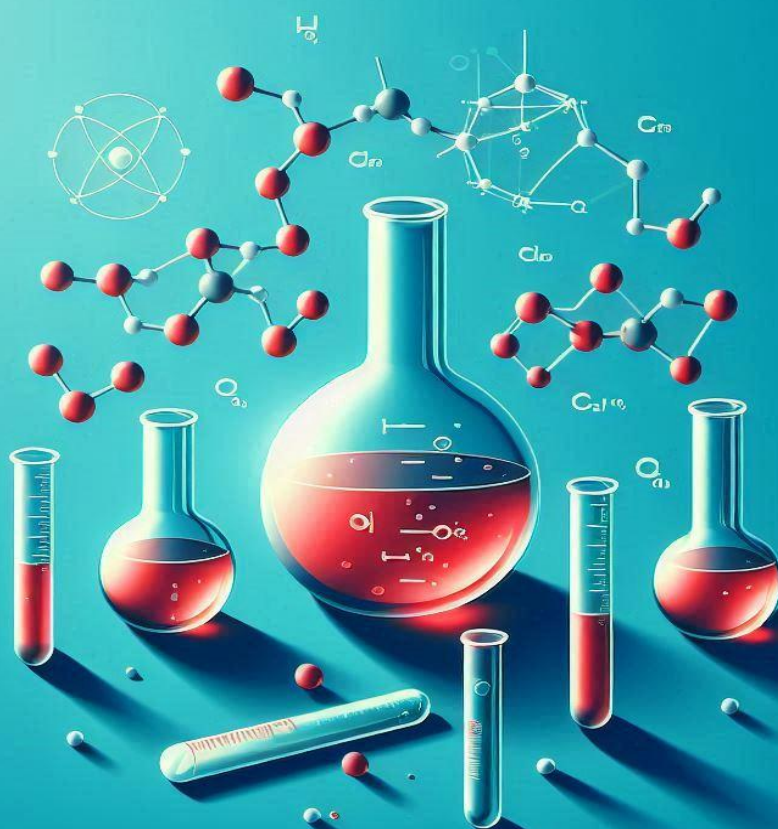


KVS ZIET MUMBAI

LESSON PLAN CLASS – XII

SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY



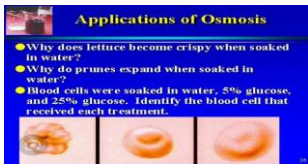
CLASS XII

CH-1: SOLUTIONS

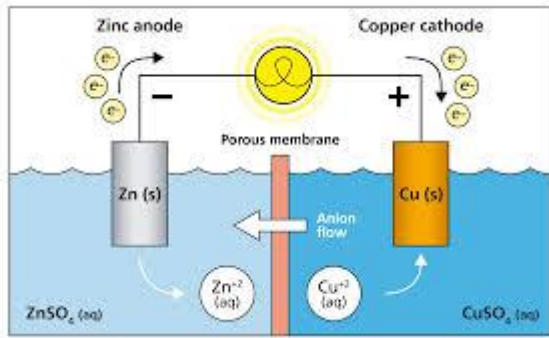
LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	SOLUTIONS PART I
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Types of solutions, Expressing concentration of solutions solubility vapour pressure of liquid solutions and Dalton's law of partial pressures. Application of types of solutions, concentration of solutions solubility and vapour pressure of solutions Effect of temperature and pressure on solubility and various concentration terms of solutions. Merits and demerits of various terms of concentration of solutions
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objectivity Critical Thinking with Data & Graphical Interpretations Scientific knowledge to reason Experimentation Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define various types of solutions, concentrations of solutions solubility and vapour pressure. Compare homogeneous and heterogeneous mixtures molality and molarity. Analyses and interprets data of various concentration terms Apply scientific reasons for several applications in industry . Give uses types of solution, concentration terms and vapour pressure Solve numericals of concentration of solutions Correlate the various concentration terms.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyses and interprets various terms of concentrations of solutions. Gather data for mass percentage and volume percentage in various medicines Experiments to make standard molar solutions. Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applications of various condition terms in our daily life. Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking.
Resources including ICT	Charts ,Graphs,Powerpoint ,animations
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HOTS questions MLL questions Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work.

Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Highlight and underline the key concept. ● Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. ● Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. ● Statement based questions ● Assertion & reasoning based questions ● Google forms ● Case based questions ● Graph based questions ● Oral testing. ● Open book test.
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LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	Solutions (part 2) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Ideal and non-ideal solution ● Colligative properties and determination of molar mass ● Abnormal molar mass
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Difference between ideal and non-ideal solutions. ● Deviations of real solutions from Raoult's law. ● Description of colligative properties of solutions. and correlation with molar masses of the solute ● Abnormal colligative properties exhibited by some solids in solutions
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Objectivity ● Critical Thinking with Data & Graphical Interpretations ● Scientific knowledge to reason ● Experimentation ● Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	The learner will able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Differentiate ideal and non ideal solutions. ● Distinguish solutions of positive and negative deviation with examples. ● Explain deviations of real solutions from Raoult's law. ● Describe colligative properties of solutions and correlate these with molar masses of the solute ● Explain abnormal colligative properties exhibited by some solutes in solutions. ● Compute relative lowering of vapour pressure. ● Calculate elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. ● Determine molar masses of solutes by measuring osmotic pressure. ● Calculate abnormal molar masses in case of association or dissociation among solute particles by inclusion of Van't Hoff factor.
Pedagogical strategies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Analysis and interpretation through graphs.

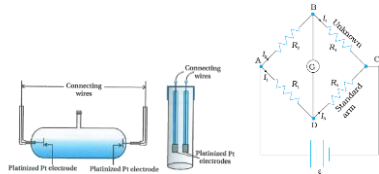
planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Estimation of relative lowering of vapour pressure. ● Calculation of elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point. ● Determination of molecular masses of different biomolecules. ● Experiments to explain uses of osmotic pressure ● Determination of abnormal molar masses.. ● Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Application in antifreeze. ● Applications of osmosis in intravenous injections shrinking and swelling of cells. ● Biological importance of the process osmosis. ● Exhibits values of objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,Graphs,Powerpoint ,animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● HOTS questions ● MLL questions ● Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. ● Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. ● Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. ● Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. ● Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. ● Statement based questions ● Assertion & reasoning based questions ● Google forms ● Case based questions ● Graph based questions ● Oral testing. ● Open book test.

CH-2: ELECTROCHEMISTRY

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	Electrochemistry (Part - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	EMF of a cell, standard electrode potential, Nernst equation and its application to chemical cells, Relation between Gibbs energy change and EMF of a cell with Numerical Faraday's Laws of electrolysis with Numerical & products of electrolysis
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation • Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define EMF of cell, Nernst equation & Faraday's Laws of electrolysis • Compare the Electrolytic cell and Electrochemical cell. • Apply scientific reasons for several applications in industry and explains. • Give uses of Electrolytic cell and Electrochemical cell. • Solve numericals of Nernst equation • Correlate with the redox reactions
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyses and interprets data of Gibbs energy change and EMF of the cell • Present learning through Galvanic cell. • Experiments to explain uses of electrochemical cell & Electrolytic cell • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrochemical cells are used in torches, digital watches, military applications, corrosion protection, etc. The production of high-purity lead, zinc, aluminum, and copper involves the use of electrolytic cells. They use it to analyze a solution for trace amounts of metal ions. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts , Graphs, PowerPoint, animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Graph based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	ELECTROLYTIC CONDUCTANCE
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resistance, resistivity • Conductance, conductivity • Cell constant • Molar conductivity • Wheatstone bridge, conductivity cell
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data • Scientific knowledge to reason • Analysis • Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define resistance, conductance, conductivity, molar conductivity. • Derive the formula for the same. • Derive the units of resistance, resistivity, conductance, conductivity, molar conductivity. • Analyse the data given for conductivity and molar conductivity of KCl at 298.15 K. • Formulate the expression for conductivity. • Solve numericals of conductivity and molar conductivity. • Conversion of units. • Describe the method for measurement of conductivity of electrolytic solution and calculation of their molar conductivity. • Justify the use of conductivity cell. • Observe the table for conductivity for some different materials.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis and derivation of formula of conductance, conductivity and molar conductivity. • Present learning through discussion. • Discussion on measurement of conductance. • Solution of numericals.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Group task and peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,Graphs,Powerpoint ,animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● HOTS questions ● MLL questions ● Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. ● Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. ● Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. ● Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. ● Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. ● Statement based questions ● Assertion & reasoning based questions ● Google forms ● Case based questions ● Graph based questions ● Oral testing. ● Open book test.

CH-3: CHEMICAL KINETICS

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	CHEMICAL KINETICS (Part-I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Term: Chemical Kinetics. • Rate of a reaction (Average and Instantaneous). • Rate of a reaction in terms of change in concentration of either of the reactants or products with time. • Factors affecting rate of reaction: concentration, temperature, catalyst. • Rate expression and rate constant. • Order of reaction. • Molecularity of a reaction. • Elementary and complex reactions.
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analytical Skills • Critical Thinking with data & graphical interpretations • Problem-Solving Skills • Conceptual Understanding • Communication Skills • Experimental Skills • Objectivity
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define the term chemical kinetics. • Define the average and instantaneous rate of a reaction and analyse and interpret reaction rates and how they change over time, using mathematical expressions and graphical data. • Express the rate of a reaction in terms of change in concentration of either of the reactants or products with time. • Discuss the dependence of rate of reactions on concentration, temperature and catalyst. • Define rate expression and rate constant. • Understand order of reaction. • Define molecularity of a reaction. • Differentiate between the molecularity and order of a reaction. • Solve numerical problems related to rate laws, rate constants, and reaction orders. • Distinguish between elementary and complex reactions.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of visual aids like graphs and charts to illustrate concepts such as reaction rates (average rate of reaction and instantaneous rate) and concentration changes. • Taking example of day today life. • Use of computer simulations to visualise reaction mechanisms, molecularity and order to understand the topic in a better way. • Hands-on experiment to study the effect of change in the concentration and temperature on the rate of reaction between sodium thiosulphate and HCl.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teaching chemical kinetics offers a unique opportunity to integrate interdisciplinary perspectives and life skills. • Understanding reaction rates involves Mathematics for


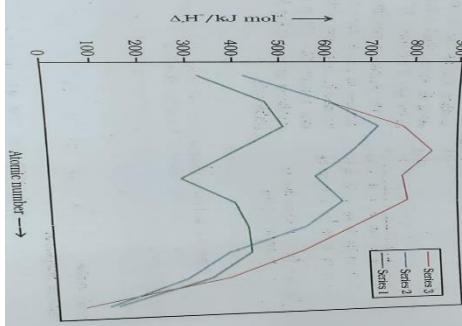
etc	<p>calculations, critical thinking for analysing data, and communication skills for presenting findings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Values such as accuracy and persistence are essential in conducting experiments and interpreting results. • Infusing these elements not only enhances scientific understanding but also cultivates a holistic approach to learning that prepares students for real-world challenges beyond the laboratory.
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts, Graphs, power point presentations, animations, flash cards, concept maps.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Fig. 4.1: Instantaneous and average rate of a reaction</p> </div>
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions. • MLL questions. • Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept maps will be drawn linking key terms and concepts. • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms and quizizz • Case based questions • Graph based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	CHEMICAL KINETICS II (INTEGRATED RATE EQUATION)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zero order • First order • Half life of reaction • Temperature dependence of rate of reaction • Arrhenius equation • Activation energy • Effect of catalyst • Collision Theory
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data & Graphical Interpretations • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation • Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • derive and apply integrated rate laws for different reaction orders (zero, first, and second). • Connect the integrated rate laws with the molecular mechanisms of reactions, emphasizing the relationship between rate constants and concentrations. • Solve Numerical Problems: Apply integrated rate laws to solve numerical problems involving initial concentrations, reaction times, and rate constants. • Graphical Representation: Interpret and draw graphs related to integrated rate laws, such as concentration vs. time and $\ln(\text{concentration})$ vs. time graphs • Know about Arrhenius equation and its application.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate the derivation of integrated rate laws for zero and first order reaction • Show how to integrate the differential equations and derive the equations that relate concentrations to time. • Use graphs to illustrate the relationships described by integrated rate laws (e.g., concentration vs. time, $\ln(\text{concentration})$ vs. time). • Discuss how the slope and intercept of these graphs relate to reaction orders and rate constants. • Highlight applications of integrated rate laws in various fields such as pharmacokinetics, environmental chemistry, and industrial processes. • Use of power point presentation for recapitulation.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mathematics • Biology – enzyme catalyst • physics
Resources including ICT	Charts , Graphs, PowerPoint, animations
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MLL questions • Use of graphs for explaining concepts. • Allow students to perform experiments. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions. • Case based questions. • Graph based questions • Oral testing.

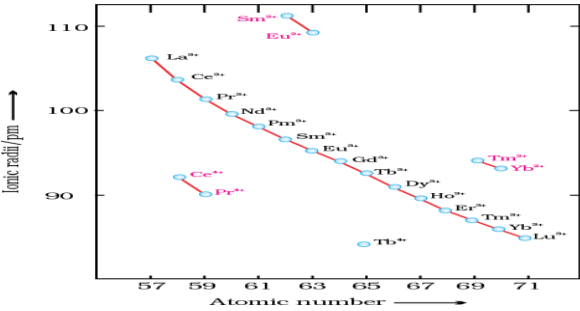
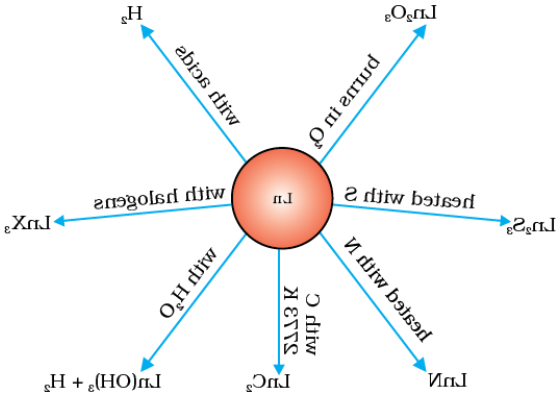
CH-4: d & f BLOCK ELEMENTS

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	The d- and -f block elements (Part -1)
Time	
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Position of transition elements in modern periodic table . • Name , series and electronic configuration of transition elements(d- block). <p>Properties of transition elements (d- block)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Atomic size, • Oxidation states , • Melting point, • Catalytic properties , • Alloy formation of coloured compounds , • Magnetic properties • Chemical reactivity and E^0 values • Formation of interstitial compounds • Formation of complex compounds
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data & Graphical Interpretations • Scientific knowledge to reason. • Understanding by numerical values . • Experimentation • Observation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know about name, series and electronic configuration of transition elements (d- block). • Position of transition elements in modern periodic table . • Properties of transition elements (d- block) and trends in modern periodic table .

Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analyses and interprets data of variation in properties of d- block elements.Present learning through graphs.Gather data of coloured compounds of d block elements.Group task & peer learning.																																																																								
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Many chemical reactions are catalysed by d block elements , transition compounds are used in photography , formation of plastics ,enamels ,paints etc.																																																																								
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,Graphs,Powerpoint ,table</p> <div><p>Fig. 8.5: Colours of some of the first row transition metal ions in aqueous solutions. From left to right: V^{4+}, V^{3+}, Mn^{2+}, Fe^{3+}, Co^{2+}, Ni^{2+} and Cu^{2+}.</p></div> <div><p>Graph showing Atomic number (Y-axis) versus $\Delta H / kJ mol^{-1}$ (X-axis). The graph displays three series (Series 1, Series 2, Series 3) showing the variation of enthalpy of atomization across the first row transition metals.</p></div> <div><p>Table 8.3: Oxidation States of the first row Transition Metals (the most common ones are in bold types)</p><table><tr><th>Sc</th><th>Ti</th><th>V</th><th>Cr</th><th>Mn</th><th>Fe</th><th>Co</th><th>Ni</th><th>Cu</th><th>Zn</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+2</td><td>+1</td><td>+2</td></tr><tr><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+3</td><td>+2</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td>+4</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>+5</td><td>+5</td><td>+5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>+6</td><td>+6</td><td>+6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>+7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div> <tr><td>Inclusive</td><td><ul style="list-style-type: none">HOTS questionsMLL questionsUse embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs.Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format.Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work.Highlight and underline the key concept.</td></tr>	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn		+2	+2	+2	+2	+2	+2	+2	+1	+2	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3	+2			+4	+4	+4	+4	+4	+4	+4					+5	+5	+5									+6	+6	+6									+7						Inclusive	<ul style="list-style-type: none">HOTS questionsMLL questionsUse embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs.Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format.Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work.Highlight and underline the key concept.
Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn																																																																
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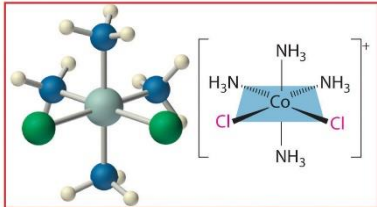
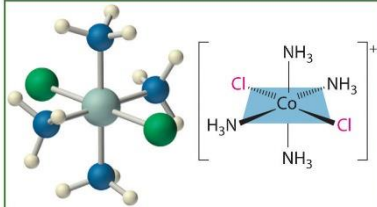
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Case based questions • Graph based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.
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LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Chapter	d and f block element (Part - II)
Topic	Oxides and oxoanions, f block elements (Lanthanoid and Actinoid)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oxides and Oxoanions of metals • Symbols, Name and Electronic Configuration of Lanthanoids and Actinoid • Atomic and Ionic size of f block elements • Oxidation states of Lanthanoids and actinoids • Physical and chemical properties of lanthanoids and Actinoids.
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data & Graphical Interpretations • Scientific knowledge to reason.
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw the structure of chromate ion and permanganate ion • Write the reaction of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and $KMnO_4$ in acidic and basic medium. • Identify the name of element by their symbols. • Write Electronic Configuration of given atomic no.s • Explain the change in atomic and Ionic radii on increasing atomic no. • Describe the more stable oxidation state of the lanthanoids and Actinoids. • Explain the physical properties like melting point, conductivity and Density of lanthanoids. • Explain the chemical behaviour of lanthanum with different reagents • Application of lanthanoids and Actinoids in daily life
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the products of reaction of $KMnO_4$ in acidic and basic medium. • Analyses and interprets variation of Ionic radii with atomic no. • Write the Electronic Configuration of lanthanoids and Actinoids. • Analyze the variation in oxidation states of lanthanoids • Explain the chemical behaviour of lanthanum • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of studying their physical and chemical behaviour helps to use them in our daily life. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking

Resources including ICT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Charts ,Graphs, Powerpoint, animations. • ICT  
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

CH-5: CO-ORDINATION COMPOUNDS

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	COORDINATION COMPOUNDS (Part - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Double salt , Coordination compound, Ligands & its types , Chelate ligand, Ambidentate ligand, Coordination number, Oxidation number, Homoleptic complexes, Heteroleptic complexes • IUPAC nomenclature of mononuclear coordination compounds • Structural isomerism linkage isomerism, ionisation isomerism, coordination isomerism & solvate (hydrate) definitions & examples • Stereoisomerism (Geometrical isomerism & Optical) • VBT (Magnetic behaviour, Hybridization, Shape of following. inner or outer orbital complex)
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation • Numerical abilities
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define Coordination compound, Ligands & its types , Chelate ligand, Ambidentate ligand, Coordination number • Compare the Homoleptic complexes, Heteroleptic complexes. • Apply scientific reasons for several applications in industry and explains. • Give uses of metallurgy,therapeutic chelating agents,chemical analysis,catalysis and detergents. • Solve numericals of coordination number • Correlate with the geometry
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyses and interprets data of geometric isomerism and optical isomerism • Present learning through VBT • Experiments to explain uses of coordination compounds • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses of metallurgy,therapeutic chelating agents,chemical analysis,catalysis and detergents. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	Charts ,Graphs,Powerpoint ,animations

	 <p>(a) Red form</p>  <p>(b) Green form</p>
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Graph based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II

Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY (Part - II)
Topic	Crystal Field Theory, Colour in coordination compounds, Bonding in metal carbonyl, Importance and application of coordination compounds
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to crystal field theory • Colour in coordination compounds • Limitations of crystal field theory • Stability of coordination compounds • Importance and application of coordination compounds
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will be able to-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the crystal field theory • Describe how d-orbital splitting influences the color and magnetic properties of coordination compounds. • Explore how the absorption of light relates to the electronic transitions within transition metal complexes. • Relate the observed colors of coordination compounds to their

	<p>structure and electronic configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the diverse applications of coordination compounds in medicine, industry, and catalysis. • Draw structures showing bonding in metal carbonyl □ Understand their role in biological systems
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide ample practice problems and questions related to Crystal Field Theory • Use case studies to demonstrate the importance of coordination compounds in various applications such as medicine • Utilize interactive online tools and animations to illustrate concepts such as d-orbital splitting and bonding in metal carbonyls. • Implement formative assessments such as quizzes, short answer questions, and concept maps to gauge student understanding throughout the learning process.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<p>Integrate the topic with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mathematical skills – graph , data interpretation • Art – Drawing • Explore the environmental impact of coordination compounds used in industry and medicine.
Resources including ICT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Textbooks and Reference Books • Online Educational Platforms • Simulations and Virtual Labs • Interactive Whiteboards
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Case based questions • Oral testing.

CH-6: HALOALKANES AND HALOARENES

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	HALOALKANES (Part - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Classification• Nomenclature• Nature of C-X bond• Methods of preparation• Physical properties• Chemical reactions• SN1 and SN2 reactions
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Objectivity• Critical Thinking• Scientific knowledge to reason• Experimentation• Inference
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Define haloalkanes and understand their nomenclature.• Discuss the physical properties and chemical reactions of haloalkanes.• Differentiate between SN1 and SN2 reaction.• Analyze the environmental and health impacts of haloalkanes.• Write the order of reactivity• Apply the knowledge of haloalkanes in practical scenarios
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Constructive approach – discuss where students construct their understanding.• Problem solving exercise , case studies• Quizzes , immediate feedback• Group task & peer learning.• Virtual labs , multimedia presentation
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ozone depletion – haloalkanes specially CFCs• Pharmacology – uses in pharmaceuticals• Link this topic with environmental impact and policies .

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chemical properties of Haloarenes • Applications of organometallic compounds • Environmental effects of polyhalogen compound
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will be able to recognize</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structures alkyl halides • Able to convert given name of alkyl halides to structure. • Able to write the order of reactivity of different halogen derivatives. • Able to describe different classes of halogen compounds. • Able to write down structure of halogen compounds. • Use Stereochemistry as a tool for understanding the reaction mechanism • Appreciate the Applications of organometallic compounds • Highlight the Environmental effects of polyhalogen compounds
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explaining the structure of molecule using models • Performing tests and reactions in lab to understand the properties of halogen compounds. • Teaching by interconversion chart. • Make the student practice reactions. • Teaching by comparison the chemical and physical properties of halogen compounds.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of Haloalkanes & Haloarenes like flame retardants, propellants, solvents, pharmaceuticals, refrigerants, fire extinguishers, and many more. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	Charts, PowerPoint, animations
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use Charts or flash cards for explaining name reactions. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

CH-7: ALCOHOL, PHENOL AND ETHERS


LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Unit	Alcohol Phenol and ether (Part - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classification and Nomenclature of alcohol • General methods of preparation of alcohol • Physical and chemical properties of alcohol • Distinction test for 1°, 2° & 3° alcohol • Reaction mechanism of acid catalysed hydration of alkene • Commercial applications of alcohol
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with reasoning • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classify alcohol on the basis of their properties ;primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols. • Relates processes and phenomena with causes such as physical properties of alcohol with their structures. • Write physical and chemical reactions of alcohol. • Distinguish between 1°, 2° & 3° alcohol. • Understand the methods of preparation of alcohol. • Give uses of alcohol in industries and in daily life.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write formulae of alcohol, chemical equations, nomenclature etc, using paper and pen. • Interactive ICT simulations or games of cards. • Collect information on denatured, absolute, spirit alcohol. • Experiments to distinguish alcohols. • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of alcohol in our everyday life such as drinking beverages, medicines and in industries etc. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	Charts, Powerpoint, animations
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II

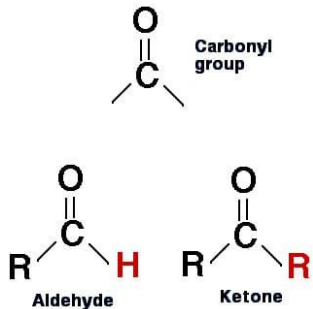
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	ALCOHOL, PHENOL AND ETHERS (Part – II)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● common name and IUPAC name of phenol ● Preparation of phenol ● Physical properties of phenols ● Comparison of acidity of alcohols and phenols ● Chemical reaction involving cleavage of O-H bond ● Chemical reactions involving the cleavage of C-O bond ● Directive effect of electron releasing group and electron withdrawing gp on phenols ● Electrophillic aromatic substitution
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Objectivity ● Critical Thinking, analysis ● Scientific knowledge to reason ● Experimentation ● Classification
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will be able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● learn the IUPAC name of phenols ● Compare the boiling point of alcohol and phenol ● Know the methods of preparation of phenol mechanism of reaction. ● Application of phenol ● complete the reactions ● Increasing order of acid strength of phenol <p>Important Conversions.</p>
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● learning through Chemical reactions ● Illustration with examples. ● Experiments to study iodoform reaction ● Name reactions ● Group task and peer learning
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Misuse of alcohol for drinking purpose and how it affects the central nervous system ● Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking ● Aspirin is used as analgesic, to be avoided
Resources including ICT	OLAB activities
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● HOTS questions ● MLL ● Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. ● Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. ● Highlight and underline the key concept.

Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral testing. • Open book test.
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LESSON PLAN-III	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	Ethers (III)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to ethers. • Preparation of ethers. • Physical and chemical properties of ethers. • Uses of ethers. • Structure activity relationship of ethers.
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking. • Scientific knowledge to reason. • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know the structure of compound from normal/IUPAC name. • Learn about the chemical reactivity of ethers including cleavage reactions. • Explore the practical applications of ethers, such as their use as solvents, anesthetics. • Understand the potential hazards associated with ethers, including their flammability and toxicity.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conceptual Framework: Start by establishing a clear definition and conceptual framework of ethers. • Comparative Analysis: Compare ethers with other organic compounds, highlighting similarities and differences. • Use molecular models, diagrams, and animations to illustrate the structure of ethers.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biology: Explore the role of ethers in biological systems, such as their use as solvents in biochemical reactions or as pharmaceutical agents. • Discuss ethical considerations related to the use of ethers in industries, considering environmental sustainability and human health.


Resources including ICT	<p>Charts, PowerPoint, animations.</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral questions

CH-8: ALDEHYDES, KETONE AND CARBOXYLIC ACID


LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	ALDEHYDES AND KETONES (Part -I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nomenclature and structure of carbonyl group Preparation of aldehydes and ketones Physical and chemical properties Nucleophilic addition reactions Reactions due to alpha hydrogen Uses of aldehydes and ketones
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding Critical Thinking Scientific knowledge to reason Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name different aldehydes and ketones. Learn methods of preparation. Understand the reactivity of different carbonyl compounds towards nucleophilic reaction. Compare physical and chemical properties of aldehydes and ketones. Make flow charts of name reactions. Give uses of aldehydes and ketones.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using models to explain structure of molecules. Performing tests and reactions in lab to understand the properties of aldehydes and ketones. Comparing properties of aldehydes and ketones Enhancing learning by interconversion charts Encourage students to practice reactions by providing worksheets. Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aldehydes and ketones play important role in biochemical processes of life, add fragrance and flavour to nature, used to preserve biological specimens. Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Models, Charts, Power point presentations, animations</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>The diagram illustrates the carbonyl group and its derivatives. At the top, a general carbonyl group is shown with a central carbon atom double-bonded to an oxygen atom and single-bonded to two generic groups. Below this, two specific structures are shown: an aldehyde (R-C(=O)H) and a ketone (R-C(=O)R). In the aldehyde structure, the hydrogen atom is highlighted in red. In the ketone structure, both R groups are highlighted in red. Labels 'Aldehyde' and 'Ketone' are placed below their respective structures.</p> </div>

	<p style="text-align: center;">Aldehydes and ketones in Nature</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>COc1ccc(C=O)cc1O</chem> vanillin (vanilla bean) </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>O=CC=Cc1ccccc1</chem> cinnamaldehyde (cinnamon) </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>O=CC1=CC=CC=C1</chem> benzaldehyde (oil of almonds) </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>O=C1C2CCC3C1C(=O)CCC2C3</chem> camphor mp 179°C </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>CC(=O)C=CC(C)C</chem> jasmone (from oil of jasmine) </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <chem>CC(=O)C=C(C)C</chem> carvone (spearmint oil) </div> </div>
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use models to explain structures of molecules. • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & Reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Graph based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	CARBOXYLIC ACID (Part - II)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Different carboxylic acids • Physical properties of carboxylic acid • Chemical properties of carboxylic acid • Uses of carboxylic acid in our daily life
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data Interpretations to find strength of carboxylic acid • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation • Writing chemical equations
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plans and conducts investigations and experiments to identify the functional group present in an organic compound • Draw structures of carboxylic acids to show dimer formation, resonance stabilization of carboxylate ion , effect of substituents on the acidic strength of carboxylic acids. • Use scientific convention, symbols, chemical formulae, chemical equations as per international standard • Apply scientific concepts in daily life like carboxylic acids in


	<p>textile industries , food industries and perfumeries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Realises and appreciates the interface of chemistry with other disciplines .
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyses and interprets data of pH values to find out the acidic strength. Write chemical formulae of lower acids using pen paper, ICT simulation , or game of cards. Experiments to explain uses of acids in our daily life
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applications of carboxylic acids in our everyday life such as in soap industries , food industries Exhibits values of honesty during practicals objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,PPT , animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HOTS questions MLL questions Use embossed diagrams for explaining pictures & graphs. Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. Statement based questions Assertion & reasoning based questions Google forms Case based questions Graph based questions Oral testing. Open book test.

CH-9: AMINES

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	Amines (Part - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • basicity of Amines • Chemical reactions involving alkylamines and aryl amines • Method of preparation of Diazonium salts • Chemical reactions involving Diazonium salts
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyse and Interprets data of basicity of amines • describe chemical reactions including aliphatic amines and aromatic amines • Distinguish between primary, secondary and tertiary amines based on Hinsberg`s reagent • Describe method of preparation of diazonium salts and their chemical reactions (coupling reactions)
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather data for p_H for comparing basicity of amines • Experiments to distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary amines. • Group task & peer learning of name reactions using flash cards
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application in synthesis of medicines like Novocain, Benadryl, fibres, dyes. Occurrence in proteins, vitamins, alkaloids and hormones • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,Powerpoint ,animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use flow charts for explaining chemical reactions

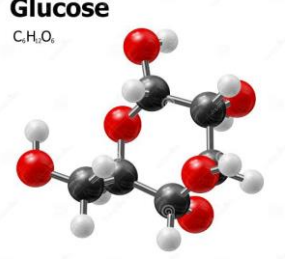
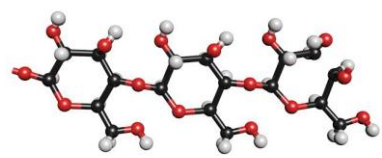
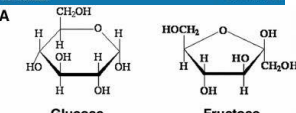
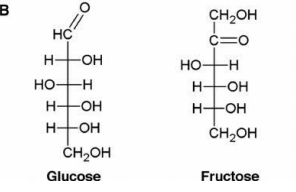
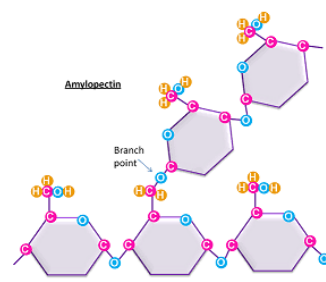
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task like flash cards of important reactions & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	Amines (Part - II)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • basicity of Amines • Chemical reactions involving alkylamines and aryl amines • Method of preparation of Diazonium salts • Chemical reactions involving Diazonium salts
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with Data • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyse and Interprets data of basicity of amines • describe chemical reactions including aliphatic amines and aromatic amines • Distinguish between primary, secondary and tertiary amines based on Hinsberg`s reagent • Describe method of preparation of diazonium salts and their chemical reactions (coupling reactions)
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather data for p_H for comparing basicity of amines • Experiments to distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary amines. • Group task & peer learning of name reactions using flash cards
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application in synthesis of medicines like Novocain, Benadryl, fibres, dyes. Occurrence in proteins, vitamins, alkaloids and hormones • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking

Resources including ICT	<p>Charts ,Powerpoint ,animations</p> 
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Use flow charts for explaining chemical reactions • Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. • Encourage group task like flash cards of important reactions & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. • Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing. • Open book test.

CH-10: BIOMOLECULES

LESSON PLAN-I	
Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Topic	BIOMOLECULES (PART - I)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classification of carbohydrates, monosaccharides and polysaccharides • Glucose- preparation and structure of glucose. • Fructose – preparation and structure of fructose, • Polysaccharides- structure of starch and cellulose • Importance of carbohydrates
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will be able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • understand and Learn the elements present in biomolecules and the difference between monomers and polymers. • Explain the role of water in synthesis and breakdown of polymers. <p>List the four major complex biomolecules found in living cells, and the basis for grouping of biomolecules into those four groups.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For each group of biomolecules learn the name of its generic monomer (simple unit) and polymer (complex structure) and their function. • Carbohydrates: Identify their chemical elements and the difference between simple sugars and complex carbohydrates. • Compare and contrast the structure and function of the carbohydrates and where they are found.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyses and interprets the general terms used for monosaccharides. • Making correct structure of monomer units of polysaccharides . • Explaining the structure of molecule using models • Performing tests and reactions in lab to understand the properties of different biomolecules. • Teaching by inter conversion chart. <p>Make the student practice reactions .</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teaching by comparison the chemical and physical properties of different biomolecules. • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biomolecules are related to biology. • Biomolecules interact with each other and constitute the molecular logic of life processes. • Glucose , sucrose and starch used in homes as food and other tasks.

Resources including ICT	<p>Charts, PowerPoint, animations</p> <p>Glucose C₆H₁₂O₆</p>   <p>A</p>  <p>B</p>  
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● HOTS questions ● MLL questions ● Use embossed diagrams for explaining picture. ● Allow students to record classroom presentation or text in audio format. ● Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. ● Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Multiple choice questions with one correct answer. ● Multiple choice questions with two correct answers. ● Statement based questions ● Assertion & reasoning based questions ● Google forms ● Case based questions ● Structure based questions ● Oral testing. ● Open book test.

LESSON PLAN-II

Class	XII
Subject	CHEMISTRY
Unit	Biomolecules (Part - II)
Gist of the Lesson/Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classification of amino acids • Structure of protein • Types of protein • Denaturation of protein • Mechanism of enzyme action • Importance of vitamins • Chemical composition of nucleic acid
Focussed skills/competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectivity • Critical Thinking with reasoning • Scientific knowledge to reason • Experimentation
Targeted learning outcomes (TLO)	<p>The learner will able to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Realize and appreciate the interface of chemistry with Biology . • Understand the role of bio molecules. • Explain structure of proteins and nucleic acids; • Exhibit creativity in designing model of DNA using eco- friendly resources. • Differentiate between DNA and RNA based on properties.
Pedagogical strategies planned for achieving the TLO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write formulae of amino acid, chemical equations, nomenclature etc, using paper and pen. • Interactive ICT simulations or games of cards. • Collect information on deficiency diseases and its symptoms. • Experiments to distinguish amino acid. • Group task & peer learning.
Interdisciplinary linkages and infusion of life skills, values etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applications of biomolecules in our everyday life such as food, medicines etc. • Exhibits values of honesty, objectivity & rational thinking
Resources including ICT	<p>Charts, Powerpoint, animations</p> <p>https://youtu.be/9bWjuwTiYXI?si=Ly6jw0JxxSFoF866</p>
Inclusive practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOTS questions • MLL questions • Encourage group task & peer assistance for experiment work. • Highlight and underline the key concept.
Assessment items for measuring the attainment of LOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple choice questions. • Statement based questions • Assertion & reasoning based questions • Google forms • Case based questions • Oral testing.