

PRE-BOARD -II EXAMINATION 2025-26

MM : 70
TIME : 3 HOURS

1. There are 30 questions in all.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Question numbers 1 to 17 are multiple choice questions carrying 1 mark each.
4. Question number 18 and 19 are source based question of 3 marks .
5. Question numbers 20 to 23 are short answer questions of 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 60 words.
6. Question numbers 24 to 28 are long answer questions of 5 marks . Answer to the questions should not exceed 150 words.
7. Question numbers 29 and 30 is a map question. Properly tie map in answer sheet

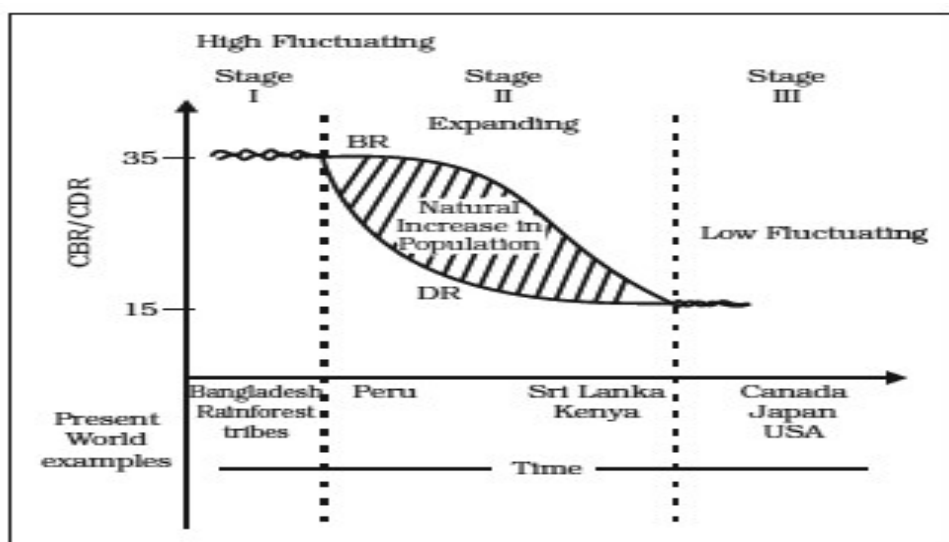
1	Which person gave theory and stated that the number of people would increase faster than the food supply ?	1
	A) F Ratzel	B) Thomas malthus
	C) George B. Cressey	D) Ralph Waldo Emerson
2	Which of the following is not a pillar of Human development ?	1
	A) Equity	B) Sustainability
	C) Prosperity	D) Empowerment
3	Which one of the following types of cultivation was developed by European Colonists ?	1
	(a) Kolkoz	(b) Viticulture
	(c) Mixed farming	(d) Plantation
4	Leather industry possesses the example of which of the following industry ?	1
	(A) Forest based industry	(B) Chemical based industry
	(C) Animal based industry	(D) Mineral based industry

- 5** Which one of the following types of industries produces raw materials for other industries? 1
 (a) Cottage Industries (b) Small-scale Industries
 (c) Basic Industries (d) Footloose Industries
- 6** The journey time from London to Istanbul has reduced a lot as compared to sea route due to which of the following railway line? 1
 (A) Trans-Siberian Railway (B) Orient Express
 (C) The Union and Pacific Railway (D) None of the above
- 7** The first complete population Census was conducted in India in: 1
 A)1981 B)1881
 C)1857 D)1957
- 8** As per the definition of working population , how many days does a Marginal Worker works in a year. 1
 A) less than 240 days in a year B) less than 200 days in a year
 C) less than 365 days in a year D) less than 183 days in a year
- 9** Rural settlements in India can broadly be put into four types. Which of these is **not** a type among them. 1
 A) Clustered, agglomerated or nucleated, B) Semi-clustered or fragmented,
 C) Hamleted, D) megacity
- 10** As per evolution of towns, which of these is **not** a type among them ? 1
 A) Ancient town B) Medieval town
 C) Industrial town D) Modern town
- 11** *Garrison Cantonment towns emerged for their importance to defence purpose. Which among these is a garrison cantonment town ?* 1
 A) Mhow B) Jaipur
 C) Bikaner D) Dwarka
- 12** Neeru—Meeru programme belongs to which State ? 1
 A) Gujarat B) Rajasthan.
 C) Punjab. D) Andhra Pradesh

- 13** As a policymaker, tasked with fostering behavioural changes in the community to shift from a prevailing attitude of consumption to one focused on conservation and smart water management, which of the following programs would you prioritize for implementation? 1
- A. Arvary Pani Sansad B. Atal Bhujal Yojana
C. National Water Policy, 2012 D. Jal Kranti Abhiyan
- 14** NITI AYOG was formed on ? 1
- (A) 1 January 2015 (B) 5 January 2016
(C) 15 January 2019 (D) 25 January 2015
- 15** The book "Population Bomb" was written by 1
- (A) Janine Benyus (B) Ehrlich
(C) Meadows (D) Michael Baumgart
- 16** ITDP refers to which one of the following ? 1
- (a) Integrated Tourism Development Programme (b) Integrated Travel Development Programme
(c) Integrated Tribal Development Programme (d) Integrated Transport Development Programme
- 17** What does NHA stand for? 1
- (A) National Highway India (B) National Highway Authority of India
(C) National Highest Airport of India (D) None of these

SECTION B (Source based)

- 18** Study the graph given below and answer the question. 3X1=3



Question :

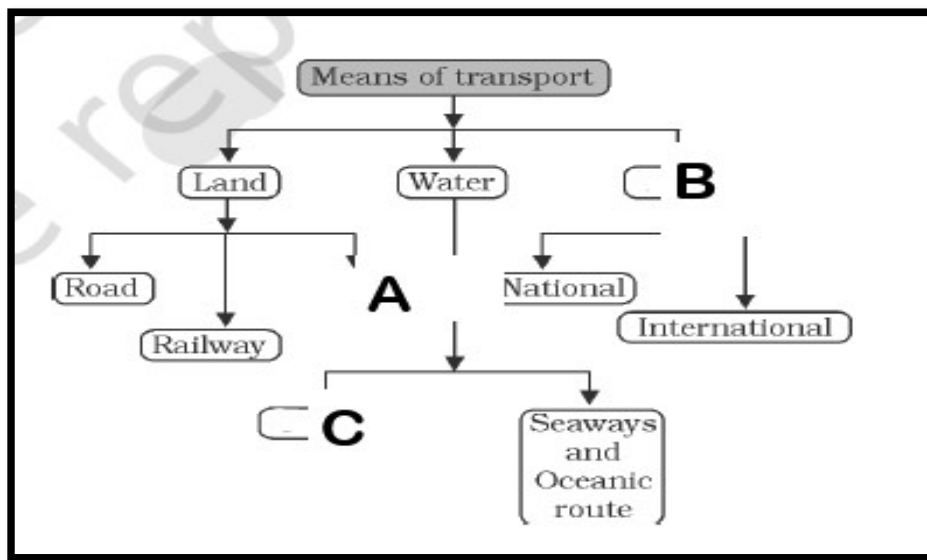
Based on the demographic transition graph provided answer the following questions

- i) Write any one characteristic of stage I.
- ii) Which stage shows sign of rapid population increase ?
- iii) In Low fluctuating stage, what changes occur in CBR and CDR.

The following question is for **Visually Impaired Candidates** only in lieu of Question No.18

Q. 18 Write any three characteristics of demographic transition cycle .

19



3X1=3

Based on the flow chart given above Write the names of items marked A,B and C

The following question is for **Visually Impaired Candidates** only in lieu of Question No.19

Q. 19 Write any three characteristics of Road transport.

SECTION C

- 20 "The knowledge about nature is extremely important to develop technology." Explain the statement with examples.

3

OR

"The concept of Neo- determinism is compared with traffic lights on the cross road". Analyse the statement with examples.

- 21** How are countries classified on the basis of human development index? 3
- 22** Ravi is analyzing employment data for different sectors of the Indian economy. He observes that a majority of India's workforce is still engaged in one particular sector that provides livelihood to a large section of rural people, despite contributing less to the GDP compared to other sectors. 3
- Based on this observation, explain why the agricultural sector has the largest share of Indian workers.
- 23** Write a comprehensive note on major ports of India. 3

SECTION D

- 24** Define the term "Plantation Agriculture". Explain the main characteristics of plantation agriculture. 1+4=5
- 25** Explain in detail the significance of transport and communication services. 5

OR

Explain any two of the following in about 50 words each (2.5*2=5)

- a) Medical tourism
- b) Digital divide
- c) Outsourcing

- 26** Give a classification of ports on the basis of 5
- a) cargo handled:
 - b) location

OR

Explain ANY FIVE basis of international trade.

- 27** India has achieved remarkable progress in agricultural production since Independence, yet a large section of farmers continue to face persistent challenges. 5
- As a student, assess the major physical constraints and institutional problems of Indian agriculture that hinder its productivity and sustainability. Support your answer with suitable examples.

OR

Despite being the backbone of India's economy, the agricultural sector has undergone significant transformation since Independence — from traditional subsistence farming to modern scientific cultivation.

As a student, evaluate the key phases, strategies, and outcomes of agricultural development in India, highlighting how technological and institutional changes have shaped its present scenario.

- 28** In many Indian cities, a large number of people live in slum areas due to rapid urbanization and shortage of affordable housing. These areas often lack proper sanitation, clean water, electricity, and healthcare facilities.

Keeping this situation in mind, describe the major problems faced by people living in slums in India and explain how these problems affect their quality of life and urban development.

OR

Explain the problem of Urban waste disposal in India.

SECTION E

- 29** On the given political map of the World, seven geographical features have been marked as A, B, C, D, E, F and G. Identify any five with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines drawn near each feature. 5X1=5
- A. A region of nomadic herding
 - B. A region of Extensive Commercial grain cultivation
 - C. A region of Commercial livestock rearing
 - D. An important shipping canal between North and South America
 - E. An important airport in Asia
 - F. An important airport in Australia
 - G. An important Seaport in South America
- 30** Locate and label the following geographical features on the Political Outline map of India : (any five) 5X1=5
- A. A state with Highest Population Density(2011)
 - B. A state with Lowest Population Density(2011)
 - C. A leading Wheat producing state.
 - D. An important iron ore mine in Odisha.
 - E. An international airport in Karnataka
 - F. An oil refinery in Gujarat
 - G. An important copper ore mine in Rajasthan.

