AUTUMN VACATION ASSIGNMENT • 10-DAY PLAN

Class 5 — English & हिन्दी (Languages)

Class: 5 **Sections:** Languages (English & Hindi) **Duration:** 10 Days

ENGLISH English Holiday Homework (10 Days)

Day	Topic	Task Description
Day 1	**Reading & Cursive**	Read one chapter from textbook; write 1 paragraph of cursive handwriting.
Day 2	**Vocabulary**	Find 8 difficult words from syllabus; write definitions and sentences.
Day 3	**Tenses**	Convert 6 simple present tense sentences into past tense in notebook.
Day 4	**Picture Composition**	Paste an autumn picture; write an 8-sentence descriptive paragraph.
Day 5	**Prepositions**	Write 6 sentences using: under, between, across, beside, during, behind.
Day 6	**Story Summary**	Read an English moral story; write title, 50-word plot summary, and moral.
Day 7	**Informal Letter**	Write a short letter to a cousin sharing how you are spending your break.
Day 8	**Idioms**	Learn and frame sentences with 3 idioms (e.g. Piece of cake).
Day 9	**Word Wheel**	Make an A4 Word Wheel showing 6 synonyms for a chosen word.
Day 10	**Diary Entry**	Write a 6-line diary entry about your most peaceful vacation day.

हिन्दी हिन्दी अवकाश गृहकार्य (10 दिन)

दिन	विषय	कार्य विवरण
दिन 1	**पठन एवं सुलेख**	पाठ्यपुस्तक के एक अध्याय का वाचन करें एवं 10 पंक्तियों का सुलेख लिखें।
दिन 2	**शब्द-भंडार**	पाठ्यपुस्तक से 8 नए शब्दों के अर्थ शब्दकोश से ढूँढकर लिखें और वाक्य बनाएँ।
दिन 3	**काल (Tenses)**	5 वर्तमान काल के वाक्यों को भूतकाल और भविष्यत् काल में बदलें।
दिन 4	**सर्वनाम**	सर्वनाम के 5 प्रमुख भेदों के नाम लिखें और प्रत्येक का 1-1 उदाहरण वाक्य बनाएँ।
दिन 5	**अनेक शब्दों हेतु एक**	6 वाक्यांशों के लिए एक शब्द लिखें (उदा. जो पढ़ा-लिखा न हो, वार्षिक आदि)।
दिन 6	**चित्र वर्णन**	प्रकृति अथवा शरद ऋतु से संबंधित चित्र देखकर 8 पंक्तियों का सजीव वर्णन लिखें।
दिन 7	**अनौपचारिक पत्र**	मित्र को अवकाश की योजना बताते हुए एक संक्षिप्त अनौपचारिक पत्र लिखें।
दिन 8	**मुहावरे**	'दाँत खट्टे करना', 'दाल में काला होना' सहित 3 मुहावरों के अर्थ व वाक्य लिखें।
दिन 9	**डायरी लेखन**	अवकाश के किसी एक यादगार दिन का 50-60 शब्दों में डायरी अंश लिखें।
दिन 10	**पुनरावृत्ति**	सभी 9 दिनों के कार्य की वर्तनी जाँचें और सुंदर विषय-सूची (Index) तैयार करें।

MATHS Maths Holiday Homework

1 Paste pictures of round, triangular, square, and rectangular objects from your home or surroundings and label them.

2 Write the prices of five items from your home and practice addition and subtraction using these prices.

3 Draw a triangle, square, rectangle, and circle. Colour them and write their names.

4 Make a colorful poster on the topic 'Math in Our Daily Life' (examples: clock, money, counting, measurement, etc.).

5 Solve 5-word problems based on addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.

6 Tables Practice – Learn and write multiplication tables from 2 to 20 neatly in your notebook.

TWAU TWAU Holiday Homework

TASK 1: Unique Places of India – Comparison Table

(Chapter: Some Unique Places in India)
Copy and complete this reference table in your notebook:

Unique Place	State/UT	What Makes It Unique?	Interesting Fact
Rann of Kutch	Gujarat	Massive White Salt Desert that shines under the full moon	Hosts the colorful Rann Utsav every winter season
Mawsynram	Meghalaya	Wettest inhabited place on Earth with highest rainfall	Famous for living root bridges made across streams
Cold Desert of Ladakh	Ladakh (UT)	High-altitude mountain desert with extreme freezing winters	Known for Gompas (monasteries) and double-humped camels
Majuli Island	Assam	One of the largest inhabited river islands in the world	Formed by the mighty Brahmaputra river system

TASK 2: Short Answer Questions

(Write in Complete Sentences in Notebook)

1. Why is India called a land of "Unity in Diversity"?

Answer guide: Because people from diverse religions, languages, cultures, and traditions live together peacefully as one proud nation.

2. What are the six major physical divisions (landforms) of India?

Answer guide: Northern Mountains (Himalayas), Northern Plains, Great Indian Desert, Peninsular Plateau, Coastal Plains, and Islands.

3. How do living root bridges of Meghalaya help people during the heavy monsoon season?

Answer guide: Tribal people train rubber fig tree roots across fast-flowing rivers to create strong bridges that survive heavy rains without rusting or rotting.

4. Name the two main island groups of India and the water bodies where they are situated.

Answer guide: Andaman and Nicobar Islands in the Bay of Bengal, and Lakshadweep Islands in the Arabian Sea.

5. Why do houses in Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh have sloping roofs?

Answer guide: Sloping roofs allow heavy rainwater and falling winter snow to slide down easily without damaging the roof.

TASK 3: Map Work & Cultural Heritage

(Chapter: Our Vibrant Country)
Paste a political outline map of India on one page of your notebook and mark/color the following:

A. Geographical Landmarks to Mark:	B. Water Bodies Surrounding India:
1. Ladakh: Cold desert in the extreme north.	1. Arabian Sea (West)
2. Gujarat: Great Rann of Kutch on the western edge.	2. Bay of Bengal (East)
3. Meghalaya: The abode of clouds in North-East India.	3. Indian Ocean (South)
4. Kerala: Spice coast with backwaters and lagoons.	4. Himalayan Range (Crown boundary in the North)

TASK 4: "Incredible India" Mini Travelogue Diary

Imagine you went on an Autumn Holiday tour to any one unique Indian state. Write a short travelogue of 4 points in your notebook:

Point 1 & 2: Place & Climate	Point 3 & 4: Culture & Taste
• Destination Chosen: (e.g., Rajasthan, Himachal, or Assam)	• Traditional Food Tasted: One authentic local dish of the region.
• Weather in Autumn: How the air and climate felt during this season.	• Famous Monument/Landmark: One historical or natural site visited.

TASK 5: True or False (Geography & Culture Facts)

Copy each sentence into your notebook and write True or False:

1. Mawsynram in Meghalaya receives the highest annual rainfall in the entire world. [_____]
2. The Thar Desert is situated along the southern peninsula of Tamil Nadu. [_____]
3. Double-humped Bactrian camels are naturally found in the cold desert of Nubra Valley, Ladakh. [_____]
4. India is surrounded by water on three sides and is therefore known as a peninsula. [_____]
5. Saffron, an expensive spice, is widely grown in the Pampore region of Jammu and Kashmir. [_____]