OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT & SESSIONS JUDGE, NEW DELHI DISTRICT PATIALA HOUSE COURTS, NEW DELHI

No. 9424-94 Genl./NDD/2018

Dated, New Delhi 9-4773

As directed by Ld. Officer-In-Charge, General Branch, Patiala House Courts, New Delhi, letter received from Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, New Delhi vide diary No. 8990 dated 04/04/2018, Subject: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (POA) Amendment Act, 2015 (No.1 of 2016) - regarding is forwarded for information and necessary action to:

1. The court of Sh. Sidharth Sharma, Ld. ASJ-02, PHC, New Delhi.

2. The Incharge, Computer Branch, PHC, New Delhi to upload the same on the District Court Website.

AO(Judl)/Branch Incharge New Delhi District/PHC/NDD 1372-1382

No.

/DHC/Gaz/G-1/2018

Dated: 03-04-2018

From:

The Registrar General, High Court of Delhi, New Delhi-110003.

To,

1. The District & Sessions Judge (HQ), Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi.

- 2. The District & Sessions Judge (North-West), Rohini Courts Complex, Delhi.
- 3. The District & Sessions Judge (South), Saket Courts Complex, New Delhi.
- 4. The District & Sessions Judge (South-West), Dwarka Courts Complex, Delhi.
- 5. The District & Sessions Judge (North), Rohini Courts Complex, Delhi.
- The District & Sessions Judge (South-East), Saket Courts Complex, New Delhi.
 The District & Sessions Judge (East), Karkardooma Courts Complex, Delhi.
- The District & Sessions Judge (New Delhi), Patiala House Courts, New Delhi.
- 9. The District & Sessions Judge (Shahdara), Karkardooma Courts Complex, Delhi.
- 10. The District & Sessions Judge (North-East), Karkardooma Courts Complex, Delhi.
- 11. The District & Sessions Judge (West), Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi.

Sub: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (POA) Amendment Act, 2015 (No.1 of 2016) - regarding.

Sir/Madam,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the letter dated 05.03.2018 of Addl. Secretary (Law, Justice & L.A.), Govt. of NCT of Delhi along with its annexures with the request to circulate the enclosed copy of Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989, as amended by Scheduled Castes and the Schedules Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Act, 2015 (No. 1 of 2016) amongst all Designated Courts dealing with SC and ST (POA) Act of GNCT of Delhi and also to put it on the official website of the District Courts.

I am further directed to inform you that the said Amended Act can also be downloaded from the India Code portal as well as from the Ministry's website viz, www.msve.nic.in.

by cirements

Sulle

(Naresh Chand Garg) Joint Registrar (Gazette-I) for Registrar General

Copy be Sout to the Court of Shil Cidharth Sharmar, ld. ASI-D2(FTC), PHC, New Dellin for Confliance and herceany action/information.

1. Copy be sent to Incharge Computer Branch to optend the same on the District Contraction. Oto Vierei Branch

2

GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI DEPARTMENT OF LAW, JUSTICE AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS 8TH LEVEL, C-WING, DELHI SECRETARIAT, I.P. ESTATE, NEW DELHI-10002

No.F.1/9/2018-Judl./Suptlaw/34/

Dated os th March, 2018

To

The Registrar General, High Court of Delhi, New Delhi.

Sub:- The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities Act 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (POA) Amendment Act, 2015 (No.1 of 2016).....Regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of letter No. 21/2016-2017/DSCST/PG/866 dated 18.01.2018 alongwith its annexures, received from Department for the Welfare of SC/ST/OBC, Government of NCT of Delhi, on the above captioned subject for immediate/appropriate action.

Encis as above:

GENERAL RECEIPTION OF WAR 2018

Yours\faithfully,

(Loyleen)

Addi. Secretary (Law, Justice & L.A.)

DELPH HICH COURT

GOVT. Of NCT OF DELHI DEPARTMENT FOR THE WELFARE OF SC/ST/OBC B-BLOCK.2ND FLOOR VIKAS BHAWAN, I.P. ESTATE, NEW DELHI

No.F.21/2016-2017/DSCST/ Pf /866

To

The Principal Secretary (Law), Department of Law, Justice & Legislative Affairs Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi 8th Level, C-Wing, Delhi Secretariat, Players Building, I.P. Estate, New Delhi - 110002

Subject: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes-(POA) Amendment Act, 2015 (No.1 of 2016).... Regarding.

Sir/Madam,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of an English version of the Scheduled castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Act, 2015 (No. 1 of 2016) received from Director (SCD), Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Department of Social Justice and Empowerment, GOI, New Delhi vide letter dated 12/12/2017. The amended act can also be down loaded from the India code portal as well as from the Ministry's website viz, www.msve.nic.in.

You are requested that the amended Act may be circulated to all Designated Courts dealing with SC and ST (POA) Act of GNCT of Delhi as well as put on the official website.

Yours Faithfully

Deputy Director (PG)

As above

No. 11012/1/2012-PCR(Desk)
Government of India
Ministry o Social Justice and Empowerment
Department of Social Justice and Empowerment

New Delhi, dated: 여대, 2017

To,

The Principal Secretary/ Secretary,
In charge of SC and ST Development Department,
All State Governments/Union Territory Administrations (except Jammu and Kashmir).

Subject: The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) {PoA} Act, 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Act, 2015(No. 1 of 2016)...regarding.

Sir/Madam;

I am directed to refer to the subject noted above and to enclose herewith a copy of an English version of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) {PoA} Act, 1989, as amended by the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Amendment Act, 2015(No. 1 of 2016). The amended Act can also be downloaded from the India Code Portal as well as from this Ministry's website viz, www.msje.nic.in. It is requested that the amended Act may be circulated to all concerned agencies in the State/Union Territory as well as put on the official web site of the concerned Department.

Encl: As above

Yours faithfully,

(Arvind Kumar)
Director(SCD)

Tele: 011-23388519

DANS NO. 6528 DECET

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The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes
(Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989
No. 33 of 1989
(As amended)

THE SCHEDULED CASTES AND THE SCHEDULED TRIBES (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT, 1989

ACT NO. 33 OF 1989

[11th September, 1989.]

An Act to prevent the commission of offences of atrocities against the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, to provide for [Special Courts and the Exclusive Special Courts] for the trial of such offences and for the relief and rehabilitation of the victims of such offences and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fortieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

- 1. Short title, extent and commencement. (1) This Act may be called the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989.
 - (2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu & Kashmir.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazene, appoint.
 - 2. Definitions.—(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-
 - (a) "atrocity" means an offence punishable under section 3;
 - (b) "Code" means the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974);
 - ³((bb) "dependent" means the spouse, children, parents, brother and sister of the victim, who are dependent wholly or mainly on such victim for his support and maintenance;
 - (bc) "economic boycon" means-
 - (i) a refusal to deal with, work for hire or do business with other person; or
 - (ii) to deny opportunities including access to services or contractual opportunities for rendering service for consideration; or
 - (iii) to refuse to do anything on the terms on which things would be commonly done in the ordinary course of business; or
 - (iv) to abstain from the professional or business relations that one would maintain with other
 - (bd) "Exclusive Special Court" means the Exclusive Special Court established under sub-section (1) of section 14 exclusively to try the offences under this Act;
 - (be) "forest rights" shall have the meaning assigned to it in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007);
 - (bf) "manual scavenger" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (g) of sub-section (I) of section 2 of the Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013 (25 of 2013);
 - (bg) "public servant" means a public servant as defined under section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), as well as any other person deemed to be a public servant under any other law for the

^{1.} Subs. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 2, for "Special Courts" (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).
2. 30th January, 1990; vide notification No. S.O. 106(E), dated 29th January, 1990. See Gazette of India; Extraordinary, Part II, sec. 3(ii).
3. Ins. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 3 (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).

time being in force and includes any person acting in his official capacity under the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be;]

- (c) "Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes" shall have the meanings assigned to them respectively under clause (24) and clause (25) of article 366 of the Constitution;
 - (d) "Special Court" means a Court of Session specified as a Special Court in section 14;
- (e) "Special Public Prosecutor" means a Public Prosecutor specified as a Special Public Prosecutor or an advocate referred to in section 15;
 - '[(ea) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to this Act;
- (eb) "social boycott" means a refusal to permit a person to render to other person or receive from him any customary service or to abstain from social relations that one would maintain with other person or to isolate him from others:
- (ec) "victim" means any individual who falls within the definition of the "Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes" under clause (e) of sub-section (I) of section 2, and who has suffered or experienced physical, mental, psychological, emotional or monetary harm or harm to his property as a result of the commission of any offence under this Act and includes his relatives, legal guardian and legal heirs;
- (ed). "witness" means any person who is acquainted with the facts and circumstances, or is in possession of any information or has knowledge necessary for the purpose of investigation, inquiry or trial of any crime involving an offence under this Act, and who is or may be required to give information or make a statement or produce any document during investigation, inquiry or trial of such case and includes a victim of such offence;]
- ³[(f) the words and expressions used but not defined in this Act and defined in the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (1 of 1872) or the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), as the case may be, shall be deemed to have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those enactments:]
- (2) Any reference in this Act to any enactment or any provision thereof shall, in relation to an area in which such enactment or such provision is not in force, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in that area.

CHAPTER II

OFFENCES OF ATROCITIES

- 3. Punishments for offences atrocities.—³[(1) Whoever, not being a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe,—
 - (a) puts any inedible or obnoxious substance into the mouth of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or forces such member to drink or eat such inedible or obnoxious substance;
 - (b) dumps excreta, sewage, carcasses or any other obnoxious substance in premises, or at the entrance of the premises, occupied by a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;
 - (c) with intent to cause injury, insult or annoyance to any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, dumps excreta, waste matter, carcasses or any other obnoxious substance in his neighbourhood;
 - (d) garlands with footwear or parades naked or semi-naked a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

^{1.} Ins. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 3 (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).

^{1.} Ins. by Act 1 of 2010, s. 3 (W.c.f. 20-1-2016). 2. Subs. by s. 3, ibid., for clause (f) (w.c.f. 26-1-2016). 3. Subs. by s. 4, ibid., for sub-section (f) (w.c.f. 26-1-2016).

- (e) forcibly commits on a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe any act, such as removing clothes from the person, forcible tonsuring of head, removing moustaches, painting face or body or any other similar act, which is derogatory to human dignity;
- (j) wrongfully occupies or cultivates any land, owned by, or in the possession of or allotted to, or notified by any competent authority to be allotted to, a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, or gets such land transferred;
- (g) wrongfully dispossesses a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe from his land or premises or interferes with the enjoyment of his rights, including forest rights, over any land or premises or water or irrigation facilities or destroys the crops or takes away the produce therefrom.

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (f) and this clause, the expression "wrongfully" includes—

- (A) against the person's will;
- (B) without the person's consent;
- (C) with the person's consent, where such consent has been obtained by putting the person, or any other person in whom the person is interested in fear of death or of hurt, or
 - (D) fabricating records of such land;
- (h) makes a member of a Scheduled Ceste or a Scheduled Tribe to do "began" or other forms of forced or bonded labour other than any compulsory service for public purposes imposed by the Government;
- (i) compels a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to dispose or carry human or animal carcasses, or to dig graves;
- (j) makes a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to do manual scavenging or employs or permits the employment of such member for such purpose;
- (k) performs, or promotes dedicating a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe woman to a deity, idol, object of worship, temple, or other religious institution as a devodasi or any other similar practice or permits aforementioned acts;
 - (I) forces or intimidates or prevents a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe-
 - (A) not to vote or to vote for a particular candidate or to vote in a manner other than that provided by law;
 - (B) not to file a nomination as a candidate or to withdraw such nomination; or
 - (C) not to propose or second the nomination of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe as a candidate in any election;
- (m) forces or intimidates or obstructs a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, who is a member or a Chairperson or a holder of any other office of a Panchayat under Part IX of the Constitution or a Municipality under Part IXA of the Constitution, from performing their normal duties and functions;
- (n) after the poll, causes hurt or grievous hurt or assault or imposes or threatens to impose social or economic boycott upon a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or prevents from availing benefits of any public service which is due to him;
- (o) commits any offence under this Act against a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe for having voted or not having voted for a particular candidate or for having voted in a manner provided by law;
- (p) institutes false, malicious or vexatious suit or criminal or other legal proceedings against a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;

- (q) gives any false or frivolous information to any public servant and thereby causes such public servant to use his lawful power to the injury or annoyance of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;
- (r) intentionally insults or intimidates with intent to humiliate a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in any place within public view;
- (s) abuses any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe by caste name in any place within public view;
- (1) destroys, damages or defiles any object generally known to be held sacred or in high esteem by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expression "object" means and includes statue, photograph and portrait;

- (ii) by words either written or spoken or by signs or by visible representation or otherwise promotes or attempts to promote feelings of enmity, hatred or ill-will against members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes;
- (v) by words either written or spoken or by any other means disrespects any late person held in high esteem by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes;
- (if) (i) intentionally touches a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, knowing that she belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, when such act of touching is of a sexual nature and is without the recipient's consent;
- (ii) uses words, acts or gestures of a sexual nature towards a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, knowing that she belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.

Explanation.—For the purposes of sub-clause (i), the expression "consent" means an unequivocal voluntary agreement when the person by words, gestures, or any form of non-verbal communication communicates willingness to participate in the specific act:

Provided that a woman belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe who does not offer physical resistance to any act of a sexual nature is not by reason only of that fact, is to be regarded as consenting to the sexual activity:

Provided further that a woman's sexual history, including with the offender shall not imply consent or mitigate the offence;

- (x) conupts or fouls the water of any spring, reservoir or any other source ordinarily used by members of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes so as to render it less fit for the purpose for which it is ordinarily used;
- (y) denies a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe any customary right of passage to a place of public resort or obstructs such member so as to prevent him from using or having access to a place of public resort to which other members of public or any other section thereof have a right to use or access to:
- (z) forces or causes a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to leave his house, village or other place of residence:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any action taken in discharge of a public duty;

- (za) obstructs or prevents a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in any manner with regard to-
 - (A) using common property resources of an area, or burial or cremation ground equally with others or using any river, stream, spring, well, tank, cistern, water-tap or other watering place, or any bathing ghat, any public conveyance, any road, or passage;

- (B) mounting or riding bicycles or motor cycles or wearing footwear or new clothes in public places or taking out wedding procession, or mounting a horse or any other vehicle during wedding processions;
- (C) entering any place of worship which is open to the public or other persons professing the same religion or taking part in, or taking out, any religious, social or cultural processions including jatras:
- (D) entering any educational institution, hospital, dispensary, primary health centre, shop or place of public entertainment or any other public place; or using any utensils or articles meant for public use in any place open to the public; or
- (E) practicing any profession or the carrying on of any occupation, trade or business or employment in any job which other members of the public, or any section thereof, have a right to use or have access to:
- (zb) causes physical harm or mental agony of a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe on the allegation of practicing witchcraft or being a witch; or
- (zc) imposes or threatens a social or economic boycost of any person or a family or a group belonging to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe,

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to five years and with fine.]

- (2) Whoever, not being a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe.—
- (i) gives or fabricates false evidence intending thereby to cause, or knowing it to be likely that he will thereby cause, any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to be convicted of an offence which is capital by the law for the time being in force shall be punished with imprisonment for life and with fine; and if an innocent member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe be convicted and executed in consequence of such false or fabricated evidence, the person who gives or fabricates such false evidence, shall be punished with death;
- (ii) gives or fabricates false evidence intending thereby to cause, or knowing it to be likely that he will thereby cause, any member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe to be convicted of an offence which is not capital but punishable with imprisonment for a term of seven years or upwards, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to seven years or upwards and with fine:
- (iii) commits mischief by fire or any explosive substance intending to cause or knowing it to be likely that he will thereby cause damage to any property belonging to a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to seven years and with fine;
- (iv) commits mischief by fire or any explosive substance intending to cause or knowing it to be likely that he will thereby cause destruction of any building which is ordinarily used as a place of worship or as a place for human dwelling or as a place for custody of the property by a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe, shall be punishable with imprisonment for life and with fine:
- (v) commits any offence under the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860) punishable with imprisonment for a term of ten years or more against a person or property [knowing that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such member], shall be punishable with imprisonment for life and with fine;

²[(va) commits any offence specified in the Schedule, against a person or property, knowing that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such

2. Ins. by s. 4, *ibid*. (w.c.f. 26-1-2016).

^{1.} Subs. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 4, for "on the ground that such person is a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe or such property belongs to such member" (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).

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(45 of $60) for such offences and is also be list e
                                                                                                   Tot;]
          (19) knowingly or having read to believe the Chapter causes any evidence of the commission of
                                                                                                    a offence has been committed under this
                                                                                                  at offence to disappear with the intention of
          screening the offender from legal p sliment, or with that intention gives any information respecting
           the offence which he knows or beli s to be false. It be punishable with the punishment provided
          for that offence; or
                (vi., being a public servant, c mits any off c moder this section, shall be punishable with
           imprisonment for a term which is ill not be lessed one year, but which may extend to the
           nunishment provided for that offen
[4. Punishment for neglect of due: —(1) Whose the lag a public servant but not being a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled I at a wifully r. 2. as his duties required to be performed by him under the last title of the las
    shall not be less than six months but when the may extend to he years -
          (2) The duties of public servant referred to in sub-section (1) shall include-
                 (a) to read out to an informant information ; I traily, and reduced to writing by the officer
          in charge of the police station, before alting the sig-
                                                                                                😘 at the informant;
                 (b) to register a complaint o
                                                                      First Infon . . Report under this Act and other relevant
           provisions and to register it under a a opriate sect; and this Act;
                 to no furnish a copy of the info ation so reco ! According to the informant,
                (d to record the statement of the lictims or with
                (e) to conduct the investigation + d file charge \psi = \iota in the Special Court or the Exclusive Special
          Court within a period of sixty days. A d to explain by Alay if any, in writing:
                (f) to correctly prepare, frame and translate any dominant or electronic records.
                (g) to perform any other duty s_i — ified in this Act of the rules made thereunder:
                Provided that the charges in it's regard ag it
                                                                                                 the public servant shall be booked on the
          recommendation of an administrati enquiry.
          (3) The cognizance in respect of
                                                                        dereliction a sury referred to in sub-section (2) by a public
   servant shall be taken by the Special vaunt or the Esci in Special Court and shall give direction for
   penal proceedings against such public : ant.]
   5. Enhanced punishment subsequent conviction.— Whoever, having already been convicted of an offence under this Chapter is convicted to the second dience or any offence subsequent to the second
    offence, shall be punishable with impuronment for a tom which shall not be less than one year but
    which may extend to the punishment provided for that of mee.
          6. Application of certain provisi as of the Indian is nal Code,—Subject to the other provisions of
    this Act, the provisions of section 34, Lapter III, Chiq i IV, Chapter VA, section 149 and
    Chapter XXIII of the Indian Penal Cc in (45 of 1860)
                                                                                                ill, so far as may be, apply for the purposes of
    this Act as they apply for the purposes I the Indian Pr.
            7. Forfeiture of property of certain persons. - ) Where a person has been convicted of any
    offence punishable under this Chapter the Special C unay, in addition to awarding any punishment,
    by order in writing, declare that any its perty, movable or immovable or both, belonging to the person,
    which has been used for the commission of that offens & hell stand forfeited to Government.
           (2) Where any person is accused r any offence a r this Chapter, it shall be open to the Special
    Court trying him to pass an order the all or any f in properties, movable or immovable or both,
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den ponish e

25 specified under the Indian Penal Coll.

member shall be punishable win

belonging to him, shall, during the period of such trial, be attached, and where such trial ends in conviction, the property so attached shall be liable to forfeiture to the extent it is required for the purpose of realisation of any fine imposed under this Chapter.

- 8. Presumption as to offences.-hi a prosecution for an offence under this Chapter, if it is proved that-
 - (a) the accused rendered 'sany financial assistance in relation to the offences committed by a person accused off, or reasonably suspected of, committing, an offence under this Chapter, the Special Court shall presume, unless the contrary is proved, that such person had abetted the offence;
 - (b) a group of persons committed an offence under this Chapter and if it is proved that the offence committed was a sequel to any existing dispute regarding land or any other matter, it shall be presumed that the offence was committed in furtherance of the common intention or in prosecution of the common object;
 - ²[(c) the accused was having personal knowledge of the victim or his family, the Court shall presume that the accused was aware of the easte or tribal identity of the victim, unless the contrary is proved.
- 9. Conferment of powers.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code or in any other provision of this Act, the State Government may, if it considers it necessary or expedient so to do,-
 - (a) for the prevention of and for coping with any offence under this Act, or
 - (b) for any case or class or group of cases under this Act,

in any district or part thereof, confer, by notification in the Official Gazette, on any officer of the State Government, the powers exercisable by a police officer under the Code in such district or part thereof or, as the case may be, for such case or class or group of cases, and in porticular, the powers of arrest, investigation and prosecution of persons before any Special Court,

- (2) All officers of police and all other officers of Government shall assist the officer referred to in sub-section (I) in the execution of the provisions of this Act or any rule, scheme or order made thereunder.
- (3) The provisions of the Code shall, so far as may be, apply to the exercise of the powers by an officer under sub-section (1).

CHAPTER III

EXTERNMENT

- 10. Removal of person likely to commit offence.—(1) Where the Special Court is satisfied, upon a complaint or a police report that a person is likely to commit an offence under Chapter II of this Act in any area included in 'Scheduled Areas' or 'tribal areas', as referred to in article 244 of the Constitution, [or any area identified under the provisions of clause (vii) of sub-section (2) of section 21], it may, by order in writing, direct such person to remove himself beyond the limits of such area, by such route and within such time as may be specified in the order, and not to return to that area from which he was directed to remove himself for such period, not exceeding '[three years], as may be specified in the order.
- (2) The Special Court shall, along with the order under sub-section (1), communicate to the person directed under that sub-section the grounds on which such order has been made.
- (3) The Special Court may revoke or modify the order made under sub-section (1), for the reasons to be recorded in writing, on the representation made by the person against whom such order has been made or by any other person on his behalf within thirty days from the date of the order.

Subs. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 6, for "any financial assistance to a person accused of" (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).
 Ins. by s. 6, fbid. (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).
 Ins. by s. 7, ibid. (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).
 Subs. by s. 7, ibid., for "two years" (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).

any area--

11. Procedure on failure of poon to remove himself from area and enter thereon after removal -(I) If a person to whom a vection has becomes insued under section 10 to remove himself from

(a) fails to remove himself as 1 ected; or

otherwise than with the permission a writing of the corcial Court under sub-section (2), the Special Special Court may specify.

(h) having so removed himself afters such an a fahin the period specified in the order,

Court may cause him to be arrested a removed in spile custody to such place outside such area as the

(2) The Special Court may, by or section 10 has been made, to return temporary period and subject to such execute a bond with or without surely ...

alitions as m 🔻 the due obs:

in writing, par all any person in respect of whom an order under he area from . In he was directed to remove himself for such * specified in such order and may require him to pun of the conditions imposed.

(3) The Special Court may at any

se revoke any r hipermission.

(4) Aby person who, with such pipelission, resum s himself shall observe the conditions i m osed, and at \dot{m} under section 10 without a fresh perm soon.

the area from which he was directed to remove pry of the temporary period for which he was permitted to return, or on the revocat coof such pen at turn before the expiry of such temporary period, shall remove himself outside such are and shall not each thereto within the unexpired portion specified

(5) If a person fails to observe a of the condition having so removed himself enters or ans to such we without fresh permission the Special Court may k cause him to be arrested and remove! In police cus: > Court may specify.

imposed or to remove himself accordingly or to such place outside such area as the Special

12. Taking measurements and of alographs, etc. of persons against whom order under sections 10 is made.—(1) Every person aga: whom an .:

has been made under section 10 shall, if so required by the Special Court, allow has measurements and photographs to be taken by a police officer.

shall be lawful to use all necessary me s to secure the

(2) If any person referred to it ub-section (1) when required to allow his measurements or photographs to be taken, resists or returnes to allow the taking of such measurements or photographs, it ang thereof.

(3) Resistance to or refusal to alle the taking of m shall be deemed to be an offence unde ection 186 of it Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

surements or photographs under sub-section (2)

(4) Where an order under section 10 is revoked all measurements and photographs (including negatives) taken under sub-section (2 - rall be destroy. For made over to the person against whom such order is made.

13. Penalty for non compliance of order under a tion 10.—Any person contravening an order of the Special Court made under sectio : 0 shall be p. a. mble with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year and with fine.

CHAPTE IV

SPECIAL C. HTS

1[14. Special Court and Exclusive Special Court -(1) For the purpose of providing for speedy trial, the State Government shall, with the concurre is of the Chief Justice of the High Court, by notification in the Official Gazette, es at lish an Exch it Special Court for one or more Districts:

Provided that in Districts where less number cases under this Act is recorded, the State Government shall, with the concurrence of the Chi for time of the High Court, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify for such Districts, the Court or Session to be a Special Court to try the offences under this Act:

e.f. 26-1-2016). 1 Subs. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 8, for section 14

Provided further that the Courts so established or specified shall have power to directly take cognizance of offences under this Act.

- (2) It shall be the duty of the State Government to establish adequate number of Courts to ensure that cases under this Act are disposed of within a period of two months, as far as possible.
- (3) In every trial in the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court, the proceedings shall be continued from day-to-day until all the witnesses in attendance have been examined, unless the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court finds the adjournment of the same beyond the following day to be necessary for reasons to be recorded in writing:

Provided that when the trial relates to an offence under this Act, the trial shall, as far as possible, be completed within a period of two months from the date of filing of the charge sheet.]

- [14A. Appeals.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure.1975 (2 of 1974), an appeal shall lie, from any judgment, sentence or order, not being an interfocutory order, of a Special Court or an Exclusive Special Court, to the High Court both on facts and on law.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in Sib-section (3) of section 378 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), an appeal shall lie to the High Court against an order of the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court granting or refusing bail.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, every appeal under this section shall be preferred within a period of ninety days from the date of the judgment. sentence or order appealed from:

Provided that the High Court may entertain an appeal after the expiry of the said period of ninety days if it is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not preferring the appeal within the period of nincty days:

Provided further that no appeal shall be entertained after the expiry of the period of one hundred and eighty days.

- (4) Every appeal preferred under sub-section (1) shall, as far as possible, be disposed of within a period of three months from the date of admission of the appeal.)
- [15. Special Public Prosecutor and Exclusive Public Prosecutor .-- (1) For every Special Court, the State Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify a Public Prosecutor or appoint an advocate who has been in practice as an advocate for not less than seven years, as a Special Public Prosecutor for the purpose of conducting cases in that Court.
- (2) For every Exclusive Special Court, the State Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify an Exclusive Special Public Prosecutor or appoint an advocate who has been in practice as an advocate for not less than seven years, as an Exclusive Special Public Prosecutor for the purpose of conducting cases in that Court.]

³[CHAPTER IVA

RIGHTS OF VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

- 15A. Rights of victims and witnesses.—(1) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the State to make arrangements for the protection of victims, their dependents, and witnesses against any kind of intimidation or coercion or inducement or violence or threats of violence.
- (2) A victim shall be treated with fairness, respect and dignity and with due regard to any special need that arises because of the victim's age or gender or educational disadvantage or poverty.

^{1.} Ins. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 9 (w.e.f. 26-1-2016). 2. Subs. by s.10, ibid., for section 15 (w.e.f. 26-1-2016). 3. Ins. by s. 11, ibid. (w.e.f. 26-1-2016).

- witnesses or examine the persons pre- t.
- of bail, discharge, release, parole, co arguments and file written submissio.
- dependent, informant or witnesses-
 - (a) the complete protection to cure the ends of justice;
- (7) The State shall inform the protection provided to any victim periodically review the protection below offered and parappropriate orders.
- victim, informant or witness or on its n motion, tal e h measures including
 - records of the case accessible to the public;

 - Provided that inquiry or invseparately from the main case by date of receipt of the complaint:
- Court
- complaint of victim, informant or wasses against a kind of intimidation, coercion or inducement or violence or threats of violence, was her given on a or in writing, and a photocopy of the First Information Report shall be immedia $e^{i\phi}$ given to the a^{-1} free of cost.
 - (10) All proceedings relating to thences under this list shall be video recorded.

- (3) A victim or his dependent she have the right to reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of any Court proceeding including any ball proceeding at the Special Public Prosecutor or the State Government shall inform the victim at any proceeding a under this Act. (4) A victim or his dependent s in I have the right to apply to the Special Court or the Exclusive
- Special Court, as the case may be, in summon particle for production of any documents or material,
 - (5) A victim or his dependent sh. I se entitled to be heard at any proceeding under this Act in respect ction or senten it of an accused or any connected proceedings or a conviction, a unital or sentencing.

ing la

- (6) Notwithstanding anything commined in the CC of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), the Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court trying a secunder this Act shall provide to a victim, his

 - (\mathcal{E}) the travelling and mainter v ce expenses du v gravestigation, inquiry and trial;
 - (c) the social-economic rehal 1 ation during in sargation, inquiry and trial; and
 - cerned Speci J part or the Exclusive Special Court about the his dependent informant or witnesses and such Court shall
- (8) Without prejudice to the generality of the process of sub-section (6), the concerned Special Court or the Exclusive Special Court may, on an initiation made by a victim or his dependent, informant or witness in any proceed any before it or be the Special Public Prosecutor in relation to such
 - (a) concealing the names at ! addresses of the witnesses in its orders or judgments or in any
 - (b) issuing directions for non-bisclosure of the firmtity and addresses of the witnesses;
 - (c) take immediate action a respect of a y complaint relating to harassment of a victim, informant or witness and on the $s \neq e$ day, if nece s = 1, pass appropriate orders for protection:
 - gation into the amplaint received under clause (c) shall be tried ich Court and reluded within a period of two months from the
 - Provided further that where the complaint under chause (c) is against any public servant, the Court shall restrain such public servan om interfering ith the victim, informant or witness, as the case may be, in any matter related 6 nrelated to the , ending case, except with the permission of the
 - (9) It shall be the duty of the the estigating Off at and the Station House Officer to record the
- (11) It shall be the duty of w concerned to specify an appropriate scheme to ensure implementation of the following right and entitlement of victims and witnesses in accessing justice so
 - (a) to provide a copy of the an arded First. In a motion Report at free of cost,
 - ,b) to provide immediate reliffin cash or in it is a atrocity victims or their dependents;

- (c) to provide necessary profection to the atrocity victims or their dependents, and witnesses;
- (d) to provide relief in respect of death or injury or damage to property;
- (a) to arrange food or water or clothing or shelter or medical aid or transport facilities or daily allowances to victims;
 - (f) to provide the maintenance expenses to the atrocity victims and their dependents;
- (g) to provide the information about the rights of atrocity victims at the time of making complaints and registering the First Information Report;
- (h) to provide the protection to atrocity victims or their dependents and witnesses from intimidation and harassment;
- (i) to provide the information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, on the status of investigation and charge sheet and to provide copy of the charge sheet at free of cost;
 - (f) to take necessary precautions at the time of medical examination;
- (k) to provide information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, regarding the relief amount;
- (I) to provide information to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals, in advance about the dates and place of investigation and trial;
- (m) to give adequate briefing on the case and preparation for trial to atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals and to provide the legal aid for the said purpose;
- (n) to execute the rights of atrocity victims or their dependents or associated organisations or individuals at every stage of the proceedings under this Act and to provide the necessary assistance for the execution of the rights.
- (12) It shall be the right of the atrocity victims or their dependents, to take assistance from the Non-Government Organisations, social workers or advocates.]

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS

- 16. Power of State Government to impose collective fine.—The provisions of section 10A of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 (22 of 1955) shall, so far as may be, apply for the purposes of imposition and realisation of collective fine and for all other matters connected therewith under this Act.
- 17. Preventive action to be taken by the law and order machinery.—(1) A District Magistrate or a Sub-divisional Magistrate or any other Executive Magistrate or any police officer not below the rank of a Deputy Superintendent of Police may, on receiving information and after such inquiry as he may think necessary, has reason to believe that a person or a group of persons not belonging to the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes, residing in or frequenting any place within the local limits of his jurisdiction is likely to commit an offence or has threatened to commit any offence under this Act and is of the opinion that there is sufficient ground for proceeding, declare such an area to be an area prone to atrocities and take necessary action for keeping the peace and good behaviour and maintenance of public order and tranquillity and may take preventive action.
- (2) The provisions of Chapters VIII, X and XI of the Code shall, so far as may be, apply for the purposes of sub-section (1).
- (3) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make one or more schemes specifying the manner in which the officers referred to in sub-section (1) shall take appropriate action specified in such scheme or schemes to prevent atrocities and to restore the feeling of security amongst the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

18. Section 438 of the Cod not to apply to persons committing an offence under the Act.—Nothing in section 438 of the ode shall apple in relation to any case involving the arrest of any person on an accusation of having conmitted an offer of under this Act.

19. Section 360 of the Code or Pie provisions of the Probation of Offenders Act not to apply to persons guilty of an offence under the Act .- 1 provisions of section 360 of the Code and the provisions of the Probation of Offered rs Act, 1958 () of 1958) shall not apply to any person above the age of eighteen years who is found you ty of having a mitted an offence under this Act.

20. Act to override other laws

Save as other lise provided in this Act, the provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding as string inconsists therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force or any custom or usage or any instrume having effect by virtue of any such law.

21. Duty of Government to enter the effective (m) "ementation of the Act.—(1) Subject to such rules as the Central Government may make in this behalf, the State Government shall take such measures as may be necessary for the effective molementation of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prevadice to the at mality of the foregoing provisions, such measures may include -

(1) the provision for adequate facilities, inc. 3 legal aid, to the persons subjected to atrocities to enable them to avail themselv -, of justice;

(ii) the provision for travelly, and mainte : 4 expenses to witnesses, including the victims of atrocities, during investigation and trial of offer a

ader this Act;

(iii) the provision for the ec mic and social bibilitation of the victims of the atrocities;

(h) the appointment of officers for initiating contravention of the provisions of his Act;

exercising supervision over prosecutions for the

(v) the setting up of committees at such appearance levels as the State Government may think fit

to assist that Government in for a lation or imple- ntation of such measures;

(vi) provision for a periodic carvey of the warking of the provisions of this Act with a view to suggesting measures for the better implementative if the provision of this Act;

(vii) the identification of the a east where the a mbers of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled such members.

Tribes are likely to be subjected to atrocities and option of such measures so as to ensure safety for

(3) The Central Government shall take such step, as may be necessary to co-ordinate the measures taken by the State Governments und - sub-section (1)

(4) The Central Government shall, every year, play on the table of each House of Parliament a report on the measures taken by itself at 1 by the State 3 ernments in pursuance of the provisions of this

22. Protection of action taken to good faith.- lie against the Central Government or against the te Government or any officer or authority of Government or any other person fe nything which are in good faith done or intended to be done under

suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall

23. Power to make rules.—(1) e Central Gov unent may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act

of Parliament, while it is in sessic : or a total pan it of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, sea of, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions afor earld, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that die rule should right be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case asy be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice the validity or sything previously done under that rule.

(2) Every rule made under this And shall be laid, recon as may be after it is made, before each House

[THE SCHEDULE [See section 3(2)(va)]

Section under the Indian Penal Code	Name of offence and punishment		
120A	Definition of criminal conspiracy.		
120B	Punishment of criminal conspiracy.		
141	Unlawful assembly.		
142	Being member of unlawful assembly.		
143	Punishment for unlawful assembly.		
144	Joining unlawful assembly armed with deadly weapon.		
145	 Joining or continuing in unlawful assembly, knowing it has been commanded to disperse. 		
146	Rioting.		
147	Punishment for rioting.		
148	Rioting, armed with deadly weapon.		
217	Public servant disobeying direction of law with intent to save person from punishment or property from forfeiture.		
319	Hurt.		
320	Grievous hurt.		
323	Punishment for voluntarily causing hurt.		
324	Voluntarily causing hurt by cangerous weapons or means.		
325	Punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.		
326B	Voluntarily throwing or attempting to throw acid.		
332	Voluntarily causing hurt to deter public servant from his duty.		
341	Punishment for wrongful restraint.		
354	Assault or criminal force to woman with intent to outrage her modesty.		
354A	Sexual harassment and punishment for sexual harassment.		
354B	Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to disrobe.		
354C	Voyeurism.		
354D	Stalking.		
359	Kidnapping.		
363	Punishment for kidnapping		
365	Kidnapping or abducting with intent secretly and wrongfully to confine person.		

^{1.} Ins. by Act 1 of 2016, s. 12 (w.e.f. 26-4-2016).

Section under the Indian Penal Code	Name of	nce and punish	ėst
376B	Sexual in.	ourse by husha	I upon his wife during separation.
376C	Sexual int	ourse by a pers	
447	Punishme:	or criminal tres,	•
506	Punishme	or criminal is to	idation.
509	Word, ges	t or act intende	to insult the modesty of a woman.]
			<u>-</u>