



सत्यमेव जयते

35th KVS YOUTH PARLIAMENT COMPETITION 2024



सत् त्वं पूषन् अपावृणु
केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन



KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO. 1 BOKARO

SESSION 2024-25



(PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA)

35th KVS YOUTH PARLIAMENT COMPETITION 2024

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO. 1, BOKARO STEEL CITY

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Shri D. P. PATEL

(DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, KVS RANCHI REGION)

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35th NATIONAL YOUTH PARLIAMENT COMPETITION 2024-25

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO.1 BOKARO, BOKARO STEEL CITY

JHARKHAND – 827004

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

Badge No.	Name	नाम	Class	Boy/ Girl	DESIGNATION
1	ARYA OJAS	आर्या ओजस	9/C	GIRL	SPEAKER
2	SANSKRITI SINGH	संस्कृति सिंह	12/D	GIRL	DEPUTY SPEAKER
3	SHANTU KUMAR	संतु कुमार	11/C	BOY	MARSHALL
OFFICIAL					
4	SAPNA KUMARI	सपना कुमारी	11/B	GIRL	SECRETARY GENERAL
5	SANJEEV RANJAN	संजीव रंजन	9/B	BOY	OFFICIALS
6	KINGSHUK BARDHAN	किंशुक बर्धन	9/C	BOY	OFFICIALS
7	PRIYA KUMARI	प्रिया कुमारी	11/D	GIRL	OFFICIALS
TREASURY BENCH					
8	BHANU THAKUR	भानु ठाकुर	11/C	BOY	PRIME MINISTER
9	SAUMYA KRITI	सौम्या कृति	11/D	GIRL	MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS
10	KHUSHI YADAV	खुशी यादव	11/D	GIRL	MINISTER OF EDUCATION
11	TRIPTI SINGH	तृप्ति सिंह	11/C	GIRL	MINISTER OF RAILWAYS
12	RUCHI KUMARI	रुचि कुमारी	12/D	GIRL	Minister of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
13	KHUSHI KUMARI	खुशी कुमारी	11/C	GIRL	MINISTER OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT
14	NITI KUMARI	नीति कुमारी	11/C	GIRL	MINISTER OF SPORTS AND YOUTH AFFAIRS
15	MEHAK PARWEEN	महक परवीन	9/A	GIRL	MINISTER OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT AFFAIRS
16	SAMRIDHI TIWARI	समृद्धि तिवारी	9/B	GIRL	EXTERNAL AFFAIRS MINISTER
17	INDRANI SHARMA	ईंद्रणी शर्मा	9/B	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
18	ALIYA SHAHROZ	आलिया शहरोज़	11/D	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
19	NANDANI KUMARI	नंदिनी कुमारी	11/D	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
20	ASHA SOREN	आशा सोरेन	11/D	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
21	HARSHITA PASWAN	हर्षिता पासवान	11/D	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
22	RISHAB RAJ	ऋषभ राज	9/C	BOY	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
23	SHIKHA KUMARI	शिखा कुमारी	9/B	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
24	KANU PRIYA	कनु प्रिया	11/C	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
25	ANJALI KUMARI	अंजलि कुमारी	11/C	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
26	SHAHIN AFREEN	शाहीन आफरीन	9/B	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER

27	SHIVAM GUPTA	शिवम गुप्ता	9/C	BOY	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
28	ROZY PARWEEN	रोज़ी परवीन	9/C	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
29	NAINA KUMARI	नैना कुमारी	11/D	GIRL	TREASURY BENCH MEMBER
OPPOSITION					
30	ADITYA KUMAR	आदित्य कुमार	9/B	BOY	LEADER OF OPPOSITION
31	ARMAN PATEL	अरमान पटेल	9/A	BOY	MEMBER
32	NILU KUMARI	नीलू कुमारी	11/A	GIRL	MEMBER
33	SUPRIYA SINGH	सुप्रिया सिंह	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
34	ALEX	एलेक्स	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
35	PRIYA KUMARI	प्रिया कुमारी	9/D	GIRL	MEMBER
36	RIYA KUMARI	रिया कुमारी	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
37	SHIVANI JHA	शिवानी झा	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
38	MAHIRA NAAZ	माहिरा नाज़	11/A	GIRL	MEMBER
39	GAURI KUMARI	गौरी कुमारी	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
40	MD. AHASAN	मो. अहसान	12/D	BOY	MEMBER
41	AYSHA KUMARI	आयशा कुमारी	12/D	GIRL	MEMBER
42	BRIJESH KUMAR KHUSHWAHA	बृजेश कुमार कुशवाहा	11/A	BOY	MEMBER
43	ABHISHEK KUMAR GUPTA	अभिषेक कुमार गुप्ता	11/C	BOY	MEMBER
44	ANJEL KUMARI	एंजल कुमारी	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
45	ADITI PANDEY	आदिति पांडे	9/C	GIRL	MEMBER
46	ASHISH KUMAR SINGH	आशीष कुमार सिंह	11/A	BOY	MEMBER
47	UTKARSH SAH	उत्कर्ष शाह	11/A	BOY	MEMBER
48	PRITI JHA	प्रीति झा	11/B	GIRL	MEMBER
FOREIGN DELEGATES					
49	KARTIK ORAON	कार्तिक उरांव	11/D	BOY	SPEAKER KENYAN PARLIAMENT
50	RAHUL HANSDA	राहुल हंसदा	11/D	BOY	DEPUTY SPEAKER
51	MAYANK TIWARI	मयंक तिवारी	9/C	BOY	MEMBER
52	ANJAL	अंजल	11/D	GIRL	MEMBER
PRESS/MEDIA PERSON					
53	SATYAM KUMAR	सत्यम कुमार	11/D	BOY	PRESS REPORTER
54	OM PRAKASH KUMAR	ओम प्रकाश कुमार	11/C	BOY	PRESS REPORTER
55	KINJAL RANI	किंजल रानी	9/A	GIRL	PRESS REPORTER

Kendriya Vidyalaya No.1, Bokaro Steel City
YOUTH PARLIAMENT 2024-25
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List of Questions
Total number of questions:- 06

Ministry: Education, Railways, Home Affairs, Women and Child Development, Labour and Employment, Sports and Youth Affairs

*101

(Mr. Arman Patel):

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state

(A). The steps being taken by the Government under the New National Education Policy (NEP) to Improve the quality of education and examination at primary level;

(B). Whether the Government proposes to make secondary education level as skill oriented so that Students can get gainful employment after completing 12th standard?

*102

(Ms. Nilu Kumari):

क्या रेल मंत्री जी यह बताने कि कृपा करेंगे कि:

(A) वर्ष 2023-24 में देश में चंडीगढ़-डिब्रूगढ़ एक्सप्रेस, दार्जिलिंग में कंचनजंगा एक्सप्रेस सहित कितनी ट्रेन पटरी से उतरी और दुर्घटनाएँ हुईं;

(B) यदि हाँ, तो इन दुर्घटनाओं में कितने लोग मारे गए/घायल हुए और पीड़ितों के परिवारों को दुर्घटना-वार कुल कितनी क्षति पूर्ति राशि दी गई;

*103

(Ms. Alex):

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) Whether any special provisions have been made in the criminal laws to prevent trafficking of minors and if so, the details thereof;

(b) Whether special provisions have been made in the Bharatiya Nyay Samhita for strick action on crimes against children; and

(c) If so, the details thereof?

*104

(Ms. Priya Kamari):

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(A) Whether the Government is re-considering the implementation of period leaves for women employees in both public and private sectors across the country.

(B) If so, the details thereof including the proposed guidelines and the expected timeline for implementation.

Any Supplementary Questions

(Ms. Supriya):

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government is planning any awareness programmes or initiatives to educate employers and employees about menstrual health and hygiene and the importance of menstrual leave;

(b) If yes, the details thereof and if not, the reasons thereof.

*105

(Ms. Riya):

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government is aware of the difficulties faced by the Indian migrant worker population abroad, particularly in the Middle Eastern countries like Kuwait, Qatar etc., if yes, the details thereof;

(b) Whether the Government is in touch with the concerned Governments to represent the interests of the workers and to redress their grievances, if yes, the details thereof and if not, the reasons thereof

*106

(Ms. MAHIRA):

क्या युवा मामले और खेल मंत्रि यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में खेल और खेल गतिविधियों को बढ़ावा देने तथा युवाओं में खेलों के प्रति रुचि विकसित करने के लिए राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र-वार, विशेषकर महाराष्ट्र और हरियाणा में सरकारी योजनाओं और परियोजनाओं का ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ख) पिछले पाँच वर्षों और चालू वर्ष के दौरान इस संबंध में क्या प्रगति हुई है;

35th NATIONAL YOUTH PARLIAMENT 2024-25
YOUTH PARLIAMENT PROCEEDING OF SITTING

=====

(The Marshall first comes in the House to ensure whether there is Quorum in the House and thereafter he announces)

Marshall (Shantu Kumar): – माननीय सभासदो माननीय अध्यक्षजी

(Arrival of the speaker..... The house stands)

Speaker on the chair.

(1) OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Speaker (Ms. Arya): Hon'ble member, a very good morning to all. I welcome you to the 35th National Youth Parliament Session; I Hope this session will be fruitful. We begin today's session with oath or affirmation of our newly elected members. Secretary General Please.....

SECRETARY GENERAL (Ms. Sapana): Ms. 'Aliya' who stands elected from the Dhanbad Constituency of Jharkhand will now take the oath or affirmation. call out Ms.'ALIYA'.....

(Ms. 'ALIYA' proceeds from the place that she is occupying to the right hand of the Secretary's General table and hands over her Certificate of election to the officer at the Table).

SECRETARY GENERAL (Ms.SAPANA): Madam, do you want to take oath or affirmation?

MS. 'ALIYA': Affirmation Please

SECRETARY GENERAL (Ms.SAPANA): In which language would you like to take the Affirmation?

MS. 'ALIYA': In English Language

(The Secretary General hands over to Ms. 'ALIYA' a copy of the form of oath in the language in which she wants to take the oath).

Secretary General (SAPANA): Okay Ma'am Kindly proceed.

Ms. ALIYA: "I, 'ALIYA' having been elected a Member of the Lower House of the Youth Parliament, do solemnly affirm that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully discharge the duty upon which I am about to enter."

(The member then places the oath paper on the Table of the Secretary General and shakes hand with the Chair)

(The member then passes behind the Chair to the other side of the Secretary's General Table, where she signs the Roll of Members.)

(After signing the roll, she takes her seat in the House) And after that

(The M.Ps. welcome her by thumping on their desks).

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA):Ms. 'Harshita' who stands elected from the Jalpaiguri Constituency of West Bengal will now take the oath or affirmation.

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA) Madam, do you want to take oath or affirmation?

Ms. 'Harshita': Oath

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA): In which language would you like to take the oath?

Ms. 'Harshita': In Bengali please.

(Secretary General hands over to Ms 'Harshita', a copy of the form of oath in the language in which she wants to take oath)

Ms 'Harshita': ("আমি,
'আলিয়াযুবসংসদেরনিম্নকক্ষেরসদস্যনির্বাচিতহয়ে,
দৃঢ়ভাবেঅঙ্গীকারকরছিযেআমিভারতেরসংবিধানেরপ্রতিসত্যবিশ্বাসও
আনুগত্যরাখব,
যেমনআইনদ্বারাপ্রতিষ্ঠিত,আমিভারতেরসার্বভৌমত্বওঅখণ্ডতাকেসম্মুখ
তরাখব।এবংআমিযেদায়িত্বেপ্রবেশকরতেযাচ্ছি তাবিশ্বস্ততারসাথেপাল
নকরব।")

(The member then places the oath paper on the Table of the Secretary General and shakes hand with the Chair)

(The member then passes behind the Chair to the other side of the Secretary's General Table, where she signs the Roll of Members.)

(After signing the roll, she takes her seat in the House) Then (The M.Ps. welcomes her by thumping on their desks).

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA):Ms. 'Asha' who stands elected from the Dumka Constituency of Jharkhand will now take the oath or affirmation.

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA): Madam, do you want to take oath or affirmation?

Ms. 'ASHA: Oath

SECRETARY GENERAL (SAPANA): In which language would you like to take the oath?

Ms. 'ASHA: In Santali please.

(Secretary General hands over to Ms. 'ASHA', a copy of the form of oath in the language in which she wants to take oath)

Secretary General (SAPANA): Okay Ma'am Kindly proceed.

Ms. 'ASHA': "इज आशा सोरेन नोवा युवान होइ सांसद रेन रासियाउ लेका ते, बाचनाव काते। चाँदो बोंगा नुतुम ते, किरयाइज जोमएदा जे इज नियोम धारा ते बेनाव आकान । भारत दिशोम रेयांग संविधान लागित मन मोहोत आते, निरोज सारी पत्याइज दोहोया। इज भारोत दिशोम रेनांग सोरोभोमो आर अखण्डता बाचनव लागित, इज अंगी भार कमी कुरुमोटोया। इज जाँहा उहदा आमेठ लगिदो कर्निंग ओना रेन , अंगी भार मान मोहोत ताला ते सिन्गिला।

सानाम को गी जोहर."

(The member then places the oath paper on the Table of the Secretary General and shakes hand with the Chair)

(The member then passes behind the Chair to the other side of the Secretary's General Table, where she signs the Roll of Members.) (After signing the roll, she takes her seat in the House)

(The M.Ps. welcome her by thumping on their desks).

(2) OBITUARY REFERENCES

Speaker (ARYA): Hon'ble members, as we meet today it is my sad duty to inform the house of sudden demise of Buddhadeb Bhattacharjee, renounced communist leader and former chief minister of West Bengal Shri Buddhadeb was a stalwart of the communist party of India(Marxist) and a dedicated Public Servant. As a veteran leader he left indelible marks In Indian politics and in the development of West Bengal.

He died on 8th August 2024 at his residence his political legacy and impeccable ideals will always inspire the country.

May his soul find eternal Peace.

Speaker (ARYA): Now Hon'ble Prime Minister Will makes his statement

Prime Minister (BHANU): Hon'ble Speaker Madam,

My party and I associate us, with the sentiments which you have expressed on the sad demise of Shri Buddhadeb Bhattacharjee, he was dedicated leader of his party. He served as The Chief Minister of West Bengal from year 2000 to 2011. He implemented policies that transformed the state economy and infrastructure.

His commitments to social justice, land reforms, and Industrial growth, he earned respect across the party lines.

We pay our heartfelt tribute to his remarkable leadership, remembering his tireless efforts, simplicity and unwavering dedication to the people of West Bengal.

Speaker (ARYA): Now Statement by Leader of Opposition

Leader of Opposition (Aditya Kumar): Hon'ble Speaker madam,

I associate myself with the tribute paid by you and Honorable Prime Minister

Shri Buddhadeb Bhattacharjee was a true Marxist leader, during his tenure as chief minister of West Bengal he spearheaded an industrialization drive to boost

Investment and create jobs in West Bengal. His efforts lead to significant development, including investment in IT and service sector.

His potential, competency and unparalleled understanding of Indian politics have left a strapping mark on society.

I would like to once again associate myself and my party in sending our condolences to his family.

SPEAKER (ARYA): The house may stand in silence for a while to express our deep sorrow.

(The Members then stand in silence for a while)

Secretary General may convey the message of condolences to the bereaved family.

(3) INTRODUCTION OF NEW MINISTERS

SPEAKER: Prime Minister to introduce new Ministers.

PRIME MINISTER: Speaker, Madam I have pleasure in introducing to you and through you, to the House, my colleagues, the new Ministers.

(Thumping.....)

(1) Ms. Rozy Parween, Minister of Power.

(Thumping.....)

(2) Ms. Khushi Yadav, Minister of Education

(Thumping.....)

(3) Ms. Niti Kumari, Minister of Sport and Youth Affairs

(Thumping.....)

(4) Ms. Mehak Parween, Minister of Labour and Employment

(While being introduced each minister in turn stands with folded hands.)

(4) Question Hour

Members, let us move on to the next item in our list of business today, the Question hour.

Speaker (Arya): Now Question number 101

Opposition party member (Arman Patel):

Hon'ble Speaker Madam,

The success of an individual greatly depends on their level of education, Education play very important role in all areas of society, and is most responsible for the development of civilization. In recent years we have seen several developments in our education system and it took drastic change after implementation of National Education Policy 2020.

Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state.

(A). The steps being taken by the Government under the New National Education Policy (NEP) to improve the quality of education and examination at primary level;

(B). Whether the Government proposes to make secondary education level as skill oriented so that Students can get gainful employment after completing 12th standard?

Speaker (Arya): Minister of Education.....Please

Minister of Education (Ms. Khushi Yadav): Honourable Speaker Madam respected member is right.

(a): Education plays an important role in the development of an enlightened, socially conscious, knowledgeable & skilled nation that can find & implement robust solutions to its own problems.

Considering the importance of education. A number of transformative changes have taken place both in school and higher education after Announcement of **NEP 2020**.

In School Education, changes include introduction of early childhood care and education; emphasis Foundational Literacy and Numeracy(**FLN**); National Curriculum Framework for all levels, extensive use of technology to enable multi-mode access To Education; Digital Infrastructure for Knowledge Sharing (**DIKSHA**); Teacher Education Programme in Multi-disciplinary environment; Performance Assessment, Review, and Analysis of Knowledge for Holistic Development; National Digital Education Architecture (NDEAR) for Creating a unifying national digital infrastructure; “New India Literacy Programme or ULLAS”

Targeting all non-literates aged 15 years and above. NEP 2020 recommends for regular formative assessments to foster a deeper understanding of Subjects and skills among students, moving away from rote learning and exam-centric Preparation.

(b): The Department of School Education and Literacy is implementing the initiative of Vocationalisation of School Education under Centrally Sponsored Scheme ‘**Samagra Shiksha**’. The scheme aims at integrating Vocational Education with general academic education in all Secondary/Senior Secondary schools; enhancing the Employability and Entrepreneurial abilities Of the students, providing exposure to work environment; and generating awareness amongst Students about various career options so as to enable them to make a choice in accordance with Their aptitude, competence and aspirations.

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): Question no 102

Opposition member: (Ms. Nilu Kumari):धन्यवाद अध्यक्ष महोदया,

भारतीय रेलवे दुनिया का चौथा सबसे बड़ा रेलवे नेटवर्क है।हम प्रतिदिन लगभग 20,000 ट्रेनें चलाते हैं, जिनमें 2.5 करोड़ से अधिक यात्री और 3 मिलियन टन माल ढोया जाता है। इसके बाद भी हमें ट्रेन के पटरी से उतरने और विभिन्न सुरक्षा मुद्दों का सामना करना पड़ता है। क्या माननीय रेल मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(A) वर्ष 2023-24 में देश में चंडीगढ़-डिब्रूगढ़ एक्सप्रेस, दार्जिलिंग में कंचनजंगा एक्सप्रेस सहित कितनी ट्रेन पटरी से उतरी और दुर्घटनाएँ हुईं;

(B) यदि हाँ, तो इन दुर्घटनाओं में कितने लोग मारे गए/ घायल हुए और पीड़ितों के परिवारों को दुर्घटना-वार कुल कितनी क्षति पूर्ति राशि दी गई;

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): रेलमंत्री

Railway Minister (Ms. Tripti): माननीय अध्यक्ष महोदया, मैं आपके माध्यम से सदस्य को सूचित करना चाहती हूँ कि,

(a) & (b): पिछले कुछ वर्षों में किए गए विभिन्न सुरक्षा उपायों के परिणाम स्वरूप, पटरी से उतरने सहित परिणामी रेलदुर्घटनाओं की संख्या में भारी कमी आई है। हाल के आंकड़ों से पता चलता है कि परिणामी रेल दुर्घटनाएँ 2000-2001 में 473 से घटकर 2023-24 में 40 हो गई हैं। 2023-24 के आंकड़ों में जून 2023 में हुई कोरोमंडल एक्सप्रेस ट्रेन दुर्घटना भी शामिल है। जहाँ तक दुर्घटनाओं और मुआवज़े के बारे में प्रश्न है। कंचनजंगा एक्सप्रेस ट्रेन दुर्घटना और चंडीगढ़-डिब्रूगढ़ एक्सप्रेस ट्रेन दुर्घटना क्रमशः 17.06.2024 और 18.07.2024 को हुई, जिसमें 12 यात्रियों की जान चली गई और 57 घायल हो गए। हमारी सरकार ने मृतक के परिवार और प्रत्येक पीड़ित परिवार को आवश्यक सहायता प्रदान की है। यह राशि लगभग 25 करोड़ रुपये है।

(Speaker: YES PLEASE..... PLEASE..... MAINTAIN DECORM OF THE HOUSE)

Speaker (Arya): Now Question number 103

Opposition Party Member (Ms. Alex): Hon'ble Speaker madam,

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state.

(a) Whether any special provisions have been made in the criminal laws to prevent trafficking of minors and if so, the details thereof;

(b) Whether special provisions have been made in the Bharatiya Nyaya Samhita for strict action on crimes against children; and

(c) If so, the details thereof?

Speaker (Arya): Home Minister Please

Home Minister (Ms. SAUMYA KRITI): Honorable Speaker Madam, through you I would like to answer respected member:

(a) To (c): The Government of India attaches high degree of importance to the prevention and countering of the crime of human trafficking, especially women and children. Section 143 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023 provides penal provisions for strict punishment for any offence of human trafficking. Section 144(1) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita provides for strict punishment for the offence of sexual exploitation of trafficked children. The punishment for such offences range between five years to life imprisonment.

Speaker (Arya): Now Question number **104**

Opposition Member (Ms. Priya Kumari):

Honorable Speaker Madam,

Will the Minister of Women and Child Development be pleased to state

(A) Whether the Government is re-considering the implementation of period leaves for women employees in both public and private sectors across the country.

(B) If so, the details thereof including the proposed guidelines and the expected timeline for implementation.

Speaker (Arya): Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENTplease

Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (Ms. Khushi Kumari):

Honorable Speaker Madam, through you I would like to inform member that, at present, there is no proposal under consideration of the Government to make provision for paid menstrual leave mandatory for all workplaces.

Speaker (Arya): Any Supplementary Questions

Opposition Member (Ms. Supriya):

Honorable Speaker Madam,

Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(c) Whether the Government is planning any awareness programmes or initiatives to educate employers and employees about menstrual health and hygiene and the importance of menstrual leave;

(d) If yes, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefore.

Speaker (Arya): MINISTER of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENTplease

MINISTER OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (Ms. Khushi):

I would like to inform honorable member that

(a) &(b): Government implements the scheme for promotion of menstrual hygiene among adolescent girls in the age group of 10-19 years.

The scheme is supported by National Health Mission through State Programme Implementation Plan One of the major objectives of the scheme is to increase awareness on menstrual hygiene among adolescent girls.

(a) Under the scheme, sanitary napkin packs are provided to adolescent girls at subsidized rates by Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA).

(b)The Government also provides budget to States/UTs for orientation of field level health workers on menstrual hygiene and for IEC activities.

(c) Our government developed National Guidelines on Menstrual Hygiene Management

(d) Another scheme Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP), which is a significant step towards ensuring health security for women. Under the project, affordable medicines, provides Oxo-biodegradable sanitary napkins called **Suvidha** at only Rs.1 per pad.

(Speaker: No More Supplementary Questions)

Speaker (Ms. Arya): Now question no. 105

Opposition Member (Ms. Riya): Honorable Speaker Madam,

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government is aware of the difficulties faced by the Indian migrant worker population abroad, particularly in the Middle Eastern countries like Kuwait, Qatar etc., if yes, the details thereof;

(b) Whether the Government is in touch with the concerned Governments to represent the interests of the workers and to redress their grievances, if yes, the details thereof and if not, the reasons thereof.

Speaker (Ms. Arya): Minister of External Affairs please.

Minister of External Affairs Minister (Ms. SAMRIDHI):

Honorable Speaker Madam, I would like to respond to the questions posed by the Hon. Member through you

It has been observed that some Indian workers abroad, particularly in the Middle Eastern countries, sometimes face difficulties. Most of these complaints relate to delay or non-payment of wages as well as non-payment of termination benefits, unauthorized retention of passports, excessive working hours, non-provision of leaves, non-payment of overtime wages, providing work different from that promised at the time of recruitment, ill-treatment/harassment, non-issuance/renewal of residence permit, non-cancellation of visa, refusal to grant exit/re-entry permit to visit India, non-permission to return to India on final exit visa after completion of contract, non-provision of medical and insurance facilities, non-payment of compensation on death, etc.

The answer to the second part of the question asked by the Hon'ble Member is that The Government has set up various channels to enable Indian workers abroad to reach out to Missions/Posts in case they require any assistance.

- (1) Workers can contact Missions/Posts through walk-in interviews, email,
- (2) Multilingual 24x7 emergency numbers, grievance redressal portals such as MADAD, CPGRAMS and e-Migrate, social media etc.
- (3) Pravasi Bharatiya Sahayata Kendras (PBSK) has been established in New Delhi and Dubai (UAE), Riyadh and Jeddah (Saudi Arabia) and Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia) to provide assistance.
- (4) Providing guidance and counseling to Indian workers in distress. Missions/Posts in Gulf countries also have dedicated labour branches that ensure prompt redressal of labour grievances.

Speaker (Ms.Arya): Now Question number **106**

Opposition Member: (Ms. MAHIRA):

क्या युवा मामले और खेल मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में खेल और खेलगतिविधियों को बढ़ावा देने तथा युवाओं में खेलों के प्रति रुचि विकसित करने के लिए राज्य/संघराज्य क्षेत्र-वार, विशेष कर महाराष्ट्र और हरियाणा में सरकारी योजनाओं और परियोजनाओं का ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ख) पिछले पाँच वर्षों और चालू वर्ष के दौरान इस संबंध में क्या प्रगति हुई है;

Speaker (Arya): Yes Minister....

Minister of Sports and Youth Affairs (Ms. NITI):

धन्यवाद माननीय अध्यक्ष महोदया, आपके माध्यम से मैं माननीय सदस्य को अवगत कराना चाहती हूँ कि

(क) 'खेल' राज्य का विषय होने के कारण, देश के ग्रामीण और शहरी भागों में खेल अवसंरचना और अन्य सुविधाओं के निर्माण सहित खेलों के विकास की जिम्मेदारी मुख्य रूप से राज्य/संघशासित प्रदेश सरकारों की है। संघ सरकार उनके प्रयासों में सहयोग करती है। युवा मामले और खेल मंत्रालय देश भर में खेलों को बढ़ावा देने के लिए, देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में और महाराष्ट्र और हरियाणा राज्यों सहित युवाओं में खेलों के प्रति रुचि विकसित करने के लिए निम्नलिखित योजनाओं को लागू करता है:

(i) "खेलो इंडिया- राष्ट्रीय खेल विकास कार्यक्रम" की योजना;

(ii) राष्ट्रीय खेल पुरस्कार;

(iii) मेधावी खिलाड़ियों को पेंशन;

(ख) पिछले पाँच वर्षों और चालू वर्ष के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में खेलों को बढ़ावा देने वाली खेल प्रोत्साहन योजनाओं के अंतर्गत आवंटित धनराशि और व्यय का विवरण निम्नानुसार है: क्र. सं. वित्तीय वर्ष आवंटित धनराशि व्यय (30.06.2024) तक वर्ष 2019-20 में 2000 करोड़ ,वर्ष 2020-21 में 1313 करोड़ वर्ष 2021-22 में 1993 करोड़, वर्ष 2022-23 में 1907 करोड़,वर्ष 2023-24 में 2380 करोड़,वर्ष 2024-25 में 2359 करोड़

(Interruptions by opposition member)

(Speaker: YES PLEASE..... PLEASE..... MAINTAIN DECORM OF THE HOUSE, Nothing will go on record) No more questions (Question Hour Is Finished)

(5) BREACH OF PRIVILEGE

(Member of Treasury Bench, Ms. Indrani seeks permission of speaker)

Speaker:(Arya,): Yes..... **Ms. Indrani**..... Please

Ms. Indrani: Madam, a serious breach of privilege has been committed by the leading Newspaper of New Delhi, while commenting on the recommendations of the Public Accounts committee. The paper has attributed dishonest motives and I have requested you to allow me to raise a question on that matter now.

SPEAKER (Arya):**Ms. Indrani**, have you given notice of it earlier? You may give due notice along with a copy of newspaper cutting and I shall consider it. You cannot spring a surprise on me like this.

Ms. Indrani: I have already given notice of it at 10.00 .AM. Today,

SPEAKER (Arya): It will be examined when it come to me, I shall consider it and let you know my decision ok.

Ms. Indrani: Yes, Honorable Speaker Madam

(Meanwhile Speaker will leave the chair and Deputy Speaker (Ms. Sanskriti, Badge no 2, will be on chair)

(6) PAPERS TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE

Deputy Speaker (Ms. Sanskriti Singh): Now papers to be laid on the table of the house, Honorable Minister of Electronics and Information Technology

Minister of State In The Ministry Of Electronics And Information Technology (Mr. Rishab Raj): Deputy Speaker Madam

I beg to lay on the Table:-

A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions)

Under subsection (3) of Section 87 of the Information Technology Act, 2000:-

(i) The Information Technology (Procedure and Safeguards for Interception, Monitoring and Decryption of Information) Amendment Rules, 2024 published on 26th February, 2024.

(ii) The Information Technology (Qualification and Experience of Adjudicating Officers and Manner of Holding Enquiry) Amendment Rules, 2024 dated 31st January, 2023.

(7) MESSAGE FROM UPPER HOUSE

Deputy Speaker (Ms. Sanskriti): Secretary General to report message from Upper Chamber of Youth Parliament.

Secretary General (Ms. SAPANA): Madam, I have to report the following message received from the Secretary of the Upper Chamber of Youth Parliament: - In accordance with the Provisions of the rules of Procedure and conduct of Business in the Upper House of Youth Parliament. I am directed to enclose a copy of the "Indian Companies (Amendment) Bill", 2024, which has been passed by the Upper Chamber at its sitting held on 1st August 2024.

Deputy Speaker (Ms.Sanskriti): Secretary to lay on the Table a copy of the Bill as passed by the Upper Chamber.

SECRETARY GENERAL (Ms.SAPANA): Madam, I lay on the Table of the House, the copy of "Indian Companies (Amendment) Bill", 2024, as passed by the Upper Chamber.

(8) WELCOME of the FOREIGN DELEGATION

Deputy Speaker (Ms. Sanskriti): Hon'ble Members I have to make an announcement. I am pleased to welcome, on my behalf and on behalf of the entire House, the members of the Parliamentary Delegation of Kenya led by His Excellency Mr. Kartik Oraon, Speaker, House of Representatives of Kenya, on an official visit to us.

The other Hon. Members of the Delegation are:

1. Mr. Rahul Hansda, Deputy Speaker
2. Mr. Mayank Tiwari, Member
3. Ms. Anjal, Member

They are presently seated in the Special Box of the House. Their visit will further strengthen the Parliamentary relations between India and Kenya. We wish them a happy and successful stay in India. Through them, we also extend our warm greetings and best wishes to the members of the Parliament of Kenya, the Government of Kenya and the friendly people there.

(Desk thumping by all members of the House)

(The Speaker.....will be on chair)

(9) CALLING ATTENTION MOTION

Speaker: (Arya) now let us take up the calling attention motion.

Mr. Ahasan Please,

Md. Ahasan: Honorable Speaker Madam..... I want to call the attention of this house towards conducting impartial entrance examination for NEET (UG) and UGC NET.

महोदया, हमने सीखा है कि “शिक्षा सबसे शक्तिशाली हथियार है जिसका उपयोग आप दुनिया को बदलने के लिए कर सकते हैं” लेकिन आज हमारे देश में क्या हो रहा है, शिक्षा जालसाजों के लिए हमारे युवाओं के जीवन के साथ खेल कर पैसा कमाने का एक माध्यम बन गई है।

This we have seen in recent medical entrance test that the integrity of the examination system of competitive exams like NEET (UG), UGC-NET has been compromised. Which determines the future of lakhs of youngsters aspiring for merit based admission in the most prestigious institutions of India has been compromised due to the scandals related to question paper leak? This has shaken the nation.

Nearly 24 lakh NEET (UG) aspirants directly affected and many times more than that number preparing for the exams are feeling helpless and frustrated. According to reports in the media, available evidence suggests that an inter-state gang with widespread networks and links to terrorist groups is active in the states of Bihar, Jharkhand, Gujarat, Maharashtra, and others.

There is a big question mark on the credibility of NTA. And all other agencies associated with conducting of exams, Ministry of Education was also in denial mode for some time. However, mounting public pressure forced them to order a probe.

इस संदर्भ में जरा कुछ कहना चाहता हूँ:

जिसने की मेहनत

ज्यादा उस बेचारे

पे होता है ॥

फिर चाहे पेपर लीक का असर सारे पे होता है।

और जो सरकार कहती है।

कि इनहे कुछ नहीं पता इस बारे में

दर असल ये स्कैम उन्ही कुछ लोगो के इशारे पे होता है।

और कोई तो जाके पूछ ले क्या बीती है उनपर

जिन बच्चो का भविष्य बिलकुल किनारे पे होता है।

अंत में मैं केंद्र सरकार से अनुरोध करता हूँ कि वह विवादों में घिरी नीट (यूजी) को तत्काल रद्द करने जैसे कदम उठाए, आईआईटी (IIT) /एनआईटीएस, (NIT), यूपीएससी (UGC) के विशेषज्ञों के पैनल को शामिल करके नीट (यूजी) की निष्पक्ष पुनःपरीक्षा आयोजित करे तथा नए एडमिट कार्ड, नए रोल नंबर, बदलते हुए परीक्षा केंद्र जारी करने तथा अभ्यर्थियों में आत्मविश्वास पैदा करे। इसके अलावा, वर्तमान सत्र के शुरू होने में देरी तथा पाठ्यक्रम की समय पर पूरा होने, इसके समायोजन या विस्तार से संबंधित मुद्दों पर भी विशेषज्ञ पैनल द्वारा विचार किया जा सकता है।

किसी भी स्थिति में, भारत में प्रतियोगी /प्रवेश परीक्षाओं की प्रतिष्ठा को बनाए रखना तथा इसे निर्विवाद प्रतिष्ठा प्रदान करना आवश्यक है।

Speaker (ARYA): Yes, Minister Of Education..... Please

Minister of Education (Ms. KHUSHI): Yes, Honorable Speaker Madam the issue is important and related to our children's future I would like to ensure entire nation the government will not tolerate any malpractices or in regulation in the conduct of Examination and accountability of National Testing Agency will be fixed if lapse are found. Our Government is currently looking into the entire issue in detail after then decisions will be taken on all aspect including action on the centers were the exam

papers was wrongly distributed and candidates had to be compensated with grace marks to make up for the time loss.

Second, accountability will be fixed, depending on the nature of lapse, action will be taken.

अंत में मैं इतना ही कह सकता हूँ कि सरकार NEET और NET परीक्षार्थियों के हितों की रक्षा के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है। छात्रों की चिंताओं को निष्पक्षता और समानता के साथ संबोधित किया जाएगा। हमारी सरकार इस देश के भविष्य के साथ कोई समझौता नहीं करेगी।

Speaker (Arya): 2nd calling Attention Yes..... (Ms. Aysha)

Ms. Aysha: माननीय अध्यक्षजी...

मैं इस सदन का ध्यान महिलाओं के विरुद्ध अपराध के बढ़ते मामलों की ओर आकर्षित करना चाहती हूँ। हाल के वर्षों में हमने कई यौन शोषण के मामले देखे हैं, जिनसे पूरे देश में आक्रोश फैल गया है, पूरा देश पीड़ितों के लिए न्याय की मांग कर रहा है। अध्यक्षजी, महिलाओं के विरुद्ध अत्याचार ने पूरे देश को हिला कर रख दिया है और इस मामले में बार-बार नरमी बरती जा रही है, आरोपियों को राजनीतिक संरक्षण दिया जा रहा है और दोषियों को जमानत या पैरोल दी जा रही है, जिससे महिलाओं का अपमान हो रहा है।

According to the latest government data, there are 90 (Ninety) rape cases per day, now the question arises from whom women should expect protection, women all over the country are unhappy and angry with this situation.

इस संदर्भ में, मैं दो पंक्तियां पेश करना चाहूंगी, सभासदों जरा गौर फरमाइयेगा.

सुनो द्रौपदी ! शस्त्र उठा लो अब गोविंद ना आएंगे...

छोड़ो मेहंदी खड़ग संभालो

खुद ही अपना चीर बचालो

दूत बिछाए बैठे शकुनि,

मस्तक सब बिक जाएंगे

सुनो द्रौपदी ! शस्त्र उठा लो अब गोविंद ना आएंगे.....

कब तक आस लगाओगी तुम
कब तक आस लगाओगी तुम, बिक्रे हुए अखबारों से
कैसी रक्षा मांग रही हो दुःशासन दरबारों से
स्वयं जो लज्जा ही न पड़े हैं
वे क्या लाज बचाएंगे

सुनो द्रौपदी ! शस्त्र उठा लो अब गोविंद ना आएंगे...

कल तक केवल अंधा राजा, अब गूंगा-बहरा भी है
होंठ सिल दिए हैं जनता के, कानों पर पहरा भी है
तुम ही कहो ये अंशु तुम्हारे,
किसको क्या समझाएंगे ?

सुनो द्रौपदी ! शस्त्र उठा लो अब गोविंद ना आएंगे...

मैं माननीय गृहमंत्री जी से आग्रह करती हूँ कि वे महिलाओं के विरुद्ध अत्याचारों को रोकने के लिए और अधिक कठोर कानून बनाएँ और इन कानूनों को समय बद्ध तरीके से लागू करें। ताकि हम सार्वजनिक और निजी स्थानों जैसे अस्पताल, शैक्षणिक संस्थान, आश्रय गृह, शॉपिंग मॉल, सार्वजनिक परिवहन, सरकारी या निजी कार्य स्थल और अन्य प्रतिष्ठानों में महिलाओं की सुरक्षा सुनिश्चित कर सकें। मैं यह भी मांग करता हूँ कि यदि कोई जांच एजेंसी अपराध के एक महीने के भीतर आवश्यक जानकारी प्रदान करने में विफल रहती है, तो जिम्मेदार व्यक्ति को बर्खास्त कर दिया जाना चाहिए और उसके खिलाफ आपराधिक मुकदमा चलाया जाना चाहिए।

Speaker (Arya): Yes, Hon'ble Home minister please:

Home Minister (Ms. Saumya Kriti): अध्यक्ष महोदया,

सदस्य महोदय ने बहुत संवेदनशील मुद्दा उठाया है। महिलाओं के खिलाफ हो रही कई भयावह घटनाओं से पूरा देश चिंतित है। लेकिन मैं पूरे देश को बताना चाहता हूँ कि आज हमारी सरकार के लिए महिला सुरक्षा एक प्रमुख मुद्दा है। मैं संख्याओं में नहीं जाना चाहता, लेकिन हमारी सरकार

द्वारा उठाए गए कदमों और निवारक उपायों की श्रृंखला ने पूरे देश में महिला सुरक्षा पर महत्वपूर्ण विकास हासिल करने में मदद की है और परिणाम स्वरूप महिलाओं के खिलाफ अपराध में भारी कमी आई है।

I want to assure the entire nation that our government is committed to women safety. Crimes against women are a serious question mark for the law and order situation of the states, but as per the constitutional limits, the central government can only assist the state government in maintaining law and order as it is a state subject. I can assure that such cases will be investigated speedily and with the help of fast track courts we will put the culprits behind bars very soon. Our government will review the legislative aspect of women safety and if necessary we will make even more rigorous laws. Our government stringently follows Zero tolerance policy towards crime against women.

अंत में मैं अपने देश की नारी शक्ति के लिए आज कुछ कहना चाहती हूँ ।

तुम नए भारत की सक्षम नारी हो,
तुम एक नया सवेरा लाओगी,
तुम अपनी बुद्धि और साहस से,
अत्याचार रूपी अंधकार को मिटाओगी ।
और तुम नहीं झुकोगी नहीं रुकोगी,
डटकर आगे बढ़कर उन को बताओगी ।
जो बेटों से कमतर समझते हैं बेटियों को,
उनकी आंखों को खोलकर दिखलाओगी
तुम खुशबू हो बागों की, तुम रंगों की पहचान
अपनी क्षमता से सुंदर संसार बनाओगी,
तुम नव निर्माण का सवेरा लाओगी, सुदृढ़ नया भारत बनाओगी ।

धन्यवाद अध्यक्ष महोदया ।

(10) MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

मोटर वाहन अधिनियम में संशोधन की आवश्यकता

Speaker (ARYA): (Ms.Shivani)

Ms. Shivani: 2019 में पारित मोटर वाहन (संशोधन) अधिनियम सड़क सुरक्षा और यातायात मानदंडों के अनुपालन में सुधार के लिए एक सराहनीय कदम था।

हालाँकि, कुछ खामियाँ अभी भी बनी हुई हैं और वे जीवन की हानि के लिए जिम्मेदार हैं। जबकि हमारे पास चालक और सह-चालकों के लिए सुरक्षा प्रोटोकॉल हैं, सुरक्षा मानदंडों के बारे में अपर्याप्त जागरूकता के कारण पीछे की सीटों पर बैठे यात्री दुर्घटना में घायल होने के लिए असुरक्षित रहते हैं। इसी तरह, कई दो पहिया वाहन प्रतिदिन बिना रियर-व्यू मिरर के चलते देखे जाते हैं, जो खुद के लिए और आस पास के अन्य मोटर चालकों के लिए खतरा पैदा करते हैं। चूंकि मोटर वाहन अधिनियम के तहत अपराध और दंड मुख्य अधिनियम में ही सूचीबद्ध हैं, इसलिए मैं सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय से अधिनियम में तत्काल संशोधन करने का अनुरोध करता हूँ ताकि निम्नलिखित को शामिल किया जा सके:-

1. सड़क पर चलने वाले सभी दोपहिया वाहनों में रियर व्यू मिरर का अनिवार्य उपयोग और उल्लंघन के लिए उचित दंड।
2. पिछली सीटों सहित सभी सीटों पर सीट-बेल्ट का अनिवार्य उपयोग और चाइल्ड-लॉक के उपयोग के बारे में जागरूकता।

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS:

(11) INTRODUCTION OF BILL

SPEAKER (Ms.ARYA.): Hon'ble Minister of Power and New and Renewable Energy to introduce the Bill

Minister of Power (Ms. Niti Kumari): Sir, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill Further to amend the Electricity Act, 2003

SPEAKER (Ms.ARYA.) :The question is “The leave is granted to introduce “Electricity (Amendment) BILL, 2024.

Those who are in favors will say ‘Aye’

(The majority of the Members say ‘Aye’)

“Those who are against it will say ‘No’

(A minority of the Members say ‘No’).

I think the ‘Ayes’ have it, the ‘Ayes’ have it, the ‘Ayes’ have it.

Leave is granted.

Now Minister of Power

MINISTER OF POWER (Ms. Niti Kumari): Honorable Speaker Madam, I introduce the Bill.

(12)BILL FOR CONSIDERATION

SPEAKER (ARYA): Now.....the house will take up for the consideration of the “**PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS (PREVENTION OF UNFAIR MEANS) BILL, 2024**”..... Honorable Minister.....please

Minister of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions (Ms. RUCHI)

:Speaker madam. I beg to move:

“**PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS (PREVENTION OF UNFAIR MEANS) BILL, 2024**”

That the Bill to prevent unfair means in the public examinations and to Provide for matters connected therewith or incidental there to be taken into Consideration.

Speaker (ARYA): The Question is that the bill -“**PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS (PREVENTION OF UNFAIR MEANS) BILL, 2024**”.

To prevent unfair means in the public examinations and to Provide for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto be taken into Consideration.

Those who are in favor will please say ‘Ayes’

(The Majority of members say ‘Ayes’)

Those who are against it please say ‘No’.

(A minority of opposition members says ‘No’)

Speaker (Arya): I think the

‘Ayes’ have it,the ‘Ayes’ have it.....

The ‘Ayes’ have it

The motion is adopted Now clause by clause consideration

(13)PASSING OF THE BILL

SPEAKER (ARYA): Minister of State for Personnel, Public and Pensions Please proceed

Minister of Personnel, Public grievances and Pensions (Ms. Ruchi) :

Thank you Honorable Speaker Madam.....

Today's topic is about preventing unfair means in the public examinations , we can say with evidence that in the last ten years, various provisions have been made for the youth, especially in the matter of recruitment of youth in government jobs or selection in higher education institutions. In all these processes, it has been seen that what kind of transparency should be there and how every youth can get adequate opportunity to use his talent, ability and hard work.

Sir, our government ensured that Exams should be conducted in a time bound manner. For a time, the examination process of Staff Selection Commission used to last for about two years. Its duration has now been reduced to sixty-eight or nine months and efforts are on to reduce it further so that every youth gets timely opportunity to try his luck.

In recent years we have seen many recruitment scams like:

In December, 2022, fraud is found in the teacher recruitment exam.

In few states, scam was found in Sub-Inspector Recruitment exams.

Similarly, In May, 2022, fraud takes place in the several other Recruitment Exams.

In the Combined Graduate Level of the Staff Selection Commission in 2017, there are many examples of this and there are many more.

But, without going into that detail, I will say that who has to bear the brunt of this? Many capable children who go to give the exam after preparing hard, who prepare with parents hard earned money, are left without a fair chance.

Just few days back you must have read in the newspapers that a girl from Kota committed suicide. That girl leaves behind a note in her suicide note, "Mummy, papa, please forgive me. I cannot do it. I am the worst daughter."

The whole of India cried after reading this suicide note. Therefore, through you Madam I may appeal to the House that our children, your children, should be saved

from such a situation. I don't think anyone will refuse this. Therefore, with this feeling this bill is being brought. Thank you

Speaker (ARYA): Leader of Opposition

Leader of Opposition:(Mr. Aditya): Madam, I rise to dwell on the legislative document under the nomenclature, the Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Bill, 2024. It may be called as Anti Cheating Bill.

The first thing is that through this legislative document, minister is talking about bringing transparency. But according to the Transparency International Report, India's ranking on the Corruption Perception Index dropped from 85 in 2022 to 93rd in 2023.

(SHAME.....SHAME.....SHAME....) by opposition party leaders

That means, the Corruption Perception Index has been alarming by increasing. Here, in this Bill, certainly, lofty ideals have been enshrined but the issue is that you are putting your entire emphasis on punishment.

ये देखने के बाद मुझे कुछ पंक्तियाँ याद आती हैं:-

“बख्श देता है खुदा उनको, जिनकी किस्मत खराब होती है

वो हरगिज़ बख्से नहीं जाते, जिनकी नीयत खराब होती है

ना मेरा एक होगा, ना तेरा लाख होगा

ना तारीफ़ तेरी होगी, ना मजाक मेरा होगा

गुरुर ना कर इस शान-ए-शौक़त,

कुर्सी पर मेरा भी हिसाब होगा और तेरा भी हिसाब होगा”

Why are preventive Measures not being conceived? The Bill has penal provisions for committed Offences but lacks preventive measures to reduce such acts. ...

(Interruptions)

Therefore, in my opinion, government should emphasize towards more stringent security systems that will prevent such offences rather than making penal laws.

Speaker (Arya): Minister of Personnel, Public and Pensions.....

Kindly clarify the doubts raised by Leader of opposition.

Minister of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions (Ruchi): Honorable Speaker madam, though I am not a law knowing person, to my Limited knowledge punishment itself is a deterrent for prevention. This is a first step towards prevention. And then, as we move on from this experience, we will collectively apply our minds and go in for further steps also. But if we do not take even this first step, and then we will not be preventing anything at all.

(Desk thumping by Ruling Party)

Speaker (ARYA): YES, MEMBER FROM OPPOSTION PARTY

OPPOSTION MEMBER (Mr.Brijesh Kumar Kushwaha): Thank you, honorable speaker madam, for giving me this opportunity to speak on this Bill.

Madam, the Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Bill, 2024, which is moved by the Minister of State in the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions seeks to identify the following unfair means and Offences during public examinations:-

- (i) Question paper or answer key leaks;
- (ii) Participation in collusion with others to effect question paper or answer key Leaks; and
- (iii) Accessing or taking possession of question paper or an Optical Mark Recognition (OMR) response sheet without authority. Any examination conducted by the Union Public Service Commission (UPSC), Staff Selection Commission. The young people of our country need justice as far as every competitive examination are concerned. Unfortunately, there are so many incidents

before us where they face injustice. This law will make sure that in future, these types of incidents do not happen, and it will be Helpful for lakhs and lakhs of young people of our country. With these words, I support this Bill. Thank you.

Speaker (ARYA): Treasury Bench member (Ms. Shahin Afreen)

Ms. Shahin Afreen :

सभापति महोदय, मुझे समय देने के लिए आपका बहुत-बहुत धन्यवाद:

मैं अपनी बातें कुछ पंक्तियों से शुरू करना चाहूँगी

कोई खुशबू न कोई फूल न कोई रौनक

इसमें कांटो की जलाहत नहीं देखी जाती

हमने खोली थी इस बात पर अपनी आँखे

हमें इस बात की हालात नहीं देखी जाती।

शिक्षा ऐसी हो, जो शारीरिक रूप से , मानसिक रूप से , आत्मिक रूप से तथा बौद्धिक रूप से ईमानदारी और जग निर्माण पैदा कर सके। इस देश में इस प्रकार की शिक्षा थी। लेकिन आज हमारी शिक्षा का स्तर गिरता जा रहा है। अगर आज आप डिग्री लेने के बाद एग्जाम दे सकते हैं , डिग्री लेने के बाद पुलिस में जवान बन सकते हैं या फौज में भरती हो सकते हैं , केवल यही हमारी क्वालिफिकेशन है और वह भी बेईमानी से करवाई गई हो जैसे किसी के पास ज्यादा पैसा होता है या गलत तरीके से कमाया गया हो तो उसकी प्रतिष्ठा बढ़ जाती है और इसी प्रकार से परीक्षा में यह बात शुरू हुई।

जिस प्रकार से माननीय प्रधानमंत्री जी इनोवेशन और रिसर्च पर जोर दे रहे हैं , तो इस बात की जरूरत है की हमलोग इस प्रकार का कानून इस देश में लाएं , जिससे किसी की नकल करने और करवाने की हिमत न हो। ऐसे सेन्टर्स बर्खास्त किये जाएं , ऐसे स्कूल और कॉलेजों की मान्यता रद्द की जाए। मैं इतना कहकर बिल का समर्थन करते हुए, अपनी बातों को समाप्त करती हूँ।

(DESK PATTING BY RULING PARTY)

SPEAKER (ARYA): Now, **Honorable Prime Minister**.....

Prime Minister (Mr.BHANU): Thank you Speaker Madam,

It's my privilege to participate in this discussion on a very sensitive issue.

I heard the entire debate, in which many of honorable members participated, shared their Opinions and concerns and offered many suggestion.

Before I start my speech I would like to dedicate few lines to our youth

बुलंद है अगर हौसला तो मुट्ठी में हर मुकाम है,

मुश्किलें और मुसिबतें तो जिंदगी में आम हैं,

अगर जिंदा हो तो ताकत रखो बाजुओं में लहरों के खिलाफ तैरने की,

वरना लहरों के साथ बहना तो लाशों का काम है।

(Desk patting by ruling party members / तालियों की गड़गड़ाहट)

Honorable Speaker Madam, I would like to highlight some of the important points significant in context to this legislation.

1. The Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Bill, 2024' aimed at curbing leaks, malpractices as well as organized malpractices in recruitment examinations like UPSC, SSC and entrance tests such as NEET, JEE, and CUET.

The Public Exams Bill, is the first of its kind in the history of India, is dedicated to the youth of India".

2. Bill will ensure more transparency and time-bound selection process and provide level-playing field.

(तालियों की गड़गड़ाहट)

3. My government has initiated several youth-centric provisions and schemes in the last ten years, such as ensuring transparency and providing equal opportunity and level-playing field in recruitments and higher studies.

4. “The future of our youth up to 40 years of age, who comprise 70% of our population, is at stakes, who are stakeholders in the “Viksit Bharat of 2047,”

अन्त में मैं सभी सदस्यों, सभी भारत वासियों से अपील करता हूँ कि हम अपने बच्चों के भविष्य को किसी के हाथों में छेड़छाड़ न होने दें, उनको उस तनाव की परिस्थिति में न पड़ने दें, जो आत्म हत्याओं में परिवर्तित होते हैं। मैं माता-पिता और बच्चों से अपील करता हूँ कि बदलते हुए नए युग में, विकसित भारत के निर्माण में अपनी भूमिका निभाने में अपने आपको समर्थ बनाए।

आखिर में कुछ शब्दों को गुनगुना कर अपनी बात खत्म करना चाहूँगा।

*मेरे जलने से मिलती हो शीत किसी को
जीवन भर जलने का मैं संकल्प करूँगा
देखें सपने रुदन-मुक्ति के व्यक्ति – व्यक्ति के
सपनों की दुनिया से मैं संलग्न रहूँगा।*

महोदया, आपका बहुत-बहुत धन्यवाद।

(Desk patting by ruling party)

Speaker: (Ms.ARYA): Now the question is that clause (I) to (v) stand part of the Bill

There is one amendment by Opposition member (Mr. Abhishek) Are you moving it
Opposition member (Mr. Abhishek) No madam, in view of the reply by Honorable minister and clarification by Honorable Prime Minister, I am not moving my amendment.

Speaker: (Ms.ARYA): NOW CLAUSE 6 Yes.... (MR. Brijesh) you are moving amendment.

Opposition member (Mr. Brijesh): Madam, I beg to move:

Page 5, line 13,-after “punished”

Insert “with imprisonment for a term not less than three Years but which may extend up to ten years and”. Page 5, omit lines 28 to 31.

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): Now the question is that clause 6 stands part of the bill

Those who are in favor say ‘Ayes’

(The minority of member says (Ayes)

Those who are against say ‘No’

(Majority of members says ‘No’)

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): I think the ‘Noes’ have it.....

The ‘Noes’ HAVE It.....the ‘Noes’ have it

(The Motion is Negative)

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): Minister of Personnel, Public and Pensions.....

Minister (Ms. Ruchi) Madam I move the Bill to be passed.

Speaker (Ms. ARYA): Motion movedthat the bill is passed

Those who are in favors will say ‘Aye’.

(Majority of members says ‘Ayes’)

Those who are against will say ‘No’

(None of the members says ‘No’)

Speaker (Ms. ARYA):I think the ‘Ayes’ have it.....

The ‘Ayes’ have it.....the ‘Ayes’ have it. **(The Motion Is Adopted.)**

(14) Private Member Resolution

SPEAKER (Arya): Now the House will take up Private Members Resolution,

Mr. Utkarsh Sah to move the Resolution.

Mr. Utkarsh: Honorable Speaker Madam, I move the following resolution.

This house recommends that the government should bring in the **Prevention of Torture Act**, as a full-fledged legislation to prevent the inhumane treatment met out to detainees and prisoners. As we all know that India is a signatory to "**THE CONVENTION AGAINST TORTURE AND OTHER CRUEL, INHUMAN & DEGRADING TREATMENT OR PUNISHMENT**" as adopted by **UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY** on 19th of December 1975 and India signed the same on 14th of October 1997.

इस विधेयक को लाने के पीछे कई , घटनाएँ और अवांछित कारण हैं। इनमें से कुछ इस प्रकार हैं:

क. यातना अलोकतांत्रिक है और आपराधिक न्यायशास्त्र के मूल सिद्धांत का उल्लंघन करती है।

ख. बंगाल राज्य कैदी अधिनियम 1818 और भारत रक्षा अधिनियम 1939 को स्वतंत्रता प्राप्ति के बाद भी जारी नहीं रखा जाना चाहिए था, क्योंकि ऐसे कानून संविधान के अध्याय 3 के विरुद्ध हैं।

ग. गृह मंत्रालय के अधीन राष्ट्रीय अपराध रिकॉर्ड ब्यूरो के अनुसार, 2003 में 1060, 2004 में 1169, 2005 में 1387 और 2006 में 1424 कैदियों की मृत्यु हुई।

घ. इसी ब्यूरो की रिपोर्ट के अनुसार, 2000-2010 के बीच हुई मौतों का ब्यौरा देते हुए, हर साल औसतन 146 लोग पुलिस हिरासत में और 136 लोग न्यायिक हिरासत में मरते हैं, तथा हिरासत में हत्याओं की संख्या में हर साल वृद्धि हो रही है।

Speaker (Arya); Member Yes..... :(Ms. Priti Jha):

(Ms. Priti):अध्यक्ष महोदया , मैं अपने विद्वान सदस्य द्वारा प्रस्तुत संकल्प का समर्थन करने के लिए खड़ी हूँ, और आपके माध्यम से मैं उन्हें इस संकल्प को आगे लाने के लिए बधाई देना चाहती हूँ। यह एक निर्विवाद तथ्य है कि हमारे देश में जेल प्रणाली देशभर में कई अत्याचारों से जुड़ी हुई है। अनुचित चिकित्सा देखभाल, अस्वास्थ्यकर भोजन, पर्याप्त जगह की कमी और बुनियादी सुविधाओं की अनुपलब्धता के अलावा, यातना ऐसे अत्याचारों में सबसे ऊपर है। जेल अधिकारियों के आचरण को नियंत्रित करने वाले कानून और नियम अपर्याप्त हैं और उनमें आधुनिक अनुप्रयोग शामिल नहीं हैं जो अंतरराष्ट्रीय मानकों के अनुरूप हैं। इसी भावना से मैं प्रस्तावित संकल्प का समर्थन करती हूँ

Honorable Speaker (Arya): Honorable Home Minister pleases.....

Home Minister (Ms. Saumya Kriti):

Madam, I extend my sincere thanks to (Mr. Utkarsh) for bringing to the notice of the house this very serious issue of **Prevention of Torture in Indian Jails** which has become a national shame for our country.

For our government human rights protection is foremost priority we believe that Denial of People Human Rights is To Challenge Their Very Humanity and so our government has tried to make a difference time and again by amending the acts which control the administration of Prison functions.

Our government since past many years has been successfully running the self-employment scheme of in various prisons for several years and it makes me proud to announce that nationwide revenue of 36 crores has been generated through these schemes. It is also noteworthy that that International Committee of Red Cross in its annual report of Jail visits has enlisted Indian Prisons as one of the most habitable and up-to-date Prisons among developed nations.

सरकार इस मुद्दे को उजागर करने के लिए माननीय सदस्य की आभारी है, हालांकि हमारी सरकार पहले से ही इस संबंध में एक नया विधेयक लाने पर विचार कर रही है और निश्चित रूप से उस विधेयक में इन बिंदुओं को शामिल करेगी। इसलिए मैं माननीय सदस्य से अनुरोध करूंगी कि वे इस विधेयक को वापस ले लें।

Speaker: (Private member who moved the motion) Mr. Utkarsh Sah

Mr. Utkarsh : Madam, I am grateful to the Honorable Minister to be generous enough to support the bill and in view of the reply given by the Minister I am withdrawing my bill.

Speaker (Ms. Arya): Motion moved

"That the Bill is withdrawn".

Those who are in favor will please say 'Aye'.

(The majority of Members say 'Aye')

Those against it may please say 'No'.

(A minority of Members say 'No'.)

I think the 'Ayes' have it, the 'Ayes' have it, the 'Ayes' have it.

Speaker (Ms. Arya): The bill stands withdrawn.

THE HOUSE IS ADJOURNED TO MEET AT 11:00A.M. TOMMOROW.