

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA PM SHRI KV DHARMAPURI

AUTUMN BREAK HOMEWORK

Learn ✿ Explore ✿ Grow

Class

4

Name : _____

Class : 4 _____

Section : _____

Roll No. : _____

Subject : _____

Teacher's Name : _____



ENGLISH

Activity 1: My Healthy Routine

- Write five sentences about the healthy habits you follow every day. Include exercise, food, sleep and cleanliness.

Activity 2: Plan a Safe Trip

- Prepare a checklist of five things you would carry on a mountain trip. Explain why two of these items are important.

Activity 3: Imagine and Write

- Imagine you are swinging high in a garden. Write five sentences describing what you see, hear and feel.

Activity 4: Handwriting

- Write a neat and legible Handwriting in four ruled lines note for two pages per day.

Activity 5: Newspaper activity

Read the newspaper dated October 9, 2026 page no: 4,5. write about the festivals in that pages for 60 -80 words.

शरद अवकाश गृहकार्य (Holiday Homework)

विषय – हिंदी

प्रश्न 1. अपठित गद्यांश

गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

पानी का जादू

पप्पू एक छोटे से गाँव में रहता था। गर्मी के दिनों में उसके गाँव में पानी की कमी हो जाती थी। एक दिन, पप्पू ने खुदाई करते समय एक बड़े पत्थर को हिलाया। तभी उसके पास से पानी की एक छोटी धारा बहने लगी। पप्पू ने खुशी-खुशी पानी पीना शुरू किया। अचानक, पानी की धारा बड़ी हो गई और वह एक छोटी-सी नदी बन गई। सभी गाँववाले आकर पानी पीने लगे और उनकी मुश्किलें खत्म हो गईं।

प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

1. पप्पू के गाँव में किसकी कमी होती थी?
2. पप्पू ने कैसे गाँववालों की मदद की?

3. पानी की धारा कैसे बड़ी हुई?

4. इस कहानी से हमें क्या सीख मिलती है?

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

1. राजा ने दरबारियों को नकली हीरे क्यों दिए?
2. यदि आप 'नकली हीरे' पाठ में दरबारियों की जगह होते, तो आप क्या करते?

प्रश्न 3. व्याकरण

(क) दिए गए वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के विपरीत शब्दों से रिक्त स्थान भरिए।

1. राजा ने दरबारियों को नकली हीरे दिए और नौजवान दरबारी को _____ हीरा दिया।

2. सभी दरबारियों ने झूठ बोला, लेकिन नौजवान दरबारी

(ख) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में संज्ञा शब्दों पर गोला लगाइए।

1. काननपुर का राजा बहुत बुद्धिमान था।

2. सभी दरबारी नकली हीरे पाकर बहुत खुश हुए।

(ग) दिए गए शब्दों पर वाक्य बनाइए।

1. निस्संदेह — _____

2. कृपया — _____

3. क्षमा कीजिए — _____

4. साथ-साथ — _____

(घ) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में क्रिया शब्दों पर गोला लगाइए।

1. राजा ने दरबारियों को बुलवाया और उनसे कहा।

2. एक नौजवान दरबारी चुपचाप खड़ा रहा तथा देखता रहा।

(ङ) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में विशेषण शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए।

1. असली हीरा बहुत चमकदार था।

उत्तर: _____

2. राजा ने दरबारियों को नकली हीरे दिए।

उत्तर: _____

प्रश्न 4. नीचे दिए गए शब्दों को उनके उपयुक्त अर्थों के साथ मिलान कीजिए।

शब्द अर्थ

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. वृद्ध | सर्वोत्तम |
| 2. निस्संदेह | रुकना |
| 3. बुद्धिमान | बूढ़ा |
| 4. श्रेष्ठ | संदेह न होना |
| 5. ठहरना | विवेकवान |

प्रश्न 5. लेखन कार्य

ईमानदारी के महत्त्व पर पाँच वाक्य लिखिए।

(Importance of Honesty)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

निर्देश

1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर साफ-सुथरी लिखावट में लिखिए।

2. वर्तनी का विशेष ध्यान रखे।

MATHS

ACTIVITY – 1 (DO IT IN A4 SHEET)

The Kitchen Detective

Go to your kitchen, look at the packaging of the following items, and write down their weight (g / kg) or capacity (mL / L):

1. Toothpaste Tube → _____
2. Packet of Salt → _____
3. Shampoo Bottle / Sachet → _____
4. Cooking Oil Packet / Bottle → _____

Write ten items like this

ACTIVITY – 2 (DO IT IN A4 SHEET)

Draw and colour four containers of different size and write their capacities below them

Multiplication

Arvind and Anand wanted to make a **cupboard** and went shopping for the materials.

They bought 12 square feet of plywood, each square feet costing Rs 65. They bought 4 boxes of nails for Rs 18 per box, each box containing 50 nails. They bought 6 glue tubes, each glue tube was costing Rs 75. They also bought 2 handles, one handle was priced at Rs 45 and another one for Rs 95.

1. How much did they spend on the plywood? _____
2. How much did they spend for the nails? _____
3. How much did they spend for the handles? _____
4. How much did they spend for the glue tubes? _____
5. How much did they spend in all? _____
6. Did they spend more on nails or glue tubes? _____
7. If they had to buy 4 handles of both type how much will it cost them? _____
8. A pack of glue tube containing 6 glue tubes were priced at Rs 300. Will it be cheaper to buy this pack or six individual glue tubes? What will be the price difference? _____
9. For another project they bought 19 boxes of nails and 12 glue tubes. How much would it cost them? _____

CHAPTER – 8 (WEIGHT IT, POUR IT)

WORK SHEET

SECTION A — Multiple Choice Questions

Tick (✓) the correct option.

1. 1 kg = _____ g

(a) 10 (b) 100 (c) 1000 (d) 500

2. 500 g = _____ kg

(a) 1/2 (b) 1/4 (c) 2 (d) 1/8

3. 250 g = _____ kg

(a) 1/2 (b) 1/4 (c) 1/8 (d) 2

4. 1 litre = _____ ml

(a) 10 (b) 100 (c) 500 (d) 1000

5. How many 250 g packets make 1 kg?

(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 10 (d) 5

6. How many 500 ml bottles make 1 litre?

(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 5 (d) 10

7. The unit most suitable to weigh an elephant is

(a) Grams (b) Millilitres (c) Kilograms (d) Litres

8. The unit most suitable to measure liquid medicine given to a baby is:

(a) Kilograms (b) Millilitres (c) Litres (d) Grams

9. How many 100 g packets make 1 kg?

(a) 5 (b) 8 (c) 10 (d) 12

10. Mirabai Chanu's total lift at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics was 202 kg. If her snatch lift was 87 kg, her clean and jerk lift was:

(a) 115 kg (b) 105 kg (c) 125 kg (d) 110 kg

SECTION B — Fill in the Blanks

1. 1 kg = _____ g.
2. 1 litre = _____ ml.
3. 500 g = _____ kg (write as a fraction).
4. 250 ml = _____ l (write as a fraction).
5. To weigh a bag of rice, we would use the unit _____.
6. To measure medicine for a baby, we would use the unit _____.
7. Two 500 g packets together weigh _____ kg.
8. Four 250 ml bottles together make _____ litre.
9. 10 packets of _____ g make 1 kg.
10. A 20 kg sack contains _____ packets of 1 kg each.

SECTION C — Very Short Answer Questions

1. How many grams make 1 kg?
2. How many millilitres make 1 litre?
3. Write 500 g as a fraction of 1 kg.
4. Write 250 ml as a fraction of 1 litre.
5. Which unit would you use to weigh a suitcase — grams or kilograms?
6. Which unit would you use to measure water in a swimming pool — millilitres or litres?

7. How many 100 g packets make 1 kg?
8. How many 200 ml bottles make 1 litre?
9. Is a pen more likely to weigh 12 g or 12 kg?
10. Is a bucket more likely to hold 15 ml or 15 litres?

SECTION D — Short Answer Questions

1. Find how many packets make 1 kg:
 - (a) How many 500 g packets make 1 kg?
 - (b) How many 250 g packets make 1 kg?
2. Find how many bottles make 1 litre:
 - (a) How many 500 ml bottles make 1 litre?
 - (b) How many 250 ml bottles make 1 litre?
3. Mr Shrinathan wants to pack 1 kg of Kaju-katli.
 - (a) How many boxes of 100 g each will he need?
 - (b) How many boxes of 50 g each will he need?
4. Mr Krishna sells 1 litre of perfumed oil in smaller bottles.
 - (a) How many 200 ml bottles will he need?

(b) How many 100 ml bottles will he need?

5. Using 10 g erasers to balance a scale:

(a) A 50 g Haldi packet weighs the same as how many 10 g erasers?

(b) A 250 g sugar packet weighs the same as how many 10 g erasers?

SECTION E — Long Answer Questions

1. A shopkeeper has a 20 kg sack of rice.

(a) How many 1 kg packets can he make from it?

(b) If he sells each 1 kg packet for ₹40, how much money will he earn from the whole sack?

(c) If instead he packs it into 500 g packets, how many packets will he get, and what will be the price of each packet if the total earnings stay the same as in (b)?

2. Ms Naini wants 1 litre of perfumed oil packed into 100 ml bottles, while Ms Kannan wants hers packed into 50 ml bottles.

(a) How many bottles will Ms Naini get?

(b) How many bottles will Ms Kannan get?

(c) Who gets more bottles, and how many more?

3. A cat weighs 3 kg to 5 kg, and a wooden chair weighs 6 kg to 10 kg.

(a) What is the minimum possible combined weight of a cat and a chair?

(b) What is the maximum possible combined weight of a cat and a chair?

(c) Could a cat and a chair together weigh exactly 9 kg? Explain with an example.

4. A milk vendor sells milk in cans of 50 ml, 100 ml, 200 ml, 500 ml and 1000 ml.

(a) How many 200 ml cans are needed to measure exactly 1 litre?

(b) How many 500 ml cans are needed to measure exactly 1 litre?

(c) A customer wants exactly 800 ml of milk. Suggest one combination of cans (from the sizes listed) that gives exactly 800 ml.

5. Mirabai Chanu, an Indian weightlifter, lifted a total of 202 kg at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics (snatch + clean and jerk).

(a) If her snatch lift was 87 kg, find her clean and jerk lift.

(b) If she had lifted 10 kg more in her clean and jerk, what would her new total have been?

(c) Compare her total lift (202 kg) with the estimated weight range of a tiger (150 kg to 300 kg). Does her total lift fall within this range?

TWAU

Activity 1: Draw or paste pictures of five healthy habits. Write one sentence about how each habit keeps you healthy.

Activity 2: Observe any three plants near your home. Draw or paste their pictures and write one use of each plant.

Activity 3: Prepare a table of five animals, their habitats, and the food they eat. Explain how we can care for animals.

Activity 4: Make a poster on “Save Water, Save Life”. Include three ways to save water in your daily life.

Activity 5: Create a 3R chart (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle). Draw or paste one example for each R and explain how it helps protect the environment