

WINTER BREAK HOMEWORK

SUBJECT -SCIENCE CLASS -VI

WRITE & LEARN THE ANSWERS OF FOLLOWING QUESTIONS- (Do it in the CW notebook)

Q1 Classify the following materials on the basis of solubility and transparency: salt, flower, oxygen, sand, piece of glass, sugar crystal, oiled butter paper and coconut oil. One is done for you.

MATERIAL SOLUBILITY TRANSPARENCY Example Salt Soluble Opaque Q2. Differentiate between:

(a) Opaque and transparent materials. (b) Soluble and insoluble. (c) Lustrous and non-lustrous.

Q3. Select those objects from the following which have lustre:

Steel bowl, cotton shirt, glass bowl, brass lamp, bell, soap cake

Q4. State whether the statements given below are True (T) or – False (F)

(i) Chalk dissolves in water

(ii) Spoon is opaque, while glass is transparent

(iii) Sand settles down in water

(iv) Oil is insoluble in water

(v) Glucose is insoluble in water

Q5. Give the units in which mass and volume are measured.

Q6. Describe the differences between clinical and laboratory thermometers in terms of their use and range. Q7. Draw and explain the water cycle?

Q8. How earthen pot will give cold water after being left for some time?

Q9- Give two example that evaporation causes cooling effect.

Q10. Observe the given picture explain the process involved-



REMINDER

Complete your second term MULTIDICPLINARY PROJECT.

TOPIC- FOOD

Note -Make your project pictorial and colorful with drawing and painting. Avoid pasting printed pictures. Do it in the **file pages**.

SUGGESTED SUB TOPICS-

(i) Draw a healthy food pyramid.

(ii) Write some advantage of eating healthy food and adverse effect eating of junk food. (Healthy food verses junk food)

(iii) Paste pictures /photos of two traditional food dishes of your state.

Write its ingredients and nutrients found in it.

(iv) Paste any two types of some seeds. Mention name of the seeds also –

(Use fully dried seeds and keep it inside small polythene pouches to keep the seeds protected) a. Used as spices

b. Used as grains

c. Used as pulses

d. Vegetables seed

e. Fruits seed

----- X-----

PM SHRI KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SEONI

CLASS 6

COMPUTER

WINTER BREAK HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

Q1-4 Using the below pseudocode answer the following questions (Question 1-4):

IF (Day == Saturday OR Day == Sunday

 IF (Time >= 12 AM AND Time <=8 PM))

 THEN

 Holiday

 ELSE

 School Day

ELSE

 School Day

END

Question 1	Today is Monday and the time being 11.30 AM. Is today a school day?
Option 1	True
Option 2	False

Question 2	Today is Saturday and the time being 1.30 AM. Is today a Holiday?
Option 1	True
Option 2	False

Question 3	Today is Wednesday and the time is 5.30 AM. Is today a school day?
Option 1	True
Option 2	False

Question 4	Today is Sunday and the time being 09.30 PM. Is today a Holiday?
Option 1	True
Option 2	False

Q5. MAKE A PROGRAM IN MAKECODE ARCADE TO FIND IF A NO. IS EVEN OR ODD?WRITE ITS CODE IN YOUR NOTEBOOK

Holiday Homework

SUBJECT:

ENGLISH

CLASS : VI

Section- A

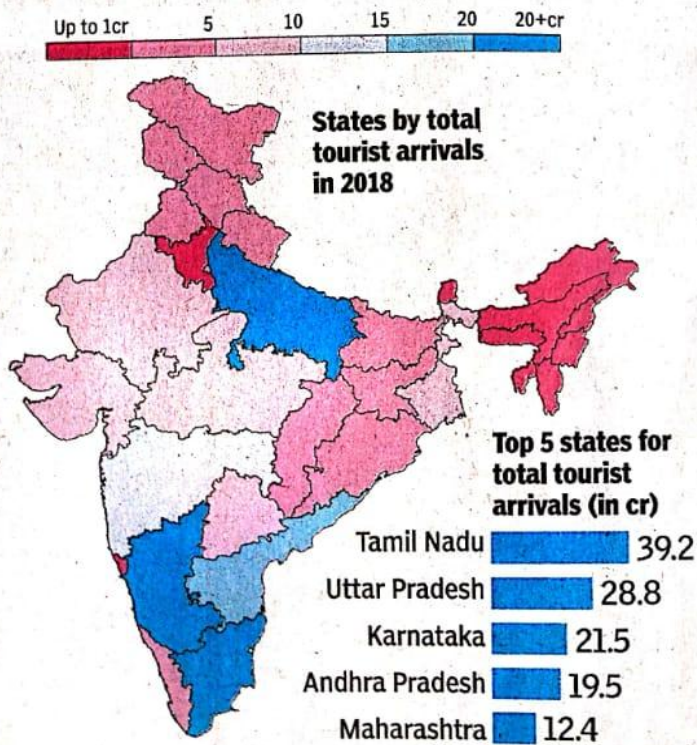
Reading

**Q1) Read the following
Newspaper Extract and
answer the following
questions:**

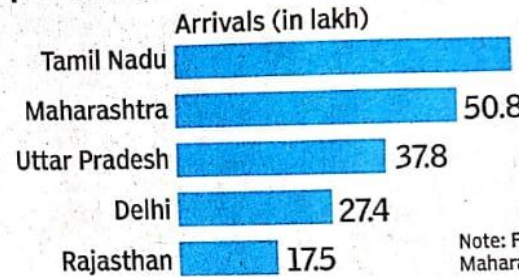
ONE IN FOUR TOURISTS IN INDIA VISITS TAMIL NADU

For a second straight year, Tamil Nadu saw the most tourist arrivals despite having one of the lowest expenditures on tourism, finds a study by World Travel and Tourism Council – India Initiative. In 2018, India had nearly 2 billion tourists, both domestic and foreign. A look at how states performed.

Agra, Varanasi make UP second-most visited state



Top 5 states for international tourist arrivals in 2018



185cr

Total tourist visits in 2018, a 12% increase from 2017

2.89cr

International tourist visits in 2018, up 7% from 2017

Tamil Nadu accounted for **21% of all tourist visits** in 2018, followed by UP at 15%

India at present is ranked 140th out of 140 countries in terms of travel competitiveness.

Though the government has introduced several measures to attract tourists and made efforts to improve India's ranking in the World Economic Forum's Global Competitiveness Index, it is still a long way to go to become a major destination for international tourists.

Source- Time Of India dated 13.12.2019

a) "One in four tourists visit Tamil Nadu"

in India visits Tamil Nadu.”

- i) Two ii) four iii)
3 iv) 1

b) How many crores of tourists do arrive in Uttar Pradesh?

- i) 39.2 ii) 28.8 iii)
21.5 iv) 37.8

c) Which state saw the most tourists arrival?

- i) Tamil Nadu
- ii) Uttar Pradesh
- iii) Karnataka
- iv) Maharashtra

d) Agra, Varanasi make _____ second – most visited state.

i) Maharashtra ii)
Karnataka iii) UP
(Uttar Pradesh) iv)
Goa

e) Name the state
which stood second
for International
Tourist arrivals in
2018?

- i) Tamil Nadu
- ii) Uttar Pradesh
- iii) Karnataka
- iv) Maharashtra

f) What is the increase in total tourists visit in 2018 from 2017?

- i) 10%
- ii) 12%
- iii) 14%
- iv) 18%

g) What did the government has

introduced to increase
India's rank in 'Ease of
doing Business' index?

i) e-visa scheme ii) a

long road iii) railway

iv) index

h) Mention few names
of cities given above?

i) Delhi ii) Agra iii)
Varanasi iv) all of
these

**Q2) Read the following
Newspaper Extract and
answer the following
questions:**

Dry fruits are useful in various
diseases of the brain, muscles
and tissues. Almonds have
unique properties to remove

brain weakness and strengthen it. Almond preserves the vitality of the brain, strengthen the muscles, destroy diseases originating from nervous and bilious disorders. Walnut is another dry fruit that possesses wonderful qualities of curing brain weakness. According to Dr. Johnson, almonds, figs, grapes, dates, apples, and

oranges are rich in phosphoric elements and should normally be used by brain workers.

Phosphorus nourishes the vital tissues of the body. It keeps the mind full of enthusiasm for more work.

i) Dry fruits are useful because they

(a) Strengthen our heart

(b) Cure various diseases of the brain, muscles and tissues

(c) Give confidence to us (d)
Empower us to do challenging
tasks.

ii) Which one is not a property
of almonds?

(a) It preserves the vitality of
the brain (b) It strengthens the
muscles

(c) It destroys diseases
originating from nervous and
bilious disorders

(d) It strengthens our digestive
system.

iii) Phosphoric element is profusely found in

(a) Almonds, figs, grapes, dates, apples and oranges

(b) Almonds, figs, papayas, guavas and pineapples

(c) All the green vegetables

(d) Seasonal fruits.

iv) Brain workers should take fruits rich in phosphoric elements because

(a) They remove brain weakness

(b) They nourish the vital tissues of the body

(c) They keep the mind full of enthusiasm (d) All the above.

v) The word “Unique” means the same as

(a) Ordinary (b) Highly qualified (c) Unusual (d) Distinctive

vi) Name the body part which is not listed in this passage:

a) Lungs b) brain c) muscles d) tissues

vii) Which of the following is not a dry fruit-

- a) Almonds b) figs c)
dates d) oranges

Section 'B' – Writing and Grammar – 15 marks

**Q3. A. You are Avik /
Nidhi of PM SHRI K V
BSF Chakur. You have**

c) Importance of homework

C) You are Sandy/ Mamta, a student of PM SHRI Kendriya Vidyalaya BSF Chakur. You have fever and cold. Write a letter to Principal of your vidyalaya asking for two days leave.

Q4. Do as directed:

a) Add **Suffix** to the root words (-tion, -ous, -ed): wonder =

Change the present verb form into the past verb form: tell =

b) Form the **compound word**: class + room =

c) Use appropriate **adjective** for the following from the given box.(tasty, true, brave)_____

_____ soldier.

d) Give **one word** for: a person who spend a

lot of time with you:

c_m_p_n__n

e) Identify the 'Past progressive Tense':

a) looked b) was

looking c) had

looked d) had

been looking.

f) Fill in the blanks with suitable adverb form:

Shobha danced

_____ (quickly/
gracefully)

**Section 'C' –
Literature – 30
marks**

**Q5.A. Write and learn
all the chapters from
the units 3 and 4**

**B. Practice
handwriting daily 1
page**

**C. Learn and
practice grammar
(Parts of speech ,
synonyms & antonyms,
gender,etc)**

D. Complete your notebook with proper index

शीलकालीन अवकाश गृहकार्य

कक्षा - षष्ठम् (अ+ब) VI

विषय - संस्कृत

Page No.	MIRAJ
Date	PREPARING

- प्रश्न 1. अतिथि देनो भव, बुद्धिः सर्वार्थसाधिका, यो जानाति सः पण्डितः पाठस्य सर्वाणि अङ्गानि। (सभी अङ्गानि) अङ्गानि कृत्वा लिखत। (याद करके) लिखो।
- प्रश्न 2. 'त्वम् आपणं गच्छ' पाठस्य हिन्दी अर्थ लिखत।
- प्रश्न 3. 'यो जानाति सः पण्डितः' पाठस्य द्वौ (दो) प्रहेलिकाः यादं कृत्वा अनुवादं लिखन्त। (याद करके लिखो)
- प्रश्न 4. तद्, एतद्, अस्मद्, युष्मद् शब्द रूप निवचनम् लिखत।
- प्रश्न 5. बालकः, पत्नम्, यक्षकः शब्द रूपाणि लिखत।

विषय शिक्षक

20/12/24

PM SHRI KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SEONI

MODEL QUESTION PAPER -2024-25

Subject: Social Science

Time: 01 Hour 30 Minutes

Class: VI

Roll No.of Student _____

Max. Marks: 40

Read all the instructions carefully.

- The number against the question indicates the marks of the question.
- In total 20 questions (and 6 Sections) are in this question paper.
- Section – A (Q. No. 1st to 8th – 01 Mark for each correct answer.)
- Section – B (Q. No. 9th to 11th – Descriptive 02 Marks for each correct answer.)
- Section – C (Q.No. 12th to 14th - Descriptive 03 Marks for each correct answer.)
- Section – D(Q.No. 15th to 16th - Descriptive 05 Marks for each correct answer.)
- Section – E(Q.No. 17th – Source-Based Questions each question 1 marks.
- Section – F - Q. No. 18 is a map-based question for 03 marks (01 mark is for each correct location)

SECTION – A (MCQ -Q10X1M=10)

Q1. The Andes Mountains are located in which continent?

- (a) South America (b) North America (c) Europe (d) Australia

Q2. Floodplains are one type of plains formed by

- (a) sea (b) rivers (c) lake (d) all of these

Q3. Which metal did the Harappans use extensively for their tools and ornaments?

- (a) Iron (b) Silver (c) Bronze (d) Platinum

Q4. The Great Bath is a part of

- (a) Mohenjo-daro (b) Lothal (c) Dholavira (d) Kalibangan

Q5. _____ were built upon vedic concepts and introduced new ones.

- (a) Brahman (b) Upanishads (c) Nature (d) None of these

Q6. _____ was born in Lumbini.

- (a) Chhandogya Upanishad (b) Siddhartha Gautama
(c) Lord Mahavir (d) None of these

Q.7. Supreme Court of India is situated in:

- (a) Mumbai (b) New Delhi (c) Kolkata (d) Chennai.

Q8. Satyameva Jayate is the motto of

- (a) Supreme Court (b) Indian Army (c) Government of India (d) State Assembly.

SECTION – B-VERY SHORT ANSWER (Q3X2M=6M)

Q9. Name three types of landforms.

Q10. What is civilization in general terms

Q11. What are the three organs of government?

SECTION – C -SHORTS ANSWER (Q3X3M=9M)

Q12. Difference between Plateaus and Plains.

Q13. What are the Vedas? What is their message?

Q14. Define the following terms

1. Governance
2. Cyber criminals
3. judiciary

SECTION – D- LONG ANSWER (Q2X5M=10M)

Q15. Why do we need three tiers of government?

Q16. Describe the features of Harappan Civilisation.

SECTION – E (SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS)

Q17. There were yet other schools of thought at the time. For example, one of them, known as the ‘Charvaka’ school (sometimes also ‘Lokayata’), believed that this material world is the only thing that exists, and therefore there can be no life after death. This school does not seem to have gained much popularity and it disappeared with time. We mention it to show that there was a wide diversity of intellectual or spiritual belief systems; people were free to choose what suited them. Although the Vedic, Buddhist and Jain schools had important differences, they also shared some common concepts, such as dharma, karma, rebirth, the search for an end to suffering and ignorance, and many important values.

(i) What did the Charvaka school of thought believe in?

- (a) The existence of multiple deities
- (b) Rebirth and karma
- (c) The material world is the only reality and no life after death
- (d) The importance of ritual sacrifices

(ii) Which of the following is true about the Charvaka school?

- (a) It was highly popular and widely accepted
- (b) It disappeared with time due to lack of popularity
- (c) It merged with the Buddhist school of thought
- (d) It was primarily focused on ritual sacrifices

(iii) Which concepts were shared by the Vedic, Buddhist and Jain schools despite their differences?

- (a) Worship of a single god
- (b) Materialism and scepticism
- (c) Dharma, karma, rebirth, the search for an end to suffering and ignorance
- (d) Exclusivity of their own spiritual paths

(iv) What does the diversity of intellectual and spiritual belief systems in ancient India indicate?

- (a) Strict adherence to a single religion
- (b) People were free to choose what suited them
- (c) Absence of philosophical debates
- (d) Uniformity in spiritual beliefs.

SECTION – F (MAP WORK)

18. Fill in the provided political outline map of India and make an index.

Attach a map with your answer sheet.(ANY 3)

(03)

1. Chota Nagpur plateau
2. Narmada river
3. Kalibanga
4. Rakhigarhi

PM SHRI KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SEONI

Holiday Homework: Work Experience

Class VI

1. Draw a labeled diagram of a torch bulb connected to two cells. Write a short note explaining how it works.
2. Name any three common tools used for electrical work (e.g., screwdriver, pliers). Explain the purpose of one tool and how it is used safely.

Project/Model:

Create a working model of a simple circuit using a torch bulb, two cells, and wires to demonstrate how a bulb lights up.