Evaluate the importance of its different forms found in India. OR What is meant by sustainable energy development? How does the idea “energy saved is energy produced” contribute to it? Suggest any three practical ways through which individuals can help in conserving energy.	5										
Q.18	Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow: Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. They move hand in hand. For instance, the agro-industries in India have given a major boost to agriculture by raising its productivity. They depend on the latter for raw materials and sell their products such as irrigation pumps, fertilizers, insecticides, Pesticides, plastic and PVC pipes, machines and tools, etc. to the farmers. Thus,	4										

	development and competitiveness of manufacturing industry has not only assisted agriculturists in increasing their production but also made the production processes very efficient. Q.18.1. Define an agro-based industry with an example Q.18.2 Name any two products that industries supply to farmers. Q.18.3. Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. Justify the statement with examples from India.																															
Q.19	On the same outline map of India locate and label the following with suitable symbols: 1. The dam in the Sutlej-Beas River basin, which is being used both for hydel power production and irrigation. OR The dam in the Mahanadi basin that integrates conservation of water with flood control. Any two of the following: (i) A major sea port in Goa. (ii) An international airport in Tamil Nadu (iii) An international airport in Mumbai Note: The following question is for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 19. b) Answer any three of the following: 1. Name the dam in the Mahanadi basin that integrates conservation of water with flood control, 2. Specify the name of a major sea port in Goa. 3. Name an international airport in Tamil Nadu 4. State the name of an international airport in Mumbai.	3																														
	SECTION-C POLITICAL SCIENCE (20 Marks)																															
Q.20	Match list I with list II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>List I</th><th>List II</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1)Federalism,</td><td>a) Either there is only one level of government or the sub-units are subordinate to the central government.</td></tr><tr><td>2) Coalition government</td><td>b) When power is taken away from central & state government and given to local government,</td></tr><tr><td>3)Unitary government</td><td>c) is a system of the government in which power is divided between central authority and various constituent units of the country,</td></tr><tr><td>4) Decentralization,</td><td>d) Power shared by two or more political parties,</td></tr></tbody></table> Options: A. 1.c), 2.a), 3. d) ,4. b) B. 1.c), 2.d), 3. b) ,4. a) C. 1.c), 2.d), 3. a) ,4. b) D. 1.a), 2.c), 3. d) ,4. b)	List I	List II	1)Federalism,	a) Either there is only one level of government or the sub-units are subordinate to the central government.	2) Coalition government	b) When power is taken away from central & state government and given to local government,	3)Unitary government	c) is a system of the government in which power is divided between central authority and various constituent units of the country,	4) Decentralization,	d) Power shared by two or more political parties,	1																				
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Q.21	Match Column I with Column II and choose the correct option. <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Column I</th><th>Column II</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1) Union List,</td><td>a) Computer Software,</td></tr><tr><td>2) State List,</td><td>b) Currency,</td></tr><tr><td>3)Concurrent List ,</td><td>c) Education,</td></tr><tr><td>4) Residuary List,</td><td>d) Agriculture,</td></tr></tbody></table> Options: <table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>A) b</td><td>c</td><td>a</td><td>d</td></tr><tr><td>B) d</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>a</td></tr><tr><td>C) b</td><td>d</td><td>c</td><td>a</td></tr><tr><td>D) a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td></tr></table>	Column I	Column II	1) Union List,	a) Computer Software,	2) State List,	b) Currency,	3)Concurrent List ,	c) Education,	4) Residuary List,	d) Agriculture,	1	2	3	4	A) b	c	a	d	B) d	b	c	a	C) b	d	c	a	D) a	b	c	d	1
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Q.22	Consider the following statements regarding power sharing arrangements in Belgium and identify the incorrect one from the following: A. Equal number of members from Dutch and French community in the central government B. Separate government for Brussels with equal representation of communities C. The state government to be subordinate to the central government D. Community government elected by people belonging to one language community	1
Q.23	Which of the following statements represent gender equality? (A) The value of women's vote is more than that of men. (B) Restricting women to household chores. (C) Providing more rights to men. (D) Providing voting rights equally to men and women.	1
Q.24	Mention the constitutional provisions that make India a secular state.	2
Q.25	Describe the division of powers between the Central and the State Governments in India.	2
Q.26	"Why is democracy considered a better form of government than dictatorship? Explain by giving suitable reasons."	3
Q.27	"Without political parties, democracy cannot function effectively. Justify this statement by explaining their main functions." OR "Lack of internal democracy within parties is the major challenge to political parties all over the world." Analyse the statement.	5
Q.28	Read the given extract and answer following questions. Power sharing arrangements can also be seen in the way political parties, pressure groups and movements control or influence those in power. In a democracy, the citizens must have freedom to choose among various contenders for power. In contemporary democracies, this takes the form of competition among different parties. Such competition ensures that power does not remain in one hand. In the long run, power is shared among different political parties that represent different ideologies and social groups. Sometimes this kind of sharing can be direct, when two or more parties form an alliance to contest elections. If their alliance is elected, they form a coalition government and thus share power. In a democracy, we find interest groups such as those of traders, businessmen, industrialists, farmers and industrial workers. They also will have share in governmental power, either through participation in governmental committees or bringing influence on the decision-making process. 28.1 'Power sharing is an essential component of democracy.' Give one example to prove the statement. (1) 28.2 How is alliance building an example of power sharing? (1) 28.3 How Political parties, pressure groups and movements help in controlling or influencing those who are in power? (2)	4
	SECTION-D ECONOMICS (20 Marks)	
Q.29	Choose the correct option. Globalization shall result in (a) Lesser competition among producers. (b) Greater competition among producers. (c) No change in competition among producers. (d) Lesser choice for consumers.	1
Q.30	GDP is the total value of _____ produced during a particular year. (i) all goods and services (ii) all final goods and services (iii) all intermediate goods and services (iv) all intermediate and final goods and services	1
Q.31	Two statements are given below. They are Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read both the statements and choose the correct option. Assertion (A) : Banks are not ready to lend money to certain borrowers. Reason (R) : Some people do not have collateral Options : (A) "Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).	1

	(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false. (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.	
Q.32	In one of the small villages, a farmer borrows money from the village moneylender at a high monthly interest rate but is not able to repay it back. Next, he borrows it from a bank at a lower interest rate. Gradually he earns and pays back the loan to the moneylender and the bank. Which of the following best describes the role of the bank in this credit situation? Options: a) The bank acts as a cooperative lender. b) The bank facilitates a debt-trap situation. c) The bank ensures a fair exchange of goods. d) The bank saves the farmer from debt-trap.	1
Q.33	Assume there are four families in a country. The average per capita income of three families is Rs.5000. If the income of three families is Rs.4000, Rs.7000, and Rs.3000 respectively, what is the income of fourth family? a) Rs.7500 b) Rs.3000 c) Rs.2000 d) Rs.6000	1
Q.34	By which organization is the Human Development Report published? (A) World Trade Organisation (B) Amnesty International (C) United Nations Development Programme (D) World Health Organisation	1
Q.35	Why did the Indian Government restrict foreign trade and foreign investment between 1947-1991? Explain.	3
Q.36	"RBI plays a crucial role in controlling formal sector loan." Explain.	3
Q.37	In what respects is the criterion used by the UNDP for measuring development different from the one used by the World Bank?	3
Q.38	"Workers are exploited in the unorganized sector". Give reasons in support of your answer. OR "Explain the strategies you would use to create more employment opportunities in rural areas."	5

Map for Q. NO.9 (SECTION A)

भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)
Outline Map of India (Political)



Kms. Scale : 1:15000 000
0 100 200 300 400