

**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGTHAN TINSUKIA REGION**

**PRE BOARD EXAMINATION 2024-25**

**CLASS: XII**

**SUBJECT: -MATHEMATICS (041) SET 02**

Time: - 3 Hours

Max Marks: - 80

**General Instructions:**

1. This Question paper contains - five sections **A, B, C, D** and **E**. Each section is compulsory. However, there are internal choices in some questions.
2. Section **A** has 18 MCQ's and 02 Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
3. Section **B** has 5 Very Short Answer (VSA)-type questions of 2 marks each.
4. Section **C** has 6 Short Answer (SA)-type questions of 3 marks each.
5. Section **D** has 4 Long Answer (LA)-type questions of 5 marks each.
6. Section **E** has 3 source based/case based/passage based/integrated units of assessment (4 marks each) with sub parts.

Q	SECTION – A (MCQs 1 mark each)	Marks
1	The number of all possible matrices of order $3 \times 3$ with each entry 0 or 1 is: (a) 27 (b) 18 (c) 81 (d) 512	1
2	If $A = [a_{ij}]$ is a symmetric matrix of order $n$ , then (a) $a_{ij} = \frac{1}{a_{ji}}$ for all $i, j$ (b) $a_{ij} \neq 0$ for all $i, j$ (c) $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$ for all $i, j$ (d) $a_{ij} = 0$ for all $i, j$	1
3	Let $A$ be a non-singular square matrix of order $3 \times 3$ and $ adj A  = 8$ then $ A $ is equal to (a) $\pm 64$ (b) $\pm 16$ (c) $\pm 8$ (d) none of the these	1
4	The area of a triangle with vertices $(-3, 0)$ , $(3, 0)$ and $(0, k)$ is 9 sq. units. The value of $k$ will be (a) 3 (b) $\pm 3$ (c) $-3$ (d) 6	1
5	If $A$ and $B$ are invertible matrices, then which of the following is not correct? (a) $adj A =  A  \cdot A^{-1}$ (b) $\det(A)^{-1} = [\det(A)]^{-1}$ (c) $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1} A^{-1}$ (d) $(A + B)^{-1} = B^{-1} + A^{-1}$	1
6	The function $f(x) = [x]$ , where $[x]$ denotes the greatest integer function, is continuous at (a) 4 (b) $-2$ (c) 1 (d) 1.5	1
7	Differential coefficient of $\sec(\tan^{-1}x)$ w.r.t. $x$ is (a) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$ (b) $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ (c) $x\sqrt{1+x^2}$ (d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$	1
8	The rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to its radius $r$ at $r = 6$ cm is (a) $10\pi$ (b) $12\pi$ (c) $8\pi$ (d) $11\pi$	1
9	On which of the following intervals is the function $f$ given by $f(x) = x^{100} + \sin x - 1$ decreasing? (a) $(0, 1)$ (b) $(\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi)$ (c) $(0, \frac{\pi}{2})$ (d) None of these	1
10	$\int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}$ is equal to (a) $\tan x + \cot x + c$ (b) $\sin x + \cos x + c$ (c) $\tan x - \cot x + c$ (d) $\sin x - \cos x + c$	1

11	The value of $\int_a^{-a} \sin^3 x \, dx$ is (a) a (b) a/3 (c) 1 (d) 0	1
12	The degree of the differential equation $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + \sin\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) + 1 = 0$ is (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) not defined	1
13	A homogeneous differential equation of the form $\frac{dy}{dx} = h\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ can be solved by making the substitution. (a) $y = vx$ (b) $v = yx$ (c) $x = vy$ (d) $x = v$	1
14	If $\vec{a}$ is nonzero vector of magnitude 'a' and $\lambda$ is a nonzero scalar, then $\lambda\vec{a}$ is unit vector if (a) $\lambda = 1$ (b) $\lambda = -1$ (c) $a =  \lambda $ (d) $a = \frac{1}{ \lambda }$	1
15	The coordinates of the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the point (2, 5, 7) on the x-axis are given by (a) (2, 0, 0) (b) (5, 0, 0) (c) (7, 0, 0) (d) (0, 5, 7)	1
16	The feasible solution for a LPP is shown in given figure. Let $Z = 3x - 4y$ be the objective function. Minimum of Z occurs at a) (0,0) b) (0,8) c) (5,0) d) (4,10)	1
17	Inequation $y - x \leq 0$ represents (a) The half plane that contains the positive X-axis (b) Closed half plane above the line $y = x$ , which contains positive Y-axis (c) Half plane that contains the negative X-axis (d) None of these	1
18	If A and B are two events such that $P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A)$ , then (a) $P(B/A) = 1$ (b) $P(A/B) = 1$ (c) $P(A/B) = 0$ (d) $P(B/A) = 0$	1
<b>ASSERTION-REASON BASED QUESTIONS</b>		
<p>In the following questions, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct answer out of the following choices.</p> <p>(a) <b>Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</b>  (b) <b>Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.</b>  (c) <b>A is true but R is false.</b>  (d) <b>A is false but R is true.</b></p>		
19	<b>A:</b> The Principal value of $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ is equal to $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ <b>R:</b> Domain of $\cos^{-1} x$ and $\sin^{-1} x$ are respectively $(0, \pi)$ and $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$	1

20	<p><b>A:</b> The following straight lines <math>L_1</math> &amp; <math>L_2</math> are perpendicular to each other.</p> $\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{5} = \frac{z+3}{4} \text{ and } \frac{1-x}{-1} = \frac{y+2}{2} = \frac{3-z}{3}$ <p><b>R:</b> Let line <math>L_1</math> passes through the point <math>(x_1, y_1, z_1)</math> and parallel to the vector whose direction ratios are <math>a_1, b_1,</math> and <math>c_1,</math> and let line <math>L_2</math> passes through the point <math>(x_2, y_2, z_2)</math> and parallel to the vector whose direction ratios are <math>a_2, b_2,</math> and <math>c_2,</math> . Then the lines <math>L_1</math> &amp; <math>L_2</math> are perpendicular if <math>a_1 \cdot a_2 + b_1 \cdot b_2 + c_1 \cdot c_2 = 0</math></p>	1
<p><b>SECTION – B</b></p> <p>This section comprises of very short answer type-questions (VSA) of 2 marks each.</p>		
21	Check whether the relation R in the set $\mathbf{R}$ of real numbers, defined as $R = \{(a, b) : a \leq b^2\}$ is transitive.	2
22	<p>Find <math>\frac{dy}{dx}</math> of the function <math>y^x = x^y</math></p> <p>OR</p> <p>Find the values of <math>k</math> so that the function <math>f</math> is continuous at the indicated point</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx + 1, & \text{if } x \leq \pi \\ \cos x, & \text{if } x > \pi \end{cases} \quad \text{at } x = \pi$	2
23	Evaluate $\int \left[ \frac{(x+1)(x+\log x)^2}{x} \right] dx$	2
24	<p>Using integration find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the circle <math>x^2 + y^2 = 16</math> .</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Using integration find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the ellipse <math>\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1</math> .</p>	2
25	If $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are unit vectors such that $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$ , find the value of $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} + \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}$ .	2
<p><b>SECTION C</b></p> <p>(This section comprises of short answer type questions (SA) of 3 marks each)</p>		
26	If $y = 3 \cos (\log x) + 4 \sin (\log x)$ , show that $x^2 y_2 + x y_1 + y = 0$	3
27	<p>Evaluate: <math>\int \sqrt{1+3x-x^2} dx</math></p> <p>OR</p> <p>Evaluate: <math>\int_0^1 (x e^x + \sin \frac{\pi x}{4}) dx</math></p>	3
28	The area between $x = y^2$ and $x = 4$ is divided into two equal parts by the line $x = a$ , find the value of $a$ .	3
29	<p>Solve the differential equation <math>\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x}</math></p> <p>OR</p> <p>Solve the differential equation <math>x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x^2 ; (x \neq 0)</math></p>	3
30	Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically:	3

	<p>Maximize <math>Z = 5x + 2y</math>,</p> <p>subject to the constraints:</p> $x - 2y \leq 2,$ $3x + 2y \leq 12,$ $-3x + 2y \leq 3,$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0.$	
31	<p>An urn contains 10 black and 5 white balls. Two balls are drawn from the urn one after the other without replacement. What is the probability that both drawn balls are black?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>The random variable <math>X</math> has a probability distribution <math>P(X)</math> of the following form, where <math>k</math> is some number:</p> $P(X) = \begin{cases} k, & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2k, & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 3k, & \text{if } x = 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ <p>(a) Determine the value of <math>k</math>.</p> <p>(b) Find <math>P(X &lt; 2)</math>,</p> <p>(c) Find <math>P(X \geq 2)</math>,</p>	3
	<p><b>SECTION D</b></p> <p><b>(This section comprises of long answer-type questions (LA) of 5 marks each)</b></p>	
32	<p>Show that the function <math>f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}</math> defined by <math>f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+1}, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}</math> is neither one-one nor onto.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>If <math>\mathbb{N}</math> denotes the set of all natural numbers and <math>R</math> be the relation on <math>\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}</math> defined by <math>(a, b) R (c, d)</math>, if <math>ad(b+c) = bc(a+d)</math>. Show that <math>R</math> is an equivalence relation.</p>	5
33	<p>Determine the product <math>\begin{bmatrix} -4 &amp; 4 &amp; 4 \\ -7 &amp; 1 &amp; 3 \\ 5 &amp; -3 &amp; -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 &amp; -1 &amp; 1 \\ 1 &amp; -2 &amp; -2 \\ 2 &amp; 1 &amp; 3 \end{bmatrix}</math> and use it to solve the system of equations</p> $\begin{aligned} x - y + z &= 4, \\ x - 2y - 2z &= 9 \\ 2x + y + 3z &= 1. \end{aligned}$	5
34	<p>Evaluate <math>\int \frac{1}{\cos(x-a)\cos(x-b)} dx</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Evaluate <math>\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \sin x dx</math>.</p>	5
35	<p>Find the shortest distance between <math>\frac{x+1}{7} = \frac{y+1}{-6} = \frac{z+1}{1}</math> and <math>\frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y-5}{-2} = \frac{z-7}{1}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Find the vector equation &amp; cartesian equations of the line which is perpendicular to the lines with equations</p> $\frac{x+2}{1} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z+1}{4} \text{ and } \frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-3}{4}$ <p>and passes through the point <math>(1,1,1)</math>. Also find the angle between the given lines.</p>	5

**SECTION E**

**(This section comprises of with two sub-parts. First two case study questions have three subparts of marks 1, 1, 2 respectively. The third case study question has two sub parts of 2 marks each.)**

36 The Government declare that farmers can get Rs 300 per quintal for their Tomatoes on 1st July and after that, the price will be dropped by Rs 3 per quintal per extra day. Raman's father has 80 quintal of Tomatoes in the field on 1st July and he estimates that crop is increasing at the rate of 1 quintal per day.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

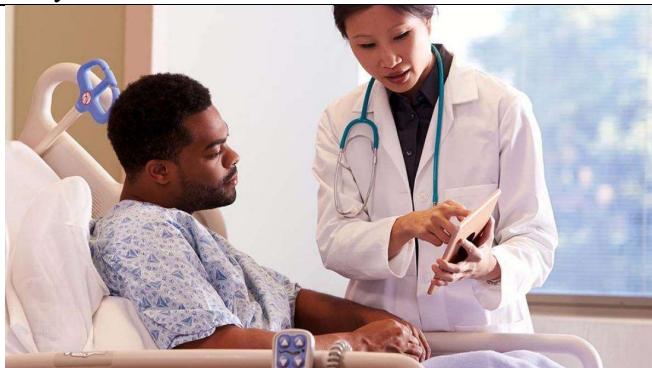
- (i) If  $x$  is the number of days after 1st July, then write price and quantity of Tomato in terms of  $x$ .
- (ii) Find the Revenue in terms of  $x$ .
- (iii) Find the number of days after 1st July, when Raman's father attains maximum revenue.

1  
1  
2

**OR**

On which day should Raman's father harvest the tomatoes to maximise his revenue?

37



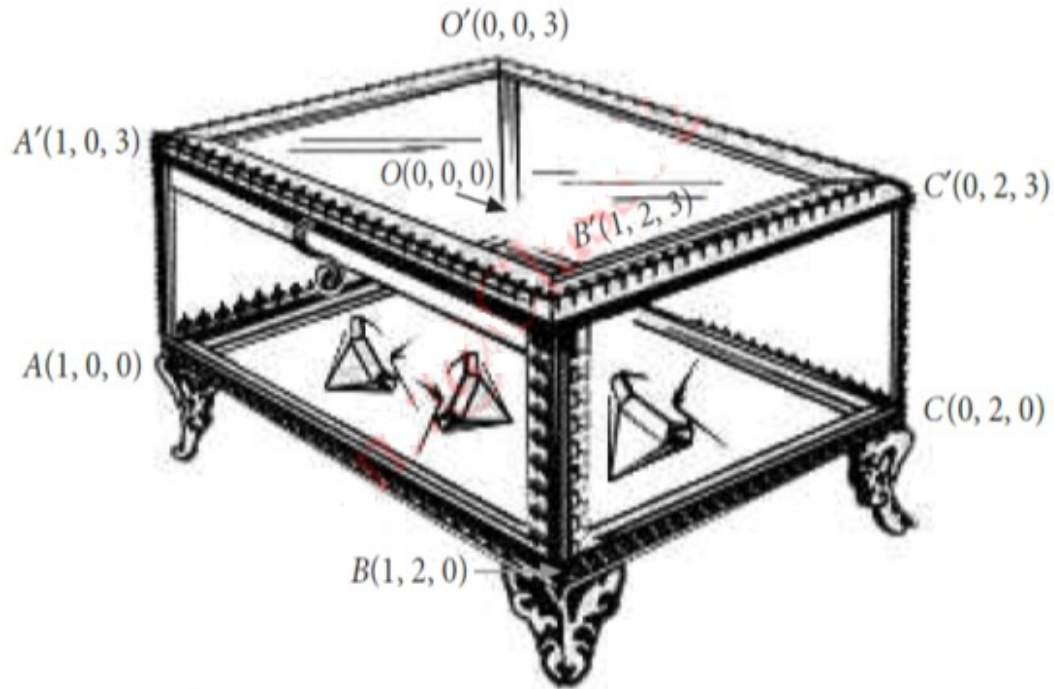
A doctor is to visit a patient. From the past experience, it is known that the probabilities that she will come by train, bus, scooter or by other means of transport are respectively  $\frac{3}{10}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{1}{10}$  and  $\frac{2}{5}$ . The probabilities that she will be late are  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ , and  $\frac{1}{12}$ , if she comes by train, bus and scooter respectively, but if she comes by other means of transport, then she will not be late.

- (i) Find the total probability that she arrives late.
- (ii) One day, when she arrives, she is late. What is the probability that she comes by train?

2  
2

38

In a diamond exhibition, a diamond is covered in cubical glass box having coordinates  $O(0, 0, 0)$ ,  $A(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $B(1, 2, 0)$ ,  $C(0, 2, 0)$ ,  $O'(0, 0, 3)$ ,  $A'(1, 0, 3)$ ,  $B'(1, 2, 3)$  and  $C'(0, 2, 3)$ .



Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

- (i) Find the Direction ratios of  $OA$
- (ii) find the Equation of diagonal  $OB'$
- (iii) find the Equation of Line  $O'B'$

OR

Find the cartesian equation of line along  $\overrightarrow{A'C'}$

1  
1  
2