



CLASS 5



LAT Worksheets

Learn, Apply, Thrive



ENGLISH

केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन, जम्मू संभाग

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAMMU REGION

LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO 1

CHAPTERS- Ice-Cream Man, Wonderful Waste!

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the given stanza and answer the questions His cart might be a flower bed, Of roses and sweet peas, The way the children cluster round As thick as honeybees. His cart is compared to a a) A beautiful dress b) A flower bed c) A cot d) A beehive	b) A flower bed
2	Who cluster around the ice-cream cart? a) Men b) Women c) Children d) Animals	c) Children
3	To whom the children are compared to in the poem? a) Ants b) Honeybees c) Puppies d) Lady Bugs	b) Honey bees
4	Write the collective noun of: a _____ of bees a) flock b) swarm c) litter d) team	b) swarm

5	Complete the sentences using similes given The fur of the polar bear is _____ snow a) as white as b) as fast as c) as cold as d) as slow as	a) as white as
6	The creeper grew around the tree _____ a rope. a) as cold as b) as fast as c) as thick as d) as tiny as	b) as thick as
7	Fill in the blanks with the opposites of the underlined words The river is <u>deep</u> but the pond is _____. a) deeper b) deepest c) shallow d) shallower	c) shallow
8	A tiger is <u>strong</u> but a lamb is _____ a) dull b) bright c) weak d) courageous	c) weak
9	Who is the poet of the poem Ice-Cream Man? a) Jan Nigro b) Rachel Field c) H.W Longfellow d) Mary Daunt	b) Rachel Field
10	Which set of flavours of ice-cream is mentioned in the poem Ice-cream man? a) Vanilla, chocolate, pista b) Vanilla, blackcurrant, chocolate c) Mango, lemon, pista, butterscotch d) Vanilla, chocolate, strawberry.	d) Vanilla, chocolate, strawberry
11	Find the odd one out. a) Ludo b) Chess c) Carrom Board d) Lawn Tennis	d) Lawn Tennis

12	Find the odd one out. a) Hard-yard b) Cow-so c) Label-table d) Race-face	b) Cow-so
13	Choose the correct meaning of the words: <u>Commanded</u> a) Large b) Observe c) Ordered d) Beautiful	c) Ordered
14	Traditional feast a) Meal for guest on special occasion b) Lunch c) Dinner d) Picnic	a) Meal for guest on special occasion
15	Find the ingredient that was not used in Avial. a) Chillies b) Vegetable scraps c) Cumin seeds d) Garlic	c) Cumin seeds

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Who said, "They are waste. We will throw them away". (Wonderful waste) a) The Maharaja b) The servants c) The cook d) All of the above	c) The cook
2	Choose the meaning of the phrase <u>"In a fix"</u> a) Suddenly think of b) A situation hard to escape c) Look!what a surprise d) Wonderful	b) A situation hard to escape
3	Encircle the incorrect word. a) Pounded b) Pounding c) Poundest d) pound	c) Poundest

4	Encircle the incorrect word. a) Tried b) Trying c) Trier d) Try	c) Trier
5	Fill in the blank with a suitable option. A _____ smell is coming from the kitchen. a) lavish b) decorated c) tempting d) serve	c) tempting
6	The officer _____ the soldiers to march forward. a) survey b) commanded c) requested d) apologized	b) commanded
7	A _____ dinner was organized in honour of my uncle. a) feast b) grand c) big d) homely	b) grand
8	Find the correct spellings. a) Delicious b) Delicuius c) Deliciouss d) Dellicious	a) Delicious
9	“The Maharaja commanded sternly.” Choose the adverb in the above sentence. a) Maharaja b) Commanded c) Sternly d) The	c) Sternly
10	Once the Maharaja ordered a grand dinner in his palace. Select the adjective/describing word in the above sentence. a) Maharaja b) Ordered c) Dinner d) Grand	d) Grand

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 2

CHAPTERS -Team work, Flying Together

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Choose the correct meanings of the given words <u>Team work</u> a) Work of a community b) Combined effort of a team c) A cricket played by Indian team. d) Love and affection	b) Combined effort of a team
2	A plant that needs support to grow usually along a wall or a tree is called a _____ a) creeper b) herb c) shrub d) tree	a) creeper
3	Fill in the blanks with a suitable preposition The frogs jumped _____ the well. a) in b) into c) off d) with	b) into
4	He noticed the creeper _____ the foot of the tree. a) to b) at c) on d) into	b) at

5	This tree was the home_____a flock of wild geese. a) of b) on c) in d) to	a) of
6	Who was “Foolish” in the story “Flying Together” ? a) The wise old bird b) The geese c) The hunter d) The creeper	b) The geese
7	Fill in the blanks with question words. _____do you live? a) What b) Whom c) Where d) Whose	c) Where
8	_____are your grandparents? a) When b) Why c) Who d) Whom	c) Who
9	_____teaches you English? a) Whom b) Where c) Who d) Why	c) Who
10	Fill in the blanks using the correct word. You can_____cut the apple into two parts. a) easily b) easy c) difficult d) lightly	a) easily
11	The fish struggled_____to get out from the net. a) hard b) hardly c) fine d) finer	a) hard
12	The baby woke up_____. a) sudden b) suddenly c) gentle d) brave	b) suddenly
13	Choose the correct antonym of “<u>Wise</u>”. a) Intelligent b) Careless c) Foolish d) Kind	c) Foolish

14	Short tube or stick carried in relay race is called _____. a) stick b) tube c) baton d) bat	c) baton
15	Choose the singular form of “ <u>Geese</u> ”. a) Geese b) Goose c) Geeses d) Gooses	b) Goose

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Fill in the blanks with a suitable word (from the poem “Teamwork”) We’re the parts that make up the _____ and we’ve got our eyes on a common goal. a) hole b) whole c) coal d) stick	b) whole
2	Who is the poet of the poem “Team work”? a) Rachel Field b) Jan Nigro c) LiosLbnski d) H.E Wilkinson	b) Jan Nigro
3	Choose the contraction for the phrase <u>have’ not</u> . a) haven’t b) have’nt c) havent’ d) ha’ve nt	a) haven’t
4	Write the full form of shan’t a) Should not b) Shall not c) Will not d) Would not	b) Shall not
5	“So this is where the wild geese live”who said this? a) The hunter b) The geese c) The wise bird d) The creeper	a) The hunter
6	Choose the odd one out. a) Bowlers b) Coaches c) Fielders d) Producers	d) Producers

7	To run a good school, we need Choose the most suitable option a) Principal, teachers, students, chemist. b) Teachers, students, principal, clerks, peons, sweepers, guards, nurse c) Teachers, students, clerk d) Doctors, Nurses, Students, Guards	b) Teachers, students, principal, clerks, peons, sweepers, guards, nurse
8	The one who makes doors and windows is called a _____. a) plumber b) carpenter c) electrician d) gardener	b) carpenter
9	The one who lays bricks is called a _____ a) electrician b) mason c) plumber d) painter	b) mason
10	Find the correct spellings a) Tomorrowe b) Tomorroow c) Tommorrow d) Tomorrow	d) Tomorrow

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 3

CHAPTERS - MY SHADOW, ROBINSON CRUSOE DISCOVERS A FOOTPRINT

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Choose the suitable option. A word which means “a yellow flower” a) Arrant b) Bad c) Buttercup d) Arrogant	c) Buttercup
2	A word which means “bad” a) Arrant b) Sleepyhead c) Arrogant d) Apologies	a) Arrant
3	The opposite of Improper is a) Proper b) Unproper c) Properly d) Properness	a) Proper
4	The superlative form of funny is _____ a) funny b) funnier c) funniest d) fun time	c) funniest
5	Fill in the blanks using the correct word Mr Raman _____ is a famous reporter, is my uncle. a) who b) whom c) whose d) how	a) who

6	The boy _____ book I had borrowed is absent today. a) who b) whom c) whose d) what	c) whose
7	A wise enemy is better than a _____ friend. a) fool b) foolish c) better d) best	b) foolish
8	I went to visit my _____ cousin. a) sick b) sickly c) enemy d) rival	a) sick
9	My sister is _____ than me . a) young b) younger c) youngest d) young one	b) younger
10	Choose the correct word: Robinson Crusoe was surprised to see the _____ of a man. a) footprint b) savages c) handprint d) boulder	a) footprint
11	He believed that the island was _____. a) inhabited b) confused c) protection d) confident	a) inhabited
12	Wild people in a primitive state are called _____. a) people b) savages c) inhabitants d) youngsters	b) savages
13	Fill in the blanks I could not go to school _____ it was raining. a) but b) because c) and d) so	b) because
14	Fruits _____ vegetables are good sources of vitamins and minerals. a) but b) so c) and d) because	c) and

15	He is rich _____ not contented. a) or b) because c) but d) since	c) but
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HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
	<u>Read the passage</u>	
1	One day when I was going towards my boat, I was surprised to see the footprints of a man on the sand. I stood amazed! I listened! I looked around me; I could neither hear nor see anything. Where was Robinson going? a) Towards his boat. b) Towards his house. c) Towards his farm. d) Towards his church.	a) Towards his boat
2	Why was he surprised? a) He saw a monster . b) He saw footprints of a man on the sand . c) He saw a dwarf. d) He saw an alien.	b) He saw footprints of a man on the sand
3	What is the past tense of can? a) Canned b) Could c) Would d) Cannot	b) Could
4	Rearrange the jumbled words to make meaningful sentences. New Delhi /India /is/the/of/capital a) India is the capital of New Delhi. b) New Delhi is the capital of India. c) New Delhi is capital of India d) India is capital of New Delhi	b) New Delhi is the capital of India.

5	an/honest/he/is/man a) He is honest man. b) He is man honest. c) He is an honest man. d) Honest he is an man.	c) He is an honest man.
6	tallest/morning/my/shadow/is/the/in/the a) Tallest is my shadow in the morning. b) My shadow is the tallest in the morning. c) My shadow is tallest in morning. d) Morning my shadow is tallest.	b) My shadow is the tallest in the morning
7	Who is the poet of the poem “My Shadow”? a) Rachel Field b) Robert Louis Stevenson c) Jan Nigro d) Gateway kinnell	b) Robert Louis Stevenson
8	Completely inattentive means a) Arrant b) Arrant sleepyhead c) Bad d) Brave	b) Arrant sleepyhead
9	Read the lines from the poem and answer the following He is very very like me From the heels up to the head! Who does he refers to? a) The poet b) The poet’s shadow c) The poet’s father d) The poet’s uncle	b) The poet’s shadow
10	Who does ‘me’ refer to? a) The poet b) The poet’s shadow c) The poet’s parents d) The poet’s teacher	a) The poet

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 4

CHAPTERS – CRYING, MY ELDER BROTHER

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the following passage and answer the questions from the given options: The results were out once again and it so happened that Munna passed and Bhaiya failed again. Bahiya was really upset. Munna was also sad seeing his brother so unhappy. Bahiya now becomes gentler with Munna. Munna became naughtier because of this and study even less than before. What was the result? a) Munna passed and Bhaiya failed. b) Bhaiya passed and Munna failed. c) Munna stood at first position. d) Bhaiya stood at second position.	a) Munna passed and Bhaiya failed.
2	Why was Munna sad? a) Because the results were out. b) Because his brother was unhappy. c) Because Bhaiya became gentler. d) Because Bhaiya was brave.	b) Because his brother was unhappy.
3	Find the opposite of the following word from the passage "Happy" a) Upset b) cried c) Unhappy d) Inhappy	c) Unhappy

4	Why did Munna study less than before? a) Because Bhaiya failed. b) Because Bhaiya was upset c) Because Bhaiya becomes gentle with Munna. d) Because Bhaiya is happy.	b) Because Bhayia becomes gentle with Munna.
5	Find the opposite of the word : "after" a) above b) before c) below d) behind	b) before
6	Match the following words with their meanings:- WORD MEANING i. Ashamed a)Like ii. Scary b)A gentle wind iii. Breeze c)Fearsome iv. Prefer d)To feel shameful A) i-d, ii -c, iii-b, iv-a B) i-a, ii-b, iii-d iv-c C) i-c, ii -b, iii-a,iv-d D) i-d,ii-a,iii-c,iv-b	A) i-d ii-c iii-b iv-a
7	Choose the correct meaning of the given word: "Firmly" a) Leisurely b) Pleasantly c) Strongly d) Slowly	c)Strongly
8	Choose the correct meaning of the given word:" Tremendous" a) Immense b) Many c) Much d) Sick	c) Immense
9	Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct form of the verbs: We _____milk daily. a) drank b) drinks c) drink d) drinking	c) drink
10	They_____not work hard last year. a) did b)does c) do d)doing	a) did

11	Pick the odd one out: a) Tear b) Fear c) Pair d) Bear	c) Pair
12	Identify the misspelled word a) Happiness b) Pilow c) Soaked d) Shower	b) Pilow
13	The expression Ha ! Ha! signifies happiness. Identify the expression which signifies victory. a) Oops! b) Hurrah! b) Ahh! d) Alas!	b) Hurrah!
14	From the given compound words, identify the word which is not a compound word. a) Birthday b) Sunshine c) Happiness d) Newspaper	c) Happiness
15	Choose the word which means- <u>“to keep something in a place where it cannot be seen”</u> . a) Hiding b) Crying c) Soaked d) Bathing	a) Hiding

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the stanza and answer the following questions: Crying only a Little bit is no use. You must cry until your pillow is soaked! Then you can jump into the shower and splash-splash-splash! What does the poet say? a) Don't cry b) Cry until your pillow is soaked c) Cry only a little bit d) Only laugh	b) Cry until your pillow is soaked.

2	What should we do after crying a lot? a) We can jump into the shower b) We can share our problem with others. c) We can go out with friends d) We should eat pizza.	c) We can jump into the shower.
3	Identify the word which is synonym of "Wet" a) Splash b) Soaked c) Shower d) Wept	b) Soaked
4	Fill in the blanks with the exact feeling word. I felt _____ when I received the news of my promotion. a) worried b) angry c) happy d) sad	c) happy
5	He felt _____ when he realized he had forgotten his phone at home. a) happy b) irritated c) satisfied d) lavish	b) irritated
6	Choose the correct meaning of the word "Mastered" a) gained expertise b) experienced c) unfamiliar d) familiar	a) gained expertise
7	Fill in the blank using the correct forms of the verbs given: Rohan _____ his car for a good price. a) sold b) sell c) solds d) scolding	a) sold
8	I _____ to the party last night. a) come b) came c) comes d) coming	b) came

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 5

CHAPTERS - RIP VAN WRINKLE , THE LAZY FROG

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the following lines of the story and answer the questions that follow: He looked around for wolf, but he was nowhere. Rip whistled for him. "Wolf! Wolf!" he shouted. No dog was to be seen. Who is he in the above lines? a) Rip b) Child c)Stranger d) Wolf	a) Rip
2	Wolf was the name of _____. a) Rip's dog b) The old women b) Child d) Rip's friend	a) Rip's dog
3	Identify the action word in the given sentence: Rip whistled for wolf . a)around b)wolf c)whistled d)for	c)whistled
4	Identify the word which means "<u>wild unwanted plants</u>". a) Shrubs b) Weeds c) Crops d) Herbs	b) Weeds
5	Identify the correct meaning of the word "<u>descend</u>". a) Surprised b) Steady d) To come down d) To climb up	c)To come down

6	Choose the correct synonym of "lazy". a) Alert b) Drowsy c) Active d) Chef	b) Drowsy
7	Complete the following sentences with the suitable word from the given options: The _____ animals are caught and locked in the compound by the Forest Department. a) pet b) astray d) both of them d) none of the above	b) astray
8	Rohan didn't get good grades. He _____ his mistake. a) repeated b) enjoyed c) realised d) fearless	c) realised
9	Which of the following words has a silent "t"? a) Listen b) Bust c) Chest d) Tree	a) Listen
10	How many years did Rip sleep? a) 10 years b) 20 years c) 30 years d) 40 years	b) 20 years
11	What happened to Rip's beard when he slept? a) It grew shorter . b) It grew longer. c) It remained the same. d) It disappeared.	b) It grew longer
12	Whom did Rip meet on the mountain? a) The strange men b) His friends c) His family d) His dog	a) The strange men
13	How was Rip's nature? a) Kind and gentle b) Cruel c) Heartless d) Uncertain	a) Kind and gentle
14	Choose the correct spelling. a) Aestonished b) Astoneished c) Astonished d) Astnised	c) Astonished

15	Fill in the blanks with the correct word. The lazy frog _____ in the pond. a)lives b)live c)living d)visit	a) lives
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HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the following extract and answer the following questions. Fred's poor old mother calls in vain, 'comes in and help' he does not bother. To move two inches, much preferring, To be extremely hard of hearing. Who calls Fred ? a) Mother b) Lady frog c) Nobody d) Somebody	a) Mother
2	What happens when mother calls fred? a) Fred comes and helps her. b)Fred does not come to her mother to help her. c) Fred goes for shopping. d)Fred cooks.	b) Fred does not come to her mother to help her.
3	Find the odd one: a) Preferring b) Hearing c) Speak d) Doing	c) Speak
4	Read the sentence and change the underlined word into past tense. Mrs.Reena <u>teaches</u> us English. a) teach b) taught c) taught d) teaching	b) taught
5	Read the sentence and identify the describing word. Rip was a good-natured man, everybody liked him. a) everybody b) liked c)good-natured d)Rip	c) good-natured

6	Fill in the blank with the correct word: As the girl cried for help,her voice _____ in the valley. a) echoed b) stared c) grizzled d) gazed	a) echoed
7	What did the frog do all day? a) Keeps on resting on a log of a wood. b) Swims in the pond. c) Hops from place to place. d) Eats food all day.	a) Keeps on resting on a log of wood
8	Choose the rhyming word of "<u>heap</u>" a) Grip b) Leap c) Ship d) Sip	b)Leap
9	When the frog's mother called him, he pretended to _____. a) busy b) play c) sleeping d) eating	c)sleeping
10	Complete the following sentence with the correct word. He _____ on a heap. a) lies b) silent c) strays d) threw	a) lies

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 6

CHAPTERS - CLASS DISCUSSION , THE TALKATIVE BARBER

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the following stanza and answer the following questions: In the class discussion Jane ,you hardly said a word. We all aired our opinions but from you we barely heard. You sat and stared in silence surrounded by the chatter, What was going on in the class? a) Celebration b) Debate c) Class discussion d) Dancing	c)Class discussion
2	What did all the students do? a) They sat quietly. b) Giving their opinion publicly. c) They hardly said a word. d) They pinched each other.	b) Giving their opinion publicly
3	What do you understand by the word "aired"? a) Only just b) Clear c) Make public d) Unclear	c) Make public
4	Chatter means- a) Unimportant talk b) Simple c)Thought d) Prayer	a) Unimportant talk
5	Who sat silent? a) Teacher b) Students c) Jane d) All the above	c) Jane

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 7

CHAPTERS - TOPSY-TURVY LAND , GULLIVER'S TRAVELS

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the given extract from the story "Gulliver's Travels and answer the following questions:- They all sat on the ground to take a good look at Gulliver. He walked slowly backward and forward, pulled off his hat and made a low bow towards the farmers. A huge creature was walking after him. 1. Who was chasing Gulliver? a) Sailors b) Gulliver's Friend c) Animals d) A huge creature	d) A huge creature
2	Choose the correct preposition. They all sat _____ the ground. a) at b) in c) on d) of	(c) on
3	Why did they sit on the ground? a) To kill Gulliver b) To take a good look at Gulliver c) To pull off Gulliver's hat d) To play with Gulliver	(b) To take a good look at Gulliver
4	Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence. Captain/Vessels/the/some/men/sent/with a) The captain with vessels sent some men. b) The men with vessels sent the captain. c) The captain sent some men with vessels. d) Captain sent the men with vessels.	(c) The captain sent some men with vessels.

5	Choose the correct meaning of the word When one of the reapers approached where I lay hidden , I <u>screamed</u> as loud as I could a) To laugh loudly b) To shout loudly c) To cry loudly d) To create sound	(b) To shout loudly
6	Replace the underlined word with the correct past tense:- The cat <u>sleeps</u> under the tree. a) sleep b) slept c) slept d) sleped	(b) slept
7	Read the sentence carefully and identify the adverb. I tried to speak to them loudly in different languages. a) Tried b) Speak c) Languages d) Loudly	(d) Loudly
8	Select the correct spelling of the word that means <u>to travel around a place in order to learn about it.</u> a) Explore b) Hedge c) Astonishment d) Experience	(a) Explore
9	Complete the sentence with the correct degree of comparison An elephant is the _____ of all land animals a) heavier b) heavy c) heaviest d) none of the above	(c)heaviest
10	Complete the sentence with the correct contraction We _____ eat junk food. a) doesn't b) aren't c) isn't d) shouldn't	(d) shouldn't
11	Choose the correct punctuated sentence <i>Teacher said where are you going.</i> a) Teacher said where are you going. b) Teacher said where are you going? c) Teacher said, "Where are you going"? d) Teacher said, "Where are you going."	(c) Teacher said ,“ Where are you going ” ?

12	Read the sentence taken from the poem ‘Topsy-Turvy Land’ and select the meaning of underlined word: The children go to school by night , in <u>Topsy - Turvy land</u>. a) big b) going somewhere c) upside down d) feeling good	(c) upside down
13	In the Topsy-turvy land the people walk on their _____ a) feet b) backbone c) head d) hand	(c) head
14	Read the following sentence carefully and complete it. The giant farmer’s voice was as _____ as thunder. a) quiet b) loud c) harsh d) slow	(b) loud
15	Choose the incorrect rhyming word of “Grand”. a) Stand b) Land c) Kind d) Brand	(c) Kind

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the given extract from the poem Topsy-Turvy land and answer the following questions. The people walk upon their heads, The sea is made of sand , The children go to school by night, In Topsy-turvy land . In Topsy-turvy land if you go it means you are a) coming back b) you fly c) going somewhere d) going to a party	(a) coming back
2	The sea is made of a) air b) water c) island d) none of these	(d) none of these
3	Choose the rhyming word of land _____ a) Late b) Street c) Sea d) Sand	(d) Sand

4	Read the sentence taken from the story ‘ Gulliver's Travels’ and answer the questions: What is Gulliver’s role on his voyage? a) Passenger b) Surgeon c) Captain d) Sailor	(d) Sailor
5	The newspaper boy was as slow as _____ in delivering the papers. a) a feather b) snow c) a tortoise d) an ox	(c) a tortoise
6	Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence. Arrive/will/morning /they/tomorrow a) They will arrive tomorrow morning. b) Tomorrow they will morning arrive. c) Morning tomorrow arrive will they. d) Will arrive they tomorrow morning.	(a) They will arrive tomorrow morning.
7	Complete the sentence with correct degree of comparison . He is the _____ athlete in the team. a) strong b) stronger c) strongest d) most strong	(c) strongest
8	Fill in the blank with the correct word I was feeling lonely_____I went to meet my friend a) because b) so c) and d) but	(b) so
9	Select the correct spelling of the word that means an <u>ugly and huge creature</u> a) Hedge b) Monster c) Tiny d) Friendly	(b) Monster
10	Complete the sentence with opposite of the word given in the bracket It is _____ to touch a wire with wet hands(safe) a) unsafe b) disafe c) insafe d) imsafe	(a) unsafe

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 8

CHAPTERS - Nobody's Friend , The Little Bully

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the given stanzas and answer the following questions She had a book that she wouldn't lend. She wouldn't let anyone play with her doll. She's nobody's friend! Name the thing that she wouldn't lend. a) Doll b) Book c) Toffee d) Bag	(b) Book
2	Who is nobody's friend? a) He b) She c) It d) They	(b) She
3	Give the full form of won't. a) would not b) will not c) were not d) shall not	(b) will not
4	Write the opposite of Nobody _____ a) Somebody b) Everybody c) Anybody d) No one	(a) Somebody

5	Find the incorrect word . a) Friendless b) Homeless c) Careless d) Kindless	(d) Kindless
6	Make negative sentence by choosing the correct word: Kirti has a scooty, but she _____ have a car. a)don't b)haven't c)aren't d)doesn't	(d) doesn't
7	Choose the word that does not rhyme with the word <u>train</u> : a) Brain b) Stare c) Crane d) Drain	b) Stare
8	Read the following sentence and fill in the blank with correct adverb. The sun was shining _____ in the morning a) wearily b) badly c) brightly d) strongly	(c) brightly
9	Read the sentence . I shan't pinch anyone anymore. Shan't means a) Should b) Shall not c) Shall d) Should	(b) Shall not
10	Find the odd word a) Lend b) Give c) Donate d) Take	(d) Take
11	Read the sentence and choose the correct conjunction I will not go out today _____ I have to study for my test. a) because b) or c) and d) so	(a) because

12	Identify the correct form of the verb Each of these boys _____passed. a) have b) has c) are d) should	(b) has
13	Rearrange the word to make a meaningful sentence. Anyone/He/to/anything/offer/wouldn't a) He wouldn't offer anything to anyone. b) He wouldn't offer anymore to anything. c) Anyone wouldn't offer anything to be. d) Anything he wouldn't offer to anyone.	(a) He wouldn't offer anything to anyone.
14	Fill in the blank with an appropriate articles Hari was _____unpopular boy. a) a b) an c) the d) none of the above	(b) an
15	Select the word that means "<u>injury by blow to body</u>". a) Bruise b) Quiet c) Extremely d) Studious	(a) Bruise

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the Following extract and answer the following questions:- Hari to his feet crying loudly .His lunch rolled into the pool and when the crab and lobsters saw it they ran to it and began to feast eagerly .Hari saw that they had forgotten him for a time. What happened to Hari's lunch? a) His lunch rolled into the pool. b) His friend's ate lunch. c) His lunch got spoiled. d) He did not bring the lunch.	(a) His lunch rolled into the pool.

2	Who forgot Hari for a time? a) His classmates b) Teacher c) Neighbour d) Parents	(b) His classmates
3	Which word in the passage is the synonym of "good meal" a) Cheeks b) Eagerly c) Feast d) Dinner	(c) Feast
4	Read the sentence and identify the adverb Hari leapt to his feet, crying loudly a) leapt b) crying c) Hari d) loudly	(d) loudly
5	Where did the children go for picnic? a) To the countryside b) In a park c) Seaside d) In a zoo	(c) Seaside
6	Give the opposite of <u>Quiet</u> . a) Noisy b) Reward c) Weak d) Punish	(a) Noisy
7	Fill in the blank with an article She's visiting _____ Eiffel tower in Paris. a) a b) an c) the d) none of the above	(c) the
8	Find the correct spelling a) Exitement b) Excitement c) Exitment d) Exxcitment	(b) Excitement
9	Read the sentence and choose the verb The sun shines brightly in the sky. a) sun b) brightly c) shines d) the	(b) shines
10	Give the opposite of borrow a) empty b) lend c) take d) sympathy	(b) lend

केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन, जम्मू संभाग

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAMMU REGION

LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

UNIT NO. - 9

CHAPTERS - SING A SONG OF PEOPLE, AROUND THE WORLD

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Choose the correct word to fill the blank People on the _____ Underneath the ground ; People riding taxis Round and round and round. a) footpath b) subway c) runway d) elevators	(b) Subway
2	Who is the poet of the poem "Sing a song of people."? a) Rachel field b) Jan Nigro c) Lois Lbnski d) H.E Wilkinson	(c) Lois Lbnski
3	Give another word for "Ill tempered" a) Sad b) Grumpy c) Alone d) Delighted	(b) Grumpy
4	Choose the correct group name for the following blank: A _____ of puppies a) fleet b) pack b) band d) litter	(d) litter

5	Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct group name:- The _____ sang beautifully a) pack b) swarm c) flock d) choir	(d) choir
6	The _____ of players made our country proud in the last match. a) choir b) bunch c) team d) troop	(c) team
7	Fill in the blank with the correct adverb. The old man walked _____ a) loudly b) slowly c) neatly d) cleanly	(b) slowly
8	Complete the following sentences using suitable collective noun I saw a _____ of wolves in the jungle. a) herd b) pack c) fleet d) flock	(b) pack
9	The pirates attacked the _____ of ship on the seashore. a) fleet b) committee c) suite d) bouquet	(a) fleet
10	Our Principal welcomed the chief guest with a _____ of flowers. a) bunch b) bouquet c) clump d) packet	(b) bouquet
11	Use suitable prepositions to complete the sentences: - Wait _____ your turn! a) at b) over c) for d) into	(c) for

12	The children laughed _____ the joker. a) about b) at c) over d) towards	(b) at
13	The traffic is moving _____ the bridge. a) about b) at c) over d) for	(c) over
14	Write the synonym of "Lift". a) Elevator b) Escalator c) Crane d) Trolley	(a) Elevator
15	Choose the correct spelling. a) Undernethe b) Underneath c) Underneeth d) Undernth	(b) Underneath

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the passage carefully and choose the right option to answer the questions As the train moved forward the next day, it was suddenly attacked by the hundreds of Sioux Indians. Many of them appeared from all sides, jumped on to the moving train and pulled themselves up the steps. They were armed with rifles. Who attacked the train? a) Red Indians b) Sioux Indians c) Indians d) Nigerians	(b) Sioux Indians
2	What were they carrying? a) Knives b) Sickles c) Rifles d) None of the above	(c) Rifles

3	Write the opposite /antonym of 'Forward'. a) Forgo b) Forwardness c) Backward d) Backwardness	(c) Backward
4	Fill in the blanks using correct word. There was a traffic jam due to a huge _____ a) procession b) canyon c) winding d) none of the above	(a) procession
5	There were many deep _____ on the way to the mountains. a) canyons b) processions c) creepers d) none of the above	(a) canyons
6	Many cars _____ and took another route. a) forward b) backward c) reversed d) neutral	(c) reversed
7	Misspelt word is given .Choose the correct spelling. Pussanger _____ a) Pasenger b) Passengers c) Passenger d) Pussaenger	(c) Passenger
8	Give one word for the following- <u>underground passage for people to cross.</u> a) Runway b) Subway c) Elevators d) None of the above	(b) Subway
9	An ice cream is a _____. a) desert b) dessert c) main course d) none of the above	(b) dessert
10	The driver applied the _____ to stop the bus . a) brake b) break c) none of these d) brokeed	(a) brake

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - ENGLISH

CHAPTER NO. - 10

CHAPTER NAME - MALU BHALU, WHO WILL BE NINGTHOU?

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Fill in the blank by choosing the correct word. Long hair on the neck of some animals is called _____. a) lair b) mane c) main d) den	b) mane
2	Synonym of great strength is _____. a) kind b) might c) cruel d) arrogant	b) might
3	Tick the incorrect statement. a) Malu's hair was white. b) Malu was a brave bhalu. c) Malu did not love her mother. d) Malu lived high up in an icy lair.	c) Malu did not love her mother.
4	Select the meaning of the following in English "Tunggi Ningthou". a) Such a fine horseman! b) The future king c) Wonderful! Wonderful! d) Beauty !Beauty !	b) The future king

5	In Manipuri there is a word called Leima. Identify its meaning in English. a) King b) Queen c) Prince d) Princess	b) Queen
6	Which of the following does not rhyme with the given word '<u>Name</u>' a) Fame b) Same c) Stain d) Game	c) Stain
7	Fill in the blank choosing the correct form of the personal pronoun. The book with red cover is _____. a) my b) mine c) he d) she	b) mine
8	Change the underlined nouns into pronouns. <u>The old woman</u> was my neighbour. a) She b) We c) They d) He	a) She
9	The audience listened to <u>the girl's</u> song and clapped. a) his b) her c) their d) ours	b) her
10	Find the correct spelling. a) Trimphantly b) Triumphantly c) Triumpantly d) Trimphaantly.	b) Triumphantly
11	Choose the correct meaning of the word "worthy". a) Deserving b) Unitedly c) Loved dearly d) Skilled	a) Deserving

12	Read the sentence and identify the meaning of the underlined word. The <u>contest</u> of slogan writing was held in our school. a) victory b) competition c) audition d) debate	b) competition
13	Find the odd one out: a) arrow b) sparrow c) narrow d) fell	d) fell
14	Read the sentence and identify the verb. Heramb has bought a car. a) car b) Heramb c) bought d) has	c) bought
15	Choose the adverb in the given sentence: Neha is driving her car carefully. a) Neha b) driving c) carefully d) car	c) carefully

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Read the given extract and answer the following questions. Long long ago , in the land of Kangleipak in Manipur, there lived a Ningthou and Leima. They were loved dearly by the people. The Ningthou and Leima, on their part never stopped thinking about their meeyam ,their people ."Our meeyam should be happy,"they said. What do you mean by the word Ningthou? a) King b) Princess c) Queen d) Prince	a) King

HINDI

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अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ संख्या - १

पाठ का नाम - राख की रस्सी

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	सौनगवसैन कहाँ का राजा था? क) तिब्बत ख) कलिंग ग) मगध घ) अवध	क) तिब्बत
2	लोनपो गार ने अपने बेटे को शहर भेजते हुए क्या दिया था? क) दो सौ भेड़ें ख) भेड़ें ग) पचास बकरी घ) दो मुर्गी	ख) सौ भेड़ें
3	लोनपो गार ने अपने बेटे को शहर से क्या लाने भेजा था ? क) बाजरा ख) जौ ग) मक्का घ) चावल	ख) जौ
4	लड़की लोनपो गार के पास रस्सी कैसे ले गई थी? क) बिना जलाए ख) राख बनाकर ग) सील समेत घ) मुट्ठी में रखकर	क) बिना जलाए
5	रस्सी शब्द का सही वाक्य चयन करें - क) राम ने पेड़ से रस्सी बाँधी। ख) रस्सी टूट गया। ग) सीता रस्सी लाया। घ) राहुल के पास बहुत बड़ा रस्सी थी।	क) राम ने पेड़ से रस्सी बाँधी।
6	आकार का तुकांत शब्द क्या होगा? क) आसमान ख) पृथ्वी ग) साकार घ) मगर	ग) साकार
7	रस्सी का समानार्थी शब्द कौन-सा है? क) धागा ख) डोर ग) पीयूष घ) रजनी	ख) डोर

8	लड़की कैसी थी? क) चालाक ख) समझदार ग) बुद्धू घ) सुन्दर	ख) समझदार
9	मंत्री को किसकी चिंता थी ? क) बेटे की ख) राज्य की ग) लड़की की घ) युद्ध की	क) बेटे की
10	लोनपो गार ने अपने बेटे को कौन-सी चुनौती दी? क) शहर जाकर नौकरी करने की। ख) भेड़ों को बेचने की। ग) भेड़ों के साथ सौ जौ के बोरे लाने की। घ) खेती करने की।	ग) भेड़ों के साथ के सौ जौ के बोरे लाने की।
11	इनमें से सही वर्तनी को चुनें :- क) होशीयारी ख) मशहूर ग) समस्या घ) मुश्किल	घ) मुश्किल
12	लोनपो गार के बेटे ने पहली बार शहर जाकर क्या किया? क) नौकरी ढूँढी। ख) भेड़ों के बाल बेचे। ग) भेड़ों को बेचा। घ) जौ के बोरे खरीदे।	ख) भेड़ों के बाल बेचे।
13	तिब्बत के बतिसर्वे राजा कौन थे? क) लोनपो गार ख) सौनगवसैन ग) दलाईलामा घ) हरीचंद	ख) सौनगवसैन
14	रिक्त स्थान भरिए :- मंत्री का बेटा बहुत ____ था। क) समझदार ख) भोला-भाला ग) चालक घ) बेवकूफ	ख) भोला भाला
15	लोनपो गार राजा के क्या थे? क) शिक्षक ख) बेटा ग) मंत्री घ) गुरु	ग) मंत्री

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	“वह बाजार जा रहा है।” इसमें कौन-सा काल है? क) वर्तमान काल ख) भूतकाल ग) भविष्य काल घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) वर्तमान काल
2	मेहनत शब्द का पर्यायवाची शब्द कौन-सा है? क) परिश्रम ख) स्वादिष्ट ग) हौंसला घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) परिश्रम
3	लोनपो गार ने लड़की के सामने क्या प्रस्ताव रखा ? क) नौकरी का ख) मंत्री बनने का ग) अपने पुत्र से विवाह करने का घ) युद्ध का	ग) अपने पुत्र से विवाह करने का
4	लोनपो गार के बेटे को क्या विश्वास था ? क) वह शहर चला जाएगा । ख) लड़की उसकी मदद करने जरूर आएगी । ग) वह सोने के सिक्के प्राप्त कर लेगा । घ) वह शहर जाकर बड़ी गाड़ी खरीद लेगा।	ख) लड़की उसकी मदद करने जरूर आएगी।
5	दुखी का विलोम शब्द चुनिए :- क) असंभव ख) समस्या ग) सुखी घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) सुखी
6	भेड़ के सींग काट कर बेचने पर लड़के ने क्या खरीदे ? क) जौ ख) चावल ग) मक्का घ) बाजार	क) जौ
7	भेजना का विलोम शब्द चुनिए:- क) वापिस जाना ख) बुलाना ग) विदा करना घ) इनमें से कोई	ख) बुलाना
8	लोनपो गार ने अपने बेटे को किस प्रकार की रस्सी बनवाने की चुनौती दी ? क) लोहे की ख) राख की ग) लकड़ी की घ) प्लास्टिक की	ख) राख की

9	लोनपो गार किस कारण से लड़की पर निर्भर था? क) क्योंकि वह बहुत भोला था । ख) क्योंकि वह बहुत अमीर था । ग) क्योंकि वह बहुत गरीब था । घ) क्योंकि वह बहुत बुद्धिमान था ।	क) क्योंकि वह बहुत भोला था।
10	निम्नलिखित में से भाववाचक संज्ञा कौन-सी है ? क) मिठास ख) घोड़ा ग) अध्यापक घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) मिठास

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

पाठ का नाम :- फ़सलों का त्योहार

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	कहाँ का तिलकुट प्रसिद्ध है ? क) मनेर का ख) बढहिया का ग) गया का घ) सिलाव का	ग) गया का
2	त्योहार पर रंग-बिरंगे कपड़े पहने जाते हैं इसमें रंग-बिरंगे क्या है ? क) संज्ञा ख) सर्वनाम ग) विशेषण घ) क्रिया	ग) विशेषण
3	देशभर में फसलों से जुड़े त्योहार कब मनाए जाते हैं ? क) फरवरी और मार्च में ख) जनवरी से अप्रैल तक ग) नवंबर और दिसंबर में घ) जुलाई से सितंबर तक	ख) जनवरी से अप्रैल तक
4	आज़ादी का विलोम शब्द बताइए । क) गुलामी ख) स्वतंत्रता ग) उत्सव घ)बंधन	क) गुलामी
5	सरहुल के दिन विशेष रूप से किस वृक्ष की पूजा की जाती है? क) पीपल ख) साल के ग) आम घ) केला	ख) साल के
6	मटका शब्द का तुकांत शब्द बताइए । क) झटका ख) बर्तन ग) पानी घ) औज़ार	क) झटका
7	सरहुल का जश्न कितने दिनों तक चलता है ? क) दो दिनों तक ख) तीन दिनों तक ग) पाँच दिनों तक घ) चार दिनों तक	घ) चार दिनों तक

8	हलवे में मिठास थोड़ी कम है। इस वाक्य में मिठास कौन सी संज्ञा है ? क) व्यक्तिवाचक ख) जातिवाचक ग) भाववाचक घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) भाववाचक
9	निम्नलिखित में से शुद्ध वर्तनी चुनें:- क) त्योहार ख) तयोहार ग) तयौहार घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) त्योहार
10	खिचड़ी के त्योहार के दौरान दादी ने अपने बाल धोए थे। उनके बाल किसके जैसे दिख रहे थे? क) चांदी ख) सोने ग) सेमल की रूई घ) कपास	ग) सेमल की रूई
11	पाठ में किस ऋतु के त्योहार का वर्णन है ? क) सर्दी ख) गर्मी ग) वर्षा घ) बसंत	क) सर्दी
12	सर्दी के मौसम में हाथ तापने के लिए घर के लोग किसके आगे बैठे रहते हैं? क) अंगीठी ख) बोरसी ग) हीटर घ) अलाव	ख) बोरसी
13	गया शहर किस लिए प्रसिद्ध है ? क) तिलकुट के लिए ख) रसगुल्ले के लिए ग) लड्डू के लिए घ) पेड़े के लिए	क) तिलकुट के लिए
14	गुजरात में फसलों से जुड़ा कौन-सा त्योहार मनाया जाता है? क) ओणम ख) पोंगल ग) मकर संक्रांति घ) लोहड़ी	ग) मकर संक्रांति
15	तमिलनाडु में खिचड़ी का त्योहार किस नाम से मनाया जाता है ? क) खिचड़ी ख) सरहुल ग) पोंगल घ) मकर संक्रांति	ग) पोंगल

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	सरहल क्या है ? क) नृत्य ख) त्योहार ग) जन्म दिवस घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ख) त्योहार
2	पोंगल त्योहार के दौरान मिट्टी के मटके को सजाने के लिए किस चीज़ का प्रयोग किया जाता है? क) चंदन ख) हल्दी ग) कपास घ) मिट्टी	ख) हल्दी
3	गुजरात में मकर संक्रांति के दौरान आकाश में क्या दिखता है? क) धूप ख) बादल ग) पतंगें घ) पक्षी	ग) पतंगें
4	गुजरात में पतंगें किस त्योहार पर उड़ाई जाती हैं ? क) दिवाली ख) होली ग) मकर संक्रांति घ) दशहरा	ग) मकर संक्रांति
5	शुद्ध वर्तनी चुनें:- क) ईमानदारी ख) आदरश ग) अनूशासन घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) ईमानदारी
6	दादा शब्द का लिंग बदलो- क) चाचा ख) दादी ग) मामी घ) भाभी	ख) दादी
7	निम्नलिखित में से जातिवाचक संज्ञा चुनिए - क) अध्यापक ख) राम ग) ईमानदारी घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) ईमानदारी

8	त्योहार शब्द का सही वाक्य में प्रयोग बताएं- क) हमारे यहाँ बहुत से त्योहार मनाए जाते हैं । ख) हम त्योहार की पूजा करते हैं । ग) हमने राखी के त्योहार मनाए । घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं ।	क) हमारे यहाँ बहुत से त्योहार मनाए जाते हैं।
9	अधूरे का विलोम शब्द बताइए :- क) गिरना ख) शुभ ग) स्त्री घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं
10	निम्नलिखित में से अग्नि का पर्यायवाची नहीं है- क) दहन ख) पावक ग) अनल घ) जलज	घ) जलज

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक- ३

पाठ का नाम - खिलौनेवाला

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	खिलौनेवाला बच्चों के लिए कौन-कौन से खिलौने लाता है? क) किताब और पेंसिल ख) गुड़िया, गेंद और रंगीन गाड़ियाँ ग) मिठाई और चॉकलेट घ) कपड़े और जूते	ख) गुड़िया, गेंद और रंगीन गाड़ियाँ
2	खिलौनेवाला कैसा तोता लाया था? क) लाल-पीला ख) हरा ग) काला घ) नीला-पीला	ख) हरा
3	माँ ने कितने पैसे दिए? क) चार ख) पाँच ग) दस घ) बीस	क) चार
4	निम्नलिखित में से 'सुर' का विलोम शब्द कौन-सा है? क) आनंद ख) असुर ग) खुशी घ) आराम	ख) असुर
5	निम्नलिखित में से संज्ञा शब्द कौन-सा है? क) दौड़ ख) सुंदर ग) पढ़ाई घ) तलवार	घ) तलवार
6	साड़ी कौन लाता है? क) मिठाईवाला ख) खिलौनेवाला ग) कपड़ेवाला घ) पानीवाला	ग) कपड़ेवाला
7	'विचार' शब्द का बहुवचन क्या होगा? क) विचार ख) विचारक ग) विचारों घ) विचारिये	ग) विचारों

8	ताड़का को किसने मारा था? क) भगवान राम ने ग) रावण ने	ख) सीता माता ने घ) विभीषण ने	क) भगवान राम ने
9	“खिलौनेवाला” पाठ में ‘खिलौने’ किस प्रकार की संज्ञा है? क) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा ग) जातिवाचक संज्ञा	ख) भाववाचक संज्ञा घ) समूहवाचक संज्ञा	ग) जातिवाचक संज्ञा
10	मोहन खिलौने वाले से क्या खरीदता है ? क) गुड़िया ग) मोटरगाड़ी	ख) तलवार घ) रेल	ग) मोटरगाड़ी
11	“खिलौने” शब्द का वचन क्या है? क) एकवचन ग) पुल्लिङ्ग	ख) बहुवचन घ) स्त्रीलिङ्ग	ख) बहुवचन
12	खिलौनेवाला” शब्द का स्त्रीलिङ्ग रूप क्या होगा? क) खिलौनेवाली ग) खिलौनेवालियाँ	ख) खिलौनेवाले घ) कोई नहीं	क) खिलौनेवाली
13	गर्मी के दिनों में हर शाम गली में एक खिलौनेवाला आता था। उसके पास रंग-बिरंगे खिलौने की गाड़ी होती थी। बच्चे दूर से ही उसकी गाड़ी की घंटी सुनकर दौड़ पड़ते थे। वह बच्चों से बड़े प्यार से बात करता और उनके लिए नए-नए खिलौने लाता। खिलौनेवाला गली में कब आता था? क) सुबह ग) शाम	ख) दोपहर घ) रात	ग) शाम
14	“खिलौने देखकर बच्चों के चेहरे खिल उठे।” वाक्य में ‘चेहरे खिल उठे’ का अर्थ क्या है? क) बच्चे रोने लगे ग) बच्चे चौंक गए	ख) बच्चे खुश हो गए घ) बच्चे डर गए	ख) बच्चे खुश हो गए
15	‘सुंदर’ का विलोम शब्द क्या होगा? क) अच्छा ग) सरल	ख) बदसूरत घ) भारी	ख) बदसूरत

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	गैद कितने पैसे की थी? क) एक पैसे ख) छः पैसे ग) चार पैसे घ) पाँच पैसे	क) एक पैसे
2	खिलौनेवाला पाठ से हमें क्या शिक्षा मिलती है? क) बच्चों को उपहार देने से खुशी मिलती है ख) खेल हमेशा बोरियत का कारण होते हैं ग) बच्चों को सिर्फ किताबों से शिक्षा मिलती है घ) खिलौने और खेलों का कोई महत्व नहीं है	क) बच्चों को उपहार देने से खुशी मिलती है।
3	अगर 'खिलौनेवाला पाठ में खिलौनेवाला बच्चों को गुस्से से बात करता, तो क्या होता? क) बच्चे बहुत खुश होते। ख) बच्चे डर जाते ग) बच्चे फिर कभी उसके पास नहीं जाते घ) बच्चे उसे और अच्छे खिलौने लेते	ग) बच्चे फिर कभी उसके पास नहीं जाते
4	“बच्चे खुश होकर घर लौटते थे।” वाक्य में 'खुश' किस प्रकार का शब्द है? क) संज्ञा ख) विशेषण ग) क्रिया घ) सर्वनाम	ख) विशेषण
5	गाड़ी का बहुवचन क्या होगा ? क) गाड़ी ख) गाड़ियाँ ग) गड़्डी घ) गाड़िये	ख) गाड़ियाँ
6	“वह खिलौने लेकर आया है” वाक्य में सर्वनाम पहचानें- क) वह ख) खिलौने ग) लेकर घ) आया	क) वह
7	खिलौनेवाला शब्द किन दो शब्दों से मिलकर बना है? क) खेलन+वाला ख) खिलौने+वाला ग) खेलने+वाला घ) खेल+नेवाला	ख) खिलौने+वाला
8	रेल का तुकांत शब्द क्या है ? क) खेल ख) कल ग) बाली घ) राधा	क) खेल

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक. - ४

पाठ का नाम- नन्हा फ़नकार

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	केशव किस उम्र में पत्थर पर नक्काशी करना सीख रहा था? क) सात साल ख) आठ साल ग) दस साल घ) बारह साल	ग) दस साल
2	केशव के माता-पिता कहाँ से आगरा आए थे? क) राजस्थान ख) गुजरात ग) महाराष्ट्र घ) पंजाब	ख) गुजरात
3	केशव का जन्म कहाँ हुआ था? क) गुजरात ख) दिल्ली ग) आगरा घ) सीकरी	ग) आगरा
4	माशा अल्लाह! ये घंटियाँ कितनी सुंदर हैं! तुमने खुद बनाई हैं?" बादशाह अकबर ने यह बात किसलिए कही होगी ? क) केशव के काम की बुराई करने के लिए । ख) यह जानने के लिए कि घंटियाँ कितनी सुंदर हैं । ग) केशव से बातचीत शुरू करने के लिए। घ) घंटियाँ किसने बनाई, यह जानने के लिए।	घ) घंटियाँ किसने बनाई, यह जानने के लिए
5	“चेहरा चमक उठना” मुहावरे का अर्थ बताओ? क) खुश होना ख) दुखी होना ग) उदास होना घ) परेशान होना	क) खुश होना
6	शुद्ध शब्द चुनो - क) नक्काशी ख) नाकाशी ग) नकसी घ) नकसी	क) नक्काशी

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	अकबर के गले में पड़ी माला कैसी थी? क) सोने की ख) मोतियों की ग) चाँदी की घ) तुलसी की	ख) मोतियों की
2	अकबर कहाँ महल बनवा रहे थे? क) दिल्ली ख) आगरा ग) गुजरात घ) सीकरी	ख) आगरा
3	पाठ में किनका वर्णन बार-बार हुआ है? क) छेनी-हथौड़े ख) दराती ग) कुदाल घ) खुरपी	क) छेनी-हथौड़े
4	पुश्तैनी का अर्थ क्या है? क) पुरखों का ख) अपना ग) नया घ) किराए का	क) पुरखों का
5	"लाल पत्थर" में विशेषण क्या है? क) लाल ख) पत्थर ग) लाल पत्थर घ) मिट्टी	क) लाल
6	“चित्र बनाने वाला” वाक्य के लिए एक शब्द- क) कलाकार ख) कहानीकार ग) निर्देशक घ) चित्रकार	घ) चित्रकार
7	अँगूठी का वचन बदलो। क) अंगीठी ख) अंगूठिया ग) अँगूठियाँ घ) अँगूठीयाँ	ग) अँगूठियाँ
8	केशव अपने पिता को क्या कहकर पुकारता था? क) बाबा ख) अब्बा ग) पिताजी घ) बाबूजी	क) बाबा

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अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक. - ५

पाठ का नाम : जहाँ चाह वहाँ राह

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	इला सचानी कहाँ रहती थी? क) उत्तराखण्ड के नैनीताल जिले में ख) मध्यप्रदेश के उज्जैन जिले में ग) गुजरात के सूरत जिले में घ) उत्तरप्रदेश के कन्नौज जिले में	ग) गुजरात के सूरत जिले में
2	पाठ के अनुसार असफलता के बाद क्या करना चाहिए? क) असफलता से सीखना चाहिए और आगे बढ़ना चाहिए। ख) असफलता से निराश होना चाहिए। ग) असफलता से हार माननी चाहिए। घ) असफलता से कुछ नहीं सीखना चाहिए।	क) असफलता से सीखना चाहिए और आगे बढ़ना चाहिए।
3	इला की हिम्मत की अनूठी मिसाल क्या है ? क) रेशमी वस्त्र ख) तरकारी काटना ग) मधुर संगीत घ) कढ़ाई के नमूने	घ) कढ़ाई के नमूने
4	इला का पूरा नाम क्या था ? क) इला सचानी ख) इला वर्मा ग) इला शर्मा घ) इला जागलान	क) इला सचानी
5	आर टी ई का पूरा नाम क्या है? क) राइट टू एजुकेशन ख) रोल टू एजुकेशन ग) रिवर्स टू एजुकेशन घ) राइट टुवर्ड्स एजुकेशन	क) राइट टू एजुकेशन
6	वाक्य में सर्वनाम पहचानिए। इला बहन हिम्मतवाली लड़की है,उसने कभी हार नहीं मानी। क) उसने ख) इला ग) हिम्मत घ) लड़की	क) उसने

7	काठियावाड़ी कढ़ाई _____ में प्रसिद्ध है: क) बंगाल ग) गुजरात	ख) पंजाब घ) केरल	ग) गुजरात
8	शुद्ध रूप चुनो- क) परीक्ष ग) परिशा	ख) परीक्षा घ) परिषा	ख) परीक्षा
9	विलोम शब्द के सही जोड़े को चुनो - क) जन्म - जीवन ग) जन्म - जीवित	ख) जन्म - मृत्यु घ) जन्म - कोई नहीं	ख) जन्म - मृत्यु
10	दंग शब्द से आशय है: क) सिलाई ग) लड़ाई करना	ख) हैरान घ) ये सभी	ख) हैरान
11	अनूठी शब्द से क्या अर्थ है: क) अनोखी ग) आग	ख) अंगूठी घ) ये सभी	क) अनोखी
12	सिलाई कढ़ाई से संबंधित शब्द पर सही का चिह्न लगाओ। क) कशीदाकारी ग) आसमान	ख) अंगूठी घ) बाल	क) कशीदाकारी
13	असंभव शब्द का क्या अर्थ है ? क) जो किया न जा सके । ग) जो किया जाने योग्य हो ।	ख) जो किया जा सके । घ) उपरोक्त सभी ।	क) जो किया न जा सके ।
14	पाठ में "दृढ़ संकल्प" शब्द का अर्थ क्या है? क) मज़बूत इरादा ग) असफल इरादा	ख) कमज़ोर इरादा घ) सफल इरादा	क) मज़बूत इरादा
15	"सफलता" शब्द किस प्रकार की संज्ञा है? क) भाववाचक संज्ञा ख) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा ग) जातिवाचक संज्ञा घ) उपर्युक्त सभी		क) भाववाचक संज्ञा

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	वाक्य में सर्वनाम शब्द कौन-सा है? उसकी माँ और दादी कशीदाकारी करती थीं । क) माँ ख) दादी ग) कशीदाकारी घ) उसकी	घ) उसकी
2	विष का विलोम शब्द बताओ। क) जहर ख) अमृत ग) जल घ) विषय	ख) अमृत
3	वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखें- जहाँ पहुँचा न जा सके- क) अगम्य ख) अदम्य ग) क्षितिज घ) आसमान	क) अगम्य
4	दिये गए शब्दों में से विशेषण शब्द चुनो। क) सुनहरे ख) बुनना ग) इला घ) उसका	क) सुनहरे
5	नीचे दिये गए वाक्य में क्रिया शब्द चुनो। पल्लू पर कशीदाकारी अपना कमल दिखा रही थी। क) पल्लू ख) भरवा ग) कमल घ) दिखा रही थी।	घ) दिखा रही थी।
6	चिकनकारी क्या है? क) कढ़ाई का प्रकार ख)चिकना करना ग) मुर्गी पालन घ)चिकन खाना	क) कढ़ाई का प्रकार

7	वाक्य का शुद्ध रूप चुनें। क) स्कूल एक दखिला उसने ले लिया। ख) ले लिया दखिला उसने एक स्कूल। ग) उसने एक स्कूल में दखिला ले लिया। घ) ले लिया दखिला उसने स्कूल एक।	ग) उसने एक स्कूल में दखिला ले लिया।
8	लिंग बदलो। माता क) पुत्र ग) माँ ख) मामा घ) पिता	घ) पिता
9	सही एकवचन चुनें। डालियों क) डालि ग) डालीय ख) डाली घ) डाल	ख) डाली
10	कशीदाकारी किस धागे से की जाती है? क) सूती धागा । ग) कच्चे रेशम के धागे से । ख) ऊनी धागा । घ) प्लास्टिक के धागे से ।	ग) कच्चे रेशम के धागे से ।

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अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक. - ६

पाठ का नाम - चिट्ठी का सफर

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	किसी भी जगह का पिनकोड कितने अंकों का होता है? क) 5 ख) 3 ग) 6 घ) 9	ग) 6
2	पिनकोड की शुरुआत किस विभाग ने की थी? क) खेल विभाग ख) कोड विभाग ग) डाक तार विभाग घ) पुलिस विभाग	ग) डाक तार विभाग
3	महाराजाओं के पास कौन से हरकारे होते थे? क) घुड़सवार ख) पैदल ग) गाड़ीवान घ) ऊँटसवार	क) घुड़सवार
4	संदेश भेजने का इनमें से कौन सा साधन नहीं है? क) मोबाइल ख) टेलीविजन ग) लैपटॉप घ) पंखा	घ) पंखा
5	निम्नलिखित वाक्य में से संज्ञा शब्द चुनें। कल मैं संसद भवन गया था। क) कल ख) मैं ग) संसद भवन घ) गया	ग) संसद भवन
6	द्वितीय विश्वयुद्ध में संदेश वाहक कबूतर की छपी कहानी _____ नामक किताब में दी गयी है। क) पिनकोड ख) संदेशवाहक कबूतर ग) ग्रे- नेक घ) द्वितीय विश्वयुद्ध	ग) ग्रे- नेक

7	दुर्गम शब्द का विलोम शब्द बताइये। क) गम ग) अदुर्गम	ख) सुगम घ) समीप	ख) सुगम
8	प्रजाति का बहुवचन बताओ। क) प्रजातियाँ ग) प्रजाती	ख) प्रजातीयाँ घ) जाती	क) प्रजातियाँ
9	निम्नलिखित वाक्य के लिए अर्थ में प्रयुक्त एक शब्द चुनें। घोड़े पर सवार क) घुड़सवार ग) घुड़सवारी	ख) घोड़ा सवार घ) उपर्युक्त सभी	क) घुड़सवार
10	निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से कौन-सा शब्द <u>आदमी</u> का पर्यायवाची नहीं है? क) मनुष्य ग) नर	ख) मानव घ) नारी	घ) नारी
11	निम्नलिखित वाक्य को सही करें। होती है गिरहबाज़ कबूतर की प्रजाति एक क) कबूतर की प्रजाति होती है एक गिरहबाज़। ख) गिरहबाज़ कबूतर की एक प्रजाति होती है। ग) है एक होती कबूतर की गिरहबाज़ प्रजाति। घ) गिरहबाज़ कबूतर की प्रजाति एक होती है।		ख) गिरहबाज़ कबूतर की एक प्रजाति होती है।
12	निम्नलिखित में से कौन से विपरीत लिंग शब्द नहीं है। क) राजा- रानी ग) घोड़ा - घोड़ी	ख) नर - नारी घ) युवक - युवा	घ) युवक-युवा
13	वाक्य में से सर्वनाम शब्द छाँटकर लिखे। अपनी दस-बारह साल की ज़िन्दगी में तुमने कुछ पत्र तो पढ़े ही होंगे। क) दस-बारह ग) जिंदगी	ख) पत्र घ) तुमने	घ) तुमने
14	पत्र में लिखे जाने वाले कोड का क्या नाम है। क) पिनकोड ग) जिला कोड	ख) सिन कोड घ) सिम कोड	क) पिनकोड

15	चिट्ठी के लिफाफे पर शहर के नाम के बाद क्या लिखा जाता है? क) फोन संख्या ग) प्रेषक का नाम	ख) मकान संख्या घ) पिनकोड	घ) पिनकोड
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गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	पत्र में लिखे पते में सबसे छोटी _____ इकाई से बड़ी की ओर बढ़ा जाता है। क) राष्ट्रीय ग) स्थानीय	ख) ग्रामीण घ) भौगोलिक
2	आम का विलोम शब्द बताओ क) सेब ग) केला	ख) खास घ) व्यक्त
3	इस कबूतर की कहानी नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट द्वारा छपी एक किताब में दी गई है। निम्नलिखित वाक्य में से कौन सा संज्ञा शब्द नहीं है- क) इस ग) किताब	ख) कबूतर घ) उपर्युक्त सभी
4	हरकारों को किससे डाक की रक्षा करनी पड़ती थी ? क) डाकू ग) जंगली जानवरों	ख) लुटेरों घ) सभी से
5	भारत में पिन कोड की शुरुआत कब हुई? क) 5 अगस्त 1972 ग) 15 अगस्त 1972	ख) 6 अगस्त 1965 घ) 5 अगस्त 1962
6	कबूतर शब्द का बहुवचन शब्द _____ होगा। क) कबूतरों ग) कबूतरी	ख) कबतरी घ) कबूतरौ
7	निम्नलिखित का पर्यायवाची क्या होगा? जंग क) सेना ग) शस्त्र	ख) युद्ध घ) शास्त्र

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - ७

पाठ का नाम - डाकिए की कहानी, कँवरसिंह की जुबानी

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	सरकार द्वारा कँवरसिंह को कौन-सा इनाम मिला? क) बैस्ट पैकर ख) बैस्ट अध्यापक ग) बैस्ट पोस्टमैन घ) कोई भी नहीं	ग) बैस्ट पोस्टमैन
2	वर्तमान में कौन से राज्य की पुलिस कबूतरों का उपयोग सन्देश पहुँचाने के लिए कर रही है? क) महाराष्ट्र ख) उड़ीसा ग) दिल्ली घ) गोवा	ख) उड़ीसा
3	कँवरसिंह के कितने बच्चे थे? क) एक ख) चार ग) तीन घ) पाँच	ख) चार
4	पिन का विस्तृत रूप क्या है? क) पोस्टल इन्कम नम्बर ख) पोस्ट इंडोर नम्बर ग) पोस्टल इंडेक्स नम्बर घ) पोस्ट इन्कम नोट	ग) पोस्टल इंडेक्स नम्बर
5	कँवरसिंह को सरकार से इनाम किस वर्ष मिला? क) 2004 ख) 2002 ग) 2005 घ) 2007	क) 2004
6	हरकारा का अर्थ होता है- क) डाकिया ख) झाँकियाँ ग) पुलिस घ) डाक	क) डाकिया

7	उड़ीसा पुलिस दुर्गम इलाकों में संदेश भेजने के लिए ____ का प्रयोग करती है। क) कौए ग) हूँकर कबूतर ख) तोते घ) मैना	ग) हूँकर कबूतर
8	अंक का अर्थ है- क) पन्ना ग) साथ ख) माथा घ) गोद	घ) गोद
9	पूरा का विलोम है- क) अधूरा ग) सपना ख) अपना घ) हार	) अधूरा
10	पंख का पर्यायवाची है- क) शंख ग) पता ख) पर घ) फूल	ख) पर
11	कँवरसिंह किस पद पर कार्यरत थे? क) डाकिया ग) पैकर ख) पोस्टमास्टर घ) बाबू	क) डाकिया
12	कँवरसिंह शिमला जिले के किस गाँव में रहते थे? क) चौपाल ग) नेरवा ख) चिरगांव घ) रामपुर	ग) नेरवा
13	कँवरसिंह को कौन सा पुरस्कार दिया गया ? क) नोबल ग) ज्ञानपीठ ख) बैस्ट पोस्टमैन घ) ऑस्कर	ख) बैस्ट पोस्टमैन
14	बर्फ में अधिक देर नंगे पैर रहने पर कौन सी बीमारी होती है? क) लकवा ग) पोलियो ख) स्नोबाइट घ) पीलिया	ख) स्नोबाइट
15	विश्व में सबसे बड़ी डाक सेवा कहाँ की है? क) अमेरिका ग) चीन ख) भारत घ) अफ्रीका	ख) भारत

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	आज भी गाँव में कैसे संदेश पहुँचाया जाता है ? क) चिट्ठी ख) तार ग) टेलीफोन घ) ईमेल	क) चिट्ठी
2	कैवरसिंह पर हमला कब हुआ था ? क) 21 जनवरी 1980 ख) 02 अप्रैल 1999 ग) 28 फरवरी 1995 घ) 29 जनवरी 1998	घ) 29 जनवरी 1998
3	हूमर कबूतर का जीवन कितने होता है? क) 15-20 साल ख) 7-10 साल ग) 8-10 साल घ) 5-7 साल	क)15-20 साल
4	हिमाचल का सबसे ऊँचा गाँव कौन-सा है? क) कॉमिक ख) काजा ग) रिकांगपिओ घ) किब्बर	घ) किब्बर
5	नर का स्त्रीलिंग क्या है? क) स्त्री ख) महिला ग) नारी घ) औरत	ग) नारी
6	डाकिया क्या-क्या चीज़ घर पहुँचाता है? क) मनीऑर्डर ख) नियुक्ति पत्र ग) रिजल्ट घ) यह सभी	घ) यह सभी
7	बैस्ट पोस्टमैन को इनाम में क्या दिया जाता है? क) पचास रुपये और प्रशस्ति पत्र ख) एक सौ पचास रुपये और प्रशस्ति पत्र ग) पचास रुपये और प्रशस्ति पत्र घ) पाँच सौ रुपये और प्रशस्ति पत्र	घ) पाँच सौ रुपये और प्रशस्ति पत्र

8	हिमाचल प्रदेश की राजधानी क्या है? क) जयपुर ख) शिमला ग) लखनऊ घ) चंडीगढ़	ख) शिमला
9	पुराने समय में संदेश भेजने का सबसे तेज साधन कौन सा था क) घोड़े ख) तार ग) चिट्ठी घ) हरकारा	ख) तार
10	डाक सेवक का प्रमोशन होकर कौन सा पद मिलता है? क) पैकर ख) पोस्ट मास्टर ग) डॉक्टर घ) बाबू	क) पैकर

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

पाठ का नाम - वो दिन भी क्या दिन थे

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	डायरी कौन लिखता था? क) कुशल ख) राधा ग) कुम्मी घ) राके	ग) कुम्मी
2	कुम्मी की डायरी वाली घटना किस वर्ष की है? क) 21 मई 1990 ख) 12 सितम्बर 2001 ग) 17 मई 2155 घ) 25 सितम्बर 1995	ग) 17 मई 2155
3	“कितनी पुस्तकें बेकार जाती होंगी। एक बार पढ़ी और फिर बेकार हो गई।” ये वाक्य किसने कहा? क) रोहित ख) मोहित ग) कुम्मी घ) ज्योति	क) रोहित
4	आसान शब्द का विलोम शब्द क्या है? क) कठिन ख) दुर्लभ ग) सरल घ) टेढ़ा	क) कठिन
5	“रफ्तार” शब्द का अर्थ क्या है? क) हाथ ख) गति ग) दिशा घ) हाल	ख) गति

6	होमवर्क का हिन्दी अर्थ क्या है? क) इम्तहान ख) गृहकार्य ग) किताब घ) परीक्षा	ख) गृहकार्य
7	स्कूल का पर्यायवाची है- क) विद्यालय ख) घर ग) अस्पताल घ) थाना	क) विद्यालय
8	सही शब्द का चयन करो- क) प्रशंसा ख) पर्षसा ग) प्रषंसा घ) परषंसा	क) प्रशंसा
9	दूध का मापक ----- होता है- क) किलोग्राम ख) लीटर ग) मीटर घ) दर्जन	ख) लीटर
10	पुराने समय में सारी कहानियाँ पर छपती थी। क) कोट ख) कागज़ ग) अक्षर घ) शब्द	ख) कागज़
11	कुम्मी की पढ़ने वाली मशीन का पर्दा कैसा था ? क) सिनेमा के पर्दे जैसा ख).चादर जैसा ग) पतंग जैसा घ) टेलीविजन के पर्दे जैसा	घ) टेलीविजन के पर्दे जैसा
12	कुम्मी को गृह कार्य पूरा करके कहाँ डालना पड़ता था ? क) मशीन में ख) कमरे में ग) डिब्बे में घ) सेटअप बॉक्स	क) मशीन में
13	कुम्मी की पढ़ाई करने वाली मशीन में किस विषय की गति तेज़ हो गई थी ? क) गणित की ख) भूगोल की ग) इतिहास की घ) हिंदी की	ख) भूगोल की

14	पाठ के अनुसार इनमें से कौन-सा कथन गलत है? क) कुम्मी को कागज़ी पुस्तक की जानकारी अपनी मम्मी से मिली थी। ख) रोहित ने बातचीत करते समय कुम्मी को बुद्धू कहा था। ग) पुराने ज़माने में एक आयु के सभी बच्चे साथ-साथ बैठकर शिक्षा ग्रहण करते थे। घ) कुम्मी ने रोहित को बुद्धू नहीं कहा था ।	क) कुम्मी को कागज़ी पुस्तक की जानकारी अपनी मम्मी से मिली थी।
15	कुम्मी को पढ़ाने वाला कौन था ? क) एक मशीन ख) मम्मी ग) शिक्षक घ) ट्यूटर	क) एक मशीन

गृह कार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	कुम्मी के दादा ने किसको बताया था कि उनके ज़माने में कहानियाँ कागज़ पर छपती थीं ? क) कुम्मी को ख) रोहित को ग) कुम्मी की मां को घ) कुम्मी के मित्र को	क) कुम्मी को
2	रोहित को पुस्तक कहाँ मिली थी ? क) भूगोल ख) पुराने डिब्बे में ग) विज्ञान घ) इतिहास	ख) पुराने डिब्बे में
3	कुम्मी के घर में कौन सी मशीन थी? क) टेलीविजन ख) कंप्यूटर ग) स्टडी मशीन घ) रोबोट	ख) स्टडी मशीन
4	पहले विद्यार्थियों को कौन पढ़ाया करता था? क) मशीन ख) अध्यापक ग) टेलीविजन घ) कंप्यूटर	ख) अध्यापक

5	कुम्मी किसके साथ स्कूल के बारे में बात करती थी ? क) अपनी मां ख) अपने दादा ग) अपने दोस्त रोहित घ) अपनी बहन	क) अपने दादा
6	‘पुस्तक’ शब्द का क्या अर्थ है? क) दिशा ख) किताब ग) दिन घ) मशीन	ख) किताब
7	आरंभ का विपरीत शब्द होगा ? क) अंत ख) शुरुआत ग) मध्य घ) प्रारंभ	क) अंत
8	क्रिया के मूल रूप को क्या कहते हैं? क) संज्ञा ख) विशेषण ग) धातु घ) सर्वनाम	ग) धातु
9	सप्ताह में सात दिन होते हैं। इस वाक्य में विशेषण चुनिए - क) सप्ताह ख) सात ग) दिन घ) होते हैं	क) सात
10	विशेषण कहलाते हैं ? क) संज्ञा या सर्वनाम की विशेषता बताने वाले शब्द ख) विशेष्य ग) पर्यायवाची शब्द घ) विलोम शब्द	क) संज्ञा या सर्वनाम की विशेषता बताने वाले शब्द

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KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAMMU REGION

अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - ९

पाठ का नाम - एक माँ की बेबसी

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	रतन के साथ क्या परेशानी थी? क) वह बोल नहीं सकता था। ख) वह सुन नहीं सकता था। ग) वह दौड़ नहीं सकता था। घ) वह पढ़ नहीं सकता था।	क) वह बोल नहीं सकता था।
2	बेबस का दूसरा शब्द क्या हो सकता है? क) शक्तिहीनता ख) लालची ग) चंचल घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) शक्तिहीनता
3	रतन दूसरे बच्चों के पास क्यों आता था ? क) पढ़ाई करने ख) व्यायाम करने ग) खेलने घ) भागने	ग) खेलने
4	रतन के दोस्त क्या नहीं समझ सकते थे ? क) वह क्या खेलना चाहता है ? ख) उसका पसंदीदा खाने की दुकान क्या है? ग) वह क्या कहना चाह रहा है? घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) वह क्या कहना चाह रहा है?
5.	रतन देखने में कैसा था ? क) अन्य बच्चों से अलग ख) अन्य बच्चों की तरह ग) गुलाब जैसा लाल घ) छड़ी जैसा पतला	ख) अन्य बच्चों की तरह
6.	“चिंतित” शब्द का विलोम शब्द क्या है? क) परेशान ख) निश्चिन्त ग) तनावग्रस्त घ) व्यथित	ख) निश्चिन्त

7.	‘अंदर की छटपटाहट’ उसकी आँखों में किस रूप में प्रकट होती थी? क) चमक के रूप में ख) डर के रूप में ग) खुशी के रूप में घ) जल्दी घर लौटने की इच्छा के रूप में	ख) डर के रूप में
8.	भयभीत का अर्थ - क) डरा हुआ ख) प्रसन्न ग) गुस्सा घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) डरा हुआ
9.	रतन की माँ की आँखों से क्या झलकता था ? क) बेटे की बेबसी ख) जिज्ञासा ग) बेटे की खुशी घ) बेटे की शरारत	क) बेटे की बेबसी
10.	"बच्चा" शब्द का वचन बदलिए। क) बचपन ख) बच्ची ग) बच्चे घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) बच्चे
11.	पाठ “एक माँ की बेबसी” के लेखक कौन हैं ? क) जलानी बानो ख) प्रेमचंद ग) कुँवर नारायण घ) महादेवी वर्मा	ग) कुँवर नारायण
12.	"निहारती" शब्द का अर्थ क्या है? क) प्यार ख) नफ़रत ग) देखती घ) क्रोध	ग) देखती
13.	अन्य बच्चों की तरह रतन भी क्या था? क) चालाक ख) एक बच्चा ग) बुद्धू घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ख) एक बच्चा
14.	रतन का खेलना कौन निहारती रहती थी? क) उसकी माँ ख) उसकी बहन ग) उसकी दादी घ) उसकी नानी	क) उसकी माँ
15.	भिन्न शब्द का क्या अर्थ है ? क) हमेशा ख) एक जैसा ग) अलग घ) ज़्यादातर	ग) अलग

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1.	कविता में बच्चे का क्या नाम है? क) सोहन ख) रतन ग) अमन घ) राहुल	ख) रतन
2	“अदृश्य” शब्द का विलोम शब्द क्या है? क) गलत ख) सही ग) दृश्य घ) रतन	ग) दृश्य
3	“आँख दिखाना” मुहावरे का क्या अर्थ होता है? क) खुश होना ख) भावुक होना ग) डराना घ) स्वार्थी होना	ग) डराना
4	रतन के अंदर की छटपटाहट किस अंग से झलकती थी ? क) मुख से ख) नाक से ग) आँखों से घ) कान से	ग) आँखों से
5.	कविता शब्द का वचन बदलिए : क) कवितें ख) कविताओं ग) कविताएँ घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) कविताएँ
6.	कामयाब शब्द का अर्थ है : क) शक्तिशाली ख) मूर्ख ग) सफल घ) बुद्धिमान	ग) सफल
7.	बच्चे रतन के साथ खेलने में थोड़ा घबराते थे क्योंकि : क) रतन खेलने से मना करता था। ख) वे उसके साथ खेलना नहीं चाहते थे। ग) रतन उन्हें हरा देता था। घ) वे लोग उसके इशारे और भाव नहीं समझ पाते थे।	ग) वे लोग उसके इशारे और भाव नहीं समझ पाते थे।
8.	“भयभीत” शब्द का विलोम शब्द चुनिए। क) डरा हुआ ख) घबराया हुआ ग) साहसी घ) हैरान	ग) साहसी

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - १०

पाठ का नाम - एक दिन की बादशाहत

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	दादी सुबह की नमाज़ के बाद क्या खाती थी ? क) केला ख) रोटी ग) पापड़ घ) दवाई	घ) दवाई
2.	आरिफ़ का दिमाग किस के शोर से पिघला जा रहा था ? क) दादी ख) अम्मी ग) अब्बा घ) आपा	क) दादी
3	आरिफ़ के भाई का क्या नाम था ? क) वसीम ख) सलीम ग) नईम घ) करीम	ख) सलीम
4	अम्मी को दाँतो को माँजने के लिए किसने कहा ? क) आरिफ़ ख) सलीम ग) अब्बा घ) भाईजान	ख) सलीम
5	आरिफ़ और सलीम रोज़ाना किस से रोटी खाते थे ? क) गुलाब जामुन ख) गाजर का हलवा ग) मीठे चावल घ) मिर्चों के सालन से	घ) मिर्चों के सालन से
6	अपने दोस्तों के साथ फिल्म देखने कौन जा रहा था ? क) आपा ख) भाईजान ग) अम्मी घ) अब्बा	ख) भाईजान
7	भाईजान क्या पहनकर फिल्म देखने जा रहे थे? क) कमीज़ ख) धोती ग) सलवार घ) साड़ी	क) कमीज़

8	अब्बा क्या देखकर सच में शर्मिदा हो गए ? क) खाना ख) नाखून ग) कपड़े घ) बड़े हुए बाल	ग) कपड़े
9	अगली सुबह अम्मी को किसने झिंझोड़कर उठा दिया ? क) सलीम ख) आपा ग) आरिफ़ घ) अब्बा	ग) आरिफ़
10	सलीम ने आपा को कौन सी साड़ी पहनने को कहा ? क) भारी जरकन की साड़ी ख) बनारसी साड़ी ग) काली वॉयल की साड़ी घ) सफ़ेद वॉयल की साड़ी	घ) सफ़ेद वॉयल की साड़ी
11	आरिफ़ और सलीम दोनों ने मिलकर क्या योजना बनाई? क) एक दिन के लिए सब छोटे बन जाए। ख) एक दिन के लिए उन्हें बड़ों के सारे अधिकार दे दिए जाए और सब बड़े छोटे बन जाएं। ग) एक दिन के लिए आपा और भाई जान उनका कहना माने। घ) एक दिन के लिए वह घूमने चले जाएं।	ख) एक दिन के लिए उन्हें बड़ों के सारे अधिकार दे दिए जाए और सब बड़े छोटे बन जाएं।
12	गाना गाते हुए आरिफ़ को भाईजान कैसे चुप कराते थे? क) हर वक्त मेंढक की तरह टर्पाए जाता है। ख) हर वक्त मेंढक की तरह फड़फड़ाए जाता है। ग) हर वक्त मेंढक की तरह कूदता रहता है। घ) हर वक्त मेंढक की तरह उछलता रहता है।	क) हर वक्त मेंढक की तरह टर्पाए जाता है।
13	सलीम ने खाने में क्या पकाने का आदेश दिया? क) आलू, गोश्त, कबाब, मिर्ची का सालन. ख) गुलाब जामुन, गाजर का हलवा और मीठे चावल. ग) आलू, गाजर का हलवा और मीठे चावल घ) कबाब, मिर्ची का सालन और गुलाब जामुन	ख) गुलाब जामुन, गाजर का हलवा और मीठे चावल.

14	इकरार शब्द का समानार्थक शब्द क्या है ? क) वादा या प्रतिज्ञा ग) अच्छा लगना	ख) इनकार या मना करना घ) झूठ बोलना	क) वादा या प्रतिज्ञा
15	"बस कीजिए,अब्बा! फौरन ऑफिस जाइए, दस बज गए!" यह किसने, किससे कहा? क) सलीम ने अब्बा से ग) अम्मी ने अब्बा से	ख) आरिफ़ ने अब्बा से घ) आपा ने अब्बा से	ख) आरिफ़ ने अब्बा से

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	घर में शोर सबसे ज़्यादा किसे बुरा लगता था ? क) अब्बा को ख) अम्मा को ग) दादी को घ) दीदी को	ग) दादी को
2	अब्बा का हँसते-हँसते बुरा हाल क्यों हो गया? क) क्योंकि दोनों मम्मी को परेशान कर रहे थे। ख) क्योंकि दोनों दादी को परेशान कर रहे थे। ग) क्योंकि दोनों अब्बा को परेशान कर रहे थे। घ) क्योंकि दोनों अब्बा की हूबहू नकल उतार रहे थे।	घ) क्योंकि दोनों अब्बा की हूबहू नकल उतार रहे थे।
3	आरिफ़ और सलीम की योजना का परिणाम क्या रहा ? क) फल ख) कह नहीं सकते ग) सफल घ) पता नहीं	ग) सफल
4	'एक दिन की बादशाहत' पाठ से आपको क्या सीख मिलती है? क) हमें मिल जुल कर रहना चाहिए। ख) जरूरत से ज़्यादा पाबंदी किसी को भी पसंद नहीं आती। चाहे वह बच्चे हों या बड़े। ग) हमें सबका कहना मानना चाहिए। घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं।	ख) जरूरत से ज़्यादा पाबंदी किसी को भी पसंद नहीं आती। चाहे वह बच्चे हों या बड़े।

केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन, जम्मू संभाग

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAMMU REGION

अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - ११

पाठ का नाम - चावल की रोटियाँ

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	सही विकल्प पर निशान लगाएं - कोको कौन था? क) 8 साल का बर्मी लड़का। ख) 5 साल का छोटा बच्चा। ग) 17 साल की बर्मी लड़की। घ) जनता की दुकान का प्रबंधक।	क) 8 साल का बर्मी लड़का
2	कोको की माँ ने कोको के लिए क्या बनाया? क) केले का पापड़ ख) चावल की रोटियाँ ग) गेहूँ की रोटियाँ घ) दाल चावल	ख) चावल की रोटियाँ
3	कोको के माता-पिता कहाँ गए थे? क) धान के खेत में काम करने ख) घूमने ग) बाजार घ) विवाह समारोह में	क) धान के खेत में काम करने
4	निम्न में से कौन - सी चीज़ चावल से नहीं बनती - क) इडली ख) खीर ग) दलिया घ) पुलाव	ग) दलिया
5	कोको के माता- पिता क्या लगाने खेतों में चले गए थे। क) गेहूँ ख) धान ग) मक्का घ) बाजरा	ख) धान

13	कोको के घर कौन-से रंग का फूलदान लाया गया था? क) लाल ग) नीला	ख) पीला घ) गुलाबी	ग) नीला
14	मिमी की माँ ने किसके पापड़ बनाए थे ? क) आलू ग) सेब	ख) केले घ) दाल	ख) केले
15	बंडल' शब्द का विलोम शब्द क्या है? क) गुच्छा ग) फैलाव	ख) समूह घ) ढेर	ग) फैलाव

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	'पछताना' शब्द का अर्थ क्या है? क) खुश होना ग) गुस्सा होना	ख) दुःखी होना घ) हैरान होना
2	'उ बा तु न' कौन था? क) कोको का दोस्त ग) कोको का पिता	ख) जनता की दुकान का प्रबंधक घ) कोको के दादा
3	'तिन सू' किस देश का रहने वाला था? क) भारत ग) जापान	ख) चीन घ) बर्मा
4	पाठ "चावल की रोटियाँ" एक _____ है। क) कहानी ग) कविता	ख) नाटक घ) लघुकथा

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अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - १२

पाठ का नाम - गुरु और चेला

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	गुरु और चेला घूमते हुए जिस नगरी में पहुँचे, उसकी सड़कें कैसी थी? क) गंदी ख) चमाचम ग) ऊँची-ऊँची घ) कीचड़ युक्त	ख) चमाचम
2	राजा के संतरी ने चेले को क्या खाते देखा? क) मलाई ख) रबड़ी ग) ककड़ी घ) हलुआ	घ) हलुआ
3	चेला स्वभाव में कैसा था? क) चालाक ख) बुद्धू ग) दुष्ट घ) लड़ाकू	क) चालाक
4	राजा के सम्मुख कौन झगड़ने लगे? क) संतरी और कारीगर ख) गुरु और चेला ग) मंत्री और मशकवाला घ) भिंती और कारीगर	ख) गुरु और चेला
5	गुरु के अनुसार, फाँसी पर चढ़ने वाला व्यक्ति कैसा राजा बनेगा? क) छोटा ख) बड़ा ग) प्रसिद्ध घ) चक्रवर्ती	घ) चक्रवर्ती
6	‘गुरु और चेला चलते-चलते कहाँ गए ? क) पैसा ख) डगरी ग) नगरी घ) राजा	ग) नगरी

6	चिट्ठी शब्द का बहुवचन शब्द _____ होगा । क) चिट्ठा ख) चिट्ठियाँ ग) चिट्ठी घ) चित्तियान	ख) चिट्ठियाँ
7	निम्नलिखित का पर्यायवाची क्या होगा ? शिक्षक क) सेना ख) अध्यापक ग) शस्त्र घ) शास्त्र	ख) अध्यापक
8	शुद्ध शब्द का चयन करें। क) नराज ख) नाराज़ ग) नारज़ घ) नारज	ख) नाराज़
9	शब्द पूरा करें। ह _____ नी क) थी ख) थि ग) थे घ) थो	ख) थि
10	मोटा शब्द का विलोम शब्द चुनिए । क) पतला ख) छोटा ग) कमज़ोर घ) खुश	क) पतला

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - १३

पाठ का नाम - स्वामी की दादी

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	स्वामीनाथन के दादा क्या थे ? क) पुलिस अधीक्षक ख) सब मजिस्ट्रेट ग) सहायक अध्यापक घ) सब कुलपति	ख) सब मजिस्ट्रेट
2	दादी ने मूर्ख किसको कहा ? क) बुआ ख) चाची ग) मौसी घ) दीदी	क) बुआ
3	स्वामीनाथन के दोस्त का क्या नाम था ? क) राजेश ख) रजत ग) राजम घ) रवि	ग) राजम
4	राजम ने जंगल में किसे मारा ? क) शेर ख) भालू ग) गीदड़ घ) लोमड़ी	क) शेर

11	राजम ने दूसरे शेर को कहाँ से गोली मारी? क) झाड़ी के पीछे से ख) जीप में बैठकर ग) पेड़ पर चढ़कर घ) उसके सामने आकर	क) झाड़ी के पीछे से
12	स्वामीनाथन किसके गलत जवाब से चिढ़ गया था? क) दादी के ख) दादा के ग) चाची के घ) चाचा के	क) दादी के
13	दादी किसकी कहानी सुनाते सुनाते सो गई थी ? क) अकबर की ख) तेनालीराम की ग) हरिश्चंद्र की घ) बीरबल की	ग) हरिश्चंद्र की
14	निम्न में से क्या दादी का सामान नहीं है? क) पाँच दरियाँ ख) तीन चादरें ग) पाँच तकिए घ) चार गद्दे	घ) चार गद्दे
15	स्वामीनाथन लोंग और इलायची की गंध वाले वातावरण में कैसा महसूस करता था? क) दुखी और निराश ख) डर और असुरक्षित ग) बेचैन और परेशान घ) खुश और सुरक्षित	घ) खुश और सुरक्षित

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	बुआ ने मैडल का क्या किया ? क) हार बनाया ख) चूड़ी बनाई ग) अंगूठी बनाई घ) पायल बनाई	ख) चूड़ी बनाई

2	दादी का लिंग बदलो - क) चाचा ग) दादा	ख) मामा घ) नाना	ग) दादा
3	दादी के पास _____ बक्सा था। क) वर्गाकार ग) वर्ग	ख) त्रिभुज घ) गोल	क) वर्गाकार
4	निम्न में से कौन-सा कमल का पर्यायवाची नहीं है? क) जलज ग) पंकज	ख) सरोज घ) अंबर	घ) अंबर
5	“भारी भरकम बिस्तर” में, भारी भरकम क्या है? क) संज्ञा ग) विशेषण	ख) सर्वनाम घ) क्रिया	ग) विशेषण
6	निम्नलिखित में से शुद्ध वर्तनी <u>छाँटिए-</u> क) अनुशासन ग) अनुशाशन	ख) अनुसासन घ) अनुसाशन	क) अनुशासन
7	शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए :- क) दादी स्वामी को कहानी सुनाती है। ख) दादी स्वामी को कहानी सुनता है । ग) दादी कहानी को स्वामी सुनाती है । घ) दादी सुनाती है कहानी स्वामी को ।		क) दादी स्वामी को कहानी सुनाती है ।

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - १४

पाठ का नाम - बाघ आया उस रात

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	बाघ को बच्चे ने कहाँ देखा? क) रात में नदी के पास देखा ख) दिन के वक्त जंगल में ग) रात के वक्त घर के पास घ) झरने के पास	घ) झरने के पास
2	“बाघ कामचोर था।” यह भाव कविता की किन पंक्तियों से झलकता है? क) ‘बाघिन सारा दिन पहरा देती है। ख) ‘बाघ या तो सोता है या बच्चों से खेलता है। ग) ‘बाघ कहीं काम नहीं करता। घ) उपरोक्त सभी।	घ) उपरोक्त सभी
3	बाघिन के कितने बच्चे हैं? क) दो ख) पाँच ग) तीन घ) चार	क) दो

4	बाघ कहाँ रहता है? क) स्कूल के पास ख) झरने के पास ग) नदी के पास घ) जंगल में	ख) झरने के पास
5	बाघिन सारा दिन क्या करती है ? क) घूमती रहती है। ख) खाती रहती है। ग) सोती रहती है। घ) पहरा देती है।	घ) पहरा देती है।
6	बेटू बाबा को क्या चेतावनी देता है? क) बाहर न निकलो ख) खाना न खाओ ग) पानी न पियो घ) नए कपड़े न पहनो	क) बाहर न निकलो
7	कौन इधर से निकलकर उधर चला गया? क) हाथी ख) गधा ग) चूहा घ) बाघ	घ) बाघ
8	निम्नलिखित में से रात का अर्थ बताइए - क) दिन ख) सवेरा ग) निशा घ) दिवस	ग) निशा
9	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा आँख का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है- क) नेत्र ख) नयन ग) लोचन घ) हस्त	घ) हस्त

10	बालक बाघ की खबर किसको सुनाते हैं? क) माता को ख) दोस्तों को ग) बाबा को घ) चाचा को	ग) बाबा को
11	बाघ क्या काम करता है ? क) सोता ख) नहाता ग) खेलता घ) सोता या खेलता	घ) सोता या खेलता
12	बाघ को किसने देखा ? क) बाबा ने ख) माता ने ग) पिता ने घ) बालकों ने	घ) बालकों ने
13	बाबा रात को उठकर कहाँ जाते थे? क) टहलने ख) बाथरूम ग) दोस्तों से मिलने घ) खाना खाने	ख) बाथरूम
14	बाबा को बाहर ना जाने के लिए किसने आगाह किया- क) पड़ोसियों ने ख) पिताजी ने ग) माता जी ने घ) पाँच साल के बेटू ने	घ) पाँच साल के बेटू ने
15	“वो इधर से निकला”, मैं वो क्या दर्शाता है? क) संज्ञा ख) सर्वनाम ग) क्रिया घ) विशेषण	ख) सर्वनाम

गृहकार्य

क्रम सं	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	“बाघ आया उस रात”, मैं बाघ क्या है? क) संज्ञा ख) सर्वनाम ग) क्रिया घ) विशेषण	क) संज्ञा
2	शेर का लिंग बदलो - क) लोमड़ी ख) शेरनी ग) बाघिन घ) चीता	ख) शेरनी
3	बाघ _____ उस रात , वाक्य पूरा करो। क) गया ख) नाचा ग) आया घ) गाया	ग) आया
4	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बाहर का विलोम नहीं है- क) अंदर ख) भीतर ग) सीमा के पार घ) कोई नहीं	ग) सीमा के पार
5	बाघिन सारा दिन पहरा देती है, मैं पहरा देना क्या है? क) संज्ञा ख) सर्वनाम ग) विशेषण घ) क्रिया	घ) क्रिया
6	निम्नलिखित में से शुद्ध वर्तनी छांटो :- क) आशीर्वाद ख) आसीर्वाद ग) आर्शीवाद घ) आर्सीवाद	क) आशीर्वाद

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

पाठ का नाम - बिशन की दिलेरी

कक्षाकार्य

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6	सरपंच का नाम क्या है? क) माधव सिंह ख) माधो सिंह ग) भादो सिंह घ) माधवराव सिंह	ख) माधो सिंह
7	तीतर को खाने में क्या पसंद है ? क) दाल ख) दलिया ग) खिचड़ी घ) हलवा	ख) दलिया
8	बिशन ने तीतर को कहाँ छिपाया ? क) अपने बिस्तर के नीचे ख) कबाड़ में एक टूटी टोकरी के अंदर ग) खेत में पौधों के बीच घ) जैकेट में	ख) कबाड़ में एक टूटी टोकरी के अंदर
9	बिशन तीतर का क्या करेगा ? क) उसे छोड़ देगा। ख) उसे पालेगा। ग) उसे खाएगा। घ) उसे शिकारी को देगा।	ख) उसे पालेगा।
10	कर्नल दत्ता का कुत्ता किस नस्ल का था ? क) जर्मन शेफर्ड ख) पिट बुल ग) अल्सेशियन घ) पग	ग) अल्सेशियन
11	बिशन एक लड़का है। इस वाक्य में कौन-सी संज्ञा है? क) व्यक्तिवाचक ख) भाववाचक ग) समूहवाचक घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	क) व्यक्तिवाचक
12	खेतों में दाना चुगने कौन आते थे ? क) कबूतर ख) कौआ ग) चिड़िया घ) तीतर	घ) तीतर

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ क्रमांक - १६

पाठ का नाम - पानी रे पानी

कक्षाकार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	जल चक्र हम किस विषय में पढ़ते हैं? क) इतिहास ख) भूगोल ग) हिंदी घ) गणित	ख) भूगोल
2	बेवक्त का अर्थ क्या है ? क) जो समय पर आता है ख) जो कभी नहीं आता ग) जो समय पर न हो घ) जिस के पास समय न हो	ग) जो समय पर न हो
3	गुल्लक में क्या रखा जाता है? क) पानी ख) सिक्के ग) मिट्टी घ) खाना	ख) सिक्के
4	'पानी रे पानी' पाठ में किस गुल्लक की बात कही गई है ? क) पानी की टंकी ख) धरती की गुल्लक ग) सागर की गुल्लक घ) सोने की गुल्लक	ख) धरती की गुल्लक
5	चारों तरफ पानी ही पानी किस मौसम में होता है? क) गर्म ख) सर्दी ग) बरसात घ) वसंत	ग) बरसात

6	जल का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है- क) वायु ग) जलज	ख) अनल घ) कोई भी नहीं	घ) कोई भी नहीं
7	जमीन के नीचे छिपे जल के भंडार को क्या कहते हैं? क) भूमि ग) खजाना	ख) भूजल घ) पेट्रोल	ख) भूजल
8	किस मौसम में हमारे नल सूख जाते हैं? क) सर्दी ग) गर्मी	ख) बरसात घ) वसंत	ग) गर्मी
9	जल चक्र के चित्र में निम्न शब्द नहीं है? क) सूर्य ग) रेगिस्तान	ख) नदी घ) बादल	ग) रेगिस्तान
10	बारिश न होने पर हम किस जल का उपयोग करते हैं? क) झरने ग) तालाब का जल	ख) भूजल घ) सभी का	घ) सभी का
11	लेखक के अनुसार घर में मोटर लगवाना क्या है? क) पैसे का सही इस्तमाल ग) दूसरों का हक छीनने जैसा	ख) पानी की समस्या का एकमात्र हल घ) पानी की बर्बादी	ग) दूसरों का हक छीनने जैसा
12	कौन सी प्राकृतिक आपदा जल से सम्बन्धित है? क) ज्वालामुखी ग) बाढ़	ख) भूकम्प घ) इनमें से कोई नहीं	ग) बाढ़

केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन, जम्मू संभाग

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अधिगम उपलब्धि परीक्षण कार्यपत्रक

कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ संख्या- १७

पाठ - छोटी - सी हमारी नदी

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	नदी की धार कैसी है ? क) सीधी ग) टेढ़ी - मेढ़ी ख) तिरछी घ) घुमावदार	ग) टेढ़ी - मेढ़ी
2	नदी का जल कैसा है ? क) गंदा ग) ठहरा हुआ ख) साफ और चमकदार घ) मटमैला	ख) साफ और चमकदार
3	मैली शब्द का क्या अर्थ है ? क) साफ ग) सुंदर ख) गंदी घ) छोटी	ख) गंदी
4	'छोटी-सी नदी' में कौन-सा विशेषण है ? क) छोटी ग) नदी ख) सी घ) सभी	क) छोटी
5	बच्चों के लिए नदी क्यों खास है? क) वह उसमें खेल सकते हैं। ग) वह उसमें नहाते हैं। ख) वह उसे देखकर खुश होते हैं। घ) सभी	घ) सभी

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कक्षा - पाँचवी

विषय - हिन्दी

पाठ संख्या- १८

पाठ का नाम- चुनौती हिमालय की

कक्षा कार्य

क्रम सं.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1	'किशन गड़ेरिया अब गाइड बन गया'। गड़ेरिया किसे कहते हैं? क) जो भेड़ और बकरी चराते हैं। ख) जो गाड़ी चलाते हैं। ग) जो ऊंट पालते हैं। घ) कोई नहीं	क) जो भेड़ और बकरी चराते हैं।
2	चढ़ाई का विलोम शब्द क्या है ? क) निचाई ख) ढलान ग) उतराई घ) सपाट	क) उतराई
3	चुनौती हिमालय की कहानी किस पर आधारित है? क) खेल-कूद ख) समुद्र की यात्रा ग) पर्वतारोहण घ) जंगल की सैर	ग) पर्वतारोहण
4	"पर्वतारोहण" शब्द किससे बना है? क) पर्वत + आरोहण ख) पर्वत + रोहन ग) पर्व + तारोहण घ) पर्व + आरोह	क) पर्वत + आरोहण
5	पर्वतारोहण में सबसे ज़रूरी गुण क्या होता है? क) धन ख) गुस्सा ग) साहस और संयम घ) आराम	ग) साहस और संयम

MATHEMATICS

केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन, जम्मू संभाग

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, JAMMU REGION

LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT – Maths

CHAPTER NO. - 1

CHAPTER NAME - The Fish Tale

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What will be the place value of the underlined digit- 8 <u>6</u> 32169 (1) 6000000 (2) 600000 (3) 60000 (4) None of these	(2) 600000
2	By using the following digits: 7,3,9,9,2, what will be the smallest 5 digit number: (1) 29973 (2) 29793 (3) 23799 (4) 23979	(3)23799
3	How many tens make a Thousand? (1) 100 (2) 1000 (3) 50 (4) 10	(1)100
4	I am a two-digit number. My ten's digit is 4 and my one's digit is double of 4. Who am I? (1) 44 (2) 24 (3) 46 (4) 48	(4)48
5	In the given number 370, if we add 7 in ones place, then the number will be: (1) 377 (2) 363 (3) 380 (4) 370	(1)377
6	In the given number 434, if we subtract 4 from ones place and 1 from tens place, then what do we get: (1) 420 (2) 430 (3) 440 (4) 434	(1) 420
7	Rounding 452 to the nearest ten, we will get (1) 450 (2) 455 (3) 460 (4) 400	(1)450
8	The numeral form of 'Thirty-Two Lakhs Eighty-Six Thousand Two Hundred and One' is (1) 32,68,102 (2) 32,86,210 (3) 32,86,201 (4) 32,68,201	(3)32,86,201

9	Somu sell 1 kg dried fish at Rs 25. He will sell 15 kgs of dried fish at Rs _____? (1) Rs375 (2) Rs 275 (3) Rs 357 (4) Rs 390	(1) Rs 375
10	Bill has 25 set of UNO cards. Each set has 30 cards. How many cards Bill have? (1) 700 (2) 750 (3) 570 (4) 770	(2)750
11	12 saplings are already there in a park. Every day 7 new saplings are planted. How many total saplings will be there after a week? (1) 74 (2) 61 (3) 84 (4) 48	(2) 61
12	If a boat catches 50 kgs of fish in one trip. How many trips will it take to catch 450 kgs of fish? (1)10 (2) 8 (3)5 (4) 9	(4)9
13	If a bus travel 40 km in one hour, about how far will it travel in 6.5 hours? (1) 260 kms (2) 240 kms (3) 420 kms (4) 400 kms	(1)260 kms
14	The speed of a boat is 30kms per hour. How much time will it take to cover 120 kms? (1) 4.5 hrs (2) 4 hrs (3) 6 hrs (4) 3.5 hrs	(2)4 hrs
15	Meenu has borrowed Rs 4000 from a money lender. She pays back Rs 500 every month for one year. How much money did she pay back to the bank? (1) 8,000 (2) 6,000 (3) 10,000 (4) 9,500	(2) 6,000

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	I am a two-digit number. My one's digit is 4 and ten's digit is double of 4. Who am I? (1) 84 (2) 48 (3) 44 (4) 74	(1)84
2	In the given number 278, if 5 is subtracted from ten's place and then 1 is added in hundred's place then what do we get: (1) 228 (2) 328 (3) 268 (4) 368	(2)328
3	Raju buys 20 kgs of rice at Rs 2520.What is the cost of 1 kg of rice? (1) Rs 122 (2) Rs 110 (3) Rs 126 (4) Rs 105	(3)Rs126

4	John has Rs 2525 with him. He divided his money into 5 equal parts out of which he gave one part to his friend. How much money is left with him? (1) 505 (2) 2,000 (3) 2,200 (4) 2,020	(4) 2,020
5	There were 44 people in the train. At the stop 16 more people boarded the train and 9 people got off from the train. How many people are there on the train now? (1) 51 (2) 60 (3) 28 (4) 35	(1) 51
6	There are 26 fish in an aquarium and 32 fish in other aquarium. By 12 noon, 12 fishes were sold. How many total fishes are left in both the aquariums? (1) 14 (2) 46 (3) 20 (4) 32	(2) 46
7	It takes the Earth 24 hours to spin once on its axis. How many complete spins can it make in 50 hours? (1) 2 (2) 7 (3) 3 (4) 1	(3) 2
8	If the speed of a car is 45 kms per hour. How much distance will it cover in 4 hours? (1) 300 km (2) 150 km (3) 200 km (4) 180 km	(4) 180 km
9	A train travels at a speed of 120 km per hour and travelled a distance of 1620 kms. How long did it take to complete its journey? (1) 13 hrs & 30 min (2) 13 hrs (3) 10 hrs (4) 9 hrs	(1) 13 hrs & 30 min
10	Sara took a loan of Rs 45,000 to set up a business. She paid back Rs 52,980 in one year. How much interest (extra money) did she pay every month? (1) Rs 7980 (2) Rs 665 (3) Rs 3750 (4) Rs 800	(2) Rs 665

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

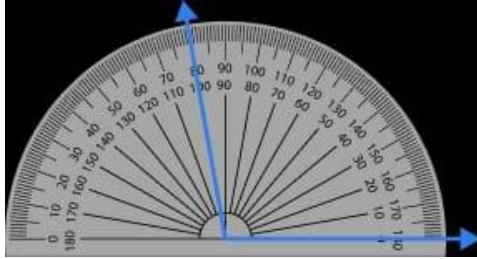
SUBJECT - MATHS

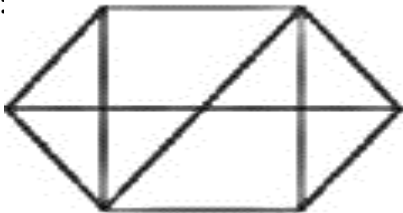
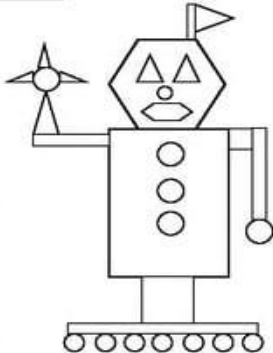
CHAPTER NO. - 2

CHAPTER NAME - Shapes and Angles

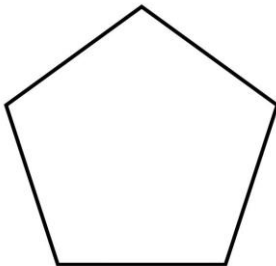
CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	 In the given figure how many horizontal, vertical and slanting lines are there? (1) 3, 1, 2 (2) 2, 2, 1 (3) 3, 2, 1 (4) 2, 1, 2	(4) 2, 1, 2
2	 In the given shape, how many angles can be formed and what is the degree of each angle? (1) 4, 90° (2) 6, 180° (3) 6, 90° (4) 4, 120°	(1) 4, 90°
3	 What is the degree of angle made by the hands of the clock? (1) More than 90° (2) Less than 90° (3) 120° (4) 90°	(2) Less than 90°
4	It's mid-afternoon and the hands of a clock are in a form of a straight line from left to right, what angle is formed ? (1) Obtuse Angle (2) Reflex Angle (3) Straight Angle (4) Right Angle	(3) Straight Angle
5	What should be added in 38° to make it a right angle ? (1) 54° (2) 64° (3) 42° (4) 52°	(4) 52°

6	What is a straight angle? (1) An angle that exactly measures 180° (2) $> 90^\circ$ (3) $< 90^\circ$ (4) $< 180^\circ$	(1) An angle that exactly measure 180°
7	Which of these angles is less than 90°? (1) Acute angle (2) Obtuse angle (3) Right angle (4) Straight angle	(1) Acute angle
8	What is the measure of the given angle? (1) 80° (2) 85° (3) 100° (4) 180° 	(3) 100°
9	 Which of the following statements are true for the given shapes? (1) A square has 4 angles each of 90 degree. (2) Both the shapes have all 4 sides equal (3) Both the shapes have all angles of 90 degree. (4) None of the above	(3) Both the shapes have all angle of 90 degree
10	I have two long sides and two short sides. I have four corners and each angle of mine is of 90 degree. Who am I? (1) Triangle (2) Rhombus (3) Square (4) Rectangle	(4) Rectangle
11	I am a 3d shape which have a curved shape and two circle faces, I have zero vertices. Who am I? (1) Cylinder (2) Cone (3) Sphere (4) None	(1) Cylinder
12	Number of faces of a matchbox is ____ : (1) 8 (2) 6 (3) 4 (4) 12	(2) 6
13	If you start from a point and take a complete turn and come back to the original point. How many degrees turn you have taken ? (1) 180° (2) 120° (3) 360° (4) 90°	(3) 360°

14	How many triangles can be seen in the given figure : (1)8 (2) 12 (3)10 (4) 6		(4)12
15	Calculate the total number of 'triangles' and 'circles' in the given figure : (1)19 (2) 28 (3)18 (4) 20		(4)20

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What should be added in 112° to make it a straight angle? (1) 54° (2) 60° (3) 42° (4) 68°	(4) 68°
2	What is a vertex? (1) Any point of a line. (2)A point from where a line is drawn. . (3)A point where two lines or rays meet to form an angle. (4) None of these.	(3)A point where two lines or rays meet to form an angle.
3	Mr. John asked to draw an octagon on the board & Renu drew the octagon correctly then how many sides did she draw? (1)6 (2)10 (3)8 (4)9	(3)8
4	Aman is designing a stage for his play. Below is the design he is considering, What is the name of the shape of design ? (1) Hexagon (2) Septagon (3) Rhombus (4) Pentagon	 (4)Pentagon

5	Find the number of right angles in the word “ANGLES” ? (1) 5 (3) 2 (2) 4 (4) 1	(1)5
6	Ravi dropped a plate on the floor and saw that it made a complete turn. How many degrees did the plate turn? (1) 90° (3) 45° (2) 180° (4) 360°	(4)360°
7	Which is the possible degree of measures of an obtuse angle? (1)123°,135°,160° (3)123°,135°,45° (2)145°,180°,10° (4) 153°,180°,110°	(1)123°,135° °,160°
8	If you fold a square napkin diagonally, what shape do you get? (1) Triangle (3) Rectangle (2) Square (4) None of these	(1) Triangle
9	What kind of angle is formed by the hands of a clock at 3:00? (1) Acute angle (3) Obtuse angle (2) Right angle (4) Reflex angle	(2) Right angle
10	Calculate the total number of ‘rectangles’ and ‘circles’ in the given figure : (1) 10 (3) 9 (2)12 (4) 14 	(4) 14

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LAT WORKSHEET

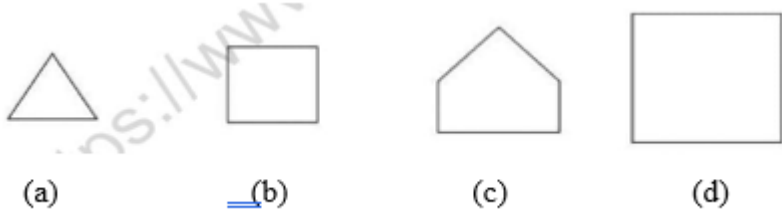
CLASS - V

SUBJECT - MATHS

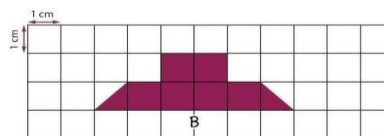
CHAPTER NO. - 3

CHAPTER NAME - How Many Squares

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	How many square units will complete the shape given in square grid: (1) 5 (3) 10 (2) 6 (4) 8	(4) 8
2	If one side of a square is 18 cm then opposite side of the square will be _____, (1) 81 cm (3) 18 cm (2) 8 cm (4) 9 cm	(3) 18 cm
3	How many Square units are there in the figure? (1) 16 (3) 12 (2) 20 (4) 13	(1) 16
4	What will be the area of the given rectangle? (1) 15 units (3) 30 units (2) 44 units (4) 40 units	(2) 44 units
5	In the following figures which covers the greatest surface of the plane?  (a) (b) (c) (d) 1) (a) (2) (b) (3) (c) (4) (d)	(4) d

6	A rectangular field is 150m long and 100 m wide. What will be it's perimeter? (1)250m (3)500 m	(2)15000 m (4)1000 m	(3)500 m
7	One side of a square is 15 cm. What is its area? (1)225 cm ² (3)144 cm ²	(2) 100 cm ² (4) 224 cm ²	(1)225 cm ²
8	What is the area of rectangle whose L=10cm and B = 8 cm . (1)18 cm ² (3)36 cm ²	(2)80 cm ² (4)100 cm ²	(2)80 cm ²
9	What will be the area of the carpet that fully covers the rectangular room, whose length and breadth are 14m and 12 m respectively. (1)120 m ² (3)117 m ²	(2)135 m ² (4)168 m ²	(4)168m ²
10	If one side of square box is 30 m, what is the length of the other side? (1)50 m (3)30 m	(2)25 m (4)48 m	(3)30 m
11	What is the area of a square with a side of 7 cm? (1)12 cm sq. (3)49 cm sq.	(2)14 cm sq. (4)28 cm sq.	(3)49 cm sq.
12	A rectangular cardboard of measure 9 cm by 4 cm, it's perimeter is _____ ? (1)26 cm (3)36 cm	(2)13 cm (4)18 cm	(1)26 cm
13	The length is 9m and breadth is 8 m, what is the area of the rectangular floor? (1) 70 m ² (3) 78 m ²	(2) 72 m ² (4) 17 m ²	(2)72 m ²
14	What is the square unit of the given figure : (1)8sq (3)9 sq	(2)4 sq (4)7 sq	(4) 7 sq
15	What will be the perimeter of square garden whose side is 14 m ? (1)72 m (3)28 m	(2) 56 m (4) 42 m	(2)56 m



HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	A rectangle is drawn on a square grid. It covers 3 squares along its length and 2 squares along its width. How many squares does the rectangle cover in total? (1) 5 (2) 6 (3) 8 (4) 9	(2) 6
2	How many square units are there in the figure made by black squares? (1) 10 (2) 8 (3) 9 (4) 7	(2) 8
3	What is the square unit of the given figure: (1) 30 (2) 27 (3) 32 (4) 34	(3) 32
4	What will be the perimeter of the given rectangle? (1) 22 cm (2) 13 cm (3) 19 cm (4) 26 cm	(4) 26 cm
5	Which unit is suitable to measure the length of a pencil? (1) centimetres (2) meters (3) kilometres (4) decimetres	(1) centimetres
6	What is the area of the given figure in sq units ? (1) 10 sq units (2) 15 sq units (3) 3 sq units (4) 25 sq units	(4) 15 sq units
7	What is the area of this rectangle in square centimetres? (1) 18 sq cm (2) 80 sq cm (3) 8 sq cm (4) 70 sq cm	(2) 80 sq cm
8	A rug had length of 9 ft and a width of 3 ft. What is the perimeter of the rug? (1) 27 ft (2) 18 ft (3) 24 ft (4) 26 ft	(3) 24 ft

9	A piece of plywood was cut whose length was 6m by 2m. What is the area of the wood? (1)12 m ² (2)16 m ² (3)24 m ² (4)20 m ²	(1)12 m ²
10	A square is drawn on a grid with each side covering 4 squares. What is the perimeter of the square? (1)18 units (2)16 units (3)12 units (4)20 units	(2)16 units

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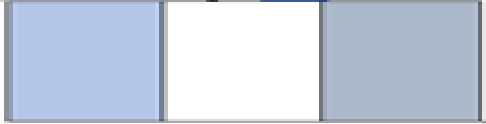
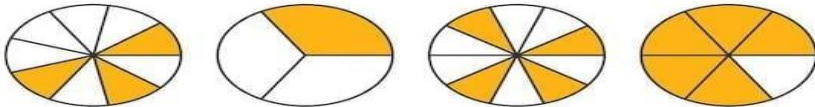
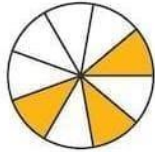
LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

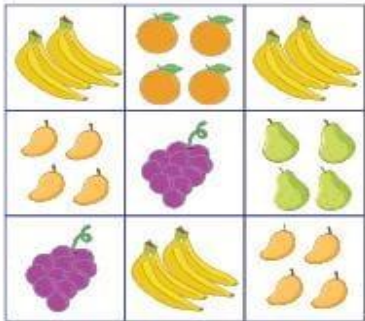
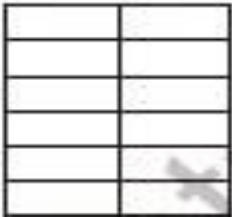
SUBJECT - MATHS

CHAPTER NO. - 4

CHAPTER NAME – PARTS AND WHOLE

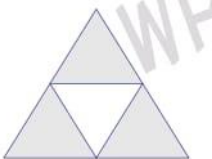
CLASSWORK

Q. No .	Question	Answer
1	Fraction whose numerator is greater than the denominator is called _____ (1) Mixed (2)Like (3) Unlike (4)Improper	4)Improper
2	5/7 is an example of _____ fraction ? (1) Like (2)Proper (3)Unlike (4)Improper	(2)Proper
3	Unit fraction are fractions which has _____ (1) numerator less than denominator (2)denominator is greater than numerator (3) one as the numerator (4)one as the denominator	(3)one as the numerator
4	1/3 of Rs180 is _____? (1) Rs 60 (2) Rs 90 (3) Rs 40 (4) Rs 45	(1) Rs 60
5	What fraction of shape is shaded?  (1)3/4 (2)1/3 (3)2/3 (3)3/2	(3)2/3
6	Which of the figures correctly represent the fraction 3/9?  (1) (2) (3) (4)	(1) 

7	Which of the following are like fractions? (1) $\frac{4}{4}$, $\frac{6}{4}$, $\frac{7}{4}$, $\frac{8}{3}$ (2) $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ (3) $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{8}{9}$ (4) $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$	(2) $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{1}{5}$
8	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 1500 = _____ ? (1) 275 (2) 500 (3) 750 (4) 375	(4) 375
9	If 1 litre = 1000 millilitres , then $\frac{1}{4}$ of a 1litre = _____ ? (1) 550 millilitres (2) 750 millilitres (3) 250 millilitres (4) 500 millilitres	(3) 250 millilitres
10	Which two fruits cover the field of $\frac{2}{9}$ each :  (1) Grapes and Pear (2) Banana and Grapes (3) Mango and Orange (4) Grapes and Mango	(4) Grapes and Mango
11	If one kg Carrot is for Rs 37, what will be the cost of $\frac{1}{2}$ kg of carrot? (1) Rs18 (2) Rs11.3 (3) Rs18.5 (4) Rs18.75	(3) Rs 18.5
12	 $\frac{1}{4}$ of the given figure will be _____ pieces: (1) 3 (2) 4 (3) 5 (4) 6	(1) 3
13	$\frac{25}{19} + \frac{6}{19} =$ _____ ? (1) $\frac{40}{19}$ (2) $\frac{31}{38}$ (3) $\frac{30}{19}$ (4) $\frac{31}{19}$	(4) $\frac{31}{19}$
14	Arrange the given fraction $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{2}{9}$ in ascending order: (1) $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{9}$ (2) $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{2}{5}$ (3) $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{2}{3}$ (4) $\frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{3}$	(3) $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{4},$ $\frac{2}{3}$

15	Emma has a pizza and she cuts it into 6 equal slices. She eats $\frac{2}{6}$ of the pizza. How much pizza is left? (1) $\frac{3}{6}$ (2) $\frac{4}{6}$ (3) $\frac{5}{6}$ (4) $\frac{1}{6}$	(2) $\frac{4}{6}$
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HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	A combination of fraction and a whole number is called a _____ ? (1) Unlike Fraction (2) Like Fraction (3) Mixed Fraction (4) Improper Fraction	(3) Mixed Fraction
2	$\frac{2}{8}$, $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{4}{8}$ are examples of _____ fraction? (1) Like Fraction (2) unit Fraction (3) Mixed Fraction (4) Improper Fraction	(1) Like Fraction
3	Unlike fractions are fractions which has _____. (1) numerator less than denominator (2) denominator is greater than numerator (3) one as the numerator (4) different denominator	(4) different denominator
4	What fraction of the given figure is shaded?  (1) $\frac{2}{4}$ (2) $\frac{3}{4}$ (3) $\frac{1}{4}$ (4) $\frac{4}{1}$	(2) $\frac{3}{4}$
5	Sarah has 24 marbles, and she gives $\frac{1}{4}$ of them to her friend. How many marbles did Sarah give away? (1) 4 marbles (2) 6 marbles (3) 12 marbles (4) 8 marbles	(2) 6 marbles
6	If 1 Hr = 60 minutes, then $\frac{1}{3}$ of an hour = _____ minutes ? (1) 20 (2) 30 (3) 15 (4) 25	(1) 20
7	Raju studies for 6 hours a day, it is _____ part of the day? (1) $\frac{1}{5}$ (2) $\frac{1}{4}$ (3) $\frac{1}{8}$ (4) $\frac{1}{10}$	(2) $\frac{1}{4}$
8	Meenu sleeps for $\frac{1}{3}$ part of a day, for how many hours does she sleep a day ? (1) 9 hrs (2) 4hrs (3) hrs (4) 8hrs	(4) 8hrs

9	Ajay completed $\frac{5}{8}$ part of his work whereas Sonu completed $\frac{3}{8}$ part of his work. How much part of difference is between their work ? (1) $\frac{8}{8}$ (2) $\frac{3}{8}$ (3) $\frac{2}{8}$ (4) 1	(3) $\frac{2}{8}$
10	There are 36 chocolates in a box. Ramu gave two third chocolates in the class. How many chocolates did he gave in class? (1) 24 (2) 18 (3) 22 (4) 12	(1) 24

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LAT WORKSHEET

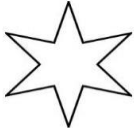
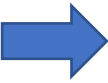
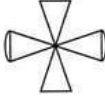
CLASS - V

SUBJECT - MATHS

CHAPTER NO. - 5

CHAPTER NAME - Does It Look The Same

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	How many lines of symmetry does the given figure have ?  (1)4 (3)2 (2)8 (4)6	(4)6
2	How many vertical lines of symmetry does the given figure have ?  (1)1 (3)3 (2)0 (4)3	(2)0
3	What is the angle of rotation of a square? (1)45 degree (3)90 degrees (2)180 degrees (4)120 degrees	(3)90 degrees
4	What is the order of rotation of the given figure ?  (1)2 (3)3 (2)4 (4)1	(1) 2
5	When an object or shape is divided into identical parts it is called _____? (1) asymmetry (3) rotation symmetry (2)order of symmetry (4)symmetry	(4) symmetry
6	Which of the following set of alphabets are asymmetric? (1)D,E,O,Q (3)I,A,Q,B (2)L,P,J,F (4)C,Q,A,B	(2)L,P,J,F

7	Which of the following numbers have line of symmetry? (1) 7 (2) 8 (3) 9 (4) 4	(2) 8
8	Which of the following shape has vertical line of symmetry?  (a)  (b)  (c)  (d) (1) a (2) b (3) c (4) d	(4) d
9	What is the order of rotational symmetry of a semi-circle in anti-clockwise direction? (1) 3 (2) 4 (3) 2 (4) 1	(4) 1
10	Which of the following words has horizontal line of symmetry? (1) ROOM (2) TOOK (3) BOOK (4) LOOK	(3) BOOK
11	How many lines of symmetry does the figure have?  (1) 4 (2) 6 (3) 2 (4) 1	(3) 2
12	How will the given image look after 1/3 turn ?  (1)  (2)  (3)  (4)	(3) 
13	Which of the following alphabets only have 2 rotational symmetry and 2 lines of symmetry? (1) I (2) M (3) E (4) Z	(1) I

14	A butterfly's wings are symmetrical. If one wing has 8 spots, how many spots does the other wing have? (1)5 (3)6	(2)8 (4)5	(2)8
15	A square is turned in 90 degrees. How many times can it be turned to come at the initial position? (1)6 (3)2	(2)1 (4)4	(4) 4

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The number of positions a shape can be rotated and still looks exactly the same as it did before rotation is called _____ symmetry. (1) Rotational symmetry (3) Lines of symmetry	(2)Angle of rotational symmetry (4)Degree of rotational symmetry (1) Rotational symmetry
2	A line that divides a shape or object exactly in half is called _____ ? (1) Rotational symmetry (3) Lines of symmetry	(2)Angle of rotational symmetry (4) symmetry (3) Lines of symmetry
3	What is the angle of rotational symmetry of a rectangle in anti-clockwise direction? (1)180 degrees (3)45 degrees	(2)90 degrees (4)120 degrees (1)180 degrees
4	What is the order of rotation of the given figure:  (1) 4 (3)3	(2)1 (4)2 (4)2
5	Which of the following letters have horizontal line of symmetry? (1)M,U,Y,B (3)E,I,X,H	(2)B,L,H,T (4)O,M,H,B (3)E,I,X,H
6	Which of the following have a horizontal line of symmetry? (1)A (3) E	(2) M (4) L (3)E
7	How many lines of symmetry does the letter "A" have ? (1)2 (3) 3	(2)1 (4)0 (2)1

8	If you cut an apple vertically into two equal halves, what happens to the shape of each half? (1) They will be mirror images of each other. (2) They will be different shapes. (3) They will be the same shape but different sizes. (4) They will form a circle.	(1) They will be mirror images of each other.
9	Which of the number remains the same after creating their mirror image? (1)9 (2)7 (3) 3 (4)8	(4)8
10	Which of the following letter remains unchanged after creating their mirror image? (1)X (2)R (3) Z (4)J	(1)X

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - MATHS

CHAPTER NO. - 6

CHAPTER NAME – Be My Multiple, I'll Be Your Factor

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	A _____ is the product of a given whole number and another whole number ? (1) Multiple (2)Factor (3) Prime number (4)Composite Number	(1)Multiple
2	What are the factors of 12 ? (1)1,2,5,6 (2)1,2,3,7 (3)12,24,36,48 (4)1,2,3,4	(4)1,2,3,4
3	What are the first four multiples of 8? (1)1,2,4,8 (2)8,16,24,36 (3)8,16,24,32 (4)8,16,24,40	(3)8,16,24,32
4	What is the LCM OF 3 and 5? (1)45 (2)15 (3)30 (4)60	(2)15
5	What is the HCF of 12 and 18 ? (1)2 (2)4 (3)6 (4)9	(3)6
6	What is the fourth multiple of 18? (1)90 (2)54 (3)36 (4)72	(4)72
7	I'm a multiple of 4 and 8. I come between 30 and 40 . Who am I ? (1)32 (2)8 (3)40 (4)16	(1)32
8	Prime Factorisation of 36 is _____ ? (1)2x2x2x3 (2)2x2x3x3 (3)2x2x2x3x5 (4)3x3x5	(2)2x2x3x3

9	If 12 is a multiple of 4, what is the factor? (1) 5 (2) 4 (3) 6 (4) 12	(2)4
10	If $6 \times 5 = 30$, then 6 is a _____ of 30? (1) Multiple (2) Prime number (3) Factor (4) Composite number	(3) Factor
11	What will be the sum of first 5 multiples of 3? (1) 50 (2) 15 (3) 30 (4) 45	(4) 45
12	I'm fourth multiple of 5 and tenth multiple of 2. Who am I? (1) 20 (2) 10 (3) 18 (4) 30	(1) 20
13	What will be the sum of first three factors of 8? (1) 8 (2) 7 (3) 15 (4) 13	(2) 7
14	Oliver needs to ship 14 rock CDs and 12 classical CDs. He can pack only one type of CD in each box and must pack same number of CDs in each box. What will be the greatest number of CDs Oliver will pack in each box ? (1) 2 (2) 3 (3) 4 (4) 7	(1) 2
15	Joe goes for badminton practice in auditorium on every 2 nd day and Jack goes for practice on every 4 th day. Find out on which day will they both meet in the auditorium? (1) 8 th day (2) 6 th day (3) 4 th day (4) 12 th day	(3) 4 th day

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which is the multiple of 12? (1) 72 (2) 94 (3) 13 (4) 6	(1) 72
2	What is the LCM of 4 and 6? (1) 4 (2) 12 (3) 6 (4) 24	(2) 12
3	What is the HCF of 30 and 90 is _____ ? (1) 15 (2) 10 (3) 30 (4) 5	(3) 30

4	Prime Factorisation of 18 is _____ ? (1) $2 \times 2 \times 2$ (3) $3 \times 3 \times 2$ (2) $3 \times 3 \times 3$ (4) $2 \times 3 \times 3$	(4) $2 \times 3 \times 3$
5	If 18 is a multiple of 6, what are the factors? (1) 2,3 (3) 1,4 (2) 3,5 (4) 2,4	(1) 2,3
6	Product of first three prime numbers are: (1) 20 (3) 40 (2) 30 (4) 6	(2) 30
7	What will be the sum of factors of 12? (1) 28 (3) 12 (2) 24 (4) 30	(1) 28
8	A multiple of 3 and 5 greater than 42 but less than 49? (1) 40 (3) 45 (2) 44 (4) 47	(3) 45
9	Sam visits the library every fourth day and Ron visits the library every sixth day. Find out the day on which both meet at the library? (1) 24 th day (3) 28 th day (2) 12 th day (4) 19 th day	(2) 12 th day
10	Cheenu has 15 oranges, 9 peaches and 18 pears. She wants to put all of the fruit in baskets having same number without mixing it. What is the greatest number of fruits Cheenu will put in each basket? (1) 4 (3) 5 (2) 9 (4) 3	(4) 3

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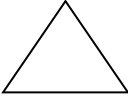
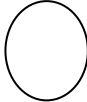
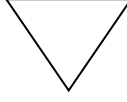
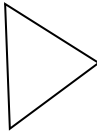
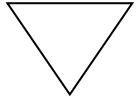
CLASS - V

SUBJECT - Maths

CHAPTER NO. - 7

CHAPTER NAME – Can You See Pattern

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Complete the following pattern:  (1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 	(3) 
2	What will come next in the series :  (1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 	(3) 
3	Write the next number: 2,4,6,8,10, _____ , _____ , _____? (1) 11,12,13 (2)10,12,14 (3)12,14,18 (4)12,14,16	(4)12,14,16

4	Complete the number series : 23,20,17,14,11, _____ , _____ , _____ ? (1)8,5,2 (3)8,6,2 (2)9,3,1 (4)9,6,3	(1)8,5,2
5	Write the rule for the given number series: 36,30,24,18,12 (1) Subtract 5 (3) Add 6 (2)Subtract 6 (4)Add 5	(2) Subtract 6
6	Look at the pattern and complete the following: $1 \times 1 = 1$ $11 \times 11 = 121$ $111 \times 111 = 12321$ $1111 \times 1111 = \text{_____} ?$ (1)123213 (3)12344321 (2)1234321 (4)123321	(2)1234321
7	What will come next in the sequence: A2B , b3c, C4D, _____ ? (1)G5H (3)c4d (2)D5E (4)d5e	(4)d5e
8	Choose the correct option which follows the rule of the given series: 2,8,14,20 (1)26,32,38,44 (3)1a,2b,3c,4d (2)2,8,15,20 (4)10,15,24,28	(1) 26,32,38,44
9	What will be the next pattern: 121,131,141,____? (1)161 (3)151 (2)181 (4)191	(3)151
10	Fill the missing number: 20,40, _____ ,80,100 (1)70 (3)100 (2)60 (4)50	(2)60
11	A baker bakes cookie in batches of 10. If they bake 10, 20, 30, 40, __ cookies, how many cookies will they bake next? (1) 45 (3) 60 (2) 50 (4) 55	(2) 50
12	A farmer plants 3 trees in the first row, 6 in the second row, 9 in the third row, and so on. How many trees will be in the 5th row? (1) 12 (3) 18 (2) 15 (4) 20	(2) 15
13	Following the rule “twice the number” a pattern is formed: 2,4,16. What will be the next number after 16? (1)32 (3)156 (2)60 (4)256	(4)256

14	Jane was arranging his toy cars in a row. The first row had 4 cars, the second row had 6 cars. How many toy cars will the third row have, if the same pattern is followed? (1)10 (3)12	(2)8 (4)7	(2)8
15	Jack solved 3 sums on the first day, 6 sums on the second, 9 sums on third day. If this pattern continues, how many sums did he solved on the fourth day? (1)11 (3)14	(2)10 (4)12	(4)12

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Fill the missing number $7 \times \underline{\quad} = 49$ (1) 6 (3) 7	(2) 8 (4) 2 (3) 7
2	Write the next number: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, _____, _____ ? (1) 36, 42 (3) 6, 12	(2) 42, 48 (4) 40, 46 (1) 36, 42
3	Complete the number series : 50, 45, 40, 35, _____, _____ ? (1) 30, 20 (3) 30, 25	(2) 32, 30 (4) 20, 15 (3) 30, 25
4	Write the rule for the given number series: 30, 32, 34, 36 (1) Subtract 3 (3) Add 2	(2) Subtract 2 (4) Add 4 (3) Add 2
5	A bus arrives every 10 minutes at a station. The first bus arrives at 8:00 AM, the second at 8:10 AM, the third at 8:20 AM, and so on. When will the 6th bus arrive? (1) 8:50 AM (3) 8:30 AM	(2) 9:00 AM (4) 9:10 AM (1) 8:50 AM
6	Look at the pattern: Y, W, U, S, __. What letter comes next? (1) R (3) V	(2) T (4) Q (4) Q
7	A gardener plants flowers in a triangular pattern. The first row has 1 flower, the second has 3 flowers, the third has 6 flowers, and the fourth has 10 flowers. How many flowers will be in the 5th row? (1) 12 (3) 20	(2) 15 (4) 25 (2) 15

8	Fill in the missing number: 112,122,132,142 _____ ? (1)181 (2)162 (3)172 (4)152	(4)152
9	An apple tree was 14ft tall in the year 2018. How tall will it be in the year 2020,if the tree grew by 4 ft every year? (1)22ft (2)24ft (3)26ft (4)32ft	(1)22ft
10	A boy collects shells every day: 2 on the first day, 6 on the second, 12 on the third, and 20 on the fourth. How many shells will he collect on the fifth day? (1) 30 (2) 32 (3) 35 (4) 40	(1) 30

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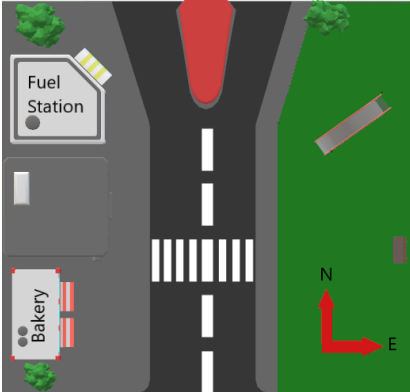
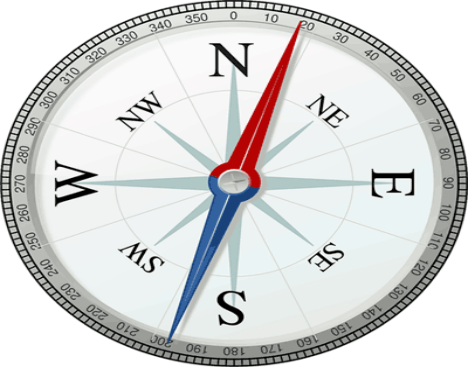
CLASS - V

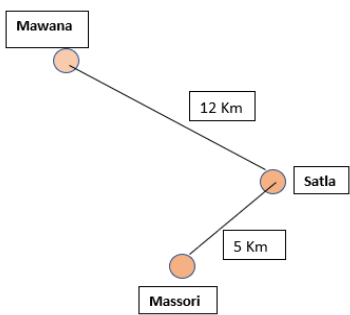
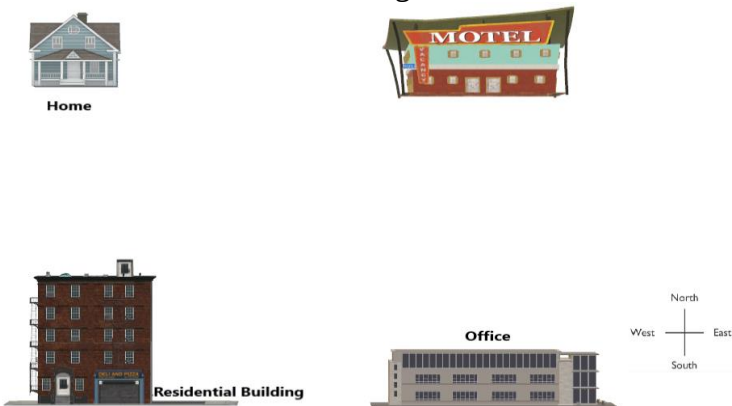
SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

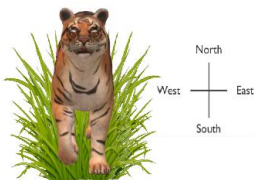
CHAPTER NO. - 8

CHAPTER NAME – MAPPING YOUR WAY

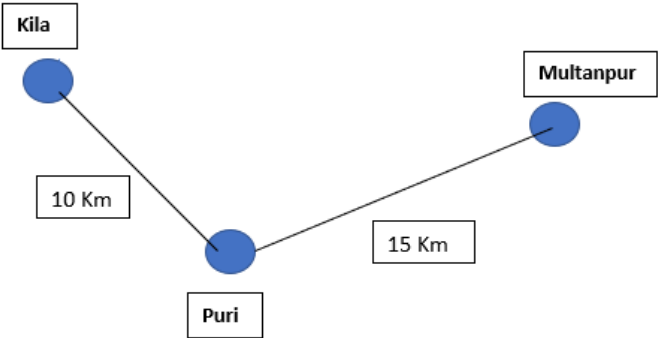
CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Palak is standing at the fuel station, she wants to go to the bakery. Towards which direction she should walk? 	(4) South
2	A compass tells us... 	(1) Direction

6	Find the distance between Mawana to Massori.  (1) 3 km (2) 10 km (3) 17 km (4) None	(3) 17 km
7	Aman is living in a residential building, he wants to go to the office. In which direction he should start moving?  (1) East (2) West (3) North (4) South	(1) East
8	Aman is staying in his home, he wants to go to building 3. In which direction he should walk?  (1) East (2) West (3) North (4) South	(4) South

9	Convert 6000m into km (1) 6 km (3) 0.6 km	(2) 60 km (4) 0.600 km	(1) 6 km
10	If the tiger wants to catch the deer, in which direction he should be making the jump?  	(1) East (3) North (2) West (4) South	(4) South
11	Which unit is most appropriate to measure the distance between two cities? (1) Centimetres (3) Millimetres	(2) Kilometres (4) Meters	(2) Kilometres
12	If you are going from Himachal Pradesh to MP in which direction are you going? (1) East (3) North	(2) West (4) South	(4) South
13	If you are going to north then you turned to the left, now in which direction are you going? (1) East (3) North	(2) West (4) South	(2) West
14	Name the state which doesn't have sea on any side. (1) Gujarat (3) Bihar	(2) Goa (4) Tamil Nadu	(3) Bihar
15	What does the scale on a map help you determine? (1) The population of a city . (2) The actual distance between two places. (3) The color of buildings. (4) The direction of the wind.		(2) The actual distance between two places.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	(If you are facing the rising sun, which direction are you facing? (1) West (2) North (3) East (4) South	(3) East
2	Find the total distance between Kila and Multanpur  (1) 22 km (2) 15 km (3) 12 km (4) 25 km	(4) 25 km
3	Convert 60000m into km. (1) 6 km (2) 60 km (3) 0.6 km (4) 0.600 km	(2) 60 km
4	If you walk 5 steps East and then 5 steps North, which direction will you be from your starting point? (1) Northwest (2) Northeast (3) Southwest (4) Southeast	(2) Northeast
5	State to the west of Gujarat. (1) Odisha (2) Himachal Pradesh (3) Bihar (4) None	(4) None
6	Nonu lives in Gujarat. Nonu's friend Javed lives in West Bengal. Nonu wants to visit his friend. In which direction will he travel. (1) Towards East (2) Towards West (3) Towards North (4) Towards South	(1) Towards East
7	You are standing at a crossroads facing North. If you turn 180 degrees, which direction you face? (1) South (2) East (3) West (4) North	(1) South

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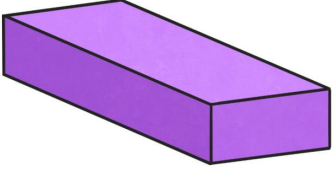
CLASS - V

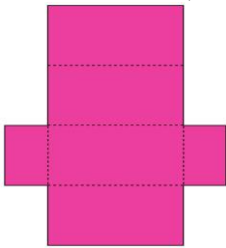
SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 9

CHAPTER NAME - BOXES AND SKETCHES

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	A Cuboid is a _____ shape.  (1) Two Dimensional (2) Three Dimensional (3) Four Dimensional (4) Five Dimensional	(2) Three Dimensional
2	 Look at the ladoo box, which shape does it have? (1) Spherical (2) Cuboidal (3) Conical (4) Circular	(2) Cuboidal
3	How many faces does a cube has? (1) 4 (2) 8 (3) 6 (4) 12	(3) 6
4	How many corners are there in a cuboidal room? (1) 4 (2) 8 (3) 6 (4) 12	(2) 8
5	The plane shapes which have two measurements like length and breadth is known as _____. (1) Two Dimensional (2) Three Dimensional (3) Four Dimensional (4) Five Dimensional	(1) Two Dimensional

6	The sum of two opposite faces of a standard dice is always _____ (1) 4 (2) 8 (3) 6 (4) 7	(4) 7
7	Which shape is this?  (1) Sphere (2) Cuboid (3) Cone (4) Cylinder	(3) Cone
8	The net of a cube contains _____ squares. (1) 4 (2) 8 (3) 6 (4) 9	(3) 6
9	All the faces of a cube are same. (1) True (2) False (3) Can't be determined (4) None of these	(1) True
10	Pick the odd one out based on the shapes of the following objects. (1) Glass tumbler (2) Candle (3) Water Pipe (4) Book	(4) Book
11	A sphere has (1) 1 VERTEX (2) 8 VERTEX (3) 6 VERTEX (4) 0 VERTEX	(4) 0 VERTE X
12	Area of one face of cuboid will be_____. (1) Length + breadth (2) Length - breadth (3) Length X breadth (4) None	(3) Length X breadth
13	A face of a standard dice containing number 4 has its opposite face with number_____. (1) 4 (2) 3 (3) 6 (4) 9	(2) 3
14	Look at the net, can it be folded to make a cuboidal box?  (1) Yes (2) No (3) Can't be determined (4) None of these	(1) Yes

7	If you fold a net with 4 rectangles and 2 squares, what shape will you form? (1) Cube (2) cuboid (3) cylinder (4) none of these	(2) cuboid
8	Which of the following dimension is not present in a 2-D shape? (1) Length (2) Breadth (3) Height (4) None	3) Height
9	Dice is an example of a_____. (1) Sphere (2) Cuboid (3) Cone (4) Cube	(4) Cube
10	Which of the following is not a 3-D shape? (1) Sphere (2) Cuboid (3) Cone (4) None	(4) None

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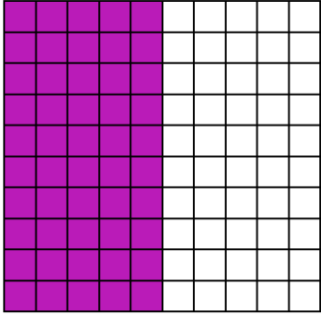
LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

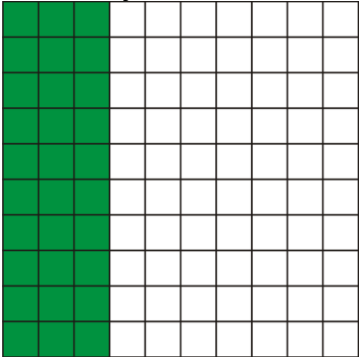
SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 10

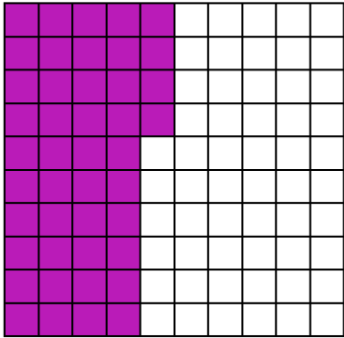
CHAPTER NAME - TENTHS AND HUNDREDTHS

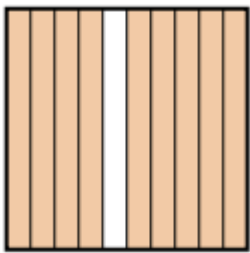
CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which fraction is equivalent to $40/100$? (1) $400/10$ (2) $40/10$ (3) $4/10$ (4) $1/2$	(3) $4/10$
2	Write the amount shown on the model in fraction form.  (1) $50/100$ (2) $50/10$ (3) $20/100$ (4) $100/20$	(1) $50/100$
3	$2/100 + 13/100 =$ (1) $20/100$ (2) $20/100$ (3) $15/100$ (4) $10/200$	(3) $15/100$
4	Which fractions are not equivalent? (1) $2/10$ and $20/100$ (2) $9/100$ and $90/10$ (3) $90/100$ and $9/10$ (4) $80/100$ and $8/10$	(2) $9/100$ and $90/10$
5	$2/10 + 13/100 =$ (1) $30/100$ (2) $33/100$ (3) $16/100$ (4) $18/200$	(2) $33/100$
6	Which fraction is equivalent to $70/100$? (1) $7/100$ (2) $170/100$ (3) $7/10$ (4) $18/100$	(3) $7/10$
7	Write seven tenths as a decimal? (1) 0.07 (2) 0.7 (3) 7 (4) 0.007	(2) 0.7

8	How do you say 0.42? (1) Forty-two tenths (2) Forty-two hundredths (3) Forty-two tens (4) Forty-two hundreds	(2) Forty-two hundredths
9	Which of the following numbers is the GREATEST? (1) 0.32 (2) 0.23 (3) 0.300 (4) 0.3000	1) 0.32
10	How can you write this as a decimal?  (1) 0.0003 (2) 0.03 (3) 0.300 (4) 0.3	(4) 0.3
11	Compare 0.5 _____ 0.05 (1) < Less Than (2) > Greater Than (3) = Equal (4) None	(2) > Greater Than
12	Compare 0.3 _____ 0.30 (1) < Less Than (2) > Greater Than (3) = Equal (4) None	(3) = Equal
13	If you have 2.56 liters of water, how many hundredths of a liter do you have? (1) 56 hundredths (2) 2 hundredths (3) 6 hundredths (4) 6 hundredths	(1) 56 hundredths
14	What is the decimal equivalent of three tenths and five hundredths? (1) 0.35 (2) 0.53 (3) 0.035 (4) None of these	(1) 0.35
15	The distance from the school to Jake's house is 4.29 miles. What is the value of the underlined digit in 4.2<u>9</u>? (1) nine hundredths (2) nine tenths (3) nine ones (4) nine hundreds	(1) nine hundredths

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	$5/10 + 23/100 =$ (1) $26/100$ (2) $73/100$ (3) $15/28$ (4) $16/200$	(2) $73/100$
2	The grid represents 1 whole. What is the fractional value of the shaded area?  (1) $42/100$ (2) $29/100$ (3) $44/100$ (4) $44/200$	(3) $44/100$
3	Which is NOT equal to four tenths? (1) 0.4 (2) $4/10$ (3) 0.04 (4) $40/100$	(3) 0.04
4	Which numbers is equal to nine tenths? (1) 0.9 (2) $9/100$ (3) 0.09 (4) $90/10$	(1) 0.9
5	Which of the following is the SMALLEST? (1) 0.75 (2) 1.00 (3) 0.50 (4) 0.30	(4) 0.30
6	How do you write thirty hundredths as a decimal ? (1) 3.100 (2) 0.30 (3) 0.030 (4) 0.3000000	(2) 0.30
7	Compare 2.5 _____ 3.2 (1) < Less Than (2) > Greater Than (3) = Equal (4) None	(1) < Less Than
8	Compare 0.85 _____ 0.88 (1) < Less Than (2) > Greater Than (3) = Equal (4) None	(1) < Less Than

9	What does the model represent?  (1) 0.009 (3) 0.9 (2) 0.09 (4) 0.99	(3) 0.9
10	What decimal does the figure below represent?  (1) 0.2 (3) 0.4 (2) 0.3 (4) 0.5	(2) 0.3

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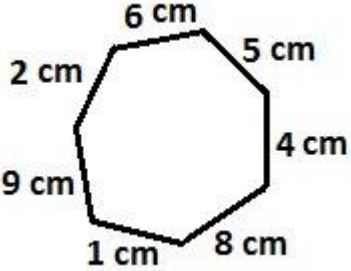
LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

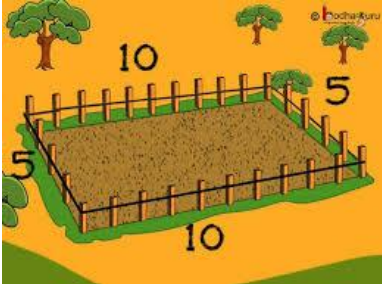
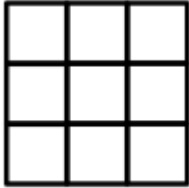
SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 11

CHAPTER NAME - AREA AND ITS BOUNDARY

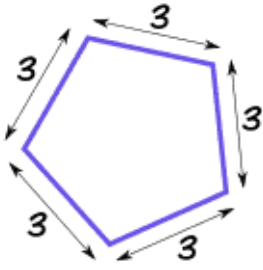
CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	For which of the following you can calculate perimeter ? (1) Circle (2) Rectangle (3) Square (4) All the these	(4) All the these
2	Find the perimeter of given figure?  (1) 34 cm (2) 35 cm (3) 36 cm (4) 38 cm	(2) 35cm
3	Perimeter is _____ a shape. (1) Length of the longest side (2) Area of (3) Distance around (4) All of the these	(3) Distance around
4	Only _____ figures have perimeter. (1) Closed (2) Open (3) Rectangle (4) All of the these	(1) Closed
5	How much wire will be needed to form a rectangle whose length is 10m and breadth is 8m? (1) 34 m (2) 35 m (3) 36 m (4) 38 m	(3) 36 m
6	A square jogging track has side 100 m each. If Raju completes 2 rounds of it, find out the distance that he travelled. (1) 200 m (2) 400 m (3) 600 m (4) 800 m	(4) 800 m

7	If the perimeter of a square is 36 cm find the value of side? (1) 20 cm (2) 17 cm (3) 9 cm (4) 14 cm	(3) 9 cm
8	A unit for measuring area. (1) Area (2) Square unit (3) Unit cube (4) None	(2) Square unit
9	What is the perimeter of the fence?  (1) 20 units (2) 25 units (3) 30 units (4) 35 units	(3) 30 units
10	What is the perimeter of this rectangle?  (1) 20 units (2) 12 units (3) 30 units (4) 15 units	(2) 12 units
11	Ben wanted to make a dog pen with an area of 36 square feet. What could the dimensions of his dog pen be? (1) 3 x 6 feet (2) 9 feet + 9 feet (3) 9 x 4 feet (4) 9 x 8 feet	(3) 9 x 4 feet
12	What is the difference between area and perimeter? (1) Area measures the amount of square units inside and perimeter does too . (2) Area measures the outside distance of an object and perimeter measures space inside. (3) Area measures space inside figure and perimeter measures outside distance of figure (4) Area and perimeter both measure the distance outside of a figure.	(3) Area measures space inside figure and perimeter measures outside distance of figure.
13	A rectangle flower bed had a total area of 35 square yards. If it was 5 yards wide, how long was it? (1) 175 yards (2) 15 yards (3) 7 yards (4) 75 yards	(3) 7 yards

14	The area of a square is 100 square cm. The length of each side is _____ (1) 20 cm (2) 10 cm (3) 9 cm (4) 14 cm	(2) 10 cm
15	The perimeter of a thick paper sheet of length 14 cm and width 9 cm is _____ (1) 40 cm (2) 20 cm (3) 46 cm (4) 24 cm	(3) 46 cm

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What is the perimeter?  (1) 24 cm (2) 16 cm (3) 15 cm (4) 20 cm	(3) 15 cm
2	The lengths of opposite sides of a rectangle are _____ (1) Equal (2) One-third of each other (3) Half of each other (4) Not equal	(1) Equal
3	Lengths of adjacent sides of a rectangle are 5 cm and 4 cm. What would be its perimeter? (1) 20 cm (2) 18 cm (3) 9 cm (4) 14 cm	(2) 18 cm
4	The distance around an object is called the (1) Area (2) Perimeter (3) Distance (4) None	(2) Perimeter
5	The space inside an object is called it's (1) Area (2) Perimeter (3) Distance (4) Circumference	(1) Area
6	How do you find the area of a rectangle? (1) Length + Length + Length + Length (2) Length + Width (3) Length x Width (4) Width x Width	(3) Length x Width

7	Find the area of rectangle whose length is 20 cm and breadth is 5 cm. (1) 20 cm ² (2) 100 cm ² (3) 90 cm ² (4) 140 cm ²	(2) 100 cm ²
8	If the perimeter of a square is 16 cm find the value of side? (1) 20 cm (2) 7 cm (3) 9 cm (4) 4 cm	(4) 4 cm
9	Find the area of rectangle whose length is 10 cm and breadth is 8 cm. (1) 20 cm ² (2) 10 cm ² (3) 80 cm ² (4) 40 cm ²	(3) 80 cm ²
10	A flower bed had a total area of 25 square yards. If it was 5 yards wide, how long was it? (1) 15 yards (2) 5 yards (3) 7 yards (4) 75 yards	(2) 5 yards

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

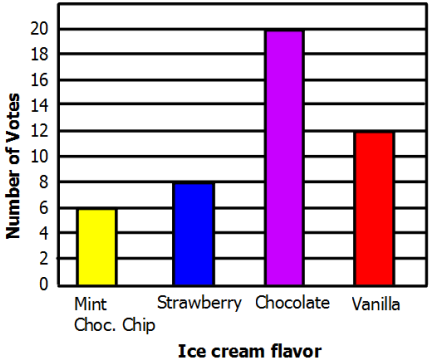
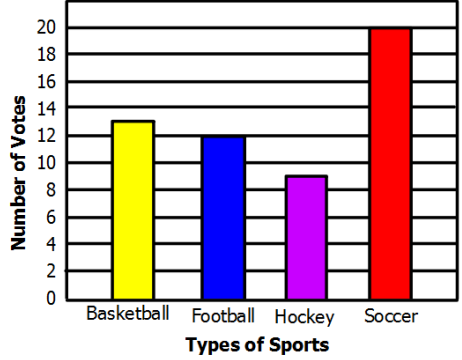
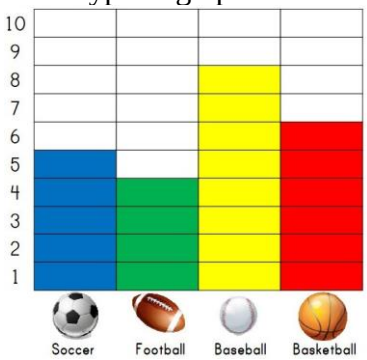
SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 12

CHAPTER NAME – SMART CHART

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What type of graph is this? (1) Bar graph (3) Tally chart (2) Pictograph (4) None Pet  Tally Marks   ### I (3) tally chart	
2	How many tally marks?  (1) 9 (3) 6 (2) 3 (4) 7	(4) 7
3	How many matches got 3 goals? B Number of goals scored in fifteen soccer matches  = 2 matches 0 goals  1 goal  2 goals  3 goals  4 goals  (1) 2 (3) 4 (2) 3 (4) 5	(4) 5

7	How many students like vanilla and chocolate? Favorite Ice Cream Flavor  (1) 20 (3) 30 (2) 32 (4) 28	(2) 32
8	How many students like hockey and football? Favorite Sports  (1) 21 (3) 3 (2) 12 (4) 28	(1) 21
9	What type of graph is this?  (1) Bar graph (3) Tally chart (2) Histogram (4) None	(1) Bar graph
10	_____ help us represent data. (1) Graph (3) Perimeter (2) Area (4) None of these	(1) graph

11

How many children travel by bus ?

Mode of transport	Number of students
Bus	      
Car	   
Walking	     
Bicycle	  
Key :  Represents 3 children	

(1) 21

(2) 12

(3) 10

(4) 8

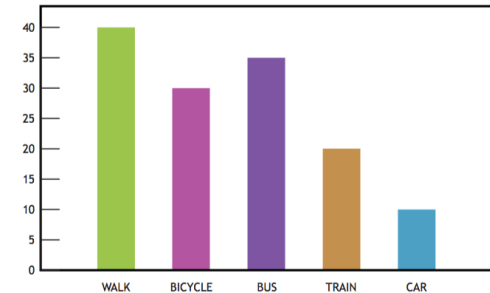
(1) 21

12

How many students take the bus to school?

Getting to School

Use the bar graph to answer the questions.

WALK	BICYCLE	BUS	TRAIN	CAR
40	30	35	20	10

(1) 35

(2) 10

(3) 10

(4) 15

(1) 35

13

On which day was the least amount of money made?

Lemonade Stand Profits

Day	Money Earned
Friday	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Saturday	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Sunday	\$ \$ \$
Monday	\$ \$

\$ = five dollars

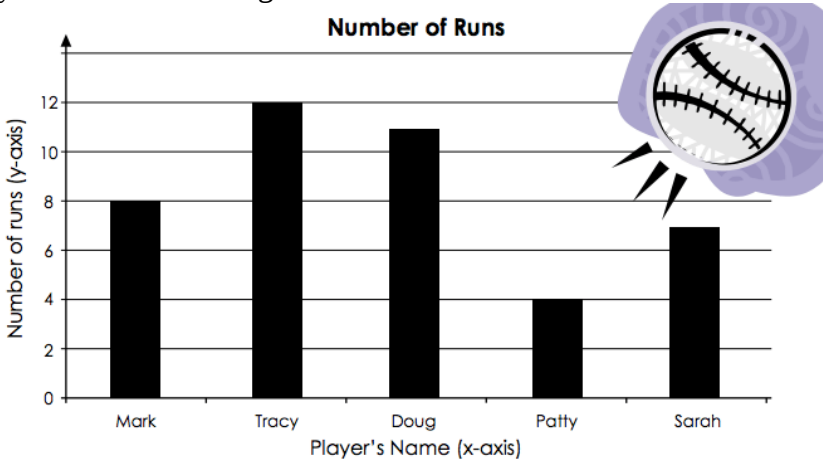
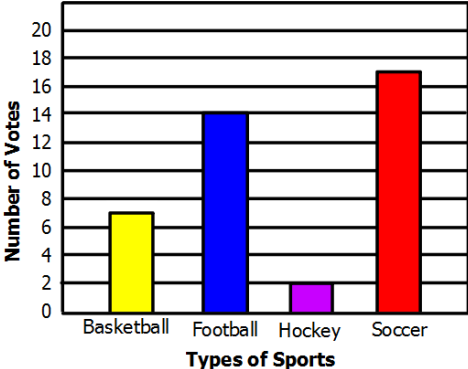
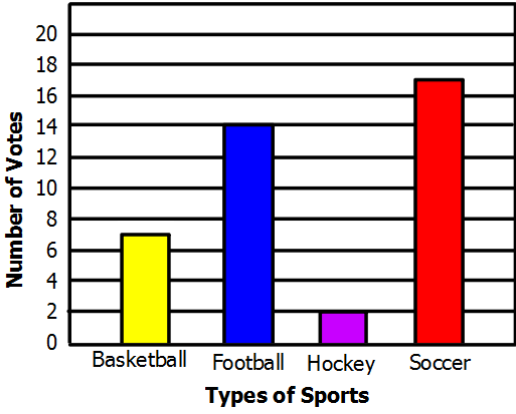
(1) Friday

(2) Saturday

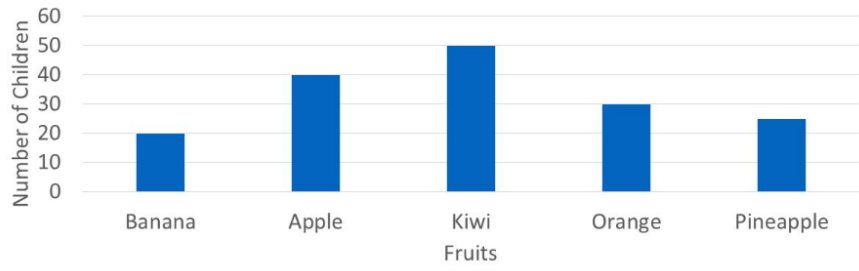
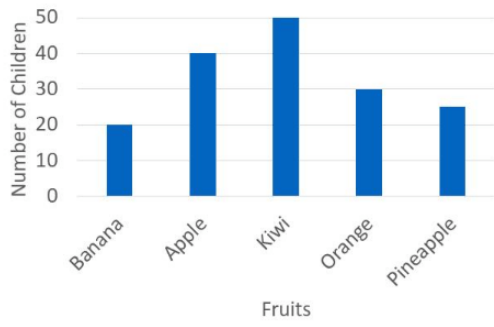
(3) Sunday

(4) Monday

(4) Monday

2	The bar graph shows the number of runs for each player during a baseball season. How many more runs did Doug have than Sarah? Number of Runs  Number of runs (y-axis) Player's Name (x-axis) Mark Tracy Doug Patty Sarah (1) 6 (2) 5 (3) 4 (4) 8	(3) 4
3	How many students like soccer, basketball and hockey in total? Favorite Sports  Number of Votes Types of Sports Basketball Football Hockey Soccer (1) 17 (2) 15 (3) 24 (4) 26	(4) 26
4	How many students voted for their favorite sport? Favorite Sports  Number of Votes Types of Sports Basketball Football Hockey Soccer (1) 17 (2) 55 (3) 40 (4) 50	(3) 40

5	Which insect did most people choose? <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Insects We Like</th><th>Total</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> ladybug</td><td> </td><td>7</td></tr> <tr> <td> grasshopper</td><td> </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td> bumblebee</td><td> </td><td>3</td></tr> </tbody> </table> (1) Ladybug (2) Grasshopper (3) Bumblebee (4) None	Insects We Like		Total	 ladybug		7	 grasshopper		2	 bumblebee		3	(1) Ladybug									
Insects We Like		Total																					
 ladybug		7																					
 grasshopper		2																					
 bumblebee		3																					
6	Which insect did the fewest people choose? <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Insects We Like</th><th>Total</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> ladybug</td><td> </td><td>7</td></tr> <tr> <td> grasshopper</td><td> </td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td> bumblebee</td><td> </td><td>3</td></tr> </tbody> </table> (1) Ladybug (2) Grasshopper (3) Bumblebee (4) None	Insects We Like		Total	 ladybug		7	 grasshopper		2	 bumblebee		3	(2)Grass hopper									
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Days	Number of Absentees	 = 5 students																					
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Days	Number of Absentees	 = 5 students																					
Monday	      																						
Tuesday	   																						
Wednesday																							
Thursday	     																						
Friday	       																						
Saturday																							

9	Which of the following statements is true?  (1) Banana is the most popular fruit (2) Only pineapple is liked less than oranges (3) Kiwi is the most popular fruit (4) Apple is the third most popular fruit	(3) Kiwi is the most popular fruit.												
10	Which fruit's bar is displayed incorrectly?  <table><tr><th>Type of Fruit</th><th>Number of Children</th></tr><tr><td>Banana</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>Apple</td><td>40</td></tr><tr><td>Kiwi</td><td>45</td></tr><tr><td>Orange</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>Pineapple</td><td>25</td></tr></table> (1) Banana (2) Orange (3) Kiwi (4) Apple	Type of Fruit	Number of Children	Banana	20	Apple	40	Kiwi	45	Orange	30	Pineapple	25	(3) Kiwi
Type of Fruit	Number of Children													
Banana	20													
Apple	40													
Kiwi	45													
Orange	30													
Pineapple	25													

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 13

CHAPTER NAME - WAYS TO MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The cost of a table fan is Rs 3250. Find the cost of 5 table fans? (1) Rs 2500 (2) Rs 16250 (3) Rs 4797 (4) Rs 3554	(2) Rs 16250
2	Manu saves Rs 1250 every month. How much amount he can save in one year? (1) Rs 25000 (2) Rs 15000 (3) Rs 79997 (4) Rs 1554	(2) Rs 15000
3	480 books are to be packed in boxes. If one box has 24 books, how many boxes are needed? (1) 50 (2) 20 (3) 40 (4) 60	(2) 20
4	Hari has 4800 rupees in his hand. He wanted to divide this amount amongst his 4 sons. How much money each one will get? (1) Rs 5000 (2) Rs 1200 (3) Rs 1400 (4) Rs 1060	(2) Rs 1200
5	The cost of one book is Rs 124. Manu buys 21 such books. How much money does he pay for the books? (1) Rs 1000 (2) Rs 2200 (3) Rs 2400 (4) Rs 2604	(4) Rs 2604
6	A gardener bought 525 pine trees. He wants to plant 15 trees in each row. How many rows can he plant? (1) 30 (2) 35 (3) 24 (4) 26	(2) 35
7	One litre of petrol costs Rs 82. How many litres can buy for 500 rupees? (1) 6 litres (2) 8 litres (3) 7 litres (4) 9 litres	(1) 6 litres
8	What is $1234 \times 56 = ?$ (1) 6346 (2) 8577 (3) 745678 (4) 69104	(4) 69104

9	A teacher distributed 96 pencils equally among 12 students. Each student gave 2 pencils back to teachers. How many pencils does each student have now? (1) 8 (3) 10	(2) 6 (4) 14	(2) 6
10	Neha has 350 marbles. She gave away half of them to her cousin. Then, she divided the remaining marbles equally into 5 jars. How many marbles are there in each jar? (1) 25 (3) 35	(2) 30 (4) 40	(3) 35
11	A ribbon roll is 720 cm long. It is cut into pieces, each 45 cm long. How many pieces are left if 10 pieces are used? (1) 4 (3) 8	(2) 6 (4) 10	(2) 6
12	A rectangle's length is 8 times its breadth. If the area of the rectangle is 512 square meters, what is the breadth of the rectangle? (1) 4 m (3) 8 m	(2) 9 m (4) 16 m	(3) 8 m
13	A group of friends plans a trip and decides to share the cost equally. If the total cost trip is ₹840 and there are 12 friends, how much should each friend pay? (1) Rs 28 (3) Rs 78	(2) Rs 70 (4) Rs 75	(2) Rs 70
14	A shopkeeper packed 108 candies equally in 9 boxes. If he wants to pack the same candies into boxes containing 6 candies each, how many boxes will he need? (1) 18 (3) 17	(2) 14 (4) 15	(1) 18
15	What is $869 \div 11 = ?$ (1) 79 (3) 78	(2) 77 (4) 75	(1) 79

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	There are 15 students in each row of an assembly line. How many students will be there in such 25 rows? (1) 778 (3) 349	(2) 876 (4) 375
2	Sanu works on a farm. He is paid Rs 325 for one day. If he works for 32 days, how much will he earn? (1) Rs 10700 (3) Rs 10500	(2) Rs 10400 (4) Rs 10600

3	A tray can hold 12 eggs. How many trays are needed to pack 144 eggs? (1) 12 (2) 7 (3) 10 (4) 8	(1) 12
4	What is $181 \times 171 = ?$ (1) 38976 (2) 30951 (3) 58274 (4) 99104	(2) 30951
5	What is $691 \times 444 = ?$ (1) 432976 (2) 306804 (3) 754274 (4) 889104	(2) 306804
6	There are 240 students in a school, and they are divided equally into 8 houses. Each house is further divided into 5 teams. How many students are there in each team? (1) 7 (2) 6 (3) 4 (4) 8	(2) 6
7	What is $765 \div 15 = ?$ (1) 51 (2) 30 (3) 50 (4) 15	(1) 51
8	What is $4228 \div 4 = ?$ (1) 5781 (2) 7680 (3) 2250 (4) 1057	(4) 1057
9	Ananya bought 4 notebooks for Rs 56. She then bought 3 pens, each costing ₹12. What total amount Ananya spent? (1) Rs 92 (2) Rs 33 (3) Rs 100 (4) Rs 54	(1) Rs 92
10	What is $678 \div 6 = ?$ (1) 128 (2) 113 (3) 110 (4) 115	(2) 113

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LAT WORKSHEET

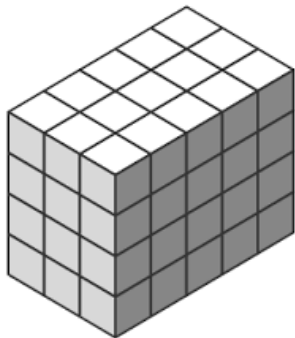
CLASS - V

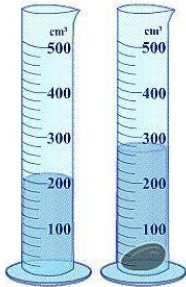
SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NO. - 14

CHAPTER NAME - HOW BIG? HOW HEAVY ?

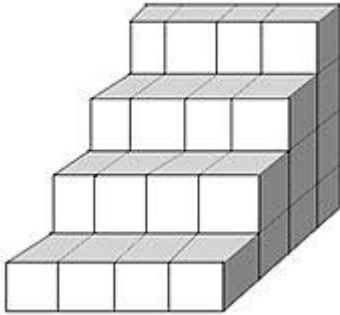
CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The volume of a cuboid is _____. (1) length $\times$ breadth (2) length $\times$ height (3) length $\times$ breadth $\times$ height (4) breadth $\times$ height	(3) length $\times$ breadth $\times$ height
2	The volume of a cube with side measuring 5 cm is _____. (1) 125 cm ³ (2) 135 cm ³ (3) 155 cm ³ (4) 145 cm ³	(1) 125 cm ³
3	How many cubes are there in the given figure? (1) 50 (2) 60 (3) 55 (4) 70	 (2) 60
4	The volume of a box is 81 cm ³ . How many erasers having volume 3 cm ³ can be stacked inside this box? (1) 25 (2) 26 (3) 27 (4) 28	(3) 27
5	Each side of this ice cube measures 2 inches. What is the volume of the ice cube?  (1) 6 cubic inches (2) 8 cubic inches (3) 7 cubic inches (4) 5 cubic inches	(2) 8 cubic inches

6	Find the volume of the ball. (1) 100 cubic units (3) 200 cubic units (2) 500 cubic units (4) 300 cubic units 	(1) 100 Cubic units
7	The space occupied by an object is called its ____. (1) perimeter (3) volume (2) area (4) height	(3) volume
8	What is the weight of these 3 carrots?  (1) 300 g (3) 250 g (2) 400 g (4) 100 g	(2) 400 g
9	Which is the most suitable estimate for the capacity of a bucket used to fill water for bathing? (1) 500 ml (3) 20 L (2) 1 L (4) 50 ml	(3) 20 L
10	If the volume of a cube is 64 m^3, its side is ____. (1) 4 cm (3) 6 cm (2) 4 m (4) 6 m	(2) 4 m
11	Write 3 kg 500g as GRAMS only. (1) 3 gm (3) 0.35 gm (2) 3500 gm (4) 35 gm	(2) 3500 g
12	The weight of Rohan is 29 kg. His father weighs 4 times. Find the weight of his father? (1) 99 kg (3) 109 kg (2) 116 kg (4) 98 kg	(2) 116 kg
13	Which container can hold the largest amount of liquid? (1) A 2 L bottle (3) A mug of 500 ml (2) A bucket of 15 L (4) A cup of 250 ml	(2) A bucket of 15 L

14	A bag can hold weight up to 10 kg. If a book weighs 500g. How many such books the bag can hold? (1) 20 (3) 25	(2) 30 (4) 40	(1) 20
15	Which container is the most suitable for packing 5 liters of cooking oil? (1) A 10-liter bucket (3) Five 1-liter bottles	(2) A 5-liter jar (4) Both (2) and (3)	(4) Both (2) and (3)

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	How many cubes are there in the given figure? (1) 30 (3) 32	(2) 35 (4) 40
		(4) 40
2	A rectangular box is 5 cm long, 3 cm wide and 4 cm high. Find the volume. (1) 90 cm^3 (3) 80 cm^3	(2) 60 cm^3 (4) 45 cm^3
3	A 2-rupee coin weighs 6 g. What is the weight of a sack with 2000 coins? (1) 10 kg (3) 14 kg	(2) 12 kg (4) 16 kg
4	A carton holds 12 bottles, each with a capacity of 750 ml. What is the total volume of liquid the carton can hold? (1) 9 liters (3) 10 liters	(2) 7.5 liters (4) 12 liters
5	A cuboidal storage box is 30 cm long, 20 cm wide, and 15 cm high. How many smaller cubes of side 5 cm can fit inside it? (1) 60 cubes (3) 180 cubes	(2) 72 cubes (4) 240 cubes
6	The weight of marble piece is 3 kg. Raj bought 5 such marble pieces. How much weight does Raj have to carry? (1) 13 kg (3) 14 kg	(2) 12 kg (4) 15 kg

7	The weight of a glass is 250g. In a gifted set, there are 8 such glasses. How heavy will be the gifted set? (1) 3 kg (3) 4 kg	(2) 2 kg (4) 5 kg
8	If a truck can carry a load of 10 cubic meters, how many boxes of 2 cubic meters each can it carry? (1) 2 boxes (3) 10 boxes	(2) 5 boxes (4) 20 boxes
9	A carton of dimensions 50 cm × 40 cm × 20 cm is used to pack items. If the total packed volume is 30,000 cubic centimeters, how much space is left in the carton? (1) 10,000 cubic centimeters (2) 20,000 cubic centimeters (3) 25,000 cubic centimeters (4) 30,000 cubic centimeters	(1) 10,000 cubic centimeter
10	A box measures 30 cm × 20 cm × 10 cm. How many smaller boxes of size 10 cm × 10 cm × 5 cm can fit inside the larger box? (1) 6 (3) 18	(2) 12 (4) 24

EVS

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 1

CHAPTER NAME - Super Senses

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	1. Which of the following animal's ears can be seen from outside? (1) Deer (2) Pigeon (3) Crocodile (4) Sparrow	(1) Deer
2	2. Which of the following animal hear by feeling the vibrations on the ground? (1) Elephant. (2) Snake (3) Cow. (4) Buffalo	(2) snake
3	Which animal can give alarm call by electric signals? (1) Dog (2) Cat (3) Dolphin. (4) Sparrow	3) Dolphin
4	Ants move in a line because of their sense of _____. (1) sight. (2) smell. (3) taste. (4) hearing.	2) smell
5	Ants leave behind a _____ when they move. (1) Water. (2) Smell (3) Blood. (4) None.	2) smell
6	Dogs mark their areas by _____. (1) urinating (2) barking (3) urinating and barking. (4) None	1) urinating
7	Silk worm can find its female by its _____. (1) smell. (2) sound. (3) colour. (4) All of these.	1) smell
8	Name of the bird which has eyes in the front of its head. (1) Owl. (2) Sparrow. (3) Eagle. (4) Hen.	1) owl
9	What is the sleeping time of python? (1) 18hrs. (2) 3hrs. (3) 3.6 hrs. (4) 24hrs.	(1) 18 hrs

10	How many times a tiger can see better than us at night? (1) 4 times. (2) 6 times. (3) 18 times. (4) 10 times.	(3) 6 times
11	Why elephants are killed ? (1) For tusk. (2) For skin. (3) For horn. (4) For musk	(1) Tusk
12	Which of the following animals is endangered animal ? (1) Monkey. (2) Tiger (3) Deer. (4) Cow	(2) Tiger
13	Why do dogs sniff around and mark their territory? (1) To show off to others. (2) To play. (3) To communicate with other dogs. (4) To exercise their sense of smell	(3) To communicate with other dogs
14	Why do lizards disappear in cold seasons? (1) They become invisible. (2) They migrate to forests. (3) They go into hibernation. (4) They climb higher in trees.	(3) They go into hibernation
15	What helps a tiger to sense movement or vibrations in the air? (1) Its whiskers. (2) Its fur (3) Its claws. (4) Its tail	(1) Its whiskers

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	When you look with one eye and then with both eyes, what is the difference? (1) One eye sees better than both eyes. (2) There is no difference in what you see. (3) Both eyes see better than one eye. (4) One eye sees in color, and both eyes see in black and white.	(3) Both eyes see better than one eye.
2	How do snakes hear? (1) Through their mouth. (2) By smelling. (3) By feeling vibrations on the ground. (4) Through external ears.	(3) By feeling vibrations on the ground.
3	Why do some animals go into a long, deep sleep in certain seasons? (1) To avoid humans. (2) To avoid the noise. (3) To become more alert. (4) To save energy and survive when food is scarce.	4) To save energy and survive when food is scarce.

4	How far can some birds like kites, eagles, and vultures see compared to humans? (1) Twice as far. (2) The same distance (3) Half as far. (4) Four times as far	(4) Four times as far
5	Why might an animal's behavior change before a natural disaster? (1) They sense the approaching danger. (2) They are tired. (3) They are hungry. (4) They are playing.	(1) They sense the approaching danger.
6	How do tigers mark their territory? (1). By roaring loudly (2) By scratching the trees (3) By urinating around the area. (4) By leaving the footprints	(3) By urinating around the area.
7	Why do birds often move their necks? (1) To exercise. (2) To look stylish (3) Because their eyes cannot move. (4) To fly faster	(3) Because their eyes cannot move.
8	Where do sloths spend most of their lives? (1) In caves. (2) On the ground (3) On trees. (4) In the water	(3) On trees
9	What do sloths primarily eat? (1) Leaves. (2) Fruits (3) Meat. (4) Insects	(1) Leaves
10	While walking in a park, you see a dog digging a hole in the ground. What might it be doing? (1) Marking its territory (2) Searching for buried food or insects (3) Playing with the dirt (4) Resting	(2) Searching for buried food or insects

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 2

CHAPTER NAME - A snake charmer's story

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What did Aryanath's grandfather Roshan Nathji excel at? (1) Catching snakes. (2) Singing (3) Dancing. (4) Painting	(2) Catching snakes
2	What does the Kalbelia dance represent? (1) The movement of the river. (2) The weather. (3) The movement of the snake. (4) The harvest season.	(3) The movement of the snake.
3	According to Aryanath's grandfather, why did they never kill snakes for profit? (1) Because they were not skilled at it. (2) Because they were afraid of snakes. (3) Because they considered snakes as their treasure. (4) Because they were not interested in making money.	(3) Because they considered snakes as their treasure.
4	What does Aryanath's family use to catch snakes? (1) Traps (2) Nets (3) Special tools. (4) Their hands	(4) Their hands
5	What did Aryanath's family provide to the villagers in return for their help? (1) Medicines. (2) Foodgrains (3) Money. (4) Entertainment	(1) Medicines
6	What did Aryanath's family carry when they moved from village to village? (1) Musical instruments. (2) Snakes in bamboo baskets (3) Toys (4) Foodgrains	(2) Snakes in bamboo baskets.
7	Why did Aryanath's family give snakes as gifts in marriage? (1) For protection. (2) As pets. (3) As a symbol of wealth. (4) As a tradition.	(3) As a tradition.

8	Snake charmers have traditionally used their knowledge about snakes for entertainment. How can this knowledge be used in a better way today? (1) By training people to hunt snakes. (2) By working in snake rescue and conservation programs. (3) By keeping snakes as pets at home. (4) By teaching children to catch snakes.	(2) By working in snake rescue and conservation programs.
9	How did Aryanath's family identify the type of snake in a snake bite incident? (1) Using a special tool. (2) Through the shape of the bite marks. (3) They guessed based on common snakes in the area. (4) By asking the victim.	(2) Through the shape of the bite marks.
10	The poison of a snake enters a person's body through the _____ of the snake . (1) fangs (2) tongue (3) tail (4) None of these	(1) fangs
11	Snake charmers traditionally belong to which community in India? (1) Kalbelia (2) Baiga (3) Bhil (4) None of these	(1) Kalbelia
12	What do snake charmers mainly use their snakes for? (1) Hunting food. (2) Performing shows and earning a livelihood. (3) Worshipping in temples. (4) None of these	(2) Performing shows and earning a livelihood.
13	Which of the following musical instruments are used in a been party? (1) Piano (2) Khanjiri (3) Tabla (4) All of these	(2) Khanjiri
14	What musical instrument is commonly used by snake charmers to attract snakes? (1) Been (2) Khanjiri (3) Tabla (4) All of these	(1) Been
15	Khanjiri is made from dried (1) Bottle gourd (2) Bitter gourd (3) Snake gourd (4) Ridge gourd	(1) Bottle gourd

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Kalbelia is a kind of (1) Dance form (2) Musical instrument (3) Design (4) Song	(1) Dance form

2	Snake charmers used to help people by providing them with medicines made from _____. (1) Herbs. (3) Food	(2) Animals (4) None of these	(1) Herbs
3	The saperas carried snakes in (1) Tin boxes (3) Cloth bags	(2) Bamboo baskets (4) None of these	(2) Bamboo baskets
4	What is the other name of the Duboiya snake? (1) Saw scaled Viper (3) Russel's Viper	(2) Sabre-toothed Viper (4) None of these	(3) Russel's viper
5	Snake charmers or Kalbeliyas used to gift snakes to their daughter when they got _____. (1) graduate (3) married	(2) expired (4) None of these	(3) Married
6	Designs of rangoli, embroidery and wall decoration with the motif of snake is used in Gujarat and South India. These are called (1) Madhuani. (3) Naag Gumphan.	(2) Kalbeliyas. (4) Khanjiri	(3) Naag Gumphan
7	A doctor who specializes in treating sick animals. (1) Veterinarian. (3) zoologist	(2) Scientist (4) Neurosurgeon	(1) Veterinarian
8	The government has made laws to protect snakes and other wild animals. What might be the reason behind this? (1) To stop people from keeping snakes as pets. (2) To increase the number of snakes in cities. (3) To maintain balance in nature and protect biodiversity. (4) To make life difficult for snake charmers.		(3) To maintain balance in nature and protect biodiversity.
9	What would happen if all snakes disappeared from the environment? (1) There would be no change in nature. (2) The number of rodents and pests would increase. (3) The number of trees would decrease. (4) The weather would become hotter.		(2) The number of rodents and pests would increase.
10	What does the story teach us about respecting animals? (1) Animals should only be used for entertainment. (2) Humans must control animals for their benefit. (3) Animals have their own role in nature and must be protected. (4) Snakes are dangerous and should be killed.		(3) Animals have their own role in nature and must be protected.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 3

CHAPTER NAME - FROM TASTING TO DIGESTING

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which sense organ of our body finds the taste of the food? (1) Nose (2) Tongue (3) Skin (4) Ear	(2) Tongue
2	What is digestion? (1) Boling of food (2) Cooking the food . (3) Breaking down of food in simpler form. (4) None of the above	(3) Breaking down of food in simpler form
3	Tiny bumps on the tongue are called _____. (1) Taste buds (2) Rough surface of tongue (3) Muscular part of tongue (4) None of the above	(1) Taste buds
4	Which of the following food items taste salty? (1) Ice cream (2) Cooked vegetables (2) Mango (4) Raw vegetables	(2) Cooked vegetables
5	Which of the following food items taste sweet? (1) Curd (2) Tomatoes (3) Jaggery (4) Milk	(3) Jaggery
6	Which of the following food items taste sour? (1) Bread (2) Tamarind (3) Cashew (4) Sugar	(2) Tamarind
7	Which of the following food items taste bitter? (1) Potato (2) Mango (3) Bitter Gourd (4) Amla	(3) Bitter Gourd
8	We should eat food slowly and _____ it well. (1) Break (2) Like (3) Chew (4) Salt	(3) Chew

9	A _____ drip is given to a patient for instant energy. (1) Glucose (2) Sugar (3) Salt (4) Mineral water	(1) Glucose
10	Saliva is found in our _____. (1) mouth (2) stomach (3) liver (4) kidney	(1) mouth
11	Which food item is rich in carbohydrates? (1) Green vegetables (2) Rice (3) Pulses (4) Egg	(2) Rice
12	The pipe from our mouth to stomach is called as _____. (1) oesophagus (2) wind pipe (3) intestine (4) arteries	(1) oesophagus
13	Which part of our digestive system churns the food? (1) Teeth (2) Pancreas (3) Tongue (4) Stomach	(4) Stomach
14	Large intestine is _____ than small intestine. (1) Bigger (2) Smaller (3) Equal (4) Can't be determined	(2) Smaller
15	Food is _____ in stomach. (1) Digested (2) Cooked (3) Protected (4) All of them	(1) Digested

HOMEWORK

Q. No.		
1	Which solution is given when a person has vomiting and loose motions? (1) ORS (2) Fruit Juice (3) Milk (4) None	(1) ORS
2	When you chew a piece of bread for a long time, it starts tasting sweet. This happens because: (1) Saliva breaks down starch into sugar. (2) Saliva adds flavour to the bread. (3) The bread absorbs water from saliva. (4) None of these.	(1) Saliva breaks down starch into sugar.
3	Which part of the tongue tastes bitter? (1) Front (2) Back (3) Middle (4) All	(2) Back

4	Which nutrient protects us against diseases? (1) Vitamins and minerals (3) protein	(2)fats and carbohydrates (4)all of the above	(1) Vitamins and Minerals
5	Which nutrients give us energy to do work? (1) Vitamins (3) Protein	(2)Fats and carbohydrates (4)Minerals	(2) Fats and Carbohydrates
6	What happens if food is not digested properly? (1) The body stores the food (2) The food causes pain and discomfort . (3) The food turns into water (4) None of these		(2) The food causes pain and discomfort .
7	What is the nature of digestive juices in the stomach? (1) Acidic (3) Neutral	(2)Basic (4)Bone	(1) Acidic
8	Dr. _____ found that food is digested in the stomach by an acidic Juice. (1) John (3) Mestral	(2)Beaumont (4)George	(2) Beaumont
9	Glucose gives _____ to our body immediately. (1) Energy (3) Laziness	(2)Sweet (4)None	(1) Energy
10	A diet which contains all the vitamins, minerals, fats and carbohydrates in an adequate amount is known as (1) Fasting diet (3) Balanced diet	(2)Morning diet (4)Junk food	(3) Balanced

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 04

CHAPTER NAME - MANGOES ROUND THE YEAR

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Most bacteria can be killed by (1) Cooking (2) Refrigeration (3) Freezing (4) Salting	(1) Cooking
2	What is the role of oil in pickles? (1) To give it a shiny appearance (2) To preserve the pickles by preventing spoilage (3) To make the pickles sour (4) To increase the size of the pickles	(2). To preserve the pickles by preventing spoilage
3	Pickles are made by (1) Freezing the mangoes (2) Drying the mangoes (3) Adding salt and spices to mangoes (4) Washing mangoes in water	(3) Adding salt and spices to mangoes
4	Which of the following characteristics of the food changes during spoilage? (1) Color (2) Taste (3) Smell (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
5	Identify the homemade food product made by unripe mango. (1) Chikky (2) Papad (3) Chocolate (4) Pickle	(4) Pickle
6	Which of the following accounts for the natural decay of the fruits? (1) Enzyme action in food (2) Browning of fruits (3) Seeds of root (4) Both 1 and 2	(4) Both 1 and 2
7	Recipe of Mamidi tandra requires (1) Sugar (2) Jaggery (3) Salt (4) Both 1 and 2	(4) Both 1 and 2

8	Which of the following food items is made up of mango? (1) Jelly (3) Mango drink (2) Pickle (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
9	Which of the following food item can be preserved by wrapping in damp cloth? (1) Onion (3) Potato (2) Garlic (4) None of these	(4) None of these
10	How is the method of preserving food today different from the methods used in the past? (1) Today we use refrigerators, while earlier people used natural preservatives. (2) In the past, food was not preserved at all. (3) Today, people do not preserve food anymore. (4) Modern methods are less effective than traditional methods.	(1) Today we use refrigerators, while earlier people used natural preservatives.
11	Which of the food item would not get spoil till one month ? (1) Sweets (3) Potato chips (2) Bread (4) All of the above	(3) Potato chips
12	Which of the following things can be stored and enjoyed throughout the year? (1) Fruit salad (3) Pickles (2) Chapati (4) All of these	(3) Pickles
13	Why do you think adding sugar or salt helps in preserving food? (1) They add flavor to the food. (2) They absorb water, preventing bacteria and fungi from growing. (3) They make food look more colorful. (4) They keep food warm.	(2) They absorb water, preventing bacteria and fungi from growing.
14	Which thing is the most important to check out on the label of a packed product? (1) Colour of the level (2) Manufacturing and expiring details (3) Design on the level (4) Name of the bread	(2) Manufacturing and expiring details
15	Which of the following food item not get spoiled in a week? (1) Milk (3) Nuts (2) Ice cream (4) Cheese	(3) Nuts

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Identify the reason for spoiling food (1) Animals (3) Monster (2) Microbes (4) All of these	(2) Microbes

2	In which season of the following season food get spoil quickly ? (1) Autumn (2) Winter (3) Rainy (4) All of the above	(3) Rainy
3	Why do food gets spoiled after sometime? (1) Because of bacteria present in it . (2) Because of virus present in it . (3) Because of air . (4) All of the above .	(1). Because of bacteria present in it.
4	How do we get to know if a packet of bread is spoiled? (1) If it does not taste well (2) If it has black or green sports (3) If it has become soft (4) Both a and b	(2) If it has black or green sports
5	What will happen if you eat spoiled food? (1) Stomachache (2) Food poisoning (3) Vomiting (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
6	Which of the following is not the example of food preservation methods? (1) Freezing (2) Cickling (3) Canning (4) Cleaning	(4) Cleaning
7	Which of the following items can you store for a year? (1) Tomato sauce (2) Pickle (3) Papad (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
8	Which of the following food items can get spoiled in two three days ? (1) Cooked food (2) Milk (3) Leafy vegetables (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
9	What appears on moist bread when it is kept for a few days? (1) Bacteria (2) Fungus (3) Virus (4) Algae	(2) Fungus
10	Which of the following methods is used to preserve mangoes in a way that they can be enjoyed throughout the year? (1) Freezing them as cubes (2) Making mango jam (3) Storing them in a basket (4) Wrapping them in cloth	(2) Making mango jam

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LAT WORKSHEET

CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 05

CHAPTER NAME - SEEDS AND SEEDS

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Who invented Velcro? (1) Albert Einstein (3) Louis Pasteur (2) George Mestral (4) Alexander Fleming	(2) George Mestral
2	What is the other name of Bhindi? (1) Okra (3) Aubergine (2) Zucchini (4) Fig	(1) Okra
3	Which fruit has seeds outside it ? (1) Orange (3) Strawberry (2) Mango (4) Cherry	(3). Strawberry
4	Which out of these came from South America? (1) Tomato, Cabbage and Pea (2) Tomato, Potato, Green chilly (3) Potato, Coffee bean and lady finger (4) Green chili, Onion and garlic	(2). Tomato, Potato, Green chilly
5	Which part of the plant produces pulses? (1) Leaves (3) Stem (2) Roots (4) Seeds	(4). Seeds
6	Why should we eat sprouts? (1) It is not costly. (2) It is very tasty. (3) It is easy to prepare. (4) It is very healthy for us.	(4) It is very healthy for us.
7	Which out of these is a kidney shaped seed, that we eat? (1) Cumin (3) Fennel (2) Beans (4) Coriander	(2). Beans
8	Which of these plants is not an insect-eating plant? (1) Pitcher plant (3) Venus fly trap (2) Sundew (4) Eucalyptus	(4). Eucalyptus

9	What is the other word for sprouting? (1) Split (3) Break	(2) Germinate (4) Become big	(2) Germinate
10	Which out of these seeds we cannot eat ? (1) Chick (3) Wheat	(2) Barley (4) Apricot seed	(4). Apricot seed
11	Which of the following seed used as pulse ? (1) Mustard (3) Masoor	(2) Sesame (4) All of the above	(3). Masoor
12	Which of the following animal help in the scattering of seed ? (1) Birds (3) Dog	(2) Squirrel (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
13	Which of the following seed spread to the long distance by bursting? (1) Mango (3) Mustard	(2) Cotton (4) Soyabean	(4) Soybean
14	Coconut fruit seed is dispersed by _____ (1) man (3) birds	(2) wind (4) water	(4) Water
15	What is the nature of cotton seed ? (1) Hairy (3) Light	(2) Solid (4) Both A and C	(4) Both A and C

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which of the following seed scatter by sticking on the fur of the animals? (1) Mango (3) Cotton	(2) Coconut (4) Xanthium (4). Xanthium
2	Why do you think some seeds grow into plants while others do not? (1) Only big seeds can grow into plants. (2) Seeds need the right conditions like water, air, and soil to grow. (3) Seeds that are eaten by birds cannot grow. (4) All seeds automatically grow into plants.	(2) Seeds need the right conditions like water, air, and soil to grow.
3	Which type seeds can be dispersed by the wind ? (1) Hairy seeds (3) Light seeds	(2) Sticky seeds (4) Both a and c (4) both a and c

4	seeds are light in weight and travel through the air. (1) Cotton (2) Papaya (3) Rice (4) Maize	(1) Cotton
5	Identify the seeds disperse by the water. (1) Neem (2) Water lily (3) Guava (4) none of the above	(2) Water lily
6	What would happen if all the seeds of a plant were carried away by wind? (1) No plants of that type would grow in the original place. (2) The plant species would go extinct. (3) More plants would grow in different places. (4) Both a and c.	(4) Both a and c.
7	Pitcher plant attracts insects through which of the following? (1) Stem (2) Root (3) Special smell (4) None of the above	(3). Special Smell
8	In which of the following conditions seeds do not sprout? (1) Seeds kept in air tight container (2) Seeds kept in moist cotton cloth (3) Seeds kept in moist and airy container (4) All of the above	(1).Seeds kept in air tight container
9	Which of the following seed is not used as a sprout? (1) Chana (2)Masoor (3) Moong (4) Sesame	(4). Sesame
10	The process of seeds germination is called as: (1) Soaking (2) Sprouting (3) Dormancy (4) None of the above	(2) .Sproutin g

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 06

CHAPTER NAME – EVERY DROP COUNTS

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which device is used in order to pull out water from borewells ? (1) Conveyor (2) Generators (3) Engine (4) Motor pumps	(4) Motor pumps
2	What will happen if people keep wasting water? (1) More underground water will be available. (2) Rivers and lakes will overflow. (3) Water scarcity will increase, affecting life on Earth. (4) The amount of water on Earth will increase.	(3) Water scarcity will increase, affecting life on Earth.
3	What does the name given to step-well in Rajasthan? (1) Naula (2) Chabutras (3) Bavdi (4) Ghat	(3) Bavdi
4	The bathroom is one of the main water consumption areas in the home. Which of the following would save the most water in this area? (1) Repairing a leaking tap (2) Preventing overflowing of water (3) Use of bucket and mug instead of shower (4) All of these	(4). All of these
5	Which of these states receives the least amount of rainfall? (1) Punjab (2) Rajasthan (3) Jharkhand (4) Madhya Pradesh	(2). Rajasthan
6	What product and practices can assist pool owners to save water? (1) Using a pool cover (2) Maintaining the chemical level (3) Using a rainfall diverter (4) All of these	(4) All of these
7	Ghadsisar is present in which city? (1) Jodhpur (2) Jaisalmer (3) Jaipur (4) Bikaner	(2). Jaisalmer

8	In many areas of India people have been using a water- saving technique. Which is it? (1) Solar water purifier (2) Water windmill (3) Desalination device (4) Rain water harvesting	(4). Rainwater harvesting
9	Which out of these is the basic necessity for life? (1) Oil (2)Water (3) Vegetables (4)Woods	(2). Water
10	Only 3% of all the world's water is _____ water (1) Salty (2)Unreachable (3) Icy (4) Fresh	(4). Fresh
11	Artificial lakes were made in earlier times in order to save _____ water. (1) Ground water (2) Rain water (3) Fresh water (4) Drinking water	(2). Rain water
12	Which activity requires the water? (1) Cooking (2) Singing (3) Dancing (4) None of these	(1) Cooking
13	How many lakes are connected in Ghadsisar? (1) 8 (2) 7 (3) 9 (4) 5	(3)9
14	The kitchen and laundry are high consumers of water using between 15-20% of total water consumption what is the most effective way to save water in this room? (1) Not washing the clothes (2) Not cooking food (3) Re use rinse water from the washing machine (4) None of these	(3). Re use rinse water from the washing machine
15	Why do some places receive very little rainfall? (1) Because of deforestation and climate change. (2) Because people waste water in those areas. (3) Because rainwater is stored underground. (4) Because the government controls rainfall.	(1) Because of deforestation and climate change.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Al-Biruni came from a place now known as _____. (1) Tajikistan (2) Pakistan (3) Uzbekistan (4) Iran	(3) Uzbekistan

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 7

CHAPTER NAME - Experiments with water

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	While preparing tea, which of the following does not get completely dissolve in water? (1) Sugar. (2) Milk (3) Tea leaves. (4) Water	(3) Tea leaves
2	Gandhiji went on Dandi March Yatra from: (1) Dandi seashore to Hyderabad (2) Ahmedabad to Dandi seashore. (3) Hyderabad to Dands seashare. (4) None of these	(2) Ahmedabad to Dandi seashare
3	Which of the following can be separated from water by straining with cloth? (1) Oil (2) Salt (3) Chalk powder (4) Lemon juice	(3) Chalk powder
4	Which is the fastest way to dissolve sugar in water? (1) Use of hot water. (2) Use of tap water (3) Use of chilled water. (4) Use of distilled water	(1) Use of hot water
5	Why does a needle sink in water despite being light weight and very small in size ? (1) Because it is not hollow and is heavier than water displaced. (2) Because it is straight (3) Because it is hollow. (4) Because it is lighter than water.	(1) Because it is not hollow and is heavier than water displaced
6	Why is the sea around Israel and Jordan called Dead sea? (1) Because it is very deep. (2) Because it is the saltiest sea. (3) Because it is full of killer sharks. (4) Because its waters are very dark.	(2) Because it is the saltiest sea.
7	What will happen to a soap if we put it into a bucket full of water? It will _____. (1) sink. (2) float (3) move from left to right. (4) mix with water	(1) Sink

8	Who broke salt law? (1) Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru. (3) Lala Lajpat Rai.	(2) Mahatma Gandhi (4) Indira Gandhi	(2) Mahatma Gandhi
9	Which of the following dissolve in water? (1) Egg. (3) Sand.	(2) Ghee (4) Mishri	(4) Mishri
10	In which year did Gandhiji go on Dandi March? (1) 1929. (3) 1931.	(2) 1930 (4) 1942	(2) 1930
11	Salt is made from:- (1) Sea water. (3) fresh water.	(2) Juice (4) River water	(1) Sea water
12	Paint is soluble in :- (1) water. (3) Milk.	(2) Kerosene (4) Lemon	(2) Kerosene
13	What is the another name of Dead Sea? (1) Dangerous sea. (3) Killer Sea.	(2) Salt sea (4) sea	(2) Salt sea
14	Water is on _____ part of earth . (1) $\frac{1}{3}$ (3) $\frac{4}{5}$ (1)	(2) $\frac{3}{4}$ (4) $\frac{1}{4}$	(2) $\frac{3}{4}$
15	If sugar is dissolved in water, what happens to its weight? (1) The weight of water decreases. (2) The weight remains the same. (3) The weight increases as sugar adds to the water. (4) The weight of sugar disappears.		(3) The weight increases as sugar adds to the water.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The quantity of salt dissolved per liter of water in the Dead sea is: (1) 300 gm. (3) 700gm.	(2) 400 gm. (4) 500 gm.
2	If we put puffed puri in a bowl full of water? (1) It will sink. (3) It will remain unaffected.	(2) It will float. (4) It will partially float and partially sink.
3	How will you separate salt from water? By _____. (1) Condensation. (3) Evaporation.	(2) filtration (4) None

4	Which liquid is called the universal solvent? (1) Milk. (2) Kerosene (3) Water. (4) Petrol	(3) Water
5	The liquid in which a substance is dissolved is called_____. (1) Solution. (2) Salute (3) Solvent. (4) Mixture	(3) Solvent
6	Which drop runs fastest? (1) Water. (2) Oil (3) Honey. (4) Milk	(1) Water
7	Which of the following will float on surface of water? (1) Oil. (2) Milk (3) Honey. (4) Juice	(1) Oil
8	When water is heated, it changes into (1) Gas (2) Solid (3) Liquid (4) Ice	(1) Gas
9	What is the state of water when it is cooled to 0°C? (1) It freezes into ice (2) It becomes a gas (3) It remains liquid (4) It boils	(1) It freezes into ice
10	What happens when you dissolve salt in water? (1) The water becomes thicker (2) Salt disappears completely and cannot be seen (3) The water turns into a solid (4) The salt floats on the surface.	(2) Salt disappears completely and cannot be seen

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 8

CHAPTER NAME - A Treat for Mosquitoes

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The young one of mosquito (1) Bee (2) Butterfly (3) Larvae (4) Caterpillar	(3) Larvae
2	A doctor keeps blood slide under (1) Microphone. (2) Microscope (3) Micro treatment. (4) Stethoscope	(2) Microscope
3	In early times, a medicine of malaria was prepared by the use of..... (1) Mango tree. (2) Cinchona tree (3) Neem tree. (4) All of these	(2) Cinchona tree
4	Who discovered the parasite of malaria? (1) Dr. Ronald ross. (2) Dr. George Mendel (3) Dr. Beaumont. (4) none of above	(1) Dr. Ronald Ross
5	What should we spray if water has collected at some place? (1) Perfume. (2) Water (3) Acid. (4) Kerosene	(4) Kerosene
6	Malaria is caused by the bite of..... (1) Butterfly. (2) Housefly (3) Mosquito. (4) Honeybee	(3) Mosquito
7	Lack of Hemoglobin causes (1) Malaria. (2) Anaemia (3) Cancer. (4) Cholera	(2) Anaemia
8	Mosquitoes lay eggs in..... (1) Distill water. (2) Stagnant water (3) Mineral water. (4) None of these	(2) Stagnant Water
9	For taking blood sample, a doctor use..... (1) Syringe (2) Bottle (3) Glass (4) None of the above	(1) Syringe

10	Now a days people use made from cinchona tree . (1) liquid (2) tablets (3) powder (4) None of the above	(2) tablets
11	Which of the following is not a communicable disease? (1) Measles. (2) Malaria (3) Typhoid. (4) Goiter	(4) Goiter
12	Anaemia is caused due to the deficiency of... (1) Iron (2) Vitamin c (3) Protein (4) None of these	(1) Iron
13	Jaggery, Amla and green leafy vegetables are rich in (1) Zinc (2) Vitamins (3) Iron (4) Protein	(3) Iron
14	Which of the following is a common method to prevent mosquito bites? (1) Wearing bright-coloured clothes (2) Keeping the house warm (3) Using mosquito repellents (4) Eating garlic	(3) Using mosquito repellents
15	How do mosquitoes locate human beings to bite? (1) They have sharp eyes. (2) They use their sense of smell. (3) They locate human beings through heat of body. (4) They use sound to locate them.	(3) They locate human beings through heat of body.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Given below are the symptoms of a disease. Identify the disease. (i) Fever and itchy rash. (ii) Pimples, blisters and scabs. (iii) Scabs drop after about two weeks. (1) Tuberculosis (2) Malaria (3) Chickenpox (4) Typhoid	(3) Chicken pox
2	increases in our blood if we eat iron rich food? (1) Oxygen (2) WBC (3) Platelets. (4) Hemoglobin	(4) Hemoglobin
3	In which year did Ronald Ross get Nobel Prize for his discovery about malaria? (1) 1903. (2) 1905 (3) 1902. (4) 1901	(3) 1902

4	Which of the following can help reduce the number of mosquitoes in your surroundings? (1) Leaving water standing in buckets and pots. (2) Using pesticides on plants. (3) Emptying containers that collect rainwater. (4) Keeping windows open all day.	(3) Emptying containers that collect rainwater
5	Eating food that is exposed to flies spread (1) Tuberculosis. (2) Measles. (3) Cholera. (4) Tetanus.	(3) Cholera.
6	What are the symptoms that show that a person has malaria? (1) Fever and Stomach pain (2) Stomach ache (3) Fever, Vomiting and loose motions. (4) Headache	(3) Fever, Vomiting and loose motions
7	What part of the mosquito's life cycle is the most dangerous to humans? (1) The larva (2) The egg (3) The adult female mosquito (4) The pupa	(3) The adult female mosquito
8	What is a natural way to repel mosquitoes without using chemicals? (1) Using neem oil or citronella (2) Applying salt water on skin (3) Keeping a fan on all night (4) Planting roses in your garden	(1) Using neem oil or citronella
9	Which of the following is not a common symptom of mosquito-borne diseases like malaria or dengue? (1) Fever (2) Joint pain (3) Skin rashes (4) Excessive hunger	(4) Excessive hunger
10	How can mosquitoes spread diseases to humans? (1) By biting people. (2) By resting on leaves. (3) By living in water. (4) By flying in the air.	(1) By biting people.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 9

CHAPTER NAME - Up you go

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	In which country Mount Everest is located? (1) Nepal. (2) India (3) China. (4) Pakistan	(1) Nepal
2	Who was the first Indian woman to climb on Mount Everest? (1) Bachhendri pal. (2) Sangeeta Arora (3) Sunita Williams. (4) Kalpana Chawla	(1) Bachhendri pal
3	While making tents double layered plastic sheet is used because: - (1) No man can come inside. (2) Air inside tent will get cooler. (3) No animal can come inside. (4) Air between layers would help to keep warmth.	(4) Air between layers would help to keep warmth .
4	The chapter "up you go" is based on the experience of (1) Sangeeta Arora. (2) Bachendri Pal (3) Sunita Williams. (4) Kalpana Chawla	(1) Sangeeta Arora.
5	Which of the following is/are main supplement of breakfast for mountaineers? (1) Vitamin C. (2) Hot Chocolate Milk (3) Iron Tablet. (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
6	Sling is a _____ which is used by mountaineers. (1) type of hook. (2) bottle (3) tent. (4) bag	(1) Type of hook
7	Bags used by mountaineers are called (1) Rope Sack. (2) Tote bag (3) Ruck Sack. (4) Sling bags	(3) Ruck Sacks
8	Why do mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders while climbing high mountains? (1) To make the climb faster. (2) To breathe easily where oxygen is less. (3) To keep them warm during the climb. (4) To help in cooking food.	(2) To breathe easily where oxygen is less.

9	"Bidu Pako, Bara Masa, Kafal Pako Chaita, meri chhaila" is a famous song of _____ language . (1) Bihari. (2) Gujrati (3) Rajasthani. (4) Pahadi	(4) Pahadi
10	Drains are dug around the tent to (1) Keep insects and wild animals away from tent. (2) Take bath (3) For enjoyment (4) Collect water	(1) Keep insects and wild animals away from tent.
11	Bachhendri Pal hoisted flag of which country on the peak of Mt. Everest? (1) Nepal. (2) America (3) India. (4) China	(3) India
12	Where the Nehru Institute of mountaineering is situated? (1) Arunachal Pradesh. (2) Uttar Pradesh (3) Uttrakhand. (4) Himanchal Pradesh	(2) Uttarakhand
13	Who was the guide of Bachhendri pal? (1) Brigadier Gyan Singh. (2) Brigadier Maan Singh (3) Brigadier Dhyan Singh. (4) None of these	(1) Brigadier Gyan Singh
14	Pitons and slings are useful tools for (1) Dancing (2) Skating (3) Mountaineering (4) Boxing	(3) Mountaineering
15	When did Bachhendri Pal reached to Mt. Everest? (1) 23rd May 1984. (2) 23rd March 1987 (3) 13th April 1985. (4) 15th April 1986	(1) 23rd May 1984

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Paths on mountains are (1) Uneven. (2) Rocky (3) Even. (4) Both 1 and 2	(4) Both 1 and 2
2	What are the common problems do we get in our feet while climbing up a mountain? (1) Blisters (2) Softness (3) Wrinkles (4) Coldness	(1) Blisters
3	What is the most important skill for tying a tent during a mountain expedition? (1) Running fast to find a flat area. (2) Knowing how to make strong knots. (3) Carrying heavy ropes. (4) Finding colorful fabric.	(2) Knowing how to make strong knots.

4	Who let the group go ahead and stay in the last? (1) Ministers (2) Group Leader (3) Group members (4) None of these	(2) Group Leader
5	Which of the following are adventurous sports? (1) Mountaineering. (2) Rafting (3) Paragliding. (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
6	What does mountaineer's rucksack have while rock climbing? (1) Food packets, water bottle, Rope, hook, plastic sheet (2) Diary, torch, Towel, soap, Wincheaters, Whistle (3) Glucose, jaggery, chana, snacks (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
7	Height of mount Everest is (1) 7562m. (2) 9378m (3) 8848m. (4) 12500m	(3) 8848m
8	What lesson can we learn from mountaineering expeditions? (1) Only strong people can succeed. (2) Nature is dangerous and should be avoided. (3) Hard work, discipline, and teamwork lead to success. (4) Climbing mountains is easy and requires no preparation.	(3) Hard work, discipline, and teamwork lead to success
9	At what degree you should keep your body while climbing a mountain? (1) 60 degrees. (2) 90 degrees (3) 120 degrees. (4) 360 degree	(2) 90 degrees
10	Using rope in a special way to Come down from mountain is called (1) Rappelling. (2) Sapling (3) Happening. (4) Planting	(1) Rappelling

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 10

CHAPTER NAME – walls tell stories

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	How many bastions are there in Golconda fort? (1) 67 (2) 78 (3) 87 (4) 92	(3) 87
2	The gun placed in Golconda fort was made of _____. (1) copper (2) iron (3) bronze (4) steel	(3) bronze
3	Where is Golconda fort? (1) Ahmedabad (2) Jaipur (3) Udaipur (4) Hyderabad	(4) Hyderabad
4	Which emperor's canon is kept in Golconda fort ? (1) Qutub Shahi (2) Abul Hassan (3) Aurangabad (4) None of these	(1) Qutub Shahi
5	For how long did Aurangzeb army camp outside Golconda fort to capture it _____. (1) 2 weeks (2) 8 months (3) 2 months (4) 8 weeks	(2) 8 months
6	What are the main reason that forts were built in ancient times? (1) To display wealth. (2) To protect people from enemies. (3) To keep wild animals away. (4) To grow crops inside.	(2) To protect people from enemies.
7	Golconda fort has _____ floors. (1) Three (2) Two (3) Four (4) none of these	(2) Two

8	Fort has bastions for its _____ (1) security (2) beautification (3) show off of wealth (4) All of the above	(1) Security
9	Bronze is made by _____ (1) Copper and Tin (2) Copper and Zinc (3) Copper and Iron (4) None of these	(1) Copper and Tin
10	Golconda fort was made by (1) Qutub Shahi Sultan (2) Aurangzeb (3) Abul Hasan (4) None of these	(1) Qutub Shahi Sultan
11	Qutub Shahi Sultan lived in Golconda from _____ (1) 1530-1630 (2) 1518-1687 (3) 1500-1600 (4) 1410-1687	(2) 1518- 1687
12	There were beautiful _____ on the walls of Golconda fort. (1) paintings (2) curtains (3) statue (4) None of these	(1) Paintings
13	Why do old buildings and monuments have carvings and inscriptions? (1) To make them look ugly. (2) To tell stories about the past. (3) To attract tourists. (4) To hide secret messages.	(2) To tell stories about the past.
14	The _____ in Hyderabad displayed pots , jewelries, sword of emperor etc. (1) Village (2) City (3) Museum (4) Street	(3)Museum
15	Why do some walls of forts have holes or gaps? (1) To allow sunlight to enter . (2) For soldiers to keep watch on enemies and to fire weapons. (3) To let rainwater pass through. (4) For decoration purposes.	(2) For soldiers to keep watch on enemies and to fire weapons.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Golconda fort was built with mud in (1) 1200 AD (2) 1800 AD (3) 1500 AD (4) 1600 AD	(1) 1200 AD

2	Which animal is used to move the toothed wheel for water system? (1) Cow (2) Donkey (3) Horse (4) Ox	(1) Ox
3	_____ help us to know about the past. (1) River (2) Fort and Museum (3) Forest (4) Animal	(4) Fort and Museum
4	Which historical place is famous in Hyderabad? (1) Taj mahal (2) Buland Darwaja (3) Red fort (4) Charminar	(4) Charminar
5	Hyderabad is the capital of which state? (1) Telangana (2) Andhra Pradesh (3) Maharashtra (4) Uttar Pradesh	(1) Telangana
6	A place where old items are kept, called _____ (1) kitchen (2) courtyard (3) museum (4) none of these	(3) museum
7	In which direction, Hyderabad situated? (1) East (2) West (3) North (4) South	(4) South
8	Which language is spoken in Andhra Pradesh? (1) Malayalam (2) Tamil (3) Telugu (4) Marathi	(1) Telugu
9	When was Telangana separated from Andhra Pradesh? (1) 10 June 2004 (2) 2 June 2014 (3) 2 July 2005 (4) 10 July 2004	(2) 2 June 2014
10	A part of the fort wall in a round shape is called _____ (1) Bastion (2) Gate (3) Wall (4) None of these	(1) Bastion

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 11

CHAPTER NAME – SUNITA IN SPACE

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which of the following are in space ? (1) Stars (2) Moon (3) Sun (4) All of these	(4) All of these
2	Which of the following festival is related to the moon ? (1) Dusshera (2) Eid. (3) Gurupurb (4) Christmas	(2) Eid
3	In High school, Sunita wanted to become a _____ (1) Teacher (2) Helicopter pilot (3) Diver (4) Astronaut	(3) Diver
4	Why do astronauts float inside the spaceship? (1) There is no gravity in space. (2) They are wearing special suits. (3) The spaceship has no air. (4) They jump very high.	(1) There is no gravity in space.
5	When did Sunita Williams set a new record for the longest space flight by a woman? (1) In 2002. (2) In 2007 (3) In 2003 (4) In 2010	(2) In 2007
6	How does water behave in space? (1) It flows normally like on Earth. (2) It forms floating bubbles or droplets. (3) It disappears into the air. (4) It becomes hard like ice.	(2) It forms floating bubbles or droplets.
7	Food and water _____ in a spaceship. (1) float (2) sink (3) remains at one place (4) None of these	(1) float

8	The earth pulls everything towards itself because of _____ (1) heavy Weight (2) gravity (3) it's shape. (4) All of the above	(2) gravity
9	Sunita William went _____ km away from the Earth. (1) 400 (2) 430 (3) 630 (4) 600	(3) 630
10	The blue part of the globe are _____ (1) Seas and oceans (2) Space (3) Clouds (4) None of these	(1) Seas and Oceans
11	What does the Earth look like from space? (1) A big square (2) A flat map (3) A blue and green ball (4) A white and red ball	(3) A blue and green ball.
12	Which of the following would NOT happen in space? (1) Walking normally on a surface. (2) Floating when not tied to something. (3) Drinking water from a straw . (4) Eating food from a floating container.	(1) Walking normally on a surface
13	Globe is a model of the _____ (1) Ocean (2) Earth (3) Country (4) Space	(2) Earth
14	_____ was the first man to walk on the moon. (1) Neil Armstrong (2) Rakesh Sharma (3) Buzz Aldrin (4) none of these	(1) Neil Armstrong
15	Who was the first Indian to go to space ? (1) Sunita Williams (2) Rakesh Sharma (3) Kalpana Chawla (4) None of these	(2) Rakesh Sharma

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Who was the first woman to go into space? (1) Kalpana Chawla (2) Sunita William (3) Valentina Nikolayeva (4) None of these	(2) Valentina Nikolayeva

2	Sunita noticed that her hair stood straight in space. Why does this happen? (1) The spaceship's air conditioner is too strong. (2) There is no gravity to pull the hair down. (3) Hair grows faster in space. (4) The helmet astronauts wear causes this.	(2) There is no gravity to pull the hair down.
3	Who was the first person to travel into space ? (1) Yuri Gagarin (2) Rakesh Sharma (3) Neil Armstrong (4) none of these	(1) Yuri Gagarin
4	Which of these is necessary for astronauts to survive in space? (1) Oxygen tanks (2) A lot of sunlight (3) Sleeping on the ground (4) Special food that floats	(1) Oxygen tanks
5	First Man made satellite of the world_____ (1) Aryabhata (2) Chandrayan -1 (3) Chandrayan - 2 (4) Sputnik -1	(4) Sputnik -1
6	First Man made satellite of India _____ (1) Sputnik -1 (2) Chandrayan -1 (3) Aryabhata (4) none of these	(3) Aryabhata
7	Full form of NASA (1) National space security astrology (2) National astronaut and security administration (3) National aeronautics and space administration (4) None of these	(3) National aeronautics and space administration
8	Full form of ISRO (1) Indian security research organisation (2) International security research organisation (3) Indian space research organisation (4) None of these	(3) Indian space research organisation
9	A vehicle design to travel into space _____ (1) Helicopter (2) Aeroplane (3) Spacecraft (4) All of these	(3) Spacecraft
10	What is the shape of the Earth ? (1) Oval shape (2) Round shape (3) Geoid Shape (4) None of these	(4) Geoid Shape

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 12

CHAPTER NAME - WHAT IF IT FINISHES?

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	We get L.P.G, wax, kerosene, coal tar and fuel for aircrafts from _____. (1)C.N.G (2)Petroleum (3) Diesel (4)Refinery	(2) Petroleum
2	Adalaj stepwell is about _____ km from Ahmedabad. (1)18 km (2)10 km (3)15 km (4)13 km	(1)18 km
3	What is the full form of CNG? (1) Complete Natural Gas (2)Compressed Natural Gas (3) Compressed Neat Gas (4)Complete Neat Gas	(2) Compressed Natural Gas
4	Sound of the loud horns causes _____ pollution. (1) Water (2)Land (3) Air (4)Noise	(4) Noise
5	The smoke of the vehicles can cause _____. (1) Weak bones (2)Noise pollution (3) Cough or breathing problems (4)Irritation in behavior	(3) Cough or breathing problems
6	Which of the following fuels gives the least smoke? (1) Petrol (2)CNG (3) Diesel (4)None of these	(2) CNG
7	Which gas is used for cooking at home? (1) LPG (2)CNG (3) Both LPG and CNG (4) None of these	(1) LPG
8	Where oil is used? (1) To make plastic and paint (2)For lighting of lamps (3) In machines (4)All of the above	(4) All of the above

9	What is the advantage of using CNG over petrol? (1) It Can be filled in cylinders (2)It gives more power (3) It gives out less smoke (4)It is freely available	(3) It gives out less smoke
10	To clean oil that is found under the ground, it is sent to a _____. (1) Refinery (2)Factory (3) Company (4)None of these	(1) Refinery
11	What is the best way to save fuel when traveling short distances? (1) Use a car (2) Walk or cycle (3) Use a diesel generator (4) Drive at high speed	(2) Walk or cycle
12	Which mode of transport does not cause pollution? (1) Motorcycle (2)Bus (3) Car (4)Cycle	(4) Cycle
13	Vehicles stop at a _____ for fuel. (1) Grocery store (2)Petrol pump (3) School (4) None of these	(2) Petrol pump
14	Which of these is a renewable energy source? (1) Petrol (2)Kerosene (3) Natural Gas (4)Solar	(4) Solar
15	Which mode of transport can reduce congestion on the road? (1) Scooter (2)Bus (3) Auto (4)Car	(2) Bus

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	When you stop the vehicle at a traffic signal, turn the _____ off. (1) Lights (2)Engine (3) Window (4)Door	(2) Engine
2	Which alternative energy source can be used to replace petrol in vehicles? (1) Sunlight (2) Compressed natural gas (CNG) (3) Paper (4) Plastic	(2) Compressed natural gas (CNG)
3	Dead remains of plants and animals are known as _____. (1) Renewable resources (2)Non- renewable resources (3) Natural Gas (4)Fossil fuels	(4) Fossil fuels

4	The first oil resource in India were found in the state of _____. (1) Assam (2)Maharashtra (3) Kerala (4)Gujarat	1)Assam
5	How can you save oil? (1) Avoid public transportation. (2) Turn off the engine when the traffic signal turns red. (3) Using non-renewable energy sources. (4) When travelling shorter distance prefer personal cars.	(2) Turn off the engine when the traffic signal turns red.
6	Which vehicles run without petrol and diesel? (1) Car and scooter (2)Bus and car (3) Cycle and rickshaw (4)Rickshaw and motorcycle	(3) Cycle and rickshaw
7	What problem can we face from speeding vehicles? (1)It may result in accident . (2)It may result in reaching before time. (3)We may overtake the other vehicle. (4)It may cause problems to the vehicle's parts.	(1)It may result in accident.
8	What is the primary environmental concern associated with burning fossil fuels? (1)Increased wildlife habitat . (2)Reduce air pollution . (3)Global warming and climate change . (4)Enhanced water quality.	(3)Global warming and climate change.
9	Which fuel is commonly used in cars and other vehicles? (1)Natural Gas (2)Diesel (3)Biomass (4)Solar energy	(2)Diesel
10	What does the term “finite resources” mean? (1)Resources that are unlimited . (2)Resources that are easily replaceable . (3)Resources that are limited in quantity. (4)Resources that are renewable.	(3)Resources that are limited in quantity.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 13

CHAPTER NAME - A SHELTER SO HIGH...

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Houses in Mumbai and Delhi are made of _____. (1) Snow (2) Stone, cement, bricks, glass and steel (3) Mud and stones (4) Wood	(2) Stone, cement, bricks, glass and steel
2	Houses of Changpas is known as _____. (1) Rebo (2) Dab (3) Pongal (4) Khatamband	(1) Rebo
3	Which of the following places is known as cold desert? (1) Srinagar (2) Manali (3) Ladakh (4) Changthang	(3) Ladakh
4	Leh is in _____. (1) Changthang (2) Ladakh (3) Srinagar (4) Jammu	(2) Ladakh
5	It is difficult to breathe at high altitudes because (1) The body stops working at such height (2) Due to cold, air freezes (3) Oxygen and air pressure is low (4) Nose has to work harder to breathe	(3) Oxygen and air pressure is low.
6	_____ is a place to keep sheep and goats. (1) Lekha (2) Shikara (3) Dab (4) Rebo	(1) Lekha
7	A tribe who lives at high altitudes in Ladakh is known as (1) Changthang (2) Changpas (3) Bakarwal (4) Donga	(2) Changpas
8	Pashmina is made with the fur of a special kind of _____. (1) Goats (2) Yak (3) Sheep (4) Horses	(1) Goats

9	Bakarwal people live in houses made of _____. (1)Mud and lime (2)Stones and mud (3)Bamboos (4)Mud and hay	(2)Stones and mud
10	Tourists who come to Srinagar loves to stay in a _____. (1)Houseboat (2)Vallam (3)Rebo (4)Igloo	(1) Houseboat
11	Manali is situated in _____. (1)Plain area (2)Hilly area (3)Sandy area (4)Cold area	(2) Hilly area
12	Distance between Mumbai to Delhi is (1)1000 km (2)1200 km (3)1400 km (4)14000 km	(3) 1400 km
13	What is the other name of Ladakh? (1)Cold desert (2)Dry desert (3)High desert (4)Hot desert	(1) Cold desert
14	What kind of roof do the houses in mountains have? (1)Butterfly (2)Plain (3)Sloppy (4)Flat	(3)Sloppy
15	The house of Tashi was made up of (1)Mud and stones (2)Cement and bricks (3)Wood (4)None of these	(1) Mud and stones

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	The world's famous pashmina shawls are made in _____. (1)Kerala (2)Ladakh (3)Srinagar (4)Jammu	(2)Ladakh
2	Donga is a kind of a _____. (1)House (2)Tent (3)Boat (4)Tribe	(3)Boat
3	Dal lake is in _____. (1)Srinagar (2)Jammu and Kashmir (3)Maharashtra (4)Ladakh	(1)Srinagar
4	The goats from which soft pashmina wool is collected are found at higher altitudes of _____ meters. (1)5000 (2)2000 (3)4000 (4)6000	(1)5000

5	A plain pashmina shawl is made after almost _____ hours of weaving. (1)150 (2)160 (3)250 (4)200	(3)250
6	There are only _____ people in the Changpa tribe. (1)4000 (2)2000 (3)7000 (4)5000	(4)5000
7	The carvings which are made on the ceilings of big houses and houseboats of Srinagar are known as _____. (1)Dab (2)Panel (3)Khatamband (4)Mehraab	(3) Khatamband
8	What is the meaning of “Jules jule” in Leh? (1)Bye bye (2)Come again (3)Back to home (4>Welcome welcome	(4) Welcome welcome
9	Why are goats a treasure for the Changpa tribe? (1)Because they get world famous pashmina wool from them. (2)Because goats are expensive to be sold. (3)Because they provide them with food. (4)None of these.	(1) Because they get world famous pashmina wool from them.
10	What was the purpose of the ground floor in Tashi's house? (1)To keep waste material . (2)To make food. (3)To keep animals and other necessary things. (4)To sleep there during summers.	(3)To keep animals and other necessary things

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 14

CHAPTER NAME - WHEN THE EARTH SHOOK...

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which natural calamity occurred in the Kutch area of Gujarat on 26 January, 2001? (1)Drought (2)Earthquake (3)Flood (4)Tsunami	(2) Earthquake
2	What practice can be done to save ourselves from the Earthquake? (1)Leave the house and go to an open ground or lie down under a table. (2)Stand on a table. (3)Go into a building and sit there. (4)Go to the terrace.	(1)Leave the house and go to an open ground or lie down under a table
3	If there is no rain, crops can fail and there can be _____. (1)Flood (2)Earthquake (3)Tsunami (4)Drought	(4)Drought
4	What calamity can occur when there is excessive rainfall? (1)Drought (2)Flood (3)Famine (4)Cyclone	(2)Flood
5	Shortage of food and water can result in a _____. (1)Famine (2)Cyclone (3)Earthquake (4)Drought	(1)Famine
6	Volcanic eruption or earthquake in the ocean bed causes _____. (1)Cyclone (2)Earthquake (3)Tsunami (4)Flood	(3)Tsunami
7	_____ tried to find out which areas have more chances of having an earthquake. (1)Scientist (2)Architect (3)Doctor (4)Police	(1)Scientist
8	Who was Motabapu? (1)Doctor in the village (2)Village's sarpanch (3)Police man (4)Scientist who came to search the area	(2)Village's sarpanch

9	Which of the following is NOT a sign of an earthquake? (1) Sudden shaking of the ground. (2) Cracks appearing in walls and roads. (3) Heavy rainfall. (4) Objects falling from shelves.	(3) Heavy rainfall
10	A boy is sitting under a table holding tightly during an earthquake. Why do you think one should go under a table or any other strong object during an earthquake? (1)The table will work like a parachute while the boy is going down. (2)He will be comfortable under the table during the earthquake. (3)It is easier to find someone trapped under . (4)A table will save him from heavy things falling on him.	(4)A table will save him from heavy things falling on him.
11	Earthquake intensity is measured by the help of. (1)Seismograph (2)Seismograph (3)Richter scale (4)None of these	(2) Seismograph
12	The ground was _____ and people were _____ around during an earthquake . (1)Running, Shocking (2)Shaking, Running (3)Running, Shaking (4)Shocking, Shaking	(2)Shaking, Running
13	Why is it dangerous to stay near tall buildings during an earthquake? (1) The building may collapse or debris may fall. (2) They attract more earthquakes. (3) The ground near buildings shakes less. (4) It is harder to escape from tall buildings.	(1) The building may collapse or debris may fall.
14	How can we help the people affected by natural calamity? (1)By providing food . (2)By providing medicines. (3)By providing clothes and tents to live. (4)All of the above.	(4)All of the above
15	Which of the following is a way to prepare for an earthquake? (1) Store heavy items on high shelves. (2) Practice "Drop, Cover, and Hold" drills. (3) Keep windows open at all times. (4) Place mirrors on walls.	(2) Practice "Drop, Cover, and Hold" drills

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Natural disasters like earthquakes, tsunamis and cyclones are termed as (1)Natural Calamities (2)Famine (3)Drought (4)Human destruction	(1)Natural Calamities

2	An opening of Earth that allows flow of hot ash, molten lava is known as (1)Famine (2)Drought (3)Volcano (4)Tsunami	(3)Volcano
3	A mild tremor after which earth shakes violently is called _____. (1)Aftershocks (2)Earthquakes (3)Cyclone (4)Volcano	(2)Earthquakes
4	An _____ is said to occur when the movement on the surface of the Earth results from underground movement between two plates. (1)Earthquake (2)Volcano (3)Cyclone (4)Drought	(1)Earthquake
5	How do doctors help us after an earthquake? (1)By providing food and clothes. (2)By treating injured people and provide medicines. (3)By building houses. (4)None of the above.	(2)By treating injured people and provide medicines.
6	Which among these is a man- made disaster? (1)Cyclone (2)Drought (3)Pollution (4)Volcano	(3)Pollution
7	What can be done to prevent floods? (1)Keeping inside the house (2)Using more water (3)Collecting rainy water into tanks (4)Planting more trees	(4)Planting more trees
8	The layer of the Earth between the core and crust is called (1)Lava (2)Crust (3)Magma (4)Mantle	(4)Mantle
9	Moving water that carries away soil and rocks is called _____. (1)Natural disaster (2)Soil erosion (3)Tsunami (4)Drought	(2)Soil erosion
10	Who helps during a Natural calamity? (1)Government agencies (2)NGOs (3)Doctors and Police (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 15

CHAPTER NAME - BLOW HOT, BLOW COLD

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	When you blow air from your mouth with your lips open, the air feels (1) Warm (2) Cold (3) Dry (4) Wet	(1) Warm
2	On which concept a hot air balloon work? (1) Hot air rises (2) Cold air rises (3) Cold and hot air moves down (4) All of these	(1) Hot air rises
3	In winters surface of the mirror becomes (1) Moisty and hazy (2) Water vapour (3) Soft (4) Clear	(1) Moisty and hazy
4	When we breathe in , our chest _____ (1) goes in (2) contracts (3) comes out (4) stays as it is	(3) Comes out
5	How many times does our (normal adult) heart beat in one minute? (1) 100-120 (2) 72-80 (3) 150-200 (4) 60-70	(4) 60-70
6	You are drinking tea, and it is too hot. What happens when you blow over it? (1) The tea becomes hotter. (2) The tea cools down faster. (3) The tea's smell increases. (4) The tea turns into steam.	(2) The tea cools down faster.
7	Instrument that is used to listen to the heartbeat is _____. (1) Telescope (2) Thermometer (3) Stethoscope (4) Richter scale	(3) Stethoscope
8	In winters when we blow out air, it is _____ than the temperature outside. (1) Warmer (2) Cooler (3) Normal (4) Colder	(1) Warmer
9	_____ is the process of breathing in air. (1) Oxygen (2) Exhalation (3) Carbonation (4) Inhalation	(4) Inhalation

10	_____ is the process of breathing out air. (1)Inhalation (2)Exhalation (3)Oxygen (4)None of these	(2) Exhalation
11	When you exhale onto a cold glass, what do you observe? (1) The glass heats up . (2) The glass remains clear. (3) Water droplets form on the glass. (4) The glass cracks.	(3) Water droplets form on the glass .
12	What happens to hot air from a hot cup of tea? (1)It goes down (2)It goes up (3)It stays still (4)None of the above	(2)It goes up
13	Why did the woodcutter blow on the potato? (1)To make potato soft (2)To make potato hotter (3)To make potato colder (4)To make potato hard	(3)To make potato colder
14	Why did the woodcutter blow on his hands every now and then while cutting the wood with his axe? (1)To feel warmth on his palm (2)To make his palm cooler (3)To clean his hands (4)None of these	(1)To feel warmth on his palm
15	_____ blows hot air. (1)Cooler (2)Air conditioner (3)Hair dryer (4)All of these	(3)Hair dryer

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	_____ is a necessity for combustion. (1)Methane (2)Carbon Dioxide (3)Oxygen (4)Natural Gas	(3) Oxygen
2	The rhythm coming from the heart is known as (1)Heart rhyme (2)Heart beat (3)Breathing (4)Inhalation	(2)Heart beat
3	We blow from our mouth for (1)Whistling (2)Playing instruments (3)For removing dust from the table (4)All of the above	(4) All of the above
4	We breathe about _____ times in one minute. (1)8 to 16 (2)5 to 10 (3)7 to 14 (4)4 to 10	(1) 8 to 16

5	Which of the following produces a sound when blown? (1)Sitar (2)Tabla (3)Drum (4)Flute	(4)Flute
6	Which of the following activities requires us to blow air from our mouth? (1)Making bubbles (2)Dancing (3)Running (4)Reading	(1) Making bubbles
7	When someone gets swelling and redness in the eye, how will you give some relief to that person? (1)By hitting him. (2)By blowing on the cloth and putting it on his eye. (3)By giving him toffee. (4)By giving him a toy.	(2)By blowing on the cloth and putting it on his eye
8	Why do our fingers become numb in the winter? (1)Because of pain in our fingers (2)Because it is too hot outside (3)Because it is too cold outside (4)None of the above	(3) Because it is too cold outside
9	The cold air is (1)Heavy (2)Dense (3)Comes down (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above
10	Which of these gives off cold air? (1)Heater (2)Cooker whistle (3)Air conditioner (4)Boiling water	(3)Air condition er

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO. - 16

CHAPTER NAME - Who will do this work?

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What was the name of Gandhiji's Ashram? (1)Sharma (2)Sabarmati (3)Vrindavan (4)Hiremath	(2) Sabarmati
2	Many people help us in our daily routine. They are called _____. (1) farmers (2)ministers (3) domestic helpers (4)professional	(3) Domestic helpers
3	_____ is known as the "Father of the Nation". (1)Mahatma Gandhi ji (2)B.R Ambekar ji (3)Jawaharlal Nehru ji (4)Subhash Chandra Bose ji	(1) Mahatma Gandhi ji
4	Mahatma Gandhi ji is one of the personalities in Indian history who tried to promote _____ in India. (1)racism (2)equality (3)discrimination (4)culture	(2) Equality
5	Gandhiji's Sabarmati Ashram is situated in _____. (1)Tamil Nadu (2)Madhya Pradesh (3)Gujarat (4)Rajasthan	(3)Gujarat
6	_____ was the chairman of the drafting committee of our constitution. (1)Pt.Jawaharlal Nehru (2)Narendra Modi ji (3)Mahatma Gandhi ji (4)Dr.Bhim Rao Ambedkar	(4) Dr.Bhim Rao Ambedkar
7	_____ helps in cleaning our roads and sewage. (1)Gardeners (2)Sweepers (3)Guards (4)Drivers	(2) Sweepers
8	The people who clean sewage and garbage were considered _____ which is not good. (1)workers (2)professional (3)untouchables (4)None of the above	(3) Untouchables

9	Hydrogen Sulphide gas is a poisonous gas that comes out of _____. (1)houses (2)kitchen (3)pits (4)drains	(4)Drains
10	Gandhiji was always against _____. (1)Indians (2)cleaners (3)laborers (4)untouchability	(4)Untouchability
11	Identify the jobs which people do not like to do from the following (1)Pick the garbage from others home (2)Sweep others floors (3)Cleaning sewers (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above
12	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan was launched by (1)Lala Lajpat Rai (2)Narendra Modi (3)Mahatma Gandhi (4)B.R. Ambedkar	(2)Narendra Modi
13	What would happen if nobody did the cleaning work? (1)There would be garbage all around . (2)Mosquitoes and insects will grow. (3)Places will be full of garbage and look ugly. (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above
14	When did our constitution come into existence? (1)2 October, 2014 (2)1 January, 2020 (3)15 August, 1947 (4)26 January, 1950	(4)26 January, 1950
15	_____ refers to the respect that should be given to the people who work hard to earn their livelihood and makes our life easy. (1)Harijan (2)Untouchability (3)Dignity of labour (4)Domestic helpers	(3)Dignity of labour

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Mahatma Gandhi ji gave the term _____ meaning 'beloved to god' and spoke against the unfair treatment of untouchables. (1)Harjans (2)Domestic helpers (3)Untouchable (4)Sweepers	(1) Harjans
2	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan was launched on (1)January 1, 2015 (2)August 15, 1947 (3)January 26, 1950 (4)October 2, 2014	(4) October 2, 2014
3	Some people are forced to do the cleaning work despite being educated because (1)They were happy to do the work. (2)Their father and grandfather used to do such jobs. (3)They were born for that. (4)None of the above.	(2)Their and grandfather to do such job

4	Mahatma Gandhi's favourite song was (1)Jana Gana Mana (2)Vande Mataram (3)Vaishnav Jan To Tene Kahiye (4)Jahan daal- daal pe Sone ki	3) Vaishnav Jan To Tene Kahiye
5	Why is the work of sanitation workers important for society? (1) It keeps the environment clean and safe . (2) It entertains people. (3) It helps in building houses. (4) It involves planting trees.	(1) It keeps the environme nt clean and safe
6	Who was Narayan in Gandhiji's ashram ? (1)Follower of Gandhiji (2)Bus driver (3)Patient (4)None of the above	(1) Follower of Gandhiji
7	Which of these can improve the condition of sanitation workers? (1) Ignoring their contributions. (2) Providing safety gear and better working conditions. (3) Increasing their working hours. (4) Asking them to work without pay.	(2) Providing safety gear and better working conditions.
8	Untouchables were the people who were (1)Not allowed to enter the houses of higher class people. (2)Who used to do the cleaning work. (3)Who belonged to the lower class families . (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above
9	Which of these is an example of segregating waste? (1) Throwing all waste in one bin. (2) Separating wet and dry waste. (3) Burning plastic waste in the open. (4) Dumping garbage in a river.	(2) Separating wet and dry waste
10	Why do people do different kinds of jobs? (1)To earn money. (2)To make themselves happy and satisfied. (3)To fulfill their needs. (4)All of the above	(4)All of the above

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER – 17

CHAPTER NAME – ACROSS THE WALL

CLASSWORK

Q NO	QUESTIONS	ANSWERS
1	What is the national game of India? (1)Basket ball (2)Cricket (3)Hockey (4) None of the above	(3) Hockey
2	In the story, the term "Across the Wall" signifies (1) Jumping over a boundary wall. (2) Breaking gender barriers and stereotypes. (3) Learning to climb walls. (4) Fighting with boys.	(2) Breaking gender barriers and stereotypes
3	Which railway station of the Mumbai we need to get off to reach Nagapada? (1)Dadra (2) Chhatrapati Shivaji (3) Bandra (4) None of the above	(2) Chhatrapati Shivaji
4	Who is Afsana Mansuri in the story? (1)Player (2)Dancer (3) Artist (4)Writer	(1) Player
5	Why do you think that girls are not allowed to play like boys? (1)Girls are considered weak. (2) Girls are considered shy. (3) Parents fear . (4) All the above	(4)All of the above
6	By what quality players are recognized? (1)By caste (2) By Colour (3)By money (4) By the talent & ability to play.	(4) By the talent & ability to play.
7	Why is teamwork important in game as shown in the story? (1) It helps win matches even if individuals make mistakes. (2) It shows who the best player is. (3) It is a rule in cricket. (4) It helps the coach decide who plays next.	(1) It helps win matches even if individuals make mistakes.

8	Name the female player from J&K who won gold medal in para Olympic 2024. (1)Sheetal Devi (2)P.V Sindhu (3)Sania Nehwal (4) Sunita Kumari.	(1) Sheetal Devi
9	Choose one individual game from the given games. (1) Cricket (2) Football (3) Golf (4) Hockey	(3) Golf
10	How many players are there in one team of Basketball game? (1)11 (2) 05 (3)15 (4) 12	(2) 5
11	Where is Nagapada? (1) Delhi (2) Nagpur (3) Haryana (4) Maharashtra	(4) Maharashtra
12	The area on which Basketball game is called a _____. (1) Field (2) Court (3) Pitch (4) None of these	(2) Court
13	What was a major challenge for the girls in forming their team? (1) Lack of proper equipment. (2) Finding a place to practice. (3) Convincing their families and society to allow them to play. (4) All of the above.	(4) All of the above
14	Identify the Badminton player and choose the correct option. (1) P.V. Sindhu (2)Sania Mirza (3) Sheetal Devi (4) P.T.Usha	(1)P.V. Sindhu
15	A good team always remains united. Choose true / false (1) True (2) False (3) Not always (4) None of these	(1) True

HOMEWORK

1	What is important before starting playing a game ? (1) Eating (2) Dancing (3) Jogging (4) Sleeping	(3) Jogging
2	How many players are there in Cricket game? 1) 12 (2)11 3) 15 (4) 13	(2)11
3	Which of the following best describes why sports are important for girls? (1) It helps them stay healthy and build confidence. (2) Girls need to learn how to play only indoor games. (3) Girls should play sports to compete only with other girls. (4) Sports are not suitable for girls.	1) It helps them stay healthy and build confidence.

4	----- between the members is necessary to make a team strong. (1)Cooperation (2)Miss understanding (3)Fight (4) All of the above	(1)Cooperation
5	What are the values sports teach us ? (1)Cooperation (2) Team spirit (3) Discipline (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
6	Which of the following is the indoor game? (1)Badminton (2) Chess (3) Hockey (4) Basketball	(2) Chess
7	What are the biggest challenge girls face in participating in sports? (1) Lack of skills. (2) Stereotypes that sports are only for boys. (3) Not enough time to practice. (4) Girls are not interested in sports.	(2) Stereotypes that sports are only for boys.
8	Which of the following is NOT true about girls playing sports? (1) It teaches them teamwork and leadership. (2) It makes them less interested in studies. (3) It builds their physical and mental strength. (4) It helps them break gender stereotypes.	(2) It makes them less interested in studies.
9	Which outdoor game is played by both girls and boys in international competitions? (1) Cricket (2) Kabaddi (3) Hockey (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
10	Why are role models like Mithali Raj and Serena Williams important for girls in sports? (1) They show that girls can excel in sports too. (2) They prove that boys are better at sports. (3) They only play against women in small tournament.s (4) They make girls focus only on sports.	(1) They show that girls can excel in sports too.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO- 18

CHAPTER NAME – NO PLACE FOR US

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	People are often forced to leave their villages due to government projects like building dams. This process is called (1) Urbanization (2) Displacement (3) Globalization (4) Migration	(2) Displacement
2	What is the biggest challenge faced by villagers when they move to cities after displacement? (1) They get free houses immediately. (2) They struggle to find jobs and proper housing. (3) They are welcomed warmly by city residents. (4) They receive financial support easily.	(2) They struggle to find jobs and proper housing.
3	Villagers displaced by a dam construction project find it difficult to adjust to city life because (1) They miss their relatives and village environment. (2) They enjoy city luxuries too much. (3) They already know how to live in cities. (4) Cities are quieter than villages.	(1) They miss their relatives and village environment.
4	In which state Bhakra dam is located? (1) Punjab (2) J&K (3) Haryana (4) Delhi	(1) Punjab
5	What is the advantage of living in villages as compared to cities? (1) Fresh air (2) Organic food (3) Less pollution & noise (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
6	Why do we build dams? (1) To store water (2) Control flood (3) Generate electricity (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
7	Tick the name of the dam build in our UT J&K. (1) Hirakud (2) Salal dam (3) Tehri dam (4) Ranjit sagar	(2) Salal dam

[illegible]

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Name the highest dam in India. (1) Bhakra Nangal (2) Tehri (3) Hirakud (4) Ranjit sagar	(2) Tehri
2	To solve the problems caused by displacement, governments should (1) Provide proper housing and compensation to displaced families. (2) Ignore the displaced families. (3) Relocate them to forests. (4) Stop all development projects.	(1) Provide proper housing and compensation to displaced families.
3	What kind of changes occur in a village after a dam is constructed nearby? (1) People get more farming land. (2) Houses and fields are submerged under water. (3) Villagers get to live in the same place forever. (4) Villages become cities.	(2) Houses and fields are submerged under water.
4	What is one major cultural problem faced by villagers when they move to cities? (1) They have to wear new kinds of clothes. (2) They miss their festivals and community traditions. (3) They are not allowed to eat their village food. (4) They cannot travel back to their village.	(2) They miss their festivals and community traditions.
5	A big wall build across the river is called a --- (1) Building (2) Dam (3) Mall (4) Hall	(2) Dam
6	Which of the following is a direct consequence of displacement? (1) People find better homes immediately. (2) People lose their homes, land, and sometimes jobs. (3) People receive free education. (4) Villages become forests again.	(2) People lose their homes, land, and sometimes jobs.
7	In what way villagers try to maintain their traditions after moving to a city? (1) By attending city schools. (2) By forming communities with people from their village. (3) By working in factories. (4) By growing crops in their backyards.	(2) By forming communities with people from their village.
8	Which of the following is a positive outcome of building a dam? (1) It generates electricity and stores water for irrigation. (2) It reduces population in villages. (3) It stops rainfall in the area. (4) It helps animals find better homes.	(1) It generates electricity and stores water for irrigation.

9	Which of the following is an example of sustainable development that can prevent large-scale displacement? (1) Building tall skyscrapers in villages. (2) Constructing eco-friendly projects with minimal impact on people and nature. (3) Moving villagers to faraway cities for all projects. (4) Cutting down forests to create more farmland.	(2) Constructing eco-friendly projects with minimal impact on people and nature
10	Why do cities attract people who are displaced from villages? (1) Cities have more opportunities for jobs and education. (2) Cities are free to live in. (3) Cities have less pollution than villages. (4) Cities have more farmland .	(1) Cities have more opportunities for jobs and education.

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LAT WORKSHEET
CLASS - V

SUNJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO – 19

CHAPTER NAME – A SEED TELLS A FARMER'S STORY

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which seed is narrating the story of the farmer? (1) Cotton (2) Bajra (3) Maize (4) Gram	(2) Bajra
2	Farming depends on (1) Rainfall (2) Temperature (3) land (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
3	Undhiya is a kind of (1)Vegetable (2) Curry (3) Stew (4) Baked dish	(3) Stew
4	Which of the following is a seed? (1) Bajra (2) Apple (3) Banana (4)Pear	(1) Bajra
5	Which leaves protect seeds from insects used by farmers? (1) Tulsi (2)Neem (3) Mint (4) None of the above	(2)Neem
6	The unwanted plants which grows with the crops are (1) Crop (2) Seed (3) Weed (4) Plant	(3) Weed
7	This is related to farming. This is celebrated in Punjab (1) Holi (2) Diwali (3) Baisakhi (4) All of the above	(3) Baisakhi
8	It is used by farmers in irrigation (1) Canal (2) River (3) Electric pump (4) All of the above	(4) All of the above
9	For which crop people were getting good price? (1) Cotton (2) Wheat (3) Bajra (4) Both 1 and 2	(4) Both 1 and 2

10	Which of the following replaced bullocks in farming (1)Tractor (2) Car (3) Bus (4) Train	(1)Tractor
11	In olden times good seeds were stored in dried _____. (1) Dry gourd (2) Cucumber (3) Pumpkin (4) None of the above.	(1) Dry gourd.
12	Where is Vangaam village? (1)Tamil Nadu (2) Kerala (3) Gujarat (4) Rajasthan	(3) Gujarat
13	What is the meaning of UNDHIIYA in Gujarati? (1)Down (2) Upside down (3) Above (4) Side	(2) Upside down
14	Which one is harvesting festival? (1)Diwali (2) Holi (3)Bihu (4) Durga pooja	(3)Bihu
15	Which food grains are forgotten with the passage of time. (1) Cotton & Bajra (2) Bajra & Wheat (3) Bajra & Jowar (4) None of the above	(2) Bajra & Wheat

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Dhamjibhai's son brought which modern farming tool for ploughing the field? (1) Motor (2) Pump (3) Tractor (4) None of the above	(3) Tractor
2	_____ fertile the soil hence they are called farmer's best friend. (1)Cockroach (2) Earthworm (3)Mosquito (4) Ant	(2) Earthworm
3	_____ is a natural fertilizer made from dried leaves and kitchen waste. (1)Urea (2) Cow dung cakes (3) Nitrogen (4) Vermicompost	(4) Vermicompost
4	What was happened on 18 th December 2007 in Andhra Pradesh? (1)Farmers sent to jail. (2) Farmers committed suicide. (3) Took loan. (4) None of the above.	(1)Farmers sent to jail.

5	What is one of the main reason that millet cultivation has decreased in India? (1) Farmers prefer crops like rice and wheat due to market demand. (2) Millets are harder to grow than other crops. (3) Millets spoil easily in storage. (4) People do not know how to cook millets.	(1) Farmers prefer crops like rice and wheat due to market demand.
6	What is the capital of Gujarat? (1) Surat (3) Gandhinagar (2) Dandi (4) Bhuj	3) Gandhinagar
7	What is the main benefit of including millets in your diet? (1) They are rich in fiber, proteins, and minerals. (2) They taste like sugar. (3) They require no cooking. (4) They are very spicy.	(1) They are rich in fiber, proteins, and minerals.
8	What is done by the threshers in farming? (1) Ploughing (3) Sowing (2) Cutting (4) Separation of seeds from husk	(4) Separation of seeds from husk
9	In earlier times, farmers decided to plant which seed on the basis of _____. (1) the season and type of soil (2) the advice of city traders (3) the color of the seeds (4) the number of festivals in the year	(1) the season and type of soil.
10	What were the problems faced by shifting to the modern technique of farming? (1) Soil quality become low . (2) Loans has to be taken. (3) use harmful chemicals . (4) All of the above.	(4) All of the above

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO – 20

CHAPTER NAME – WHOSE FOREST

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Why do people living near forests depend on them? (1) For food, fuel, and building materials. (2) To build large factories. (3) To buy luxury goods. (4) To avoid working in cities.	(1) For food, fuel, and building materials.
2	What is the main reason for deforestation? (1) Planting more trees. (2) Cutting trees for farming, building roads, and urbanization. (3) Protecting wildlife. (4) Creating national parks.	(2) Cutting trees for farming, building roads, and urbanization.
3	To which community did Suryamani belong? (1)Kuduk (2)Bhils (3) Khasis (4) None of the above	(1)Kuduk
4	To which state did Suryamani belong? (1) Bihar (2) Jharkhand (3) Assam (4) Mizoram	(2) Jharkhand
5	What is the capital of Jharkhand? (1)Raipur (2) Patna (3)Ranchi (4) Dispur	(3)Ranchi
6	People from tribal communities protect forests because (1) They depend on forests for their daily needs and consider them sacred. (2) They want to cut all the trees. (3) They want to sell the land to cities. (4) They dislike living in villages.	(1) They depend on forests for their daily needs and consider them sacred.
7	What was the name of Suryamani's center? (1)Kuduk (2)Torang (3)Jungle Bachao (4)Cheraw	(2)Torang

8	Suryamani was associated with which movement? (1)Chipko (3)Narmada bachao	(2)Jharkhand jungle bachao (4) None of the above	(2)Jharkhand jungle bachao
9	What is the capital of Mizoram? (1)Dispur (2)Shilong	(2)Imphal (4)Aizwal	(4)Aizwal
10	Forest dwellers are called (1)Villagers (3)Adivasis	(2)Farmers (4)Hunters	3)Adivasis
11	Bamboo is variety of a (1)Grass (3)Shrub	(2)Tree (4)Climber	(1)Grass
12	In Kuduk language TORANG means (1)Flag 3)House	(2) Village (4) Jungle.	(4) Jungle
13	Cheraw dance is performed in (1)Bihar (3)Assam	(2)Mizoram (4)Manipur	(2)Mizoram
14	In Mizoram the unit of measuring farming land is (1)Tin (3)Biswa	(2)Bigga (4)Acre	(1)Tin
15	The main crop of Mizoram is (1)Rice and maize (3)Potato and maize	(2) Maize and cotton (4) Cotton and rice	(1)Rice and maize

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Which of the following is the type of farming? (1)Stone farming (3)Coal farming	(2) Jhoom farming (4) None of the above
2	Which is the neighbouring state of Mizoram? (1)Delhi (3) Manipur	(2) Himachal Pradesh (4) All of these
3	If forests are destroyed, what will happen to the animals living there? (1) They will find new homes in cities. (2) They will lose their habitat and may face extinction. (3) They will adapt to living underwater. (4) They will plant more trees.	(2) They will lose their habitat and may face extinction.

4	How can we save forests from destruction? (1) By planting more trees and stopping illegal logging. (2) By building more roads. (3) By encouraging factories to grow. (4) By cutting trees for furniture.	(1) By planting more trees and stopping illegal logging.
5	Which of the following activities harms forests the most? (1) Planting trees. (2) Forest fires and excessive tree cutting. (3) Tribal people using small amounts of wood. (4) Tourists visiting forests.	(2) Forest fires and excessive tree cutting.
6	For how many years one should live in forest to have a right over them? (1) 21 years (2) 25 years (3) 20 years (4) 26 years	(2) 25 years
7	In Mizoram , how many people are linked to forest? (1) 25% (2) 40% (3) 50% (4) 75%	(4) 75%
8	What do forests give us apart from wood and food? (1) Clean air, medicinal plants, and a stable climate. (2) Houses and cars. (3) Plastic and metal products. (4) Electronic gadgets.	(1) Clean air, medicinal plants, and a stable climate.
9	How does deforestation contribute to climate change? (1) By increasing oxygen levels. (2) By increasing carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere. (3) By making the Earth cooler. (4) By reducing rainfall in cities only.	(2) By increasing carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere.
10	What is the role of forest guards? (1) To cut down trees for factories. (2) To protect the forest from illegal logging and poaching. (3) To plant crops in the forest. (4) To help factories find forest land.	(2) To protect the forest from illegal logging and poaching.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO – 21

CHAPTER NAME-LIKE FATHER, LIKE DAUGHTER

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Traits that are passed on from parents to children through genes is known as_____ (1) Inherited traits (2) Acquired traits (3) None of these (4) All of these.	(1) Inherited traits
2	Is polio a inherited trait? (1) No (2) Yes (3) Not always (4) Can't say	(1) No
3	Who is the father of genetics? (1) Alexander Fleming (2) Albert Einstein (3) Gregor Mendel (4) Thomas Elva Edison	(3) Gregor Mendel
4	Which of the following is an example of a habit learned from family members? (1) Playing a specific sport like cricket (2) Eye color (3) Height (4) Voice tone	(1) Playing a specific sport like cricket .
5	A child's height is influenced mostly by (1) Food habits and genes inherited from parents. (2) The kind of clothes they wear. (3) Their school performance. (4) Their favorite color.	(1) Food habits and genes inherited from parents.
6	The study of heredity and the variation of inherited characteristics is (1) Gene (2) Genetics (3) Meiosis (4) Hybrid	(2) Genetics
7	If both parents have curly hair, their child is more likely to have (1) Straight hair (2) Curly hair (3) No hair (4) Short hair	(2) Curly hair

8	What did Gregor Mendel use to discover the principles that rule heredity? (1)Pea plant (2) Pear plant (3) Potato plant (4) None of these.	(1)Pea plant
9	Gregor Mendel was born in (1)Australia (2)Austria (3) Africa (4)Asia	(2)Austria
10	Traits like kindness and patience are often passed on through (1) Books (2) Genes (3) Observation and family upbringing (4) Toys	(3) Observation and family upbringing
11	Polio is caused by (1) Virus (2)Bacteria (3) Insect (4) None of the above.	(1) Virus
12	Some habits we get from family, while some we pick up from (1) Cousin (2) Environment (3) Neighbor (4) School	(2) Environment
13	Which part of the body is affected due to polio (1) Nose (2) Ears (3) Eyes (4)Legs	(4)Legs
14	If a mother and daughter both enjoy singing, this is most likely because of (1) Their house has a music room. (2) The daughter learned it by observing her mother. (3) They both inherited it from their neighbors. (4) They were born on the same day.	(2) The daughter learned it by observing her mother.
15	_____ twins look exactly alike. (1) Identical (2)Adopted (3) None of these (4) All of these	(1) Identical

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	If a father has a talent for running fast and his daughter practices regularly, she may become a great runner because of (1) Heredity and practice . (2) Just watching her father run. (3) Her favorite shoes. (4) Living in a house near a park.	(1) Heredity and practice.
2	Pulse polio programme was started? (1) To eradicate polio (2) To eradicate Malaria (3) To eradicate Dengue (4) None of these.	(1) To eradicate polio

3	An adopted child (1) Shares genes with the parents who adopted them. (2) Is taken into a family and cared for like their own child. (3) Can only live in orphanages. (4) Does not go to school.	(2) Is taken into a family and cared for like their own child.
4	How can polio be prevented? (1) By drinking clean water. (2) By taking the polio vaccine drops. (3) By eating healthy food only. (4) By staying indoors.	(2) By taking the polio vaccine drops.
5	What do we call Father's father? (1) Mama (2) Papa (3) Grandfather (4) None of these.	(3) Grand father
6	The government runs polio vaccination campaigns because (1) Polio vaccination is expensive. (2) Polio can spread and cause permanent disability. (3) It reduces the population. (4) It improves eyesight.	(2) Polio can spread and cause permanent disability.
7	Children who miss their polio drops during a campaign should (1) Wait for the next campaign. (2) Visit a health center to get vaccinated immediately. (3) Stop going to school. (4) Avoid playing outside.	(2) Visit a health center to get vaccinated immediately.
8	What does the slogan "<i>Do Boond Zindagi Ke</i>" mean? (1) Drink clean water every day. (2) Polio drops can save your child's life. (3) Get a check-up twice a year. (4) Wash your hands regularly.	(2) Polio drops can save your child's life.
9	How many plants did Gregor Mendel performed experiments. (1)24,000 (2) 26,000 (3)28,000 (4) 30,000	(3) 28,000
10	What should parents do if their child cannot walk due to polio? (1) Ignore the problem. (2) Seek medical treatment and physical therapy. (3) Stop sending the child to school. (4) Allow the child to stay in bed all day.	(2) Seek medical treatment and physical therapy.

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LAT WORKSHEET CLASS - V

SUBJECT - EVS

CHAPTER NO – 22

CHAPTER NAME – ON THE MOVE AGAIN

CLASSWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	What is the primary reason families like Dhanu's migrate for six months? (1) To celebrate festivals in other villages. (2) To find work in sugarcane fields due to lack of farming opportunities at home. (3) To visit relatives in different regions. (4) To escape the responsibilities of farming.	(2) To find work in sugarcane fields due to lack of farming opportunities at home.
2	What kind of huts do the families build when they migrate for sugarcane work? (1) Huts made of bricks and cement. (2) Huts made of dry sugarcane and its leaves. (3) Tents made of plastic sheets. (4) Wooden cabins.	(2) Huts made of dry sugarcane and its leaves.
3	Why do the villagers borrow money from the mukadam? (1) To celebrate festivals in their village. (2) To pay for their children's education. (3) To manage expenses when there is no work at home. (4) To build permanent houses in sugarcane fields.	(3) To manage expenses when there is no work at home.
4	An agent who lends money to poor village people? (1) Mukadam (2) Teacher (3) Police (4) villager	(1) Mukadam
5	Dhanu's mami wanted him to (1) Play (2) Dance (3) Study (4) Sing	(3) Study
6	Dussehra is a festival of (1) Hindus (2) Muslim (3) Sikh (4) None of the above	(1) Hindus
7	Which of the vehicle is used by the Dhanu's relative to attend Dusshera festival (1) Bus (2) Car (3) train (4) Bullock cart	(4) Bullock cart

8	Dussehra is also known as (1) Diwali (3) Lohri	(2) Holi (4) Vijayadashmi	(4) Vijaya dashmi
9	Why does Mami want Dhanu to stay back in the village instead of migrating? (1) To help his grandmother with household chores. (2) To take care of the family's fields. (3) To go to school and continue his studies. (4) To avoid the hard work of sugarcane farming .		(3) To go to school and continue his studies.
10	Which plant leaves are used to protect grains and pulses? (1) Neem (3) Peepal	(2) Rose (4) Banyan	(1) Neem
11	What challenges do children, like Dhanu face when they migrate for work? (1) Lack of food and shelter . (2) Missing school for months. (3) Separation from parents. (4) Difficulty in playing games.		(2) Missing school for months.
12	Group of people settling down to work in fields at different areas is called_____. (1) Crowed (3) Caravan	(2) Meeting (4) None of the above	(3) Caravan
13	What happens in Dhanu's village when there is no rain? (1) Farmers continue farming using modern machines. (2) Families leave the village in search of work. (3) The mukadam arranges irrigation facilities. (4) People celebrate festivals and take rest.		(2) Families leave the village in search of work.
14	Mukadam gave the details of _____ taken by the farmers. (1) Price (3) Loan	(2) Receipt (4) None of these	(3) Loan
15	What kind of work do children like Dhanu do in the sugarcane fields? (1) Cutting sugarcane. (2) Tying sugarcane bundles. (3) Operating machines at the factory. (4) Selling sugarcane in the market.		(2) Tying sugarcane bundles.

HOMEWORK

Q. No.	Question	Answer
1	Why do some villagers, like Dhanu's grandmother, stay back when others migrate? (1) To take care of their homes. (2) Because they are unwell or too old to travel. (3) To manage the village school. (4) To look after the crops in the fields.	(2) Because they are unwell or too old to travel.

2	Puranpoli is a sweet dish made of ----- and gram. (1) Maida (3) Salt (2)Jaggery (4) oil	(2) Jaggery
3	What is one of the main reasons Dhanu's family migrates? (1) To experience city life. (2) To escape debts. (3) To find work and pay off loans. (4) To celebrate Dussehra in a new place.	(3) To find work and pay off loans
4	Who stayed back in the village? (1)Sick people (3)Young children (2) Old parents (4) All of these.	(4) All of these.
5	A sum of money you borrow and has to pay back with interest is called_____. (1)loan (3)money (2) price (4) gift	(1) Loan
6	Confirmation note given in black and white provided after cash is _____. (1)cash (3)receipt (2) loan (4) paper	(3) Receipt
7	Who takes care of the elderly and the sick when families migrate? (1) Friends in the village (3) Relatives who stay behind (2) The mukadam (4) Nobody	(3) Relatives who stay behind .
8	Irrigation means (1) Harvesting (3)Spraying insecticide (2) Watering the crop (4) All of the above	(2) Watering the crop.
9	What motivates Mami to insist that Dhanu stay back in the village? (1) Her dream of seeing Dhanu become successful through education. (2) The need to take care of Dhanu's grandmother. (3) Dhanu's dislike of working in the fields. (4) Dhanu's poor health.	(1) Her dream of seeing Dhanu become successful through education.
10	What impact does missing school have on Dhanu's education? (1) He learns better through practical work. (2) He falls behind in his studies. (3) He becomes more interested in farming. (4) It has no impact as he learns from his parents.	(2) He falls behind in his studies.