PUMDET-2023 Subject : APPLIED GEOLOGY

(Booklet Number)

Duration : **90** Minutes

No. of Questions : 50



INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All questions are of objective type having four answer options for each. Only one option is correct. Correct answer will carry full marks 2. In case of incorrect answer or any combination of more than one answer, $\frac{1}{2}$ mark will be deducted.
- 2. Questions must be answered on OMR sheet by darkening the appropriate bubble marked A, B, C or D.
- 3. Use only **Black/Blue ink ball point pen** to mark the answer by complete filling up of the respective bubbles.
- 4. Mark the answers only in the space provided. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR.
- 5. Write question booklet number and your roll number carefully in the specified locations of the **OMR Sheet**. Also fill appropriate bubbles.
- 6. Write your name (in block letter), name of the examination centre and put your signature (as is appeared in Admit Card) in appropriate boxes in the OMR Sheet.
- 7. The OMR Sheet is liable to become invalid if there is any mistake in filling the correct bubbles for question booklet number/roll number or if there is any discrepancy in the name/signature of the candidate, name of the examination centre. The OMR Sheet may also become invalid due to folding or putting stray marks on it or any damage to it. The consequence of such invalidation due to incorrect marking or careless handling by the candidate will be sole responsibility of candidate.
- 8. Candidates are not allowed to carry any written or printed material, calculator, pen, docupen, log table, wristwatch, any communication device like mobile phones, bluetooth devices etc. inside the examination hall. Any candidate found with such prohibited items will be **reported against** and his/her candidature will be summarily cancelled.
- 9. Rough work must be done on the question booklet itself. Additional blank pages are given in the question booklet for rough work.
- 10. Hand over the OMR Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
- 11. Candidates are allowed to take the Question Booklet after examination is over.

Signature of the Candidate : _____

(as in Admit Card)

Signature of the Invigilator : _____

Applied Geology-2023

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



1.	Whi	Which of the following is not a process of erosion by rivers ?			
	(A)	Attrition	(B)	Corrasion	
	(C)	Corrosion	(D)	Deflation	
2.	Whi	Which of the following is an Eon of the geological time scale ?			
	(A)	Proterozoic	(B)	Paleozoic	
	(C)	Mesozoic	(D)	Cenozoic	
3.	Whi	/hich of the following is associated with divergent plate margins ?			
	(A)	Island arcs	(B)	Deep sea trenches	
	(C)	Deep focus earthquakes	(D)	Rift valleys	
4.	Whie from	Which one of the following primary features is unimportant in distinguishing the top from bottom in stratigraphy?			
	(A)	Truncated Cross bedding	(B)	Graded bedding	
	(C)	Mud cracks	(D)	Pillow structure in basalt	
_					
5.	The	Supercontinent Pangea existed during the	;		
	(A)	Proterozoic times			
	(B)	Proterozoic - early Palaeozoic times			
	(C)	Late Palaeozoic – early Mesozoic times			
	(D)	Late Mesozoic - early Cenozoic times			
6.	Which of the following is a phosphorite mine?				
	(A)	Khetri	(B)	Zawar	
	(C)	Jhamarkotra	(D)	Jaduguda	
	(-)		(-)	0	



- 7. For metamorphic rocks, you should expect Jadeite in
 - (A) Hornfelsic rock (B) Greenschist rock
 - (C) Amphibolite (D) Eclogite
- 8. Connate water refers to
 - (A) Meteoric water
 - (B) Magmatic water
 - (C) Hydrothermal water
 - (D) Water trapped in the pores of the sediments
- 9. Bouguer anomaly is associated with
 - (A) Seismic method (B) Gravity method
 - (C) Magnetic method (D) Electrical method
- 10. Sinistral Gastropod is represented by

(A)	Turritella	(B)	Physa
(C)	Unio	(D)	Conus

11. Flash figure is produced when

- (A) mineral section is cut perpendicular to the optic axis.
- (B) mineral section is cut parallel to the optic axis.
- (C) mineral section is cut at an angle of 25° to the optic axis.
- (D) mineral section is cut at an angle of 40° to the optic axis.

12. Pick out the correct answer.

- (A) Inner core is liquid. (B) Outer core is liquid.
- (C) Upper mantle is liquid. (D) Lower crust is liquid.



13.	Black sands are available from			
	(A)	Singhbhum	(B)	Kerala
	(C)	Meghalaya	(D)	Bastar
14.	Which of the following are examples of hotspots?			

- (A) Aleutian Islands (B) Hawaiian Islands
- (C) Andaman and Nicobar Islands (D) Java and Sumatra Islands

15. Decollements refer to deformation structures that involve :

- (A) Independent styles of deformation in the rock above and below it.
- (B) Vertical fault plane
- (C) Horizontal fault plane
- (D) Folded unconformity
- **16.** Which of the following is correct older to younger order of the stratigraphic units of the Singhbhum Granitic complex ?
 - (A) Older Metamorphic Group, Iron Ore Group, Dhanjori Group, Kolhan Group
 - (B) Iron Ore Group, Older Metamorphic Group, Dhanjori Group, Kolhan Group
 - (C) Older Metamorphic Group, Iron Ore Group, Kolhan Group, Dhanjori Group
 - (D) Iron Ore Group, Older Metamorphic Group, Kolhan Group, Dhanjori Group
- 17. Stratiform chromite occurs in
 - (A) Early magmatic deposits (B) Late magmatic deposits
 - (C) Pegmatitic deposits (D) Hydrothermal deposits



If W_y is the volume of water drained and V is the bulk volume of the rock, then its specific yield S_v is mathematically expressed as

(A)
$$S_y = \frac{W_y}{V}$$

(B) $S_y = \sqrt{\frac{W_y}{V}}$
(C) $S_y = \frac{V}{W_y}$
(D) $S_y = \sqrt{\frac{V}{W_y}}$

19. Isostasy refers to

- (A) Plate convergence
- (B) Floating equilibrium among several crustal blocks
- (C) Tripple plate juncture
- (D) Plate divergence
- 20. The Earth's magnetic field is due to
 - (A) Convection currents in the outer mantle
 - (B) Convection currents in the inner mantle
 - (C) Convection currents in the outer core
 - (D) Convection currents in the inner core
- 21. Aristottle's lantern is found in
 - (A) Ammonoids
 - (C) Echinoids

- (B) Gastropods
- (D) Pelecypods

- 22. 'Melatopes' refer to
 - (A) Patchy extinction
 - (C) Melanocratic minerals

- (B) Parallel extinction
- (D) Points of emergence of optic axes



23.	Mar	k the odd pair.				
	(A)	Ventifact – Wind	(B)	Burchan - Glacier		
	(C)	U-shaped Valley - Glacier	(D)	V-shaped Valley - Glacier		
24.	The	The horizontal component of the dip separation of a fault is known as the				
	(A)	Throw	(B)	Heave		
	(C)	Strike-slip	(D)	Dip-slip		
25.	Which one of the following is not a common fault plane feature ?					
	(A)	Slickenside	(B)	Mylonite		
	(C)	Varve	(D)	Pseudo tachyllite		
26.	By which of the following processes the Talchir Boulder beds of the Gondwana Supergroups are believed to have deposited ?					
	(A)	Fluvial	(B)	Glacial		
	(C)	Lacustrine	(D)	Shallow Marine		
27.	In which of the following rocks could the diamond be found ?					
	(A)	Kimberlite	(B)	Gabbro		
	(C)	Syenite	(D)	Granite		
28.	Whi	ch of the following rocks will serve as a g	good a	quifer ?		
	(A)	Well sorted, cement free sandstone				
	(B)	Unsorted sandstone containing ferruging	ous cei	ment		
	(C)	(C) Well sorted sandstone containing ferruginous cement				
	(D)	Unsorted, cement free sandstone				



- 29. Mantle Core discontinuity is called
 - (A) Gutenberg discontinuity
 - (B) Moho discontinuity
 - (C) Conrad discontinuity
 - (D) Hofmann's discontinuity

30. Which of the following is known as the half horse ?

- (A) Eohippus(B) Epihippus
- (C) Orohippus (D) Mesohippus

31. Which doesn't belong to the definition of a mineral ?

- (A) Definite crystal structure
- (B) Definite or a range of chemical composition
- (C) Naturally occurring
- (D) Inorganic compound in solid or liquid state

32. Which of the following planets has lowest density ?

- (A) Venus (B) Earth
- (C) Jupiter (D) Saturn
- **33.** A fold having 15° N40E plunging hinge line and 70° NW dipping axial plane will be described as
 - (A) Gently plunging, steeply inclined fold
 - (B) Moderately plunging, steeply inclined fold
 - (C) Gently plunging, moderately inclined fold
 - (D) Moderately plunging, moderately inclined fold



34.	In which type of faults, one can't determine the hanging wall and footwall ?				
	(A)	Dip fault	(B)	Inclined fault	
	(C)	Vertical fault	(D)	Reverse fault	
35.	An arenite is made up of 75% quartz, 20% feldspar and 5% rock fragments. According to Folk's sandstone classification, it is a/an				
	(A)	Sublitharenite	(B)	Subarkose	
	(C)	Arkose	(D)	Lithic arkose	
26	The	hardast avida minaral is			
30.	(A)	Mesentite	(D)	TT	
	(A)		(B)	Hematite	
	(C)	Corundum	(D)	limenite	
37.	In a biaxial mineral X vibration direction is formed to be the acute bisectrix. The mineral is				
	(A)	Optically positive	(B)	Optically negative	
	(C)	Neither negative nor positive	(D)	Isotropic	
38.	Four most abundant elements in the Earth's continental crust, in decreasing order of abundance are				
	(A)	O, Si, Al and Fe	(B)	O, Si, Fe and Al	
	(C)	Si, O, Al and Fe	(D)	Si, O, Fe and Al	
39.	In ar horiz	In an unconformity, a lower group of strata is folded while the upper group of strata is horizontal. The type of unconformity in this case is best described as			
	(A)	Disconformity	(B)	Non-conformity	
	(C)	Angular unconformity	(D)	Para conformity	
CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIA	L COMPLEXITING COMPLEXITING OF	VIDENTIAL COMPONENTIAL COMPO	L CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIAL CON		

- Lapsaburu area is famous for **40**. (A) Sillimanite deposit (B) Coal deposit (C) Copper deposit Kyanite deposit (D) Uniaxial minerals incorporate crystal that crystallize in 41. (A) Trigonal, Tetragonal and Hexagonal systems (B) Monoclinic and Triclinic system (C) Triclinic system (D) Orthorombic system 42. Which of the following layers of the atmosphere contains maximum ozone? Troposphere Stratosphere (A) (B) (C) Mesosphere Thermosphere (D) Gouge is associated with 43. (A) Paraconformity (B) Non- conformity (C) Recumbent fold Fault (D) 44. Find out the incorrect pair. (A) Magnesite – placer deposit (B) Gypsum – evaporite deposit (C) Gold – placer deposit (D) Diamond – dissemination deposit A crystal face intersects 'a' axis at half of its unit length, 'b' axis at its unit length and 45. runs parallel to the 'c' axis. The miller indices of the crystal face would be (A) (012) (120)(B)
 - (C) (210) (D) (121)



- 46. By weight, what is the percentage of dissolved substances in sea water ?
 - (A) 3.5% (B) 6.5%
 - (C) 9.5% (D) 12.5%

47. A glassy material found on some large faults is formed by melting caused by fractional heating is known as the _____.

- (A) Slickenside (B) Tachyte
- (C) Pseudotachylyte (D) Mylonite

48. Which of the following mica contains lithium ?

- (A) Biotite (B) Muscovite
- (C) Lepidolite (D) Phlogopite

49. A type of relatively fast landslide in which the slip surface is concave is termed as

- (A) Topple (B) Sheet slide
- (C) Slump (D) Block slide

50. Popular gemstone Ruby is a variety of _____.

- (A) Garnet (B) Tourmaline
- (C) Quartz (D) Corundum



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

