

GLOSSARY

<i>Auhutee</i>	.. Offering to sacred fire
<i>Abadi</i>	.. Inhabited spot or place
<i>Adna Malik</i>	.. Inferior owner
<i>Akhand Path</i>	.. Non-stop recitation of religious scriptures
<i>Ala Malik</i>	.. Superior owner
<i>Amavas/Amavasya</i>	.. Moonless night
<i>Anand Karaj</i>	.. Marriage ceremony according to Sikh rites
<i>Angi/Choli/Kanchli</i>	.. Bodice
<i>Arhti</i>	.. Commission agent mainly dealing in agricultural produce
<i>Asadhi</i>	.. Autumn harvest
<i>Atta</i>	.. Flour
<i>Azan</i>	.. The call of a Muhammadan in a mosque for prayers
<i>Bagar</i>	.. A sandy area
<i>Bagri</i>	.. An inhabitant of <i>Bagar</i> tract
<i>Baid/Vaid</i>	.. A physician
<i>Bajigar</i>	.. An acrobat
<i>Bajra</i>	.. A kind of millet (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)
<i>Balwadi</i>	.. A community centre for children
<i>Banderwala</i>	.. A monkey juggler
<i>Barjar</i>	.. Uncultivated land
<i>Bann</i>	.. A series of feasts given before the wedding
<i>Barani</i>	.. Land solely dependent on rainfall
<i>Barauthi/Dukao/Milni</i>	.. Welcome of marriage party
<i>Basti</i>	.. An inhabited area

<i>Bathua</i>	..	A winter vegetable plant
<i>Ber</i>	..	A plum
<i>Berseem</i>	..	A fodder crop (<i>Trifolium alexandrinum</i> ; <i>Egyptian clover</i>)
<i>Bhajan</i>	..	A devotional song
<i>Bhajan mandli</i>	..	A group for singing devotional songs
<i>Bhang</i>	..	The dried leaves and small stalks of hemp (<i>Camalis indica</i>) used to cause intoxication either by smoking or when eaten mixed up into sweetmeat
<i>Bhat</i>	..	A gift from maternal uncle at the time of marriage
<i>Bhat neotna</i>	..	Invitation to a brother by his sister for the marriage of her child
<i>Bhayachara</i>	..	Brotherhood
<i>Bhujje</i>	..	A vegetable made with boiled leaves of <i>Bathua</i>
<i>Biswedari/Malikana</i>	..	Ownership of land
<i>Boladari</i>	..	Tenantship
<i>Bura</i>	..	Indigenous white uncrystalled sugar
<i>Chadra</i>	..	A sheet of cloth
<i>Chahi</i>	..	Land irrigated by wells
<i>Channa</i>	..	Gram
<i>Charkha</i>	..	A spinning wheel
<i>Chari</i>	..	Small millets (<i>Sorghum</i>)
<i>Chatni</i>	..	A mixture of salt and chillies
<i>Chaukidar/Chowkidar</i>		The lowest village official
<i>Chhari</i>	..	Long stick—a symbol of Gugga pir
<i>Chhari marna</i>	..	Hitting with a stick—a part of the ceremony at the time of reception of marriage party
<i>Chola</i>	..	A formal dress worn at birth, marriage and <i>Sanyas</i>
<i>Chopal</i>	..	A common meeting place of a village
<i>Churma</i>	..	A sweetmeat prepared with crushed chapati, ghee and sugar
<i>Dai</i>	..	Midwife

- Dal* .. The generic name of pulses
- Dalia* .. Porridge (made of semi-grinded wheat)
- Dangal* .. Wrestling arena
- Darshan* .. The visiting of a sacred shrine
- Darwaja* .. A big entrance gate
- Dasottan/Sirdhon* .. A feast arranged after the long awaited birth of a male child
- Dastur* .. A revenue sub-division
- Dera* .. An abode of seers
- Deru* .. A kind of small drum
- Desi* .. Indigenous
- Deswali* .. A local inhabitant of Jat clan
- Dhaba* .. Eating house
- Dhaincha* .. A kind of fodder crop
- Dhani* .. A hemlet
- Dhenkli* .. An appliance in the form of a see-saw for lifting water
- Dhobi* .. A washerman
- Dhoti* .. A kind of wear used for covering the body below waist
- Dohar* .. A gent's wrap of cotton cloth-double folded
- Dudhiya* .. A milkman
- Dupatta/Utla* .. A piece of cloth of two breadths forming, Ladies' headwear
- Dupla/Sopli* .. A ladies' wrap of coloured cotton cloth-double folded
- Gaushala/Goshala* .. Cowshed
- Gayana* .. A priest of Bishnoi community
- Ghagra* .. A skirt from waist to knee
- Ghurchari* .. The ceremony in which the bridegroom at the time of marriage, goes to the bride's house (to be married) on a mare
- Gopi* .. Women devotee of Lord Krishana

<i>Gotra</i>	.. Caste, family clan, lineage
<i>Granth</i>	.. Holybook
<i>Gur</i>	.. Unrefined sugar in lumps, rough brown sugar
<i>Gwara/Guar</i>	.. Forage crop (<i>Cyamopsis tetragonoloba</i> , cluster bean)
<i>Guru</i>	.. Master
<i>Hakim</i>	.. A doctor of Unani system of medicine
<i>Hali</i>	.. A ploughman
<i>Halwa</i>	.. A sweet dish made of sugar, ghee and rice/wheat flour
<i>Halwai</i>	.. Sweetmeat seller, a confectioner
<i>Halqa</i>	.. Jurisdiction, sphere of action
<i>Hara</i>	.. Oven
<i>Hom</i>	.. A sacrificial fire
<i>Ikta</i>	.. A district
<i>Inamkhore</i>	.. The holder of cash allowance
<i>Jaimala</i>	.. The garland which the bride puts around the neck of the bridegroom
<i>Jalebi</i>	.. A kind of sweet
<i>Jamabandi</i>	.. A book of record of rights
<i>Jandi</i>	.. A desert tree [<i>Prosopis Cineraria</i> (L) Druce]
<i>Jassid</i>	.. A kind of pest
<i>Jhalars</i>	.. An appliance for lifting water (from a well, etc.) a water wheel
<i>Jhanki</i>	.. A tableaux
<i>Jhompra</i>	.. Hut
<i>Jowar</i>	.. A kind of millet (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>)
<i>Juti</i>	.. A kind of footwear
<i>Kaaj</i>	.. A death feast
<i>Kalgee</i>	.. A crown or crest
<i>Kallar</i>	.. Lime concretions or saline deposits

- Kamin* .. A menial
- Kankar* .. Calcareous nodules found in the soil
- Kanungo* .. A revenue official
- Kanyadan* .. Giving a bride to bridegroom after *phera* ceremony
- Kara* .. An iron/silver or gold bangle
- Kazi* .. A Muslim priest
- Khandsari* .. Indigenous white sugar
- Khajanchi* .. A treasurer
- Kharach* .. A death feast
- Kharif* .. Autumn harvest
- Kheer* .. Sweet dish made of milk and rice
- Khes* .. A cotton wrap for protection against cold
- Khichri* .. Porridge-prepared with *bajra* and pulse
- Kirtan* .. Singing in loud tone in praise of God
- Kohlu* .. A machine used for extracting sugarcane juice or mustard oil
- Korda* .. Wrapping of cloth in the form of a rope
- Kothli* .. A sort of present sent by parents to their married daughter
- Kumhar* .. A potter
- Kunba* .. A household, family
- Kund* .. An indigenous reservoir of water for drinking. It is generally caused when rain water is collected at a low lying place
- Kurta* .. A shirt
- Kurti* .. A shirt of shorter length, Ladies' wear
- Ladoo* .. A kind of sweet
- Lagan* .. Actual date/time for the performance of marriage ceremony
- Lambardar* .. A representative of cultivators who is registered by Government in order to collect land revenue
- Lande/Mahajani* .. A script used by Banias

<i>Langoti</i>	.. A cloth passed between the thighs and tacked into a waist belt before and behind to conceal the privities
<i>Lassi</i>	.. Curd milk
<i>Late Siswal</i>	.. Study of pre-historic period on the basis of excavations carried out at Siswal (Hisar) village. This denotes to Harappan period
<i>Linga/Phalus</i>	.. The symbolic representation of Lord Shiva
<i>Mahal</i>	.. Revenue estate
<i>Maida</i>	.. Fine flour of wheat
<i>Maktab</i>	.. A primary school sometimes attached to a mosque
<i>Malikana</i>	.. Fee paid in recognition of proprietary title
<i>Mandi</i>	.. A market
<i>Mari</i>	.. A small minaret
<i>Maund</i>	.. A unit of weight-0.373 Quintal
<i>Mehndi</i>	.. Henna
<i>Mohalla</i>	.. Locality
<i>Moth</i>	.. A kind of pulse (<i>Phaseolus aconitifolius</i> , brown gram)
<i>Moong</i>	.. A kind of pulse (<i>Phaseolus aureus</i> , green gram)
<i>Muafis</i>	.. The land which is exempted from land revenue
<i>Mudha</i>	.. A stool (made of reeds or canes and corel)
<i>Mukta</i>	.. An officer dealing with the affairs of a district
<i>Mundan</i>	.. The shaving of hair on a child's head for the first time
<i>Muqadam</i>	.. An administrator of a village
<i>Nahri</i>	.. Land irrigated by canals
<i>Nahri Parta</i>	.. Cess on irrigated land
<i>Nakshatras</i>	.. Horoscope
<i>Nali</i>	.. Channel of the Ghaggar river
<i>Namaz</i>	.. Muhammadan form of prayer
<i>Neota</i>	.. Invitation
<i>Nikah</i>	.. Marriage ceremony according to Muslim rites

- Orhana* .. A head wear of ladies
- Pachhotra* .. A fixed percentage of the land revenue paid to Labma-
rdar in the total collection made by him
- Pag/Pagri* .. A headwear of a man
- Painted Greyware* .. Typical type of earthen wares of grey colour with
black or brown coloured painting. They denote the
period between 11-10 B.C. to 7-6 B.C.
- Paledar* .. A coolie
- Pan* .. Betal leaves
- Panch* .. Member of a Panchayat
- Pankha* .. A hand fan
- Parshad* .. An offering before the images of God/Goddesses or
deities
- Pathshala* .. A primary school
- Pathwari* .. A heap of mud collected during Kartika bath and
worshipped by devotee women
- Patra Pher* .. A small amount given to bridegroom by bride's
father to signify the attainment of bride's puberty.
- Patwar* .. Jurisdiction of *patwari*
- Patwari* .. A village official who keeps record of the village land
- Pauli* .. An entrance room for the use of male members of the
family
- Phera* .. A part of the marriage ceremony among Hindus in
which the bride and bridegroom go round the
sacred fire
- Phul* .. Knuckle bones
- Pidha* .. A small stool
- Pir* .. Muslim saint
- Powar* .. A rainy season plant (*Cassia tora*, L)
- Punar Vivah* .. Remarriage
- Purdah* .. Veil
- Pureh* .. A kind of sweet cake
- Purnima/Puranmashi* .. A full moonnight

<i>Purohit</i>	.. A family priest
<i>Pyjama</i>	.. A pair of loose trousers tied round the waist
<i>Ragi</i>	.. A village singer
<i>Raita</i>	.. A solution of curd/curd milk and vegetable
<i>Randher</i>	.. Porridge of different kinds
<i>Rangmahal</i>	.. An archaeological site in Rajasthan. The excavated material carry some peculiarities which signify the period of first century A.D.
<i>Raya</i>	.. An oil seed
<i>Reechwala</i>	.. A bear-juggler
<i>Roti</i>	.. Chapati
<i>Roht</i>	.. Soft loam
<i>Saag</i>	.. A vegetable made with the leaves of mustard plant
<i>Sagai</i>	.. Betrothal
<i>Sainik Pariwar</i>	.. An organisation engaged in the welfare of retired military personnel
<i>Samadhi</i>	.. A small construction made in the memory of dead person
<i>Sangit</i>	.. Music
<i>Sari</i>	.. A long cloth which constitutes the main part of a women's dress, wrap round the body and then thrown over the head.
<i>Sarkar/Sirkar</i>	.. A revenue division
<i>Sarpanch</i>	.. Head of village panchayat
<i>Sarson</i>	.. Mustard (<i>Brassica campestris</i> Linn).
<i>Sattu</i>	.. A sort of cold drink prepared from the roasted barley flour mixed with sugar and water
<i>Sawni</i>	.. The rainy season, kharif crop
<i>Sehra</i>	.. Bridal chaplet
<i>Seer</i>	.. A unit of weight -0.933 kilogram
<i>Sem</i>	.. Waterlogging
<i>Shakkar</i>	.. Unrefined sugar in form of powder

<i>Shamlat</i>	.. Common village land
<i>Shani</i>	.. Saturn
<i>Sharbat</i>	.. A kind of indigenous cold sweet drink
<i>Shikhara</i>	.. Top
<i>Shivala</i>	.. Shiv temple
<i>Sidha</i>	.. A present of uncooked eatables to a married daughter or a Brahman
<i>Sikhara</i>	.. A tomb
<i>Sindhara</i>	.. A present to married daughter and daughter-in-law on the day before Teej festival
<i>Singhara</i>	.. A fruit grown in village pond
<i>Snan</i>	.. Holy bath
<i>Sufaidposh</i>	.. A village official
<i>Sunar</i>	.. A goldsmith
<i>Taramira</i>	.. A kind of oilseed (<i>Eruca sativa</i> Mill, rocket)
<i>Taccavi</i>	.. Agricultural loans granted by government
<i>Tandoori</i>	.. Prepared in a cooking oven
<i>Tawa</i>	.. An iron pan used for baking chapati
<i>Teet/Teend</i>	.. A wild vegetable from <i>kair</i> tree
<i>Teh-bazart</i>	.. Rent charged for the use of municipal land
<i>Teli</i>	.. An oil-presser
<i>Thela</i>	.. Trolley, Wheel-barrow
<i>Thur</i>	.. Land affected by injurious salts
<i>Tibba</i>	.. Higher sandy areas in an undulating locality
<i>Tilak</i>	.. A sacred mark on the forehead

- Tokni** .. A brass vessel used for storing water
- Tola** .. A unit of weight-about 11 grams
- Toria** .. An oil seed (*Brassica campestris* Linn, Indian rape)
- Tuyas** .. A system used for irrigating the land of higher level after storing the water
- Vidai thape** .. A hand sign of farewell of marriage party from bride's house
- Vidyalaya** .. A school
- Zail** .. A sub-division of a tahsil
- Zaildar** .. An influential man, incharge of **Zail**