

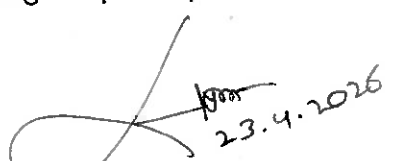
OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, PRAYAGRAJ.
Admin. Order No. 321 **Dated : April 23, 2026**

ORDER

In compliance of Order dt. 16.04.2026 passed by Hon'ble High Court in the matter of **CRIMINAL MISC. ANTICIPATORY BAIL APPLICATION U/S 482 BNSS No. 3601 of 2026 Anand Vs. State of U.P.**, following order is being passed with immediate effect :

- (i) The Presiding Officers of each Magistrate and Special Courts are hereby directed to nominate a dedicated official, working in their courts, for maintaining a register of Anticipatory Bail orders granted by Hon'ble High Court, wherein the details of Anticipatory Bail shall be entered.
- (ii) Above Presiding Officers are further directed to ensure that the directions so issued by the Hon'ble Court are being observed in compliance by the official concerned.
- (iii) The Additional District & Sessions Judge, Court No.1, Prayagraj as well as the Chief Judicial Magistrate Prayagraj are directed to ensure that the directions so issued by the Hon'ble Court are being observed in compliance by the concerned Presiding Officers of all Special Courts and Magisterial Courts of the Judgeship, respectively.
- (iv) The System Officer/the System Assistant is directed to upload a copy of this order on the official website of the Judgeship for quick access to all concerned.

Inform all concerned.


(Satya Prakash Tripathi)
District Judge,
Prayagraj.

Dated : April 23, 2026



2026:AHC:84120

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT ALLAHABAD

CRIMINAL MISC. ANTICIPATORY BAIL APPLICATION U/S 482 BNSS No.
- 3601 of 2026

Anand

.....Applicant(s)

Versus

State of U.P. and Another

.....Opposite
Party(s)

Counsel for Applicant(s) : Bhaiya Lal Yadav, Dharm Narain
Dubey, Nand Lal

Counsel for Opposite Party(s) : G.A.

Court No. - 71

HON'BLE AVNISH SAXENA, J.

1. Heard Sri B.L. Yadav, learned counsel for the applicant and learned A.G.A. for the State.

2. The present anticipatory bail application under Section 482 of BNSS has been filed by the applicant with a prayer to release him on anticipatory bail in Case Crime No.336 of 2025, under Section 140(2) of BNS, Police Station- Tharvai, District- Prayagraj during pendency of the trial.

3. It is contended by learned counsel for the applicant that the opposite party has falsely implicated the applicant in FIR dated 22.12.2025 for the incident of abduction of informant on 18.12.2025. It is the allegation in the FIR that four unknown accused came to the pan shop of opposite party no.2 and abducted him for ransom of Rs. one lac. Subsequently, during investigation, one accused has been apprehended by the police in whose disclosure statement, name of the present applicant was reflected. The other two accused persons Manoj Yadav and Sunil Yadav have already been granted anticipatory bail in orders dated 10.3.2026 and 7.4.2026, respectively. The learned counsel submits that accused-applicant has no criminal history. He is apprehending arrest. Hence, seeks anticipatory bail.

4. Learned A.G.A. for the State has opposed the anticipatory bail but concedes that the accused-applicant has no other criminal history than the

present one.

5. The scope of ambit of anticipatory bail is encapsulated in three insightful judgments of Hon'ble Supreme Court right from **Gurubaksh Singh Sibbia Vs. State of Punjab** reported in (1980) 2 SCC 565, **Siddharam Satlingappa Mhetre Vs. State of Maharashtra** reported in (2011) 1 SCC 694 and **Sushila Aggarwal and others Vs. State (NCT of Delhi) and another** reported in (2020) 5 SCC 1, wherein it is consistently held by Hon'ble Apex Court that while granting anticipatory bail, the Court should considering the application of the applicant to evaluate the threat or apprehension of arrest vis-a-vis the nature and gravity of accusation, criminal antecedent of the accused, false or exaggerated implication, need of custodial interrogation, willingness of the accused to cooperate in investigation and trial and the conduct of the accused and flight risk.

This Court while considering the gravity of accusation, explained criminal history and apprehension of arrest in the case vis-a-vis low flight risk and assurance of the accused in cooperating with the investigation and trial is of considered view to grant anticipatory bail.

6. In the event of arrest of the **applicant- Anand** involved in the aforesaid case crime shall be released on bail on furnishing a personal bond of Rs. 25,000/- with two sureties each in the like amount to the satisfaction of the court concerned with following conditions :-

(i) The applicant shall not directly or indirectly make any inducement, threat, or promise to any person acquainted with the facts of the case so as to dissuade him from disclosing such facts to the court or to any police officer or tamper with the evidence.

(ii) The applicant shall not pressurize/intimidate the prosecution witnesses.

(iii) The applicant shall remain present, in person, before the trial court on the dates fixed for (i) opening of the case, (ii) framing of charge and (iii) recording of statement under Section 351 of BNSS.

(iv) The applicant shall file an undertaking to the effect that she shall not seek any adjournment on the dates fixed for evidence when the witnesses are present in the trial court.

(v) The applicant shall remain present before the trial court on each date fixed, either personally or through his counsel.

7. In case of breach of any of the above conditions, it shall be a ground for cancellation of bail.

8. It is clarified that anything said in this order is limited to the purpose of determination of this bail application and will in no way be construed as an expression on the merits of the case. The trial court shall be absolutely free to arrive at its independent conclusions on the basis of evidence led unaffected by anything said in this order.

9. The below mentioned directions shall be complied with for expeditious disposal of trial; in case charge sheet is submitted against accused/applicant.

9.1 As the investigation is continuing, in the event charge sheet is submitted and cognizance is taken, it would be the duty of the accused/applicant to appear before the trial court or Magistrate concerned as the case may be without waiting for the issuance of summons, within 60 days from the date of cognizance or on the date fixed, whichever is earlier. So that the trial may not be delayed for non execution of summons or processes.

9.2 The District Judge concerned shall direct each Magistrate and Special courts to maintain a register of Anticipatory Bail orders granted by this Court, wherein the details of Anticipatory Bail shall be entered. The dedicated official shall be nominated in each Special court and Magistrate court for maintaining the register.

9.3 The accused/applicant shall provide a copy of the final order of anticipatory bail within 30 days, to the official concerned in whose jurisdiction the case lies and shall provide his complete contact details including the mobile number and E-mail ID (if maintained); any change in detail shall be informed by the applicant.

9.4 On the submission of charge sheet and cognizance taken, the Presiding Officer shall fetch the details of the accused/applicant and the dedicated official shall inform the accused at the given detail.

April 16, 2026

Krishna*

(Avnish Saxena,J.)