केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN

आंचलिक शिक्षा एवं प्रशिक्षण संस्थान, चंडीगढ़

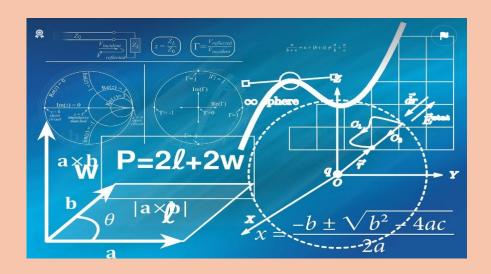
ZONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING, CHANDIGARH



MATERIAL ON COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS: CLASS XI

MATHEMATICS (041)

(5 DAY WORKSHOP FROM 18.08.2025-22.08.2025)



संरक्षक

श्रीमती प्राची पांडे, आई.ए.एवं ए.एस. आयुक्त

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अपर आयुक्त (शक्षणिक)

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Ms. Chandana Mandal Additional Commissioner (Academic) KVS HQ New Delhi

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> श्रीमती श्रुति भागव उपायुक्त एवं निदेशक, केन्द्रीय विद्यालय संगठन

आंचलिक शिक्षा एवं प्रशिक्षण संस्थान

SANJAY KUMAR TRAINING ASSOCIATE MATHS ZIET CHANDIGARH (RESOURCE PERSON) CHANCHAL KALRA
PGT MATHS
PM SHRI KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA
No.2 AMBALA CANTT
(RESOURCE PERSON)

Foreword

It gives me immense pleasure to present this *Competency-Based Question Bank* developed during the workshop organized by **ZIET Chandigarh** for **PGT (Mathematics)** teachers. This initiative aligns with the vision of the **National Education Policy (NEP) 2020**, which emphasizes a shift from rote learning to competency-based and application-oriented education.

The resource has been meticulously curated by a team of experienced and dedicated teachers, who have collaboratively prepared question bank that promote conceptual understanding, analytical thinking, and real-life application of mathematical ideas. Each question reflects an effort to align classroom assessment with clearly defined learning outcomes and competencies, ensuring that our students not only "know" mathematics but also "understand" and "apply" it meaningfully.

This Question Bank will serve as a valuable resource for teachers in planning assessments that truly reflect student competencies and support continuous, comprehensive, and joyful learning. It is also a testimony to the professional commitment and creative spirit of our teachers who continue to innovate and contribute to improving the quality of education in Kendriya Vidyalayas.

I extend my sincere appreciation to all the participants for their dedication and teamwork in bringing this important academic resource to fruition.

I also extend my sincere gratitude to Mr. Deepak Singh Bhati, Principal, PM Shri Kendriya Vidyalaya Sabarmati, Ahmedabad for the meticulous vetting of the Question Bank developed for the students of Mathematics. The time and effort devoted by him in ensuring the pedagogical soundness and alignment with the CBSE curriculum are truly commendable. I am confident that this compilation will serve the purpose of assessment of students to ensure attainment of learning outcomes.

(SHRUTI BHARGAVA)

Deputy Commissioner and Director

ZIET, Chandigarh

Material Developed by:

| S.No. | Name of Participant | Designation | Name of KV | Topic |
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| 1 | POOJA YADAV | PGT MATHS | SHAHDRA | Sets |
| 2 | G.P PANDEY | PGT MATHS | AGCR COLONY | Relation and Function |
| 3 | JAIPAL SINGH | PGT MATHS | NO. 3 DELHI CANTT | Trigonometric Function |
| 4 | PUSHPA YADAV | PGT MATHS | ITBP BHANU | Linear Inequalities |
| 5 | MONIKA | PGT MATHS | HISAR | Complex Number |
| 6 | PREMLATA | PGT MATHS | SAINJ KULLU | Permutation and Combination |
| 7 | VIVEK BHARTI | PGT MATHS | RAJGARHI | Binomial Theorem |
| 8 | RUPAM YADAV | PGT MATHS | MANESAR | Sequence and Series |
| 9 | MUKESH ATTRI | PGT MATHS | JHAJJAR | Straight Line |
| 10 | RAJSHRI | PGT MATHS | ALMORA | CONIC SECTION |
| 11 | VIKAS KUMAR | PGT MATHS | MATHANA | Introduction to 3-D Geometry |
| 12 | NEERAJ SHARMA | PGT MATHS | ALHILAL | Limits and Derivative |
| 13 | RAVI LUTHRA | PGT MATHS | CHAMERA-II | Statistics |
| 14 | PRITAM SINGH | PGT MATHS | FRI D.DUN | Probability |

MODERATED AND COMPILED BY:

| S.No. | NAME OF TEACHER | DESIGNATION | KV |
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| 6 | SANJAY SINGH | PGT MATHS | NO.2 SRINAGAR |
| 7 | RAMESH MATTOO | PGT MATHS | MIRANSAHIB |
| 8 | SARIKA DOBHAL | PGT MATHS | UTTARKASHI |
| 9 | VINAY KUMAR | PGT MATHS | JOSHIMATH |
| 10 | POOJA PEHAL | PGT MATHS | D.DUN ITBP (IST SHIFT) |
| 11 | AMIT JOSHI | PGT MATHS | BAGESHWAR |
| 12 | JYOTI SAXENA | PGT MATHS | SEC 8 RK PURAM |
| 13 | LEEJA P.N. | PGT MATHS | NARELA |

SETS

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Define and represent sets using proper notation
- 2. Perform operations on sets (union, intersection, complement)
- 3. Apply Venn diagrams to solve real-life problems

| Q.No. | Question | LO | Competency |
|-------|--|-------------------|--|
| | MCQ | | |
| 1 | The cardinality of the power set of $\{x: x \in N, x \le 10\}$ is a) 1024 b)1023 c) 2048 d) 2043 | LO1 | Conceptual application computational thinking |
| 2 | What is the solution set of the equation $x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$ in roster form? a) $\{-1, 2\}$ b) $\{-1, -2\}$ c) $\{1, -2\}$ d) $\{1, 2\}$ | LO1 | Problem solving Application |
| 3 | Number of proper subsets of set A, $A = \{\emptyset\}$, are a) 0 b) 2 c) 1 d) 4 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual clarity Problem Interpretation |
| 4 | Two finite sets have m and n element. The number of elements in the power set of first set is 48 more than the total number of elements in power set of the second set. Then, the value of m and n are (a) 7,6 (b) 6,3 (c) 6,4 (d) 7,4 | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Analytical Thinking Critical analysis |
| 5 | Which of the following is not equivalent to $A \subset B$. (a) $A - B = \emptyset$ (b) $A \cap B = A$ (c) $A \cup B = B$ (d) None of these 2 MARKS QUESTIONS | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Integration of Knowledge Visualization |
| 1 | If $Y = \{x: x \text{ is a positive factor of the number } 2^{p-1}(2^p-1), \text{ where } 2^p-1 \text{ is a prime number} \}$. Write Y in roaster form. | LO1 LO2 | Generalisation skill Collaborative learning |
| 2 | Given $L = \{1,2,3,4\}, M = \{3,4,5,6\} $ and $N = \{1,3,5\}.$ Verify that $L - (M \cup N) = (L - M) \cap (L - N)$ | LO1 LO2 | Understanding Application |
| 3 | $T = \{x: \frac{x+5}{x-7} - 5 = \frac{4x-40}{13-x} \}.$ Is T an empty set? Justify your answer. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Critical thinking Computational |
| 4 | Write all the elements of set $\{P[P(P(\emptyset))]\}$ | LO1 LO2 | Recall and Comprehension Logical reasoning |

| | | T | |
|---|--|------|--------------------|
| 5 | If $A = \{x : x \text{ is a positive integer and a factor of } 12\}$ | LO1 | application |
| | and $B = \{x : x \text{ is a positive integer and a factor of } $ | LO2 | computational |
| | 18}. Find $A \cup B$ and $A \cap B$. Also, determine the | LO3 | thinking |
| | number of subsets of $(A \cap B)$. | | |
| | 3 MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
| 1 | Suppose A_1, A_2,A_n are 30 sets each having 5 | LO2 | Problem solving |
| | elements and B_1 , B_2 , B_n are n sets each with 3 | LO3 | Application |
| | elements, let $\bigcup_{i=1}^{30} A_i = \bigcup_{j=1}^{n} B = S$ and each element of | | Critical thinking |
| | S belong to exactly 10 of the $A_{i,s}$ and exactly 9 of the | | 8 |
| | , | | |
| 2 | B _{i's} . Then find the value of n. | 1.02 | Componential |
| 2 | For all the sets A, B and C, if $A \subset B$, then $A \cup C \subset B \cup C$ | LO2 | Conceptual |
| 2 | $B \cup C$. | LO3 | application |
| 3 | For any two sets A and B, prove that $A \cup B = A \cap B$ iff | LO2 | Problem solving |
| | A=B. | LO3 | Application |
| | | | Critical thinking |
| 4 | If $A \cup B = C$ and $A \cap B = \emptyset$, then prove that | LO2 | Problem |
| | A = C - B. | LO3 | Interpretation |
| | | | Collaborative |
| | | | learning |
| 5 | If $U = \{a, e, i. o. u\}$ $A = \{a, e, i\}$ And $B = \{e, o, u\}$ $C = \{a, e, i. o. u\}$ | LO1 | Verification skill |
| | $\{a, i, u\}$ Then verify that $A \cap (B - C) = (A \cap C)$ | LO2 | Problem Solving |
| | $B) - (A \cap C)$ | LO3 | |
| | 5 MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
| 1 | Let A and B be any two sets. Using properties of sets | LO2 | Theoretical |
| | prove that | LO3 | Understanding |
| | $i(A - (A \cap B) = A - B$ | | Systematic |
| | $ii) (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup B') = A$ | | approach |
| 2 | Let A, B and C be sets. Then show that | LO2 | Theoretical |
| | $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$ | LO3 | Understanding |
| | | 200 | Systematic |
| | | | approach |
| 3 | Let P be the set of prime numbers and let | LO1 | Analytical |
| | S = $\{t: 2^t - 1 \text{ is a prime}\}$. Prove that $S \subset P$. | LO2 | thinking |
| | $0 - \{0, 2\}$ 1 is a prime j . Flower that $3 \subseteq 1$. | LO2 | Application |
| | CASE STUDY BASED QUESTIONS | LUJ | 1 ippiication |
| 1 | In a town of 10,000 families it was found that 40% | LO1 | Real life |
| 1 | | | |
| | families buy newspaper A, 20% families buy | LO2 | application |
| | newspaper B, 10% families buy newspaper C, 5% | LO3 | Understanding |
| | families buy A and B, 3% buy B and C and 4% buy A | | Analytical |
| | and C. If 2% families buy all the three newspapers. | | thinking |
| | Find: | | |
| | (a)The number of families which buy newspaper A | | |
| | only. | | |
| | (b) The number of families which buy newspaper C | | |
| | only | | |
| | (c) The number of families which buy none of A, B and | | |
| | C | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| 2 | Draw the Venn diagrams to illustrate the following | LO1 | Mathematical | ì |
|---|---|-----|-------------------|---|
| | relationship among sets E, M and U, where E is the set | LO2 | Modelling | 1 |
| | of students studying English in a school, M is the set of | LO3 | Critical thinking | ı |
| | students studying Mathematics in the same school, U is | | Representation | 1 |
| | the set of all students in that school. | | - | 1 |
| | (i) All the students who study Mathematics study | | | 1 |
| | English, but some students who study English do not | | | ı |
| | study Mathematics | | | ı |
| | (ii) There is no student who studies both Mathematics | | | ı |
| | and English. | | | 1 |
| | (iii) Some of the students study Mathematics but do not | | | ì |
| | study English, some study English but do not study | | | ì |
| | Mathematics, and some study both. | | | 1 |
| | (iv) Not all students study Mathematics, but every | | | ì |
| | students studying English studies Mathematics. | | | ì |

FINAL ANSWERS FOR EACH QUESTION

MCQ Answers: 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (d)

2-Mark Answers

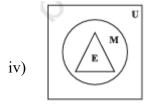
1. Y =
$$\{1, 2, 2^2, 2^3, ... 2^{p-1}, 2^p - 1\}$$
 3. T = \emptyset 4. $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}, \{\emptyset\}, \{\emptyset\}\}, \{\{\emptyset\}\}\}\}$ 5. A = $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12\}$, B = $\{1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18\}$; A \cup B = $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18\}$, A \cap B = $\{1, 2, 3, 6\}$; subsets of A \cap B = 16.

3-Mark Answers:

1. n = 45

Case Study Based Answers:

2(i) Ii) I(i). 3300 1(ii)500 1(iii).4000 2(i).. U



Relations and Functions

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Differentiate between relation and function
- 2. Identify domain, codomain, and range
- 3. Represent functions graphically and algebraically

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark each)

| Q. NO. | QUESTION | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|--------|---|-------------------|---|
| 1. | If n(A)=3 and n(B)=4, then the number of elements in the Cartesian product A×B is: a. 7 b. 12 c. 3 d. 4 | LO1 | Conceptual, Identification, Logical clarity, accuracy |
| 2. | If the number of relations from set A to set B is 64, and n(A)=2, then the value of n(B) is: a. 3 b. 4 c. 6 d. 8 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual Logical reasoning, Critical thinking, Clarity of thought, Justification |
| 3. | The domain of the function $f(x) = 1/(x-2)^{1/2}$ is: a. $(2,\infty)$ b. $[2,\infty)$ c. $(-\infty,2)$ d. $(-\infty,2]$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual & Applications, Problem solving, Calculation, Persistence, Accuracy |
| 4. | If $f(x)=x^2$ and $g(x)=2x+1$, then $(f+g)(x)$ is: a. x^2+2x+1 b. $2x^3+x^2$ c. x^2-2x-1 d. $x^2(2x+1)$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation Accuracy, Consistency |
| 5. | The range of the function $f(x)=x x $ is: a. $\{-1,1\}$ b. $\{-1,0,1\}$ c. $(-\infty,\infty)$ d. $(0,\infty)$ | LO1 LO2 | Properties & Graphs, Analysis, Interpretation, Critical reasoning, Precision |
| 6. | Which of the following relations is a function? a. $R = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : x = y^2\}$ b. $R = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : y = x \}$ c. $R = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : x^2 + y^2 = 4\}$ d. $R = \{(x,y) \in R \times R : x = 2\}$ | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual, Identification, Understanding, Logical clarity, accuracy |
| 7. | The domain and range of the signum function are: a. Domain: R, Range: {-1,0,1} b. Domain: R, Range: {-1,1} c. Domain: R - {0}, Range: {-1,1} d. Domain: R - {0}, Range: R | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual, Identification, Understanding, Logical clarity, accuracy |
| 8. | The range of the function $f(x)=x^2+1$ for the domain $\{-1,0,1,2\}$ is: a. $\{1,2,5\}$ b. $\{1,2,5,10\}$ c. $\{2,1,5\}$ d. $\{2,5\}$ | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual & Applications, Problem solving, Calculation, Persistence, Accuracy |
| 9. | c. $\{2,1,5\}$ d. $\{2,5\}$ If $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x+1$, then $(f/g)(2)$ is: a. $4/3$ b. 2 c. 3 d. 4 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency |

| 10. | The greatest integer function $f(x)= x $ has the range: | LO1 | Conceptual, |
|-----|---|-----|------------------|
| | a. R | LO2 | Identification, |
| | b. Z (Set of integers) | LO3 | Understanding, |
| | c. Q (Set of rational numbers) | | Logical clarity, |
| | d. Z+ (Set of positive integers) | | accuracy |

B. Short Answer Questions (2 marks each)

| Q. NO. | QUESTION | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|--------|---|-----|-----------------------------|
| 1. | Find the domain and range of the function | LO1 | Conceptual, |
| | - | LO2 | Identification, |
| | $f(x)=(9-x^2)^{1/2}$. | | Understanding, |
| | | | Logical clarity, accuracy) |
| 2. | Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$ and $B=\{a,b,c,d\}$. How many relations | LO1 | Conceptual, |
| | can be defined from A to B? Justify your answer. | LO2 | Identification, |
| | | | Understanding, |
| | | | Logical clarity, accuracy) |
| 3. | If $(x+1,y-2) = (3,1)$, find the value of $3x - 2y$. | LO1 | Conceptual, Identification, |
| | | | Understanding, |
| | | | Logical clarity, accuracy |
| 4. | A relation R from a set $A=\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ to a set | LO1 | Conceptual, |
| | $B=\{4,6,9\}$ is defined by $R=\{(x,y):x\in A,y\in B,y \text{ is }$ | LO2 | Identification, |
| | divisible by x}. List the elements of R and find its | | Understanding, |
| | domain and range. | | Logical clarity, accuracy) |
| 5. | Find the domain and range of the function | LO1 | Conceptual, Identification, |
| | $f(x)=(x^2-9)/(x-3)$ | LO2 | Understanding, |
| | | | Logical clarity, accuracy) |

C. Long Answer Questions (3 marks each)

| Q. NO. | QUESTION | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|--------|--|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Let R be a relation from Q to Q defined by $R = \{(a,b): a,b \in Q \text{ and } a-b \in Z\}$. Show that if $(a,b) \in R$ and $(b,c) \in R$, then $(a,c) \in R$. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual, Logical reasoning, Critical thinking, Clarity of thought, Justification |
| 2. | Let $A=\{9,10,11,12,13\}$ and $f:A \rightarrow N$ be a function defined by $f(n)=$ the highest prime factor of n. Find the range of f. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual, Application, Calculation, Systematic reasoning, Practical understanding |
| 3. | If $f(x)=x^2-1$ and $g(x)=2x+3$, find $(f \cdot g)(x)$ and $(g-f)(x)$. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency |
| 4. | A function f is defined by f(x)=2x-5. Write down the values of: i. f(0) ii. f(7) iii. f(-3) | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency |
| 5. | Sketch the graph of the modulus function $f(x)= x $ and identify its domain and range. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency |

D. Very Long Answer Questions (5 marks each)

| Q. NO. | QUESTION | | COMPETENCY |
|--------|--|-------------------|---|
| 1. | Let $A=\{x\in Z: -2\le x\le 2\}$ and $B=\{x\in N: x^2< 10\}$. Write down the elements of A and B. Find the number of elements in $A\times B$ and write down number of all possible relations from B to A. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency, Practical understanding) |
| 2. | The function $f(x)=ax+b$ is defined on the set of real numbers. If $f(1)=5$ and $f(2)=8$, find the values of a and b and hence find the value of $f(4)$. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual, Procedural fluency, Algebraic manipulation, Accuracy, Consistency |
| 3. | A function f is defined as $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 1, & x < 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \\ 3x + 1, & x > 0 \end{cases}$ Find the values of f(-2), f(0), and f(5). Sketch the graph of this function. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Properties & Graphs), Skill (Analysis, Interpretation), Value (Critical reasoning, Precision) |

E. Case Study Based Questions

| Q. NO. | QUESTION | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|--------|---|-------------------|--|
| 1. | The Cost of a Taxi Ride: A taxi company charges a fixed amount plus a per-kilometer charge. The cost C (in rupees) of a taxi ride is a function of the distance travelled d (in kilometers). The function is given by C(d)=15d+50. a)Is this a real-valued function? What is its domain and range in this context? b)If a person travels a distance of 10 km, what is the cost of the ride? c)If a person paid ₹350 for a taxi ride, how many kilometers did they travel? | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Concepts & Definitions), Skill (Identification, Understanding), Value (Logical clarity, accuracy) |
| 2. | Temperature Conversion: The temperature conversion from Celsius to Fahrenheit is given by the function F(C)=9C/5+32. a) Find the value of F(0). What does it represent? b) Find the value of C when F(C)=212. What does this value represent? c) What is the domain of this function in the context of real-world temperatures? What is its range? | LO1 LO2 | Knowledge (Concepts & Definitions), Skill (Identification, Understanding), Value (Logical clarity, accuracy) |

ANSWERS:

| | MCQs (1 Marks each) | | |
|--------|--|--|--|
| Q. NO. | ANSWERS | | |
| 1. | b. 12 | | |
| 2. | a. 3 | | |
| 3. | a. (2,∞) | | |
| 4. | a. x^2+2x+1 | | |
| 5. | $c. (-\infty, \infty)$ | | |
| 6. | b. $R=\{(x,y)\in R\times R: y= x \}$ | | |
| 7. | a.Domain: R, Range: {-1,0,1} | | |
| 8. | a. {1,2,5} | | |
| 9 | a. 4/3 | | |
| 10. | b. Z (Set of integers) | | |
| | B. Short Answer Questions (2 marks each) | | |
| 1. | Domain is $[-3,3]$ and the range is $[0,3]$ | | |
| 2. | Number of relations = 4096 | | |
| 3. | 0 | | |
| 4. | The relation $R = \{(1,4),(1,6),(1,9),(2,4),(2,6),(2,6),(2,6),(4,4),(6,6)\}$ | | |
| | $(2,6),(3,6),(3,9),(4,4),(6,6)$. The domain of R is the set of all first components: $\{1,2,3,4,6\}$. | | |
| | The range of R is the set of all second components: $\{4,6,9\}$. | | |
| 5. | Domain: R-{3}, Range: R-{6} | | |
| | C. Long Answer Questions (3 marks each) | | |
| 1. | Correct proof | | |
| 2. | Range = $\{3,5,11,13\}$. | | |
| 3. | $(f \cdot g)(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x - 3$. $(g - f)(x) = -x^2 + 2x + 4$ | | |
| 4. | i. $f(0) = -5$. ii. $f(7) = 9$. iii. $f(-3) = -11$ | | |
| 5. | Domain = R or $(-\infty,\infty)$. Range = $[0,\infty)$ or $\{y \in R: y \ge 0\}$. | | |
| | D. Very Long Answer Questions (5 marks each) | | |
| 1. | $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}.$ $B = \{1, 2, 3\}.$ | | |
| | $n(A) \times n(B) = 15.$ | | |
| 2 | The number of possible relations is $2^{n(B)\times n(A)} = 2^{15}$ | | |
| 2. | a=3, b=2, f(4)=14. | | |
| 3. | f(-2) = -5., $f(0)=0.$, $f(5)=16$ | | |
| 1 | E. Case Study Based Questions | | |
| 1. | a) Domain is [0,∞) & Range is [50,∞). (b) d=10, cost is ₹200. (c) The person travelled 20 km. | | |
| 2. | (a) $F(0) = 32$. This represents the temperature in Fahrenheit at which | | |
| | water freezes. | | |
| | (b) C=100, This value represents the boiling point of water in Celsius. | | |
| | (c) The function is a linear function R or $(-\infty,\infty)$, as temperature can be any value | | |
| | any value. | | |

TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Understand angles in radians and degrees
- 2. Derive and use identities
- 3. Solve trigonometric equations and apply in real-life contexts

| 3. | Solve trigonometric equations and apply in real-ine contexts | | | | | |
|-------|--|------------|---|--|--|--|
| Q.No. | Question | LOs | Competency | | | |
| 1 | The value of $\sin\left(\frac{25\pi}{3}\right)$ is $(A). -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \qquad (B). \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $(C). \frac{1}{2} \qquad (D). -\frac{1}{2}$ | LO1 | 1.Conceptual understanding 2.Rational Thinking 3. accuracy 4.precision | | | |
| 2 | If $\tan x = \frac{a}{b}$ then $b\cos 2x + a \sin 2x$ s equal to (A). a (B) b (C). ab (D) $\frac{a}{b}$ | LO1 LO2 | 1.Understanding of concepts 2. Co-relation between trig. functions 3. Analytical reasoning 4 problem solving | | | |
| 3 | $\frac{\cos 10^{\circ} + \sin 10^{\circ}}{\cos 10^{\circ} - \sin 10^{\circ}}$ is equal to (A) $\tan 55^{\circ}$ (B) $\cot 55^{\circ}$ (C) $-\tan 35^{\circ}$ (D).— $\cot 35^{\circ}$ | LO1 LO2 | 1.Conceptual understanding of trig. identities 2. Analytical skills 3. decision-making | | | |
| 4 | tan 3A - tan 2A - tan A is equal to (A). $tan 3A tan 2A tan A$ (B). $-tan 3A tan 2A tan A$ (C) $tan A tan 2A - tan 2A tan 3A - tan 3a tan A$ (D). None of these | LO2 | 1.Understanding of concepts 2. Application of trig. identities 3. analytical skills 4. problem solving 5. Decision-making | | | |
| 5 | The value of $tan(-2025^{\circ})$ is (A). 1 (B)1 (C). $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (D). $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ | LO1 LO2 | 1.Conceptual understanding 2.Accuracy 3. analytical reasoning 4 computational skills | | | |
| 6 | The value of $\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - \theta\right)$ is (A). $\frac{1}{2}\cos 2\theta$ (B). 0 (C). $-\frac{1}{2}\cos 2\theta$ (D). $\frac{1}{2}$ | LO2 | 1.Conceptual understanding 2. application 3 precision | | | |
| 7 | If $\tan 69^{\circ} + \tan 66^{\circ} - \tan 69^{\circ} \tan 66^{\circ} = 2k$, then $k = (A)$. -1 (B) . $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) . $-\frac{1}{2}$ (D) . | LO1 LO2 | knowledge application accuracy interpretation | | | |

| 0 | T1 :: 1 C2 : 4 : : C: | 1.02 | 1 11.1 |
|-----|--|------------|--|
| 8 | The minimum value of $3\cos x + 4\sin x + 8is$ | LO2 | 1. Understanding |
| | (A). 5 (B). 9 | | 2. conceptual |
| | (C). 7 (D). 3 | | knowledge |
| | | | 3. computation ability |
| | | | 4 precision 5. Critical thinking |
| 9 | If the gros of the same length in two similes will true | LO1 | 5. Critical thinking |
| 9 | If the arcs of the same length in two circles subtend angles 65° and 110° at the Centre, then the ratio of the | LO1 LO2 | 1. interpretation2. analyze |
| | radii of the circles is | | 3. application |
| | (A). 22:13 (B). 11:13 | | 4 precision |
| | (<i>A</i>). 22:13 (<i>B</i>). 11:13 (<i>C</i>). 22:15 (<i>D</i>). 21:13 | | Precision |
| 10 | A horse is tied to a post by a rope. If the horse moves | LO1 | 1. Understanding of |
| | along a circular path always keeping the rope tight and | LO2 | concepts |
| | describes 88 metres when it has traced out 72° at the | | 2. analyze |
| | centre, then the length of the rope. | | 3. application |
| | (A). 60 metres (B). | | 4 precision |
| | 70 metres | | - |
| | (C). 80 metres (D). 90 metres | | |
| | SECTION (B) 2 MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
| 11 | If A+B= $\frac{\pi}{4}$, Then prove that | LO2 | 1. Understanding |
| | $(\cot A - 1)(\cot B - 1) = 2.$ | | 2. analyze |
| | | | 3. Critical thinking |
| 10 | D d d | 1.00 | 4 precision |
| 12 | Prove that: $A = B$ | LO2 | 1. Understanding of |
| | $(\cos A - \cos B)^{2} + (\sin A - \sin B)^{2} = 4\sin^{2} \frac{A - B}{2}$ | | concepts |
| | 2 | | 2. analyze |
| | | | 3. problem solving 4 precision |
| | | | 5. critical thinking |
| 13 | Prove that: $\tan 70^\circ = \tan 20^\circ + 2 \tan 50^\circ$ | LO2 | 1. Understanding |
| 1.5 | 110.0 mantan / 0 — tan 20 2 tan 30 | | 2. application |
| | | | 3. accuracy |
| | | | 4 precision |
| | | | 5. problem solving |
| 14 | Prove that: $\sin 20^{\circ} \sin 40^{\circ} \sin 80^{\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}$ | LO1 | 1. Understanding |
| | $\frac{11000 \text{ mat.} \text{Sin 20 Sin 40 Sin 00}}{8}$ | LO2 | 2. analyze |
| | | | 3. critical thinking |
| | | | 4 accuracy |
| | | | 5. computational skills |
| 15 | Prove that: $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) = \sqrt{2}\cos x$ | LO2 | 1. knowledge |
| | (4) (4) (2 6 6 8) | | 2. problem solving |
| | | | 3. application |
| | | | 4. logical reasoning |
| | | | |
| | SECTION (C) 3 MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
| 16 | Find the value of $\tan \frac{\pi}{2}$ | LO1 | 1. Understanding |
| | 8 | LO2 | 2. knowledge |
| | | | 3. accuracy |
| | | | 4 application |

| 17 | Prove that: $\frac{\cos 8A \cos 5A - \cos 12A \cos 9A}{\sin 8A \cos 5A + \cos 12A \sin 9A} = \tan 4A$ | LO2 | knowledge application problem solving precision |
|----|--|------------|--|
| 18 | If $\cos x = -\frac{3}{4}$ and x lies in the 3 rd quadrant, then find the value of $\cos \frac{x}{2}$, $\sin \frac{x}{2}$ and $\tan \frac{x}{2}$ | LO1 LO2 | 1. Understanding 2. computational skill 3. analyzing 4 precision |
| 19 | Prove that: $\tan 4x = \frac{4\tan x(1-tan^2x)}{1-6tan^2x+tan^4x}$ | LO2 | 1.knowledge 2.problem solving 3. precision 4 application |
| 20 | Prove that: $\cos 6x = 32\cos^6 x - 48\cos^4 x + 18\cos^2 x - 1$ | LO2 | 1. Understanding 2. recall 3. computational 4.precision 5.logical thinking |
| | SECTION (D) 5MARKS QUESTION | | |
| 21 | Prove that: $\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + 2\cos 8\theta}}} = 2\cos \theta$ | LO2 | 1. knowledge 2. analyze 3. accuracy 4 application 5. critical thinking |
| 22 | Prove that $:\cos^2 x + \cos^2 \left(x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + \cos^2 \left(x - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$ | LO2 | 1.Understanding 2. recall 3. accuracy 4 precision 5. critical thinking |
| 23 | Prove that : $\cos 5x = 16\cos^5 x - 20\cos^3 A + 5\cos A$ | LO2 | 1. computational 2. analyze 3. accuracy 4.precision 5.critical thinking |

| | SECTION (D) 4 MARKS QUESTION | | |
|----|---|-------------------|--|
| 24 | Consider the information given below Let $P(a, b)$ be any point on the unit circle given below, which has its centre at the origin O. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | 1. Understanding 2. analyze 3. accuracy 4 precision 5. recalling 6. interpretation |
| | It is given that $< AOP = x \ radian$. Now, answer the questions based on the figure given above. 1.If $a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ and $b = -\frac{1}{2}$, then find the value of x in radian 2.If $x = 75^{\circ}$, then find the value of $\tan x$ 3.If $x = 25^{\circ}$, then what is the value of x in radian? | | |
| 25 | Read the following passage and answer the questions given below. Consider a unit circle with centre O. Let A be any point on the circle. Consider OA as initial side of an angle. Then the length of an arc of the circle will give the radian measure of the angle which the arc will subtend at the centre of the circle. A circle subtends an angle at the centre whose radian measure s 2π and ts degree measure is 360° (i). What is the radian measure of 240° ? (ii). A wheel makes 360 revolutions in one minute. Through how many radians does it turn in one second? (iii). What is the radius of the circle in which a central angle of 45° intercepts an arc of 132 cm? (Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$). | LO1 LO2 LO3 | 1. Understanding 2. analyze 3. accuracy 4 precision 5. critical thinking Problem solving |

ANSWER KEY

1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B 6. A 7. C 8. D 9. A 10.B $16.\sqrt{2} - 1$ $18. -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, -2$

24. (i). (d). $\cot x = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{11\pi}{6}$ (x lies in 4rth quadrants) (ii). (a). $2 + \sqrt{3}$ (iii). (c). $\frac{5\pi}{36}$ 25. (i). $240 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{4\pi}{3}$ (ii). number of radian = $6 \times 2\pi = 12\pi$ (iii). $\theta = \frac{l}{r}$, $\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{132}{r} \rightarrow \frac{132}{r}$ r = 168cm

COMPLEX NUMBERS

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Represent complex numbers in different forms
- 2. Perform arithmetic operations
- 3. Solve quadratic equations with complex roots

| Q. | Section (A) MCQs | LO | COMPETENCY |
|-----|--|-----|---|
| NO. | | | |
| 1 | The value of $(i^{17} + i)^{10}$ is | LO1 | Understanding, |
| | (a) 0 (b) -1024 i | | Identifying ,Problem Solving, Computational |
| | (c) 1024 i (d)- 1024 | | Analytical Mindset |
| 2 | Find modulus of complex number $-\sqrt{3} + i$. | LO1 | Understanding, Problem |
| | (a) 0 (b) 2 | LO2 | Solving, Conceptual |
| | (c) 3 (d) 4 | | |
| 3 | Conjugate of complex number $z = 2 - 3i$ is | LO1 | Procedural Fluency, |
| | (a) $-2-3i$ (b) $2-3i$ | LO2 | Problem Solving, Conceptual |
| | (c) $-2+3i$ (d) $2+3i$ | | Logical Conclusion |
| 4 | Find the real numbers x if $(x - 3i)(3 + 2i)$ is the | LO1 | Problem Solving, |
| | conjugate of 12 - 5i. | LO2 | Computational |
| | (a) 2 (b) 3 | | |
| | (c) -2 (d) -3 | | |
| 5 | The quadrant in Argand plane in which | LO1 | Observation, |
| | reciprocal of $1 - i$ lies is: | LO2 | Logical Thinking |
| | (a) First (b) Second | | 5 |
| | (c) Third (d) Fourth | | |
| | Section (B) 2 marks | | |
| 1 | Find the solution of $\sqrt{3} x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 3\sqrt{3} = 0$ over | LO1 | Conceptual Understanding |
| | complex numbers. | LO2 | Critical Thinking , Problem Solving, |
| | | LO3 | |

| 2 | Find the conjugate of $\frac{3-i}{2+i}$. | LO1 | Problem Solving, Conceptual |
|---|--|-----|--------------------------------|
| | | LO2 | 1 |
| 3 | If $a_n = ni^n$, where $= \sqrt{-1}$, then find a_{20} and | LO1 | Problem Solving, |
| | a_{31} | LO2 | Computational |
| | Section (c) 3 marks | | |
| 1 | If $(x + iy)^{\frac{1}{3}} = a + ib, x, y, a, b \in R$. | LO1 | Logical Thinking, |
| | | LO2 | Problem Solving, |
| | Show that: $\frac{x}{a} - \frac{y}{b} = -2(a^2 + b^2)$. | LOZ | Computational |
| | | | Logical Conclusion |
| 2 | Let $z_1 = 2 - i$, $z_2 = -2 + i$. Find Re $(\frac{z_1 z_2}{z_1})$. | LO1 | Critical Thinking, Problem |
| | _ | LO2 | Solving, Computational |
| 3 | Find the square root of $-3 + 4i$ and verify your | LO1 | Analyses Of Problem, |
| | answer. | LO2 | Problem Solving |
| | | LO3 | |

Answers:

| | (SECTION A | .) MCQ | | | |
|---|---|--------|-------------|--|--|
| 1 | (d) | 4 | (a) | | |
| 2 | (b) | 5 | (a) | | |
| 3 | (d) | | | | |
| | (SECTION B) 2 | MARKS | | | |
| 1 | $X = \frac{\sqrt{2} \pm i\sqrt{34}}{2\sqrt{3}}$ | | | | |
| 2 | 1+i | | | | |
| 3 | $A_{20}=20, A_{31}=-31i$ | | | | |
| | (SECTION C) 3 | MARKS | | | |
| 1 | proof | | | | |
| 2 | $\frac{-2}{5}$ | 3 | 1+2i, -1-2i | | |

LINEAR INEQUALITIES

<u>Learning Outcomes:</u> Students will be able to

- 1. Solve linear inequalities in one and two variables
- 2. Formulation of inequality
- 3. Represent solutions graphically

| Q.No. | SECTION – A (MCQ - 1 mark) | LOs | Competency |
|-------|---|-----|-----------------------|
| 1 | If $x^2 > -4$ then the value of x is | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | $a)(-2,\infty)$ | | understanding |
| | b) (-2,2) | | |
| | c) $(2, \infty)$ | | |
| | d) no solution | | |
| 2 | If $(x+2)/(x-2) > 1/2$ then x lies in the interval | LO1 | Problem solving |
| | a) $(-8,\infty)$ | | skill |
| | b) $(8, \infty)$ | | |
| | c) (1,8) | | |
| | d) (8,1) | | |
| 3 | The solution of the inequality $ x-1 < 2$ is | LO1 | Computational |
| | a) $(1, \infty)$ | | skill |
| | b) (-1,3) | | |
| | c) (1,-3) | | |
| | $d) (\infty, 1)$ | | |
| 4 | The solution of $ 2/(x-4) > 1$ where x is not equal to 4 | LO1 | Analytical |
| | is | | thinking skill |
| | a) (2,6) | | |
| | b) (2,4) U (4,6) | | |
| | c) (2,4) U (4,8) | | |
| | d) (-∞,4) U (4,6) | | |
| 5 | The interval in which $F(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ is | LO1 | Mathematical |
| | negative is | LO3 | reasoning |
| | a) x>2 | | |
| | b) 2 <x and="" td="" x<1<=""><td></td><td></td></x> | | |
| | c) 2 <x<1 and="" td="" x<3<=""><td></td><td></td></x<1> | | |
| | d) 2 <x<3and td="" x<1<=""><td></td><td></td></x<3and> | | |
| | SECTION – B (2 Marks) | | |
| 6 | Solve $3x+8>2$ when x is a real number | LO1 | Problem solving skill |
| 7 | Solve the inequalities $2x-1 \le 3$ and $3x+1 \ge 3$ | LO1 | Computational |
| | | LO3 | skill |
| 8 | Solve the following inequalities for real x: $2x-1/3 \ge$ | LO1 | Problem solving |
| | (3x-2)/4 - (2-x)/5 | | skill |
| 9 | Find the value of $x : 5x-3 \le 3x+1$ when x is a integer | LO1 | Computational |
| | | | skill |
| 10 | Solve $x/4 < (5x-2)/3 - (7x-3)/5$ | LO1 | Analytical |
| | | | thinking |
| | | | |

| | SECTION – C (3 Marks) | | |
|-----|--|------------|-----------------------------|
| 11 | Anil obtained 70 and 75 marks in the first unit test. | LO1 | Formulation of |
| | Find the minimum marks he should get in the third | LO2 | inequality |
| | test to have an average of at least 60 marks? | | |
| 12 | Find all pairs of consecutive odd natural numbers | LO1 | Formulation of |
| | both of which are larger than 10 such that their sum | LO2 | inequality, Critical |
| | is less than 40? | | thinking skills |
| 13 | The longest side of a triangle is 3 times the shortest | LO1 | Formulation of |
| | side and the third side is 2 cm shorter than the longest | LO2 | inequality, Logical |
| | side. If the perimeter of the triangle is at least 61 cm, | | thinking skills |
| | find the minimum length of the shortest side? | | |
| 14 | The water acidity in a pool is considered normal | LO1 | Formulation of |
| | when the average pH reading of three daily | LO2 | inequality, |
| | measurements is between 7.2 and 7.8. If the first pH | | Analytical |
| | reading is 7.48 and 7.85, find the range of pH | | thinking skills |
| | value for the third reading that will result in the | | |
| 1. | acidity level being normal. | 7.04 | |
| 15 | A company manufactures cassettes. Its cost and | LO1 | Ability to convert |
| | revenue functions are $C(x)=26000+30x$ and | LO2 | situation |
| | R(x)=43x respectively, where x is the number of | | mathematically, |
| | cassettes produced. How many cassettes must be sold | | Problem solving |
| | by the company to realise some profit? | | skills |
| 16 | SECTION – E (case based - 4 Marks) | LO1 | Formulation of |
| 10 | If a man rides his car at 20 km per hour, he has to | LO1 LO2 | |
| | spend ₹5 per km on petrol, and if it rides it at 40 km | LOZ | problem, |
| | per hour, the petrol costs rise to ₹10 per km .he has ₹150 to spend on petrol and wished to find the | | Analytical thinking skills, |
| | maximum distances, he can travel within one hour. | | Interpreting skills |
| | (a) Formulate the data in the form of inequalities. | | interpreting skins |
| | (b) Why four wheelers vehicles are better than two | | |
| | wheelers vehicles? | | |
| 17 | A furniture dealer deals in only two items table and | LO1 | Formulation of |
| ' ' | chair. He has ₹25000 to invest and a space to store at | LO1 LO2 | problem, Critical |
| | most 80 pieces, a table cost him 650 tables and 250 | | thinking skills, |
| | chairs. | | Analytical skills |
| | (a) Formulate the data in the form of inequalities. | | 1 mary vivai bixiiib |
| | (b) Which is the best tree for making best furniture? | | |
| L | / | 1 | I |

ANSWER KEY

| 1. | A | 9 | x > 4 |
|----|-------------------|----|---|
| 2. | A | 10 | 35 |
| 3. | В | 11 | (11,13), (13,15) |
| 4. | В | 12 | Shortest length = 9 cm |
| 5. | D | 13 | $6.2 \le x \le 8.07$ |
| 6. | x > -2 | 14 | x > 2000 |
| 7. | $2/3 \le x \le 2$ | 15 | $x+2y \le 80, 2x+y \le 40, x \ge 0, y \ge 0$ |
| 8. | $x \ge -28/25$ | 16 | $650x+250y \le 25000, x+y \le 80, x \ge 0, y \ge 0$ |
| 9. | x ≤ 2 | 17 | x > 4 |

PERMUTAION AND COMBINATION

Learning Outcomes:

1. Use factorial notation

2. Solve problems involving arrangements and selections

| Q.No. | Question | LOs | Competency |
|-------|--|------------|--|
| | MCQs (One Mark Each) | | ı v |
| 1 | A password consists of 4 letters of the English alphabet. If repetition of letters is not allowed, how many different passwords can be formed? (a) $26 \times 25 \times 24 \times 23$ (b) 26^4 (c) 4! (d) $^{26}C_4$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 2 | A committee of 3 students is to be formed out of 6 boys and 4 girls. In how many ways can the committee be formed such that at least one girl is included? (a) 56 (b) 84 (c) 100 (d) 120 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 3 | The number of 5-digit numbers that can be formed using digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (without repetition) which are divisible by 4 is: (a) 24 (b) 60 (c) 120 (d) 20 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 4 | From a group of 8 men and 6 women, a committee of 5 is to be formed. If the committee must contain more men than women, in how many ways can this be done? (a) 792 (b) 1316 (c) 564 (d) 924 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 5 | A box contains 10 different books. In how many ways can 4 books be selected such that two particular books are always included? (a) 8C_2 (b) ${}^{10}C_4 - {}^8C_4$ (c) ${}^8C_2 + 1$ (d) ${}^{10}C_2$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 6 | In how many ways can the letters of the word <i>ARRANGE</i> be arranged so that the two R's are not together? (a) 720 (b) 900 (c) 1080 (d) 1440 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |

| 7 | A student has to answer 5 out of 10 questions in an exam. In how many ways can the student choose the questions if he must answer at least 2 from the first 5 questions? (a) 226 (b) 196 (c) 186 (d) 210 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
|----|--|------------|---|
| 8 | There are 7 men and 4 women. A committee of 5 is to be formed including at least 2 women. The number of possible committees is: (a) 455 (b) 525 (c) 301 (d) 560 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 9 | How many 3-digit numbers can be formed using the digits 2, 4, 6, 8, without repetition? (a) 12 (b) 24 (c) 18 (d) 36 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 10 | The number of different 5-letter words (meaningful or not) that can be formed from the letters of the word DELHI is: (a) 60 (b) 100 (c) 120 (d) 720 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 11 | Two marks Each In how many ways can the letters of the word SCHOOL be arranged if the vowels always come together? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 12 | How many 5-digit numbers divisible by 5 can be formed using the digits 0, 2, 3, 5, 7 without repetition? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 13 | From 10 different books, in how many ways can a student select 4 books such that a particular book is always included ? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 14 | From 8 men and 5 women, a committee of 3 members is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done if at least 1 woman is included? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |

| 15 | How many permutations of the word COMPUTER are possible if all letters are used? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
|----|--|------------|--|
| | Three Marks Each | | |
| 16 | From 8 boys and 5 girls, a committee of 4 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done if the committee must include at least 2 girls? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 17 | How many ways are there to select 3 red balls and 2 green balls from a box containing 7 red and 6 green balls? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 18 | How many 5-digit numbers can be formed using digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 if no digit is repeated? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 19 | In how many ways can the letters of the word MISSISSIPPI be arranged? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 20 | How many 4-digit even numbers can be formed using the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| | Five Marks Each | | |
| 21 | A committee of 5 members is to be formed from 6 men and 5 women. In how many ways can this be done if: (i) the committee has at least 2 women, and (ii) the committee has more men than women. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 22 | Find the number of arrangements of the letters of the word MATHEMATICS in which: (i) all vowels occur together (ii) the two M's do not come together. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |

| 23 | How many 5-digit numbers can be formed using the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 without repetition, if: (i) the number is divisible by 2 (ii) the number is greater than 30000. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
|----|---|------------|--|
| | FOUR MARKS QUESTIONS (CASE STUDY BASED) | | |
| 24 | A school is organizing a seminar where 6 students and 4 teachers are to be seated in a row of 10 chairs. The following conditions apply: 1. Teachers must sit together as a group. 2. Students are free to sit anywhere. Answer the following questions: Q1. In how many ways can the teachers sit together as one block? Q2. In how many ways can all 10 people be arranged under this condition? Q3. If two particular students insist on sitting together, how many arrangements are possible? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |
| 25 | A company requires employees to create a 4-character password using digits 0–9 (without repetition). The rules are: 1. The password must be an even number. 2. The password must not begin with 0. Answer the following questions: Q1. How many 4-digit passwords can be formed in total under these conditions? Q2. How many such passwords can be formed if the password must begin with 5? Q3. What is the probability that a randomly formed password begins with an odd digit? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge Logical Thinking Analytical thinking Critical Thinking Problem solving |

ANSWERS

| Q | Ans | Q | Ans | Q | Ans | Q | Ans | Q | Ans | Q | Ans | Q | Ans |
|----|---------|----|------|----|--------|----|------|----|-------|----|-----|----|-----|
| 1 | a | 2 | c | 3 | a | 4 | b | 5 | a | 6 | b | 7 | a |
| 8 | c | 9 | b | 10 | c | 11 | 60 | 12 | 42 | 13 | 84 | 14 | 230 |
| 15 | 40320 | 16 | 365 | 17 | 525 | 18 | 720 | 19 | 34650 | 20 | 180 | 21 | 381 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 281 |
| 22 | 120960 | 23 | 1260 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 2296 | | | | | | |
| | 4082400 | | 1440 | | 120960 | | 280 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 34560 | | 5/9 | | | | | | |

Binomial Theorem

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Expand binomial expressions using the theorem
- 2. Find specific terms in binomial expansions

MCQ Type Questions (1mark each)

| Q.No. | Question | LOs | Competencies |
|-------|---|-----|-------------------|
| 1. | If n is even in the expansion of (a+b) ⁿ , the | LO2 | Conceptual |
| | middle term is: | | understanding |
| | (a) n th term | | |
| | (b) $(n/2)^{th}$ term | | |
| | (c) $[(n/2)-1]^{th}$ term | | |
| | (d) $[(n/2)+1]^{th}$ term | | |
| 2. | The coefficient of x^3y^4 in $(2x+3y^2)^5$ is | LO1 | |
| | (a) 360 | LO2 | Problem solving |
| | (b) 720 | | ability |
| | (c) 240 | | |
| | (d) 1080 | | |
| 3. | The fourth term in the expansion of $(x -$ | LO2 | |
| | $(2y)^{12}$ is | | Problem solving |
| | (a) $-1760 \times ^9 y^3$ | | ability, solve |
| | (b) $-1670 \text{ x}^9 \text{y}^3$ | | numerically |
| | (c) $-7160 \text{ x}^9 \text{y}^3$ | | |
| | (d) $-1607 \text{ x}^9 \text{y}^3$ | | |
| 4. | If the fourth term of the binomial | LO2 | |
| | expansion of $(px+(1/x))^n$ is 5/2 then | | Analyze pattern, |
| | a)n = 6, p = 6 $b)n = 8, p = 6$ | | logical reasoning |
| | c)n = 8, p = $\frac{1}{2}$ c)n = 6, p = $\frac{1}{2}$ If n is the positive integer, then $2^{3n} - 7n - 1$ | | |
| 5. | | LO1 | |
| | is divisible by | | Analyze pattern, |
| | a)7 b)10 | | logical reasonin |
| | c)49 d)81 | | |

2 marks Questions

| 1. | Evaluate (101) ⁴ using the binomial | LO1 | Problem solving |
|----|--|-----|----------------------|
| | theorem. | | ability, analyze |
| | | | pattern, logical |
| | | | reasoning |
| 2. | Write the general term in the expansion of | LO1 | Computational skill, |
| | $(a^2-b)^6$. | LO2 | Problem solving |
| | | | ability, |
| | | | |

| 3. | Find the 4 th term in $(3x - y)^7$. | LO1 | |
|----|---|-----|---------------------|
| | | LO2 | Problem solving |
| | | | ability, solving |
| | | | algebraic expansion |

3 Marks Questions

| 1. | Expand the expansion $(1 - 2x)5$ using | |
|----|---|--|
| | binomial theorem. | Computational skill |
| | | accuratelyhandlelongalgebraicexpansion |
| 2. | Find the term or coefficient of x | |
| | which is independent of x in the | Encourage problem solving, logical |
| | expansion $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{10}$. | reasoning |
| 3. | Find $(\sqrt{2} + 1)^5 + (\sqrt{2} - 1)^5$. | |
| | | Analyze pattern, logical reasoning, |
| | | accurately handle long algebraic |
| | | expansion |

Answers

MCQ

| • | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | d | 2 | b | 3 | a | 4 | d | 5 | c |

2marks questions

| 1 | 104060401 | 2 | 6 Cr $a^{(12-r)} (-b)^{r}$ | 3 | $-2835x^4y^3$ |
|---|-----------|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------|

3marks questions

| 1 | $1-10x+40x^2-80x^3+80x^4-32x^5$ |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 2 | 6 th term, 252 |
| 3 | $58\sqrt{2}$ |

Sequences and Series

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

1. Identify and differentiate AP and GP

2. Derive and use formulas for nth term and sum

3. Apply sequences in solving problems

| | ply sequences in solving problems | 10 | |
|---------|--|------------|-------------------------|
| Q.NO | Question | LOs | Competency |
| | MCQ (1Mark Each) | | |
| 1 | The 8th term of the GP: 2, 6, 18, is: | LO1 | CONCEPTUAL |
| | a) 4374 b) 4376 c) 4378 d) 4380 | LO2 | UNDEDRSTANDING |
| 2 | If the 2nd terms of a CD is 0 and the 6th terms is | I O1 | COMPLITATIONAL |
| 2 | If the 3rd term of a GP is 9 and the 6th term is | LO1 LO2 | COMPUTATIONAL SKILLS |
| | 729, then the common ratio is: | LUZ | SKILLS |
| | a) 2 b) 3 | | |
| | c) 6 d) 9 | | |
| 3 | The sum of first 15 natural numbers is: | LO1 | COMPUTATIONAL |
| 3 | a) 105 b) 110 c) 120 d) 125 | LO1 LO2 | SKILLS |
| | a) 103 b) 110 c) 120 d) 123 | LOZ | SKILLS |
| 4 | The sum of first 10 terms of the GP: 1, 2, 4, 8, | LO1 | PROBLEM SOLVING |
| - | is: | LO2 | THOBELINI SOL VII (O |
| | a) 1023 b) 1024 | 202 | |
| | c) 2046 d) 2047 | | |
| | d) 2047 | | |
| 5 | The sum of first 5 terms of the series: 2 + 22 + | LO1 | ANALYTICAL |
| | 222 + 2222 + is: | LO2 | SKILLS |
| | a) 24690 b) 24680 | | |
| | c) 24670 d) 24660 | | |
| | a) 21000 | | |
| 6 | The sum of infinite terms of a GP is 20 and | LO1 | PROBLEM SOLVING |
| | the sum of the squares of the terms is 100. The | LO2 | |
| | first term is: | | |
| | a) 8 b) 10 | | |
| | c) 12 d) 16 | | |
| | , | | |
| 7 | If the first, third, and ninth terms of a GP are | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| | x, y, z respectively, then the relation between | LO2 | EQUATION AND |
| | them is: | LO3 | CRITICAL |
| | a) $y^2 = xz$ b) $y^3 = xz^2$ | | THINKING |
| | c) $y^2 = xz^2$ d) $y^3 = x^2z$ | | |
| | | | |
| 8 | If the sum of an infinite GP is 6 and the sum | LO1 | COMPUTATIONAL |
| | of the squares of its terms is 12, then the | LO2 | SKILLS |
| | common ratio is: | LO3 | |
| | a) $1/2$ b) $1/3$ c) $\sqrt{2}/2$ d) $\sqrt{3}/2$ | | |
| 0 | The even of first 0 towns of a CD is 510 and | 1.01 | LINDEDCTANDING |
| 9 | The sum of first 8 terms of a GP is 510 and | L01 | UNDERSTANDING |
| | the common ratio is 2. The first term is: | LO2 | OF FORMULA |
| | a) 2 b) 4 c) 6 d) 10 | | |
| <u></u> | | | |

| 10 | If three numbers are in GP, and their sum is 14 and product is 64, then the numbers are: a) 2, 4, 8 b) 4, 4, 6 c) 2, 6, 6 d) 1, | LO1 LO2 LO3 | CONCEPTUAL UNDERSATANDING |
|----|---|-------------------|------------------------------|
| | 4, 9 | LOS | |
| | 2 Marks Each | | |
| 1 | Three numbers in GP have sum 14 and | LO1 | ANALYTICAL |
| | product 64. Find the numbers. | LO2 | SKILLS |
| | | LO3 | |
| 2 | Two positive numbers have $AM = 13$ and GM | LO1 | COMPUTATIONAL |
| | = 12, and they are consecutive terms of a GP. | LO2 | SKILLS |
| | Find the numbers. | LO3 | |
| 3 | For a GP with $a = 1$ and $r = 2$, if $S_n = 511$, find | LO1 | ABILITY TO APPLY |
| | n. | LO2 | FORMULA |
| 4 | The geometric mean of two positive numbers | LO1 | ANALYTICAL |
| | is 24. If the smaller is 6, find the larger. | LO2 | THINKING |
| | | LO3 | |
| 5 | Let the first term of a GP be 1 and the | LO1 | CRITICAL |
| | common ratio be r.If the sum of the first 6 | LO ₂ | THINKING |
| | terms is equal to 9 times the sum of the next 6 terms, find r. | LO3 | |
| | 3 Marks Each | | |
| 1 | If in a GP, $T_3 = 12$, $T_8 = 384$, find a, r and S_{10} . | LO1 | ABILITY TO APPLY |
| | | LO2 | FORMULA |
| 2 | If $S_{2n} = 5S_n$ for a GP, find r^n . | LO1 | COMPUTATIONAL |
| | | LO2 | SKILLS |
| 3 | If the 2nd, 4th, and 6th terms of a GP are x, y, | LO1 | ANALYTICAL |
| | z, show that $y^2 = xz$. | LO ₂ | SKILLS |
| 4 | A ball is dropped from a height of 80 m. It | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| | rebounds each time to 3/4 of its previous | LO2 | EQUATION |
| | height. Find the total distance travelled by the | LO3 | ,ANALYTICAL |
| _ | ball before it comes to rest. | T O1 | SKILLS |
| 5 | A person saves ₹500 in the first month, ₹1000 | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| | in the second month, ₹2000 in the third month | LO2 LO3 | EQUATION |
| | and so on. Find his total savings in 12 months. | LU3 | ,COMPUTATIONAL |
| | 5 Marks Each | | SKILLS |
| 1 | A man repays a loan of ₹65,535 by paying ₹1 | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| 1 | in the first month, $\gtrless 2$ in the second month, $\gtrless 4$ | LO2 | EQUATION |
| | in the third month and so on. Find the number | LO ₂ | ,ANALYTICAL |
| | of instalments | | SKILLS |
| 2 | A pendulum makes 60 oscillations in the first | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| _ | minute, 54 in the second, 48 in the third, and | LO2 | EQUATION |
| | so on. In how many minutes will it cease? | LO3 | ,COMPUTATIONAL |
| | | | SKILLS |
| 3 | A cinema hall has 30 rows, the first row has | LO1 | FORMULATION OF |
| _ | 20 seats, and each subsequent row has 2 more | LO2 | EQUATION |
| | seats than the previous one. Find the total | LO3 | ,PROBLEM |
| | number of seats. | | SOLVING |

| 4 | A contract worker is promised ₹5 on the first day, ₹15 on the second day, ₹45 on the third day, and so on. Find his total earnings after 10 days. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | FORMULATION OF EQUATION ,PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Case Study Questions | | | | | | |
| 1 | Savings Plan Riya decides to save money every month. She saves ₹100 in the first month, ₹200 in the second, ₹400 in the third, and so on. This forms a GP. (a) Write the 6th term of this GP. (b) Find the total amount she saves in the first 6 months. (c) How much will she save in the 10th month? (d) What is the total saving in the first 12 months? | LO1 LO2 LO3 | ABILITY TO APPLY FORMULA, FORMULATION OF EQUATION ,PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |
| 2 | Bouncing Ball A ball is dropped from a height of 80 m. Each time it rebounds to 3/4 of the previous height. This sequence of heights forms a GP. (a) What is the height after the 2nd rebound? (b) What is the height after the 5th rebound? (c) Find the total distance travelled by the ball before it comes to rest. (d) After how many rebounds will the ball rise to 3less than 10 m? | LO1 LO2 LO3 | ABILITY TO APPLY FORMULA, FORMULATION OF EQUATION ,PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |
| 3 | Theatre Seating A theatre has 20 seats in the first row, 40 in the second, 80 in the third, and so on. The seating arrangement follows a GP. (a) How many seats are in the 6th row? (b) Find the total number of seats in the first 6 rows. c) If the theatre has 10 rows, find the total number of seats. (d) Which row has 1280 seats? | LO1 LO2 LO3 | ABILITY TO APPLY FORMULA, FORMULATION OF EQUATION ,PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |
| 4 | Loan Repayment A person borrows ₹8191 and agrees to repay in instalments where the first instalment is ₹1, the second is ₹2, and the third is ₹4, and so on. The repayments form a GP. (a) What will be the 10th instalment? (b) Find the total repayment after 13 instalments. (c) After how many instalments will the loan be fully paid? (d) If the borrower pays for 14 instalments, how much extra does he pay? | LO1 LO2 LO3 | ABILITY TO APPLY FORMULA, FORMULATION OF EQUATION ,PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |

| 5 | Population Growth | LO1 | ABILITY TO APPLY |
|---|--|-----|------------------|
| | The population of a city is 1, 00,000 and it | LO2 | FORMULA, |
| | increases every year at 10%. This growth | LO3 | FORMULATION OF |
| | follows a GP. | | EQUATION |
| | (a) Find the population after 1 year. | | ,PROBLEM |
| | (b) Find the population after 3 years. | | SOLVING |
| | c) After how many years will the population | | |
| | become more than 2,00,000? | | |
| | (d) Find the population after 10 years. | | |

ANSWER KEY

MCQs

1.: a) 4374

2.: b) 3

3.: c) 120

4.: a) 1023

5.: a) 24690

6.: a) 8

7.: b) $y^3 = xz^2$

8.: c) $\sqrt{2/2}$

9.: b) 2

10: a) 2, 4, 8

2 marks questions

1.: 2, 4, 8

2.: 8 and 18

3.: n = 9

4.: 96

5.: $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{3}}$

3 marks questions

1.: a = 3, r = 2, $S_{10} = 3069$

 $2.: r^n = 4$

4.: Total distance = 560 m

5.: Total savings = ₹20,47,000

5 marks questions

1.: 16 2.: 11 minutes

3.: Total seats = 1290

4.: Total = ₹49205

Case Study Questions

1.

(a): $T_6 = 3200$

(b) : Sum = ₹6300

(c): $T_{10} = ₹51200$

(d): Sum = ₹409500

2. (a): 45 m

(b): $\approx 18.98 \text{ m}$

(c):560 m

(d): After 7 rebounds

3.

(a): 640 seats

(b): 1260 seats

(c): 20460 seats

(d): 8th row

4. (a): ₹512

(b): ₹8191

(c): 13 instalments

(d): ₹8192 extra

5. (a): 1,10,000

(b): $\approx 1,33,100$

(c): 8 years

(d): $\approx 2,59,374$

STRAIGHT LINE

Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Write equations of lines in various forms
- 2. Solve problems using concepts of slope and distance
- 3. Understand family of lines and angle between lines

MCQ (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION)

| Q.NO | QUESTIONS | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|------|--|-------------------|---|
| Q.1 | For specifying a straight line ,how many geometrical parameters should be known? (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 | LO1 | Knowledge (Straight line concepts), Skill (Problem solving, reasoning), Value (Accuracy, persistence) |
| Q.2 | Two lines $ax + by = c$ and $a'x + b'y = c'$ are perpendicular if (a) $aa' + bb' = 0$ (b) $ab' = a'b$ (c) $ab + a'b' = 0$ (d) $ab' + a'b = 0$ | LO1 LO3 | Knowledge (Slopes & angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, calculation), Value (Logical reasoning, accuracy) |
| Q.3 | The equation of a line passing through (1,2) and perpendicular to the line $x + y + 1 = 0$ is (a) $y - x + 1 = 0$ (b) $y - x - 1 = 0$ (c) $y - x + 2 = 0$ (d) $y - x - 2 = 0$ | LO1 LO3 | Knowledge (Slopes & angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, calculation), Value (Logical reasoning, accuracy) |
| Q.4 | The intercept cut off by a line from y-axis is twice than that from x-axis, and the line passes through the point(1,20.The equation of the line is (a) $2x + y = 4$ (b) $2x + y + 4 = 0$ (c) $2x - y = 4$ (d) $2x - y + 4 = 0$ | LO1 LO2 | Knowledge of concepts), Algebraic manipulation, derivation skill, Clarity, persistence, accuracy |
| Q.5 | If the line $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ passes through the point (2,-3) and (4,-5) ,then (a,b) is (a) (1,1) (b) (-1,1) (c) (1,-1) (d) (-1,-1) | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge of concepts Problem solving, reasoning Accuracy, persistence |
| Q.6 | The coordinates of the foot of perpendicular from the point(2,3) on the line $y = 3x + 4$ are (a) $(\frac{37}{10}, -\frac{1}{10})$ (b) $(-\frac{1}{10}, \frac{37}{10})$ (c) $(\frac{10}{37}, -10)$ (d) $(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3})$ | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Slopes & angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, calculation), Value (Logical reasoning, accuracy) |

| Q.7 | The distance of the point P(1,-3) from the line $2y - 3x = 4$ is (a) 13 (b) $\frac{7}{\sqrt{13}}$ (c) $\sqrt{13}$ (d) none of these | LO1 LO2 | Knowledge (Distance formula, properties of lines), Skill (Application, computation), Value (Precision, logical clarity) |
|-----|---|------------|---|
| | The distance of the point of intersection of the lines $2x - 3y + 5$ and $3x + 4y = 0$ from the line $5x - 2y = 0$ is (a) $\frac{130}{17\sqrt{29}}$ (b) $\frac{13}{7\sqrt{29}}$ (c) $\frac{130}{7}$ (d) none of these | LO1 LO2 | Knowledge (Distance formula, properties of lines), Skill (Application, computation), Value (Precision, logical clarity) |

In the following questions, a statement of assertion(A) is followed by a statement of reason(R). Mark the correct choice as:

- (a)Both assertion(A) and Reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- (b) Both assertion(A) and Reason (R) are true and but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but reason (R) is true.

| Q.9 | Assertion(A): The distance between the parallel line $3x - 4y + 9 = 0$ and $6x - 8y - 15 = 0$ is $\frac{33}{10}$ Reason (R)Distance between the parallel lines $Ax + By + C_1 = 0$ and $Ax + By + C_2 = 0$, is given by $d = \frac{ C_1 - C_2 }{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}}$ | nes LO1 LO2 | Knowledge (Distance formula, properties of lines), Application, computation, Precision, logical clarity |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Q.10 | Assertion(A): If A(-2,-1) ,B(4,0), C(3,3) and D(-3,2) are the vertices of a parallelogram, then midpoint of AC= midpoint of BD Reason(R): The points A,B and C are collinear .Are $\Delta ABC=0$ | f LO2 | Knowledge (Geometry & coordinate geometry), Application, visualization, Systematic reasoning, accuracy |
| Q.1(b) , Q6(b), | Q.2(a), Q.3(b), Q.4(a), Q.7(c), Q.8(a), Q.9(a), | Q.5(d), Q.10(b) | |

Two Marks Questions

| Q.NO. | QUESTIONS | LOs | COMPETENCY | | | |
|--|--|------|--|--|--|--|
| Q.11 | Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & | | | |
| | line segment joining the points $A(2,3)$ and $B(6,-5)$ | LO2 | angles of lines), Problem solving, | | | |
| | | LO3 | calculation, | | | |
| | | | Logical reasoning, | | | |
| | | | accuracy | | | |
| Q.12 | Find the slope of a line ,which passes through the | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & | | | |
| | origin, and the midpoint of the line segment joining the points $P(0,-4)$ and $Q(8,0)$ | LO2 | angles of lines), Problem solving, | | | |
| | | LO3 | calculation, | | | |
| | | | Logical reasoning, | | | |
| | | 7.04 | accuracy | | | |
| Q.13 | Without using Pythagoras theorem, Show that the | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & | | | |
| | points $A(4,4)$, $B(3,5)$ and $C(-1,-1)$ are the vertices of a | LO2 | angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, | | | |
| | right angled triangle. | | calculation), | | | |
| | | | Value (Logical | | | |
| | | | reasoning, accuracy) | | | |
| Q.14 | Find the equation of the line intersecting the X-axis at | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & | | | |
| | a distance of 3 units to the left of the origin with slope | LO2 | angles of lines), | | | |
| | -2 | LOZ | Skill (Problem solving, calculation), | | | |
| | | | Value (Logical | | | |
| | | | reasoning, accuracy) | | | |
| Q.15 | Find the distance of the point (-1,1) from the line | LO1 | Knowledge (Distance | | | |
| | 12(x+6) = 5(y-2) | LO2 | formula, properties of | | | |
| | | LOZ | lines, coordinates), Skill | | | |
| | | | (Application, | | | |
| | | | computation), Value (Precision, logical | | | |
| | | | clarity) | | | |
| | Answers: | | | | | |
| Q.11 ($x - 2y - 6 = 0$) Q.12 -1/2 Q.13 Show slope of AB × Slope of AC=-1 | | | | | | |
| - , | Q.11 $(x - 2y - 6 = 0)$ Q.12 -1/2 Q.13 Show slope of AB \wedge Slope of AC1 Q.14 $2x + y + 6 = 0$ Q.15 5 unis | | | | | |

Three marks Questions

| Q.NO. | QUESTIONS | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|-------|--|-----|--|
| Q.16 | Find the equation of the line passing through $(2, 2\sqrt{3})$ | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & |
| | and inclined with x-axis at an angle of 75° | LO2 | angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, |
| | | LO3 | calculation), |
| | | | Value (Logical |
| | | | reasoning, accuracy) |
| Q.17 | Determine angle B of the triangle with vertices A(-2,1), | LO1 | Conceptual Knowledge |
| | B(2,3) and C(-2,-4). | LO2 | Problem solving, |
| | | LO3 | calculation |
| | | | Logical reasoning, |

| Q.18 | The slope of a line is double the slope of another line. If | LO1 | Knowledge (Slopes & | | |
|---------|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | tangent of the angle between them is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the slope | LO2 | angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, | | |
| | of the line. | LO3 | calculation), | | |
| | | | Value (Logical | | |
| | | | reasoning, accuracy) | | |
| Q.19 | Find the image of the point (3,8) with respect to the line | LO1 | Knowledge (Graphs & | | |
| | x + 3y = 7 assuming the line to be a plane mirror. | LO2 | transformations), Skill (Visualization, | | |
| | | LO3 | interpretation), | | |
| | | | Value (Critical | | |
| | | | thinking, clarity of | | |
| | | | reasoning) | | |
| Q.20 | Find the equation of the line passing through the point (2,2) and cutting off intercepts on the axes whose sum is 9. | LO1 | Knowledge (Equation of line concepts), Skill (Algebraic manipulation, derivation), | | |
| | | | Value (Clarity, persistence, accuracy) | | |
| | Answers: | | | | |
| Q.16 (v | | $\theta = tan^{-1}$ | $\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$ | | |
| 1 | and 2) or(½ and 1) Q.19 (| | ` 3' | | |
| | 0.20.20.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10 | | | | |

Five marks Questions(21-23)

 $Q.20\ 2x + y = 6 \ or \ x + 2y = 6$

| Q.NO. | QUESTIONS | LOs | COMPETENCY | | |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Q.21 | The vertices of a triangle are A(6,0),B(0,6) and C(6,6). Find the distance between its circumcentre and centroid. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Slopes & angles of lines), Problem solving, calculation, Logical reasoning | | |
| Q.22 | Draw a quadrilateral in the cartesian Plane, whose vertices are (-4,5), (0,7), (5, -5) and (-4, -2). Also find its area. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Geometry & coordinate geometry), Application, visualization, Systematic reasoning, accuracy | | |
| Q.23 | A person standing at the junction (crossing) of the two straight path represented by the equation $2x - 3y + 4 = 0$ and $3x + 4y - 5 = 0$ wants to reach the path whose equation is $6x - 7y + 8 = 0$ in the least time. Find equation of path that he should follow. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Equation of line concepts), Algebraic manipulation, derivation, persistence, accuracy | | |
| | Answers: | | | | |
| Q.21 $\sqrt{2}$ | units Q.22 121/2 sq.units. | Q.23 119: | x + 102y = 125 | | |

Case base study Questions(24-25)

| Q.NO. | QUESTIONS | LOs | COMPETENCY |
|----------|--|-------------------|--|
| Q.24 | Find the value of K for which the line $(k-3)x - (4-k^2)y + k^2 - 7k + 6 = 0$ is (i) Parallel to X-axis, (ii) Parallel to Y-axis (iii) Passing through the origin. | LO1 LO2 | Knowledge (Straight line concepts), Skill (Problem solving, reasoning), Value (Accuracy, persistence) |
| Q.25 | A ray of light is thrown from the point $(3,2)$ parallel to the line $4x - 3y + 6 = 0$ upon reaching the x-axis, the ray is reflected from it .Based on the above information, answer the following questions: (i)Find the equation of the line containing the ray of light. (ii)Find the coordinates of the point where the ray of the light strike the x-axis. (iii)Find the equation of the line perpendicular to x-axis at the point where the ray of light strike it . (iv)Find the equation of the line containing the reflected ray. | LO1 LO2 LO3 | Knowledge (Slopes & angles of lines), Skill (Problem solving, calculation), Value (Logical reasoning, accuracy) |
| <u> </u> | A newore. | <u> </u> | |

Answers:

Q.24 (i) k=3 (ii) k =
$$\pm 2$$
 (iii) 1 or 6

Q.25 (i)
$$4x - 3y - 6 = 0$$
 (ii) $P(\frac{3}{2}, 0)$ (iii) $2x - 3 = 0$ (iv) $4x + 3y - 6 = 0$

CONIC SECTIONS

<u>Learning Outcomes:</u> Students will be able to

- 1. Identify and derive standard equations of conics
- 2. Solve problems involving circle, parabola, ellipse, hyperbola

| 1 | SECTION – A (MCQ - 1 mark) | LOs | Competencies |
|----|--|------------|---|
| 1 | The circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ does not intersect x axis if a) $g^2 < c$ b) $g^2 > c$ c) $g^2 > 2c$ d) $g^2 < 2c$ | LO1 | Knowledge of Coordinate geometry, Analysing, critical thinking |
| 2 | The centre of the circle $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 8x + 12y - 25 = 0$ is a) (-2,3) b) (1,-3/2) c) (-4,6) d) (4,-6) | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding of circle |
| 3 | Which of the following points lie on the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$? a)x= at², y= 2at b) x= 2at², y= at² c) x= 2at², y=at d) x=2at, y= at² | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual knowledge of conic, graphical interpretation, logical thinking of parameters |
| 4 | The equation of the circle drawn with the two foci of the ellipse $x^2/a^2 + y^2/b^2 = 1$ as end points of a diameter is? a) $x^2 + y^2 = a^2 + b^2$ b) $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ c) $x^2 + y^2 = 2a^2$ d) $x^2 + y^2 = a^2 - b^2$ If the length of major axis of an ellipse is three times the | LO1 LO2 | Understanding of equation of conics, analysing, visualising |
| 5 | If the length of major axis of an ellipse is three times the length of minor axis, then its eccentricity is (a) $1/3$ (b) $1/\sqrt{3}$ (c) $1/\sqrt{2}$ (d) $2\sqrt{2}/3$ | LO1 LO2 | Understanding of properties of the conic |
| 6 | The difference of focal distances of any point on the hyperbola is equal to (a) length of conjugate axis (b) eccentricity (c) length of transverse axis (d)length of latus rectum | LO2 | Conceptual understanding, graphical visualising |
| 7 | The coordinates of foci of the hyperbola $9x^2 - 16y^2 = 144$ are a)(± 4 , 0) b)(± 5 , 0) c)(0, ± 4) d)(0, ± 5) | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, computation |
| 8 | The eccentricity of the conic $9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225$ is a)2/5 b) 4/5 c) 1/3 d) 1/5 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, computation |
| 9 | The equation of diameter of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y = 0$, which passes through origin is a) $x+2y=0$ b) $x-2y=0$ c) $2x+y=0$ d) $2x-y=0$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding of conics & straight lines, critical thinking, graphical visualization |
| 10 | The line $2x-y+4=0$ cuts the parabola $y^2=8x$ at points P and Q. The midpoint of line segment PQ is a) $(1,2)$ b) $(1,-2)$ c) $(-1,2)$ d) $(-1,-2)$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, Problem Solving, computational skills |
| 11 | SECTION – B (2 Marks) If the line $y = \sqrt{3} x + k$ touches the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ find the | LO1 | Comprehending the |
| 11 | value of k | LO1 LO2 | Comprehending the problem, visualising, evaluating |

| | - | 1 | |
|---------|--|------------|---------------------------|
| 12 | At what point on the parabola $x^2 = 9y$ is the abscissa three | LO1 | Knowledge of Cartesian |
| | times the ordinate? | LO2 | geometry & conics |
| 13 | Find the eccentricity of the ellipse whose length of latus | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | rectum is | LO2 | understanding of conics, |
| | a) half the length of its minor axis | | visualising, logical |
| | b) half the length of its major axis | | thinking |
| | SECTION - C (3 Marks) | | 5 |
| 14 | Find the equation of the circle passing through points(2,3) | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | and (4,5) and whose centre lies on the line $y - 4x + 3 = 0$ | LO2 | understanding, |
| | and (1,5) and whose controlled on the line y in 15 | 202 | comprehending the |
| | | | problem, derivation |
| 15 | Find the length of the chord of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ which | LO1 | Knowledge of conics, |
| 13 | passes through the vertex and is inclined to the axis at an | LO2 | concept of line, critical |
| | angle $\pi/4$ | | thinking, problem |
| | angic w4 | | <u> </u> |
| 1.6 | Find the advation of the allings (unformed to its away as wearing | LO1 | solving |
| 16 | Find the equation of the ellipse (referred to its axes as x-axis an y-axis) which passes through (-3,1) and has eccentricity | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual |
| | | LOZ | understanding of conics, |
| | $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$ | | relating parameters |
| | | 7.01 | |
| 17 | Find the equation of the hyperbola having vertices $(0, \pm 2)$ | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | and eccentricity 5/3 | LO2 | understanding of the |
| | | | conic, relating |
| | | | parameters |
| | SECTION – D (5 Marks) | | |
| 18 | Prove that the radii of the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 6y - 6 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 12y - 9 = 0$ are in | LO2 | understanding of conics |
| | AP | | & AP, establishing |
| | | | relationship |
| 19 | Find the equation of the hyperbola having foci $(\pm 2, 0)$ and | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | eccentricity $\frac{3}{2}$ | LO2 | understanding of conics, |
| | 2 | | relating parameters |
| 20 | Find the equation of an ellipse in standard form if its foci are | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | (± 4.0) and length of latus rectum is 20/3 units. | LO2 | understanding of conics, |
| | | | relating parameters |
| | SECTION – E (case based - 4 Mar | ks) | |
| 21 | An arch in the form of a semi ellipse is 50 ft widest at the | LO1 | Conceptual knowledge |
| | base and its greatest height is 20 ft. Consider its base as x | LO2 | of conics, critical |
| | axis and centre of base as origin. | | thinking, visualizing, |
| | a) Consider its base as x axis and centre of base as | | problem solving, |
| | origin and write the equation of the ellipse | | attention to detail |
| | representing the given arch. | | |
| | b) Find its width at a height of 10 ft from the base. | | |
| 22 | The girder of a railway bridge is a parabola, with its vertex | LO1 | Conceptual knowledge |
| <i></i> | at the highest point, 10 feet above its ends. If its span | LO2 | of conics, critical |
| | | | thinking, visualizing, |
| | l 19 100 teet | • | unnking, vidualizing, |
| | is 100 feet, | | |
| | a) Write the equation of parabola | | problem solving, |
| | , | | |

ANSWERS

| Q. No. | Answer | Q. No. | Answer |
|--------|------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | A | 12 | (3,1) |
| 2 | В | 13 | $\sqrt{3}/2$, $1/\sqrt{2}$ |
| 3 | D | 14 | $X^2 + y^2 - 4x - 10y + 25 = 0$ |
| 4 | D | 15 | $4\sqrt{2}$ a units |
| 5 | D | 16 | $3x^2 + 5y^2 = 32$ |
| 6 | С | 17 | $X^2/49 + 9y^2/343 = 1$ |
| 7 | В | 18 | |
| 8 | В | 19 | $X^2/4 - y^2/5 = 4/9$ |
| 9 | С | 20 | $X^2/36 + y^2/20 = 1$ |
| 10 | С | 21 | $30\sqrt{2}$ |
| 11 | <u>+</u> 8 | 22 | $Y^2 = 250x$, 8.4 ft |

INTRODUCTION TO THREE DIMENSIONAL GEOMETRY

- 1. Understand coordinates in 3D space
- 2. Use distance and section formulas

| Q.NO. | MCQ(One Mark) | LOs | Competency |
|-------|---|------------|---|
| 1 | The given point (-1,5,-3) lies in the octant: (i) I (ii) VII (iii) III (iv) VI | LO1 | 1. Conceptual Understanding 2. Mathematical reasoning 3. Crical thinking |
| 2 | If A is the foot of perpendicular of point P(3,4,5) on x-axis, then the coordinate of point A is (i) (-3,4,5) (ii)(3,0,0) (iii) (0,4,0) (iv)(0,0,5) | LO1 LO2 | 1. Conceptual Understanding 2. geometrical interpretation. 3. Analytical thinking. |
| 3 | The coordinate of a point on zx-plane are of the form $(i)(x,0,0)$ $(ii)(0,y,0,)$ $(iii)(x,0,z)$ $(iv)(0,0,z)$ | LO1 | 1. Conceptual Understanding 2.Mathematical reasoning 3. Logical thinking |
| 4 | The length of the perpendicular drawn from the point P(3,4,5) on y-axis is (i) 10 (ii) $\sqrt{34}$ (iii) $\sqrt{113}$ (iv) $5\sqrt{2}$ | LO1 LO2 | 1. Conceptual Understanding. 2. Mathematical reasoning. 3. Problem solving approach. |
| 5 | Image of point P(-2,3,4) in yz-plane is (i) (2,3,4) (ii) (2,-3,4) (iii) (-2,-3,-4) (iv)(2,3,-4) | LO1 | Conceptual Understanding Applying transformation rule. Clarity. |

| | (TWO MARKS) | | |
|----|--|----------------------|--|
| 6 | Show that the triangle ABC with vertices A(0,4,1),(2,3,-1) and (4,5,0) is right angled triangle. | LO1 LO2 | 1. Logical thinking. 2. Conceptual Understanding 3. Analytical reasoning |
| 7 | Find the equation of the set of points which are equidistant from the points $(1, 2, 3)$ and $(3, 2, -1)$. | LO1 LO2 | 1. Conceptual Understanding 2. Logical thinking 3.critical thinking Computational skill |
| 8 | Show that the points $A(3,2,-4)$, $B(9,8,-10)$ and $C(5,4,-6)$ are collinear. | LO1 LO2 | 1. Conceptual Understanding 2. Logical Thinking. 3.critical thinking. |
| 9 | Find the point on y-axis which is at a distance of $\sqrt{10}$ units from the point (1,2,3). | LO1 LO2LO1 LO2 | Logical Thinking. Conceptual Understanding. Problem solving |
| 10 | Verify that the points A (0, 7, -10), B(1, 6, -6) and C(4, 9, -6) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle. | | Conceptual Understanding. Computational Skill. Problem solving |
| | (THREE MARKS) |) | |
| 11 | A cube of side 5 has one vertex at the point (1,0,-1), and the three edges from this vertex are respectively, parallel to the negative x and y axes and positive z- axis. Find the coordinate of the other vertices of the cube. | LO1 LO2 | 1.Concetual Understanding 2. Problem solving. 3. creativity, and clarity in geometric imagination. |
| 12 | Find the locus of the point, the sum of whose distances from the points A(4,0,0) and B(-4,0,0) is equal to 10. | LO1 LO2 | Ability to use distance formula. Skill to drive locus equation. Problem solving approach. |
| 13 | Show that the points $A(1,2,3)$, $B(-1,-2,-1)$, $C(2,3,2)$ and $D(4,7,6)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram ABCD, but not a rectangle. | LO1 LO2 | Logical Thinking Conceptual understanding. Critical evaluation, logical proof. |
| 14 | Show that if $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, then the point $(x, y\sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2})$ is at a distance 1 unit from the origin. | LO1 LO2LO1 LO2 | Logical Thinking Computational Skill. Generalization ability, clarity of proof. |
| 15 | If A and B be the points $(3, 4, 5)$ and $(-1, 3, -1)$ | | 1. Ability to use |

| 7), respectively, find the equation of the set | distance formula |
|--|-----------------------|
| of points P such that $PA^2 + PB^2 = k^2$, | 2. Computational |
| where k is a constant | Skill. |
| | 3. structured problem |
| | solving. |

Answer

1. (iv), 2(ii), 3.(iii) 4. (ii) 5.(i) 7. x - 2z = 0

9.(0,2,0) 10. (0,2,0) and (0,-6,0)

11. The coordinates of the other seven vertices of the cube are found by adding or subtracting the side length of 5 along the respective axes from the initial vertex (1,0,-1). The edges are parallel to the negative x-axis, negative y-axis, and positive z-axis.

Here are the coordinates of the other vertices:

- (-4, 0, -1): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along the negative x-axis.
- (1, -5, -1): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along the negative y-axis.
- (1, 0, 4): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along the positive z-axis.
- (-4, -5, -1): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along both the negative x-and y-axes.
- (-4,0,4): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along both the negative x- and positive z-axes.
- (1, -5, 4): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along both the negative y- and positive z-axes.
- (-4, -5, 4): This vertex is 5 units from the initial vertex along all three specified axes.

12.
$$9x^2 + 25y^2 + 25z^2 - 225 = 0$$
 15. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 7y + 2z = \frac{k^2 - 109}{2}$

LIMITS AND DERIVATIVES

- 1. Understand and find limits algebraically
- 2. Define derivatives from first principles
- 3. Find the derivative algebraically and interpret geometrically

| | MCQ(1 MARK EACH) | | |
|-----------|--|-----|--|
| S. NO. | QUESTIONS | LOs | MARKS |
| Q1. | If $y = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}$ then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is $(a) \frac{-4x}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$ $(b) \frac{-4x}{x^2 - 1}$ $(c) \frac{1 - x^2}{4x}$ $(d) \frac{4x}{x^2 - 1}$ | LO1 | Conceptual Accuracy, logical reasoning. |
| Q2. | $\lim_{\substack{X \to \pi}} \frac{\sin x}{\pi - x}$ (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) - 1 (d) - 2 | LO1 | Conceptual, logical, precision in applying concepts. |
| Q3. | $\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sec^2 x - 2}{\tan x - 1} \text{ is}$ (a) 3 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) 2 | LO1 | Conceptual, logical application, speed and correctness. |
| Q4. | If $y = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 1$ is (a) 1 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (d) 0 | LO3 | Conceptual, logical, careful calculation and accuracy. |
| Q5. | If $y = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$ then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 0$ is | LO3 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking |
| Q6. | (a) -2 (b) 0 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) does not exist If $f(x) = \frac{x-4}{2\sqrt{x}}$ then $f''(1)$ is (a) $\frac{5}{4}$ (b) $\frac{4}{5}$ (c) 1 (d) 0 | LO3 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking decision making |

| Q7. | $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan 2x - x}{3x - \sin x} \text{ is}$ (a) 2 		 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{1}{4}$ | LO1 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking |
|------|---|-----|--|
| Q8. | $\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos 4\theta}{1 - \cos 6\theta} \text{ is}$ $(a) \frac{4}{9} \qquad (b) \frac{1}{2}$ $(c) -\frac{1}{2} \qquad (d) - 1$ | LO1 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking decision making |
| Q9. | $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(1+x)^{n}-1}{x} \text{ is}$ (a) n (b) 1 (c) - n (d) 0 | LO1 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking decision making Generalization ability. |
| Q10. | If $f(x) = \frac{\tan x}{x - \pi}$ then $\lim_{x \to \pi} f(x)$ is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) -1 (d) none of these | LO1 | Conceptual, logical thinking decision making application and critical thinking. |

| | 2 MARKS EACH. | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|--|--|
| S. NO. | QUESTIONS | | MARKS | |
| Q11. | Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{x}$ | LO1 | Conceptual, logical and critical thinking decision making manipulation, persistence in multi-step problem solving. | |
| Q12. | Find all the possible values of 'a', if $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^9 - a^9}{x - a} = \lim_{x \to 5} (4 + x)$ | LO1 | Application, solving algebraic equations, logical consistency and systematic approach. | |

| Q13. | If $\lim_{\theta \to 0} k \theta \csc \theta = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \theta \csc k \theta$, prove that $k = \pm 1$ | LO1 | Understanding relationship, proof writing with steps, clarity. |
|------|---|-----|---|
| Q14. | Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin ax}{\sin bx}, a, b \neq 0.$ | LO1 | Concept, manipulating equations, substitution, application and care in stepwise simplification. |
| Q15. | If $\lim_{\lim x \to a} \frac{x^7 + a^7}{x + a} = 7$, find the value of 'a'. | LO1 | Condition based problem involving constant, equating with given value logical analysis for exact value. |

| | Q. NO. 16 TO 20 CARRY 3 MARKS EACH. | | | |
|-----------|--|-----|--|--|
| S. NO. | QUESTIONS | | MARKS | |
| Q16. | Evaluate: $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(\cos 2x - \cot 2x)}{x}$ | LO1 | Knowledge, computational skill and accuracy. | |
| Q17. | For the function 'f', given by $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8$, prove that $f'(5) - 3f'(2) = f'(8)$. | LO3 | Knowledge, justification and presentation. | |
| Q18. | Evaluate: $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}} - a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a}}.$ | LO1 | Concept, computational skill and simplification. | |
| Q19. | If y = x sin x, prove that: $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{x} = \cot x$. | LO3 | Concept, problem solving, accuracy and logical thinking. | |

| Q20. | Find the derivative of $\frac{1}{ax^2+b}$ with respect to x by | LO1 | Knowledge, |
|------|--|-----|-----------------|
| | $\begin{array}{c} ax^2 + b \end{array}$ first principle. | LO2 | application and |
| | inst principle. | | perseverance. |

| | Q. NO. 21 TO 23 CARRY 5 MARKS EACH. | | | |
|-----------|--|------------|---|--|
| S. NO. | QUESTIONS | | MARKS | |
| Q21. | Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \to 1} \left[\frac{x-2}{x^2 - x} - \frac{1}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x} \right]$ | LO1 | Knowledge, evaluation and logical endurance. | |
| Q22. | If $f(x) = \begin{cases} mx^2 + n, & x < 0 \\ nx + m, & 0 \le x \le 1. \text{ For what } \\ n x^3 + m, & x > 1 \end{cases}$ integers 'm' and 'n' does both $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$ exists? | LO1 | Condition for existence, systematical approach, problem solving, precision. | |
| Q23. | Find the derivative of $f(x) = \sqrt{\cos x}$, using first principle. | LO1 LO2 | Fundamental ideas, application and critical thinking. | |

ANSWERS

| Q. | Ans |
|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | a | 2 | С | 3 | a | 4 | d | 5 | С |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | a | 7 | В | 8 | a | 9 | a | 10 | ь |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Q. | Ans | Q. | Ans | Q. | Ans | Q. | Ans | Q. | Ans | Q. | Ans |
|----|-----|-------------------|-------------|----|---------------|----|-------------|----|-----|----------------|------------------|
| 11 | 1 | 12 | $a = \pm 1$ | 14 | $\frac{a}{b}$ | 15 | $a = \pm 1$ | 16 | 1 | 18 | 5 a ² |
| 20 | (| $\frac{-2}{ax^2}$ | | 21 | 2 | 22 | n = m | 23 | _ | - sin 2√cos | _ |

STATISTICS

- 1. Calculate and interpret central tendency and measure of dispersion
- 2. Solve problems using variance and standard deviation

| Q.No. | Question | LOs | Competency |
|----------|---|------------|--|
| 2 | MCQ (ONE MARK EACH) | ~ | |
| 1 | The mean deviation about the mean of the set of first n natural numbers when n is an even number a. $\frac{n}{2}$ b. $\frac{n}{4}$ c. $\frac{n}{6}$ d. $\frac{n}{8}$ | LO1 | Conceptual Understanding of number system, Data interpretation Computational skills |
| 2 | If $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ be the observations with mean m and standard deviation s then , the standard deviation of the observations $kx_1, kx_2, kx_3, \dots, and kx_n$ is $a.k+s$ $b.\frac{s}{k}$ $c.ks$ $d.s$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem solving, Critical thinking, Computational ability |
| 3 | If the mean deviation of numbers $1, 1+d, 1+2d, \ldots, 1+100d$ from their mean is 255, then d is equal to $a. 10.0$ $b. 20.0$ $c. 10.1$ $d. 20.2$ | L01 | Conceptual understanding Problem Solving, Analytical thinking |
| 4 | Assertion $: If \ y_i = -2x_i + 3 \ and \ \sigma_x = 4 \ , then \ \sigma_y = 8 $ Reason : | LO1 LO2 | Comprehensive Understanding, Critical thinking Analysis of data |
| 5 | Assertion: The variance of first 10 natural number is $\frac{33}{4}$. Reason: The variance of first n natural number is $\frac{n^2-1}{12}$ | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem Solving Inductive analysis Decision- making |

| | TWO MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
|----|--|------------|---|
| 6 | The mean of 100 observations is 50 and their standard deviation is 5. Find the sum of the squares of all observations. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem Solving, Computational ability Analytical skills |
| 7 | Find the variance of the first n natural numbers. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding of number system, problem solving critical thinking |
| 8 | If for the following frequency distribution, variance is 160 and A is positive integer, find the value of A. X A 2A 3A 4A 5A 6A F 2 1 1 1 1 1 | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding problem solving critical thinking computational skills precision |
| | THREE MARKS QUESTIONS | | |
| 9 | There are 60 students in a class. The following is the frequency distribution of the marks obtained by the students in a test: Marks 0 1 2 3 4 5 frequen x-2 X x^2 $(x 2x x + 1)^2$ where x is a positive integer. Determine the mean and standard deviation of the marks. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, problem solving critical thinking computational skills accuracy |
| 10 | The mean and variance of 15 observations are 3.8 and 4 respectively. If each observation is increased by 11, then find the new mean and new variance of the resulting observations. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, problem solving Analytical thinking Critical Thinking |
| 11 | The mean and standard deviation of 6 observations are 8 and 4 respectively. If each observation is multiplied by 3 then find the new mean and standard deviation of resulting observations. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding, problem solving Analytical thinking |

| | | FIV | E MA | RKS Q | UEST | IONS | | | | |
|----|---|---------------|------|-------|------|------------|---|------------|--|---|
| 12 | For a group of 200 candidate, the mean and standard deviation were found to be 40 and 15 respectively. Later on it was found that the score 43 was misread as 34. Find the correct mean and standard deviation | | | | | | | | | Conceptual understanding problem solving critical thinking Analytical thinking computational skill precision |
| 13 | The mean and variance of 7 observations are 8 and 16 respectively. If five of them are 2, 4, 10, 12, 14. Find the remaining two observations. | | | | | | | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding problem solving critical thinking Analytical thinking computational skill precision | |
| | FOUR MA | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | The marks of so of 20) are given Marks(x_i) Number of students((f_i) | en: 5 2 | 7 4 | 9 6 | 8 | 13 10 | 15 12 | 17 8 | LO1 | comprehensive understanding Conceptual understanding, problem solving critical thinking decision-making |
| | On the basis of above information, answer the following questions 1. Find the total number of students in the class. 2. What will be the cumulative frequency corresponding to mark 11? 3. Find the median (M) of the given data . 4. What is the value of mean deviation from median of | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Let x_i and y_i are two data such that $y_i = a + b x_i$. If \bar{x} , \bar{y} are the mean and σ_x and σ_y are standard deviations for the given data x_i and y_i then we have $\bar{y} = a\bar{x} + b$ and $\sigma_y = a \sigma_x$ On the basis of above information, answer the following questions 1. if $y_i = 4x_i - 3$ and \bar{x} is 10, then $\bar{y} = a$. 40 b. 7 c. 37 d.43 2. if $y_i = b + ax_i$, then $a.var(Y) = a^2Var(X)$ b. $var(X) = a^2Var(Y)$ c. $var(Y) = Var(X) + b$ d. none of these | | | | | LO1 LO2 | comprehensive understanding Conceptual understanding of central tendency and measure of dispersion, problem solving critical thinking analytical thinking | | | |

| 3. $if y_i = 10 + x_i$ | then | precision |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|
| $a. \ \overline{y} = \overline{x}$ | $b. \bar{y} = 3\bar{x} + 2$ | accuracy |
| $c. \ \bar{y} = \bar{x} - 2$ | d.none of these | |
| 4. if $y_i = \frac{b + ax_i}{c}$, t | hen $\sigma_y =$ | |
| a. $\frac{a\sigma_x + b}{a}$ | b. $\frac{a}{c}\sigma_x$ | |
| $a \begin{vmatrix} a_1^c \end{vmatrix}$ | C | |
| $c. \qquad \left \frac{1}{c} \right \sigma_{\chi}$ | d.none of these | |
| | | |

Answer key

| 1. | B. | 9 | MEAN =2.8 S.D =1.12 |
|----|--------------------|----|--|
| 2 | C. | 10 | Mean =14.8 s.d =4 |
| 3 | С | 11 | Mean =24 s,d 12 |
| 4 | A | 12 | Correct mean =40.045 correct s.d =14.995 |
| 5 | A | 13 | Remaining two observations: 6 and8 |
| 6 | 252500 | 14 | 1.50 2. 20 3. 13 4. 2.72 |
| 7 | $\frac{n^2-1}{12}$ | 15 | 1. a 2. a 3. d 4. C |
| 8 | A=7 | | |

PROBABILITY

- 1. Understand classical probability.
- 2. Calculate probabilities of simple and compound events.

| Q. No. | SECTION-A (MCQ) (1 MARK EACH) | LOs | COMPETENCIES |
|-----------|---|------------|---|
| 1 | What is the total number of elements in sample spaces when a coin is tossed and a die is thrown? a)12 b)10 c)11 d)13 | LO1 | 1-Conceptual Understanding 2-ability to recall basic facts |
| 2 | A bag contains 5 brown and 4 white socks. Ram pulls out two socks. What is the probability that both the socks are of the same colour? a) $\frac{4}{5}$ b) $\frac{4}{9}$ c) $\frac{4}{3}$ d) $\frac{4}{7}$ | LO1 | Conceptual understanding and mathematical formulation |
| 3 | What is the probability of selecting a vowel in the word "ZIET"? a)1 b)2 c) 0.5 d)None of the above | LO1 | Ability to interpret and conceptual understanding |
| 4 | An urn contains 6 balls of which two are red and four are black. Two balls are drawn at random. What is the probability that they are of different colours? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding and mathematical formulation |
| | a) $\frac{4}{15}$ b) $\frac{2}{15}$ c) $\frac{1}{15}$ d) $\frac{8}{15}$ | | |
| 5 | A card is drawn from a deck of 52 cards. What is the probability of getting a king or a heart or a red. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding analytical thinking |
| | a)1/13 b) 5/13 c) 5/7 d) 7/13 | | |
| 6 | A coin is tossed twice, what is probability that at | LO1 | Conceptual understanding and mathematical |
| | least one tail occurs a)1/4 b)2/5 c) 3/4 d) 4/ 5 | LO2 | formulation |
| 7 | Three identical dice are rolled. What is the probability that the same number will appear on each of them | LO1 | Conceptual understanding ,Analytical and reasoning skill logical thinking |
| 8 | a) 1/6 b)1/36 c)1/18 d)3/28 A bag contains 5 brown and 4 white socs. Ram pulls | LO1 | Conceptual understanding |
| 0 | out two socks. What is the probability that both the socks are of the same colour? | LO1 LO2 | ,problem solving |
| | A)9/20 b)2/9 c)3/20 d)4/9 | | |

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| | ASSERTION-REASON BASED QUESTIONS | | |
| | In the following questions, a statement of assertion | | |
| | (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). | | |
| | Choose the correct answer out of the following | | |
| | choices. | | |
| | (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct | | |
| | explanation of A. | | |
| | (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct | | |
| | explanation of A. | | |
| | (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is false but R is | | |
| | true. | | |
| | inde. | | |
| 9 | Assertion: The probability of a sure event is 1. | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | Reason: Let E be an event. Then, $0 \le P(E) \le 1$ | LO2 | understanding Analysing |
| | | LOZ | ,decision making, |
| 10 | Assertion: In rolling a dice, event $A = \{1, 3, 5\}$ and | LO1 | Comprehensive |
| | event $B = \{2, 4\}$ are mutually exclusive events. | 1.02 | understanding and |
| | Reason: In a sample space, two events are mutually | LO2 | analytical thinking |
| | exclusive if they do not occur at the same time. | | |
| | - | | |
| | SECTION-B (2 MARKS EACH) | | |
| 11 | If the letters of the word ALGORITHM are arranged | LO1 | Logical Reasoning and |
| | at random in a row what is the probability the letters | LO2 | Analytical thinking |
| | GOR must remain together as a unit? | LOZ | |
| 12 | A letter is above at mandam from the world | I O1 | Componentival |
| 12 | A letter is chosen at random from the word | LO1 | Conceptual understanding, Logical |
| | 'ASSASSINATION'. Find the probability that letter | LO2 | Reasoning and Analytical |
| | is a consonant? | | thinking |
| | | | 0 |
| 13 | 4 cards are drawn from a well snuffled deck of 52 | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | cards what is the probability of obtaining 3 | LO2 | understanding Problem |
| | diamonds and one spade ? | | solving |
| 14 | From a deck of 52 cards four cards are accidently | LO1 | Conceptual |
| | dropped. Find the chance that the missing cards | | understanding, Reasoning |
| | should be one from each type. | LO2 | and Analytical thinking |
| | should be one from each type. | | |
| | | | |
| 15 | What is the probability that an ordinary year has 53 | LO1 | Conceptual understanding |
| | Sundays? | | & Logical thinking |
| | Junuay 3. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | SECTION-C(3 MARKS EACH) | | |
|----|--|------------|---|
| 16 | A book contains 100 pages. A page is chosen at random. What is the chance that the sum of the digit on the page is equal to 9? | LO1 | Conceptual understanding, logical thinking, Problem solving |
| 17 | In a single throw of two dice, find the prob. that neither a doublet nor a total of 10 will appear. | LO1 LO2 | Analytical thinking |
| 18 | What probability that randomly chosen two-digit positive integer is multiple of 3? | LO1 | Analytical and critical thinking |
| 19 | A bag contains 5 red, 6 white and 7 black balls. Two balls are drawn at random. What is the probability that both balls are red or both are black? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding ,Procedural skill |
| 20 | In a town, there are 6000 people of which 1200 are over 50 years old and 2000 are females. It is said that 30% of females are over 50 years. Find the probability that an individual chosen randomly from the town is either female or over 50 years. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem solving |
| | SECTION-D (5 MARKS EACH) | | |
| 21 | In a class of 60 students, 30 opted for NCC, 32 opted for NSS, 24 opted for both NCC and NSS. If one of these students is selected at random. Find the probability that (i) The student opted for NCC or NSS. (ii) The student has opted neither NCC nor NSS. (iii) The student has opted NSS but not NCC | LO1 LO2 | Analytical thinking, problem solving |
| 22 | There are 20 cards that are numbered from 1 to 20. If a card is withdrawn randomly, then find the probability that a number on the card will be: (i) Multiple of 4 (ii) Even number (iii) Not divided by 5 (iv) Prime Number | LO1 LO2 | Higher order thinking skill, procedural thinking |
| 23 | In a school, the probability that a student passes in Mathematics is 0.7, in English is 0.8, and in both is 0.6. Find the probability that a student chosen at random: a) Passes in at least one subject. b) Passes in Mathematics but not in English. c) Fails in both subjects. | LO1 LO2 | Higher order thinking skill and analytical thinking |

| | SECTION-E (CASE STUDY BASED) (4 | | |
|----|---|------------|---|
| | MARKS EACH) | | |
| 24 | Two students Rohan and Soham appeared in an examination. The probability that Rohan will qualify the examination is 0.05 and that Soham will qualify the examination is 0.10. The probability that both will qualify the examination is 0.02. Based on the above information, answer the following questions? (i) Find the probability that both Rohan and Soham will not qualify the examination. | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem solving skill ,Analytical reasoning, |
| 25 | (ii) Find the probability that at least one of them will not qualify the examination. (iii) only one of them will qualify the exam A cricket coach has 15 players, out of which 6 are bowlers, 5 are batsmen, and 4 are all-rounder. He has to select 3 players randomly? 1. What is the probability that all 3 selected are bowlers? 2. What is the probability that at least one all-rounder is selected? 3. What is the probability that exactly one batsman is selected? 4. What is the probability that all selected players are of different categories? 5. What is the probability that none of the selected players is an all-rounder? | LO1 LO2 | Conceptual understanding Problem solving skill Analytical reasoning |

ANSWERS

| SECTION-A | | SECTION-C |
|------------|--|---|
| | | |
| A | 16 | 1/10 |
| В | 17 | 7/9 |
| С | 18 | 1/3 |
| D | 19 | 31/153 |
| D | 20 | 13/20 |
| С | | SECTION-D |
| В | 21 | i. 19/30 ii 11/30 iii.4/30 |
| D | 22 | i) ½ (ii) ½ (iii) 4/5 (iv) 2/5 |
| В | 23 | 0.9 b)0.1 c)0.1 |
| A | | SECTION-E |
| SECTION-B | 24 | i) 0.87 ii)0.98 iii)0.11 |
| 1/72 | 25 | 1)4/91 2)58/91 3)45/91 4)24/91 5)33/91 |
| 7/13 | | |
| 286/20825 | | |
| 2197/20825 | | |
| 1/7 | | |
| | A B C D D C B D A SECTION-B 1/72 7/13 286/20825 2197/20825 | A 16 B 17 C 18 D 19 D 20 C B 21 D 22 B 23 A SECTION-B 24 1/72 25 7/13 286/20825 |