JELET-2017

For all Diploma holders in Engg./Tech.

Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

80116361

Booklet No.

534

INSTRUCTIONS

Candidates should read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions:

- This question paper contains 100 MCQ type objective questions. Each question has four answer options given, viz. A, B, C and D.
- 2. Only one answer is correct. Correct answer will fetch full marks 1. Incorrect answer or any combination of more than one answer will fetch $-\frac{1}{4}$ marks. No answer will fetch 0 marks.
- 3. Questions must be answered on OMR sheet by darkening the appropriate bubble marked A, B, C or D.
- 4. Use only Black/Blue ball point pen to mark the answer by complete filling up of the respective bubbles.
- 5. Mark the answers only in the space provided. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR.
- Write question booklet number and your roll number carefully in the specified locations of the OMR. Also fill appropriate bubbles.
- Write your name (in block letter), name of the examination centre and put your full signature in appropriate boxes in the OMR.
- 8. The OMRs will be processed by electronic means. Hence it is liable to become invalid if there is any mistake in the question booklet number or roll number entered or if there is any mistake in filling corresponding bubbles. Also it may become invalid if there is any discrepancy in the name of the candidate, name of the examination centre or signature of the candidate vis-a-vis what is given in the candidate's admit card. The OMR may also become invalid due to folding or putting stray marks on it or any damage to it. The consequence of such invalidation due to incorrect marking or careless handling by the candidate will be sole responsibility of candidate.
- Rough work must be done on the question paper itself. Additional blank pages are given in the question paper for rough work.
- 10. Hand over the OMR to the invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.

JELET-2017/DIP. ENGG.&TECH.

Please Turn Over

Space for Rough Work

JELET-2017

(Question 1-70 for all candidates)

MATHEMATICS

- 1. A skew-symmetric determinant of even order is
 - (A) zero

(B) perfect square

(C) not a perfect square

- (D) Non zero
- 2. If A be a $n \times n$ matrix and k be a scalar, then adj(kA) is
 - (A) kadj(A)

(B) $\frac{1}{k^n}$ adj(A)

(C) kn-1adj(A)

- (D) $\frac{1}{k^{n-1}}$ adj(A)
- 3. If $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are three unit vectors such that $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = 0$ then $\vec{a}, \vec{b} + \vec{b}, \vec{c} + \vec{c}, \vec{a} = 0$
 - (A) 3

(B) $-\frac{3}{2}$

(C) $\frac{3}{2}$

(D) -3

- 4. $\hat{i}.(\hat{j}\times\hat{k})+\hat{j}.(\hat{k}\times\hat{i})+\hat{k}.(\hat{i}\times\hat{j})=$
 - (A) 0

(B) 1

(C) - 1

(D) 3

- 5. Value of $\Delta \left(\frac{f}{g} \right)$ is
 - (A) $\frac{g\Delta f f\Delta g}{g(g + \Delta g)}$

(B) $\frac{f\Delta g - g\Delta f}{g(g + \Delta g)}$

(C) $\frac{g\Delta f + f\Delta g}{f(f - \Delta f)}$

(D) $\frac{g\Delta g - f\Delta f}{f(f + \Delta f)}$

- 6. The value of $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x}$ by Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule by dividing the interval into two equal part is
 - (A) 0.547

(B) 0.796

(C) 0.694

- (D) 1·169
- 7. The root of the equation $x^3 8x 4 = 0$ by Newton-Raphson method is
 - (A) 4·15

(B) 3·99

(C) 3·05

- (D) 9·06
- 8. The value $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{1+x}$ by Trapizoidal rule by taking five ordinates is
 - (A) 0·793

(B) 0.693

(C) 0.593

- (D) 0·513
- 9. To solve a system of n linear equations with n variables by Gauss Elemination method the total number of multiplication and division is
 - (A) $\frac{n^3}{3} + \frac{n^2}{2}$

(B) $\frac{n^3}{3} - \frac{n}{3}$

(C) $\frac{n^3}{3} + n^2 - \frac{n}{3}$

- (D) $\frac{n^3}{3} \frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{3}$
- 10. Degree and order of the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} \sqrt[4]{x + \left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2} = 0$ is
 - (A) 4, 2

(B) 2, 4

(C) 4, 3

- (D) 2, 2
- 11. Solution of the differential equation $(\cos y + y\cos x)dx + (\sin x x\sin y)dy$ is
 - (A) $x\cos y + y\sin x = c$

(B) $x\sin y + y\cos x = c$

(C) $x\cos y - y\sin x = c$

(D) $x\sin y - y\cos x = c$

- 12. Complementary function of the equation $(D^2 + 4)y = 2x + 3$ is
 - (A) $(A + Bx)e^{\pm ix}$

(B) $Ae^{i2x} + Be^{-i2x}$

(C) A coshx + B sinhx

- (D) A $\cos 2x + B \sin 2x$
- 13. The Particular Integral of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 2x + 3$ is
 - (A) $\frac{1}{2}(x+1)$

(B) $\frac{1}{2}(x-1)$

(C) $\frac{1}{4}(2x+3)$

- (D) $\frac{1}{4}(2x-3)$
- **14.** If $u = xy f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ then $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ is
 - (A) 0

(B) 2u

(C) y²

- (D) xy2
- 15. If $F(v^2 x^2, v^2 y^2, v^2 z^2) = 0$ where v is a function of x, y, z, then value of $\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{1}{z} \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$ is
 - (A) $\frac{1}{x}$

(B) $\frac{1}{y}$

(C) $\frac{1}{7}$

- (D) $\frac{1}{v}$
- 16. A coin is tossed 4 times in succession. The probability of getting 2 heads is
 - (A) $\frac{1}{8}$

(B) $\frac{3}{8}$

(C) $\frac{5}{8}$

- (D) $\frac{3}{5}$.
- 17. The Geomatric mean of the series 1, 2, 4, 8, 16,....., 2ⁿ is
 - (A) 2ⁿ⁻¹

(B) $2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$

(C) $2^{\frac{n}{2}}$

(D) $2^{\frac{n}{2}-1}$

18. The probability distribution of a random variable x is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2 e^{-\frac{x}{2}}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{else where} \end{cases}$$

Where k is a suitable constant. The value of k is

(A) $\frac{1}{10}$

(B) $\frac{1}{12}$

(C) $\frac{3}{14}$

(D) $\frac{1}{16}$

19. For two events A and B if P(A) = 0.3, P(B) = 0.5 and $P(A \cup B) = 0.7$, then $P(A \setminus B) = 0.7$

(A) $\frac{3}{5}$

(B) $\frac{3}{7}$

(C) $\frac{5}{7}$

(D) 0·2

20. The integrating factor of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1-2x}{x^2}y = 1$ is

(A) $x^2 e^{\frac{1}{x}}$

(B) $\frac{1}{x^2}e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$ (D) $x^2e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$

(C) $\frac{1}{x^2}e^{\frac{1}{x}}$

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY

21. The half cycle average value of a sinusoidal current of peak value 50A is

(A) 31·83 A

(B) 35.55 A

(C) 0 A

(D) 25 A

22. A sinusoidal voltage is expressed as 230 sin(377t + 30°) volts in usual symbols. The frequency of this a.c. voltage is

(A) 50 Hz

(B) 100 Hz

(C) 60 Hz

(D) 75 Hz

23.	A series R-L-C circuit is having $R = 20$ ohm, $C = 100$ microFarad and $L = 0.1$ H. If the frequency of the exciting voltage is 50 Hz, then the current will differ in phase with the voltage by				
	(A) nearly 0° lagging	(B) nearly 0° leading			
	(C) 0°	(D) 90° leading			
24.	To find the dimension of inductance, the equation car	i be selected as			
	(A) $v=iR$ (C) $i=c\frac{dv}{dt}$	(B) $e=-L\frac{di}{dt}$ (D) $E=\frac{1}{2}mv^2$			
	(C) $i=c\frac{dv}{dt}$	$(D) E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$			
25.	The relay used for motor protection against overload	is			
	(A) differential relay	(B) Buchholz relay			
	(C) induction relay	(D) thermal relay			
		As again to the contract of th			
26.	UPS must have an inverter-filter system to get				
	(A) sinusoidal voltage	(B) square wave voltage			
	(C) triangular voltage	(D) DC voltage			
27	Lumen is the unit of				
21.	(A) luminous flux	(B) luminous intensity			
	(C) illuminance	(D) brightness			
	(c) mammano	(D) originators			
28.	An electrical utility draws 100 kVA at 0.8 p.f. lagging	. Calculate the reactive power drawn by the utility.			
	(A) 60 kVAR, capacitive	(B) 80 kVAR, capacitive			
	(C) 60 kVAR, inductive	(D) 80 kVAR, inductive			
29.	The back emf of a d.c. shunt motor at starting is				
	(A) zero	(B) equal to the supply voltage			
	(C) infinity	(D) about 50% of the supply voltage			
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30.	Three resistances of 12 ohm each are connected in I	Pelta.	What is the equivalent resistance in each branch
if the	Delta network is converted into a star network?		Attitude the money attended of the engages.
	(A) 4 ohm	(B)	8 ohm
	(C) 16 ohm	(D)	10 ohm
	An iron ring with a mean circumference of 140 cm ar		
wire.	When the exciting current is 2 A, the flux is found to b		
	(A) 1114 T		1114
	(C) 800	(D)	3000
32.	In a transformer, if f is the supply frequency in Hz, G	D _m is	the maximum mutual flux in weber, then per turn
voltag	e of the transformer in volts is		
	(A) $f\Phi_m$ volts		$\sqrt{2}\pi f \Phi_m$ volts
	(C) $\pi f \Phi_m$ volts	(D)	$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}f\Phi_m$ volts
33.	The most common connection of a $3 - \varphi$ distribution	transf	former is
	(A) star/delta	(B)	delta/delta
	(C) star/star	(D)	delta/star
34.	A capacitor in a DC circuit at steady state operates as		
	(A) short circuit	(B)	open circuit
	(C) an ideal voltage source	(D)	an ideal current source
35.	The rupturing capacity of HRC fuse is expressed in		aliene armane mener jakon personalise ar jakon ka
	(A) °C	(B)	MVA
	(C) kA	(D)	kW

COMPUTER APPLICATION

36.	Whi	ch is used for manufacturing chips?					
	(A)	Bus	(B)	Control unit			
	(C)	Semiconductors	(D)	(A) and (B) only			
37.	The	term gigabyte refers to					
	(A)	1024 bytes	(B)	1024 kilobytes			
	(C)	1024 megabytes	(D)	1024 gigabytes			
38.	A co	mpiler is a translating program which					
		translates instruction of a high level langua translates entire source program into machi	-				
	(C) is not involved in program's execution.						
	(D)	All of above					
39.	The	difference between memory and storage is the	hat memor	y is and storage is			
	(A)	temporary, permanent	(B)	permanent, temporary			
	(C)	slow, fast	(D)	All of above			
40.	BCD	is					
	(A)	Binary Coded Decimal	(B)	Bit Coded Decimal			
	(C)	Binary Coded Digit	(D)	Bit Coded Digit			
41.	The a	arranging of data in a logical sequence is cal	led	Marian and the state of the sta			
	(A)	Sorting	(B)	Classifying			
	(C)	Reproducing	(D)	Summarizing			
42.	An a	pplication suitable for sequential processing	is				
	(A)	Processing of grades	(B)	Payroll processing			
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	All of above			

43.	. A modern electronic computer is a machine that is meant for								
	(A)	(A) doing quick mathematical calculations							
	(B)	(B) input, storage, manipulation and outputting of data							
	(C)	electronic data processing							
	(D)	performing repetitive tasks accurately							
44.	Whi	ch of the following is not an input device?							
	(A)	OCR	(B)	Optical scanners					
	(C)	Voice recognition device	(D)	COM (Computer Output to Microfilm)					
45.	нтт	P uses a TCP connection to							
	(A)	establish link between servers	(B)	transfer whole database					
	(C)	client server connection	(D)	transfer files					
46.	Whi	ch one of the following protocol is not used in ir	iternet	?					
	(A)	HTTP	(B)	DHCP					
	(C)	DNS	(D)	None of the mentioned					
47.	-	oin the internet, the computer has to be connecte							
	. ,	internet architecture board		internet society					
	(C)	internet service provider	(D)	none of the mentioned					
48.	Wha	it is the access point (AP) in wireless LAN?							
	(A) Device that allows wireless devices to connect to a wired network								

(C) Both (A) and (B)

(B) Wireless devices itself

(D) None of the mentioned

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49. What is the output of this C code?
    #include <stdio.h>
    main()
    {
         int n = 0, m = 0;
         if (n > 0)
             if (m > 0)
                 Printf("True");
         else
             printf("False");
    }
     (A) True
                                                      (B) False
     (C) No Output will be printed
                                                      (D) Run Time Error
50. A C variable cannot start with
    (A) a number
                                                      (B) a special symbol other than underscore
     (C) both (A) and (B)
                                                      (D) an alphabet
51. If ASCII value of 'x' is 120, then what is the value of the H, if H = ('x' - 'w')/3;
    (A) 1
                                                      (B) 2
    (C) 3
                                                      (D) 0
52. Web browser uses
    (A) compiler
                                                      (B) interpreter
    (C) both of these
                                                      (D) none of these
53. In E-Commerce, E stands for
    (A) Electronic
                                                      (B) Erasable
    (C) Electromagnetic
                                                      (D) Energetic
54. Following is not a search engine:
    (A) Google
                                                      (B) Microsoft
    (C) Yahoo
                                                      (D) Bing
55. Internet based systems works on
    (A) circuit switching
                                                      (B) packet switching
    (C) both (A) and (B)
                                                      (D) none of the mentioned
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ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

56.	Chernobyl nuclear disaster occurred on		
	(A) 26th April, 1986	(B)	28th November, 1987
	(C) 17th June, 1977	(D)	5th January, 1999
57.	The value of earth's albedo is		
	(A) 0·21	(B)	0.021
	(C) 0·31	(D)	0.031
58.	The main constituent of London smog is		
	(A) carbon monoxide	(B)	hydrogen sulphide
	(C) carbon dioxide	(D)	sulphur dioxide
59.	COD test more scientific than BOD test because —		
	(A) it is related to micro-organism		
	(B) it is not related to micro-organism		
	(C) it is related to oxidising chemicals		
	(D) it is related both micro-organism and oxidising	chemi	icals
60.	The most import elements causing algal bloom are		
	(A) N, P, K	(B)	C, N, P
	(C) Ca, Mg, Fe	(D)	Mo, Co, Cu
61.	Montreal protocol is related with		
	(A) water pollution	(B)	use of CFCS
	(C) phosphate	(D)	carbonate
62.	Organo mercury is example of		
	(A) Fungicide	(B)	Fumigant
	(C) Antibiotic	(D)	Rodenticide

63.	Aircraft noise is measured by		IXCHL Color of the color
	(A) L _{epn}	(B)	L _{eq}
	(C) L ₁₀ (18hrs)index	(D)	None of these
64.	The primary air pollutant is	,	
	(A) SO ₂	(B)	O ₃
	(C) PAN	(D)	нсно
65.	The atmosphere is unstable under condition of		
	(A) Adiabatic lapse rate = Ambient lapse rate	(B)	Adiabatic lapse rate > Ambient lapse rate
	(C) Adiabatic lapse rate < Ambient lapse rate	(D)	Adiabatic lapse rate ≤ Ambient lapse rate
66.	Blue Baby syndrome is related to		
	(A) Nitrate	(B)	Sulphate
	(C) Phosphate	(D)	Carbonate
67.	Leachet is coloured liquid that comes out of		
	(A) Septic tank	(B)	Sanitary landfills
	(C) Compost plants	(D)	Waste water treatment plants
68.	While carrying out BOD test, BOD-bottle is stoppered	ed .	
	(A) to avoid evaporation of water	(B)	to avoid photosynthesis
	(C) to avoid diffusion of atmospheric oxygen	(D)	to avoid diffusion of atmospheric carbon dioxid
69.	With increase in temperature the volume of dissolved	d oxyge	en in water
	(A) decrease	(B)	increase
	(C) remains same	(D)	becomes zero
70.	The main component of stratosphere is		FOR secondary and the second of
	(A) O ₃	(B)	H ₂ +
	(C) NO	(D)	

(Question 71-100 for all candidates except Printing Technology and Agricultural Engineering Candidates)

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

[Unless stated otherwise, take acceleration due to gravity, g, as 10 m/s²]

71. Two equal forces of magnitude P act at a point simultaneously. If the angle between them is θ , their resultant will be

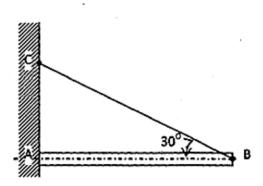
(A) $2P\cos\frac{\theta}{2}$

(B) $2P\sin\theta$

(C) $2P\cos\theta$

(D) $P\cos 2\theta$

72.



A uniform bar AB (figure) weighing 100 kg is hinged at A to a vertical wall and held in a horizontal position by a cord BC. Tension in the cord BC will be

(A) 500 N

(B) 750 N

(C) 1000 N

(D) 1500 N

60° 60°

The period of oscillation of a triangular plate, shown in the figure, when used as a simple pendulum would be

(A)
$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{3a}{2g}}$$

3.

(B)
$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{a}{\sqrt{3}g}}$$

(C)
$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{a}{2g}}$$

(D)
$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}a}{3g}}$$

74. A body weighing 100 kg falls freely through 8 cm and strikes a 1 kN/cm stiffness spring. The maximum deflection of the spring will be

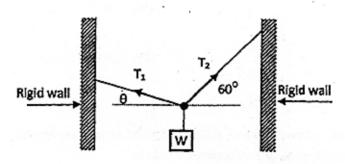
(A) 3·123 cm

(B) 4·123 cm

(C) 5·123 cm

(D) 6·123 cm

75.



A weight W is supported by two cables as shown in the figure. Tension T_1 of the left cable will be minimum when value of θ is

(A) 0°

(B) 30°

(C) 45°

(D) 60°

76. A ladder has to stand keeping one end on a horizontal floor and other end leaning against a vertical will Equilibrium is possible if

- (A) both the wall and the floor are smooth.
- (B) the wall is rough but the floor are smooth.
- (C) the wall is smooth but the floor is rough.
- (D) none of the above.

77. Area moment of inertia of a quadrant of a circle of radius 'r' about any of its bounding radius is

(A) $\frac{\pi r^4}{16}$

(B) $\frac{\pi r^4}{32}$

(C) $\frac{\pi r^4}{64}$

(D) $\frac{\pi r^4}{128}$

78. The second moment of a plane area about any axis compared to its second moment about the neutral axis is always

(A) equal

(B) less

(C) more

(D) unpredictable

79. A train starts from rest on a curved track of radius 800 m. Its speed increases uniformly and after 3 minutes it is 72 km/hr. The tangential acceleration after 2 minutes would be

(A) $\frac{1}{9}m/s^2$

(B) $\frac{2}{9}m/s^2$

(C) $\frac{1}{3}m/s^2$

(D) $\frac{1}{2}m/s^2$

80. A train starts from rest on a curved track of radius 800 m. Its speed increases uniformly and after 3 minutes it is 72 km/hr. The centripetal acceleration after 2 minutes would be

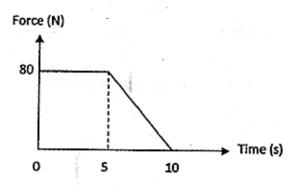
(A) $\frac{1}{9}m/s^2$

(B) $\frac{2}{9}m/s^2$

(C) $\frac{1}{3}m/s^2$

(D) $\frac{1}{2}m/s^2$

81.



A particle of weight 100 N moving along a straight line is acted on by a force varying as shown in the figure. If initial velocity of the particle is 2 m/s, the final velocity after 10 seconds would be

(A) 58 m/s

(B) 60 m/s

(C) 62 m/s

(D) 64 m/s

82. In case of motion of two bodies of weights W₁ and W₂ and connected by an inextensible string passing over a smooth and fixed pulley, the tension in the string is given by

(A) $\frac{W_1W_2}{W_1+W_2}$

(B) $\frac{2W_1W_2}{W_1+W_2}$

(C) $\frac{3W_1W_2}{W_1+W_2}$

(D) $\frac{4W_1W_2}{W_1+W_2}$

83. At the point of slipping, ratio of the tight side tension to the slack side tension of an open flat belt system is given by

(A) $e^{\frac{\mu}{\theta}}$

(B) $e^{\frac{a}{\mu}}$

(C) $e^{\frac{1}{\mu\theta}}$

(D) e^{μθ}

(Symbols have usual meaning)

84. A body of mass 100 kg is placed on a horizontal plane. A horizontal force of 300N is applied on it and the body is just on the point of motion. The angle of friction is about

(A) 17°

(B) 20°

(C) 30°

(D) 33°

- 85. If a heavier mass and a lighter mass have equal kinetic energy, then
 - (A) lighter mass will have greater linear momentum (B) heavier mass will have greater linear momentum
 - (C) both have equal linear momentum.
- (D) unpredictable

(STRENGTH OF MATERIALS)

- 86. The critical strength of a ductile material under fatigue loading is
 - (A) yield strength

(B) ultimate tensile strength

(C) proof stress

- (D) bulk endurance strength
- 87. Which is the stiffness property among the following?
 - (A) Young's modulus

(B) Yield stress

(C) Hardness

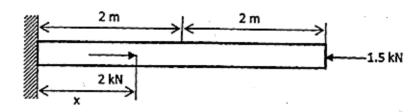
- (D) Toughness
- 88. Correct relation among Young's modulus (E), Bulk modulus (K) and Poisson's ratio (v) is
 - (A) $K = \frac{E}{1-2\nu}$

(B) $K = \frac{E}{3 - 2\nu}$

(C) $K = \frac{E}{3(1-\nu)}$

(D) $K = \frac{E}{3(1-2\nu)}$

89.



A prismatic steel bar having cross-sectional area 3 cm² is subjected to axial forces as shown in the figure. Young's modulus of the material of the bar is 200 GPa. Load 2kN acts at a distance x from the left fixed end of the bar. For no change in the length of the bar, x will be

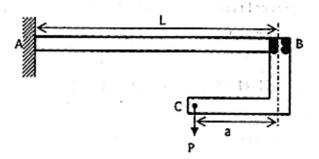
(A) 1 m

(B) 2 m

(C) 3 m

(D) 3.5 m

90.



A cantilever beam AB of length L and uniform flexural rigidity EI has a rigid bracket BC attached to its free end as shown in the figure. End C is subjected to a vertically downward force P. If deflection at point B is zero, then a/L should be

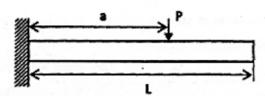
(A) $\frac{1}{2}$

(B) $\frac{1}{3}$

(C) $\frac{2}{3}$

(D) $\frac{1}{4}$

91.



A cantilever beam of length L and uniform flexural rigidity EI is subjected to a transverse load P at a distance 'a' from the fixed end as shown in the figure. The deflection of the beam at the free end would be

(A)
$$\frac{Pa(L-a)^2}{6EI}$$

(B)
$$\frac{Pa^2(L-a)}{6EI}$$

(C)
$$\frac{Pa^2(2L-a)}{6EI}$$

(D)
$$\frac{Pa^2(3L-a)}{6EI}$$

92. A uniform beam of l	length L is fixed at both th	ne ends and carries a uniformly distrib	outes load of intensity W per
unit length throughout the	span. The bending mom	ent developed at the ends is	
(A) $\frac{W\ell^2}{8}$		$W\ell^2$	
(A) -8		(B) 12	
W 02		W^{ϱ^2}	

- 93. Which theory is most conservative in predicting failure?
 - (A) Maximum normal stress theory
- (B) Maximum shear stress theory

(C) Total strain energy theory

- (D) Distortion energy theory
- 94. For a thin cylinder subjected to internal pressure, ratio of circumferential stress to longitudinal stress is
 - (A) 2:1

(B) 1:2

(C) 1:1

- (D) 3:1
- 95. Deflection at the point of application of an external force on a body is equal to the partial derivative of the work of deformation with respect to the force. This is known as
 - (A) Rankine's theorem

(B) Mohr's theorem

(C) Castigliano's theorem

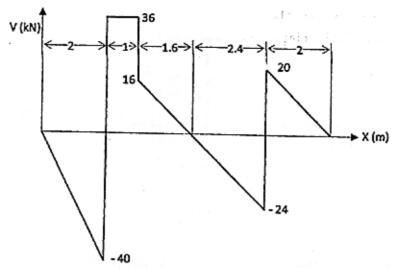
- (D) Maxwell's theorem
- 96. A thin cylinder with 180 cm internal diamater and 12 mm thickness is subjected to internal pressure of 1.2 MPa. The maximum shear stress developed at any point in the internal wall is
 - (A) 42·6 MPa

(B) 43.6 MPa

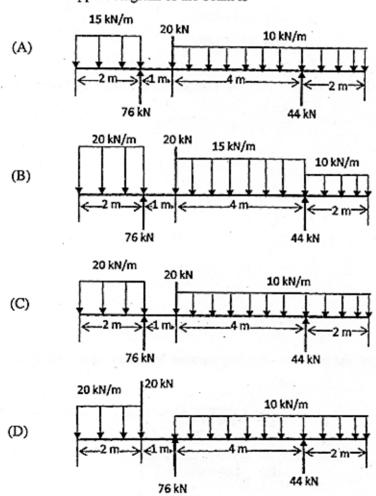
(C) 44·6 MPa

(D) 45.6 MPa

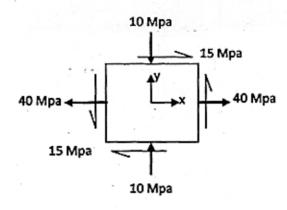
97.



Shear force diagram of a beam is shown in the figure. The load support diagram of the beam is



98.



The state of stress at a point is shown in the figure.

Maximum shear stress at the point is

(A) 29·15 MPa

(B) 30·15 MPa

(C) 31·15 MPa

(D) 32·15 MPa

99. The equivalent bending moment on a shaft, subjected to a bending moment M and a torque T simultaneously is given by

(A)
$$\sqrt{M^2 + T^2}$$

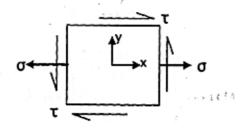
(B)
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{M^2+T^2}$$

(C)
$$M + \sqrt{M^2 + T^2}$$

(B)
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{M^2 + T^2}$$

(D) $\frac{1}{2}(M + \sqrt{M^2 + T^2})$

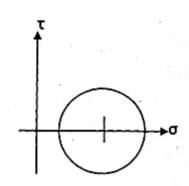
1Ó0.



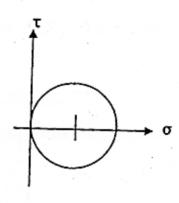
State of stress at a point is shown in the figure.

Corresponding Mohr circle for the point is

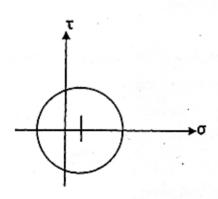
(A)



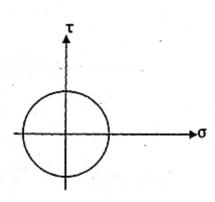
(B)



(C)



(D)



(Question Nos. 71-100 for Printing Technology Candidates) BASIC ENGINEERING

71.	1. Interference is inherently absent in which of the following types of gears?					
	(A) Involute	(B)	Cycloid			
	(C) Stub	(D)	Epicycloids			
72.	Which is the most accurate of the following chucks?					
	(A) Collet Chuck	(B)	Three Jaw Chuck			
	(C) Four Jaw Chuck	(D)	Independent Chuck			
73.	Surface finish on a drawing is represented by					
	(A) Circles	(B)	Triangles			
	(C) Squares	(D)	Rectangles			
	•					
74.	Ceramic cutting tools are fixed to the tool body by					
	(A) Clamping	(B)	Welding			
	(C) Soldering	(D)	Brazing			
75.	Which is not the part of a cotter joint?					
	(A) Socket	(B)	Spigot			
	(C) Fork end	(D)	Collar			
76.	The angle between the tool face and the plane paralle	l to th	ne base of the cutting tool is called			
	(A) Lip angle	(B)	Cutting angle			
	(C) Rake angle	(D)	Shear angle			
77.	The commonly used flux for brazing is					
	(A) Resin	(B)	Soft Silver			
	(C) Borax	(D)	Soft iron			

78.	Which of the following process is used primarily to obtain surface finish?				
	(A)	Hobbing	(B)	Boring	
	(C)	Honing	(D)	Broaching	
		789 Tryon 189			
79.	Die	for wire drawing is made of			
	(A)	Carbides	(B)	Cast Iron	
	(C)	Wrought iron	(D)	Mild Steel	
80.	Cutt	ing action of the grinding wheel is improved by a	proc	ess called	
	(A)	Facing	(B)	Clearing	
	(C)	Truing	(D)	Dressing	
81.	The	temperature at which the new grains are formed i	n the	metal is called	
	(A)	upper critical temperature	(B)	lower critical temperature	
	(C)	recrystallization temperature	(D)	eutectic temperature	
82.	The	flow in Venturi takes place at			
	(A)	atmospheric pressure	(B)	at pressure greater than atmospheric pressure	
	(C)	vacuum	(D)	high pressure	
83.	The	process of cutting a flat sheet to the desired shape	is kı	nown as	
	(A)	Trimming	(B)	Crimping	
	(C)	Blanking	(D)	Slitting	
84.	Whi	ch of the following pump is generally used to pum	np hi	gh viscous fluid?	
	(A)	Centrifugal pump	(B)	Reciprocating pump	
	(C)	Airlift pump	(D)	Screw pump	
85.	Ifar	od expands freely due to heating, it will develop		and the second distribution is a second to the second seco	
		Bending stress	(B)	Thermal stress	
		Comparative stress	` '	No stress	
	(0)	Computative suces	(1)	110 30033	

PRINTING MATERIAL SCIENCE

86.	Anil	ox inking roller is used in		e suive
	(A)	Offset printing	(B)	Flexography
	(C)	Gravure printing	(D)	Letterpress
87.	Som	e idle rollers are incorporated in the inking system	of t	he sheetfed offset press for
	(A)	better metering of the ink	(B)	evaporation of the entrapped moisture
	(C)	better ink transfer	(D)	All of these
88.	Imag	ge areas are in recess in which of the following pri	nting	g process?
	(A)	Intaglio	(B)	Gravure
-	(C)	Waterless Offset	(D)	All of these
89.	Dept	th of field of fixed focal length camera is		than that of the SLR camera.
	(A)	equal	(B)	lower
	(C)	higher	(D)	None of these
90.	Safe	light used for panchromatic film is		
	(A)	Dark Green	(B)	Blue
	(C)	Red	(D)	Green
91.	The	keys in the ink duct are used to control the flow o	f ink	in which direction?
	(A)	Longitudinal	(B)	Circumferential
	(C)	Both (A) & (B)	(D)	None of these
92.	The	etching of the PVA deep etch plate is performed by	у	
	(A)	ZnCl,, CaCl,, Lactic acid and Hydrochloric acid	(B)	ZnCl2, CaCl2, FeCl3 and Lactic acid
	(C)	ZnCl ₂ , CaCl ₂ , FeCl ₃ and Hydrochloric acid	(D)	ZnCl ₂ , CaCl ₂ , FeCl ₃ and H ₂ SO ₄
93.	The	development method used in wipe-on plate is		
	(A)	Water development	(B)	Alkaline development
	(C)	Additive development	(D)	Subtractic development

94.	Effect of static electricity is maximum in	eareikon period itak i at	
	(A) Offset	(B) Letterpress	
	(C) Flexography	(D) Gravure	
95.	A good offset blanket should have		
	(A) minimum stretch factor	(B) good ink release property	
	(C) good ink transfer property	(D) All of the above	
96.	The restrainer used in the development of ph	otographic film is	
	(A) Sodium Bisulphite	(B) Sodium Şulphite	
	(C) Potassium Bromide	(D) Sodium Thiosulphate	
	Control Capability of the		
97.	Absorption of moisture causes paper to expa	nd more in which direction?	
	(A) Across the Grain Direction	(B) Along the Grain Direction	
	(C) Equal expansion in (A) & (B)	(D) No expansion at all	
98.	Paper used with heatset inks should have		
	(A) High tensile strength	(B) High Absorbency	
	(C) High Smoothness	(D) High moisture resistance	
99.	Viscosity of Paste Ink is	501 80% 3 4 1 2 2	
	(A) 10-30 Poise	(B) 35-45 Poise	
	(C) 50-100 Poise	(D) 100-300 Poise	
100	Thidesenia and a sale and a sale at the sa		
100.	Hydroquinone as a reducer gives image which		
	(A) High Contrast	(B) High Resolution	
	(C) Low Contrast	(D) Medium Contrast	

(Question Nos. 71-100 for Agricultural Engineering Candidates) FARM MACHINERY & POWER

71.	In diesel engine, fuel is injected insi	de the cylinder at	
	(A) 10-30 degree before TDC	(B)	10-30 degree after TDC
	(C) 10-30 degree before BDC	(D)	10-30 degree after BDC
5 0	Tractor engines are normally		
14.	Tractor engines are normally	(B)	2-stroke CI engine
	(A) 2-stroke SI engine		4-stroke CI engine
	(C) 4-stroke SI engine	(D)	4-SHOKE CI Engine
73.	Which of the following things is not	t a part of cooling syste	m of tractor engine?
	(A) Thermostat valve	(B)	Centrifugal Pump
	(C) Rocker arm	(D)	Radiator
74.	A diesel engine does not have		ranta William Province
	(A) Flywheel	` (B)	Carburetor
	(C) Injector	(D)	Air cleaner
75.	Which of the following brakes is ge	nerally used in tractors	?
	(A) Internal expanding type		External expanding type
	(C) Differential band brake	(D)	Block brake
76.	Wheel hoe is a tool used for		
	(A) tillage	· (B)	land shaping
	(C) weeding	(D)	channel formation
77.	The function of the reel of a combin	ne is to	
	(A) feed the crops to the cutterbar		feed the cut crop to the threshing unit
	(C) act as a beater		feed the straw to the straw-walker
78.	In indigenous plough, the depth of		
	(A) beam angle		share angle
	(C) load on the handle	(D)	all the three parameters

79	. The optimum tilt angle of disc	plough varies in the range	ge of degree.					
	(A) 5-10		(B) 15-25					
	(C) 25-35	(I	(D) 35-45					
80	. The depth of cut of sub-soiler r	normally lies in the range	e of					
	(A) 5-10 cm	_	(B) 10-20 cm					
	(C) 20-30 cm		(D) 30-60 cm					
	(0, 20 00 022	(.	(D) 50-00 cm					
		SOIL & WATER ENG	GINEERING					
		den da						
81.	An underground strata that yiel	ds water is known as						
	(A) aquifuge	(H	(B) aquifer					
	(C) aquitard	(I	(D) reservoir					
82.	In volume of voids, volume of s	olids and total volume of a	a soil sample are V_{ν} , V_{μ} and V respectively, then v	oic				
atio	of the soil is given by:							
	(A) $\frac{V_s}{V}$ (C) $\frac{V_v}{V_s}$	Œ	$\frac{V_{\nu}}{V_{\nu}}$					
	ν γ	place (4)	V					
	(C) V,	Cancraid (G.)	(B) $\frac{V_{\nu}}{V}$ (D) $\frac{V_{s}}{V_{\nu}}$					
	$(c) \overline{\nu_i}$	(L	$\overline{V_{\nu}}$					
	a consist	COMPLETE VIRANTES	est a Resolous docus					
83.	The maximum depth from which a centrifugal pump can lift water is							
	(A) 6 m	(B	B) 12 m					
	(C) 15 m	(D	D) 20 m					
		Edisor BA (10)	Section of the pulse party of					
84.	Velocity of water through soils	can be determined by						
	(A) Rational formula	(B	B) Manning's equation					
	(C) Chezy's equation	(D	D) Darcy's law					
		#0804) (G)						
85.	Discharge of a big river can be	determined by						
	(A) weir	(B	B) orifice					
	(C) V-notch	(D	D) area-velocity method					

86.	Irrigat	ion method used for pota	to cultivation is		grad parting skill, the strain on the court of the
	(A) f	lood	1 15 4 M (1)	(B)	border
	(C) f	urrow		(D)	basin
87.	If porc	osity and specific retention	on of an aquifer are 55	% and	29%, then specific yield of the aquifer is
	(A) (0.26
	(C) ()-29		(D)	0.47
88. soil is		l volume and volume of	solids of a soil sample	e are 5	0 cc and 30 cc respectively, then porosity of the
	(A) 2	25%		(B)	40%
	(C) (50%		(D)	66%
89.	Hydro	ograph is a plot of			
	-	velocity vs. time		(B)	stage vs. discharge
	(C)	velocity vs. discharge		(D)	discharge vs. time
90.	Bearin	ng of a line can be measu	red with a		
	(A) I	Dumpy level		(B)	Prismatic compass
	(C)	Current meter	•	(D)	Piezometer
		FOOD PRO	OCESS & POST H	ARV	EST ENGINEERING
91.	Clean	ing of agricultural mater	ials is performed by		
	(A)	Washing		(B)	Screening
	(C)	Hand picking		(D)	All of the three
92.	Separ	ation of grain by screening	ng is done on the basis	of	•
	(A)	Size		(B)	Colour
	(C)	Texture		(D)	friction
93.	Butte	r must contain about	% fat.		
	(A)	50			65
	(C)	80		(D)	95

94	. The moisture content of agricultural products at which constant rate drying ceases and falling rate starts is called							
	(A) Equilibrium moisture content		Critical moisture content					
	(C) Moisture content on dry basis	(D)	Hysteresis effect					
95.	. An atomizer is used in							
	(A) Spray dryer	(B)	Tray dryer					
	(C) Vacuum dryer	(D)	Freeze dryer					
96.	. Homogenizer is used for							
	(A) making milk fat free	(B)	making milk solid free					
-	(C) breaking the bond between solid and liquid milk	(D)	breaking the milk particles into uniform size					
97.	. Steady state heat transfer occurs when		Open Comment was a second					
	(A) the flow of heat is negligible	(B)	the flow of heat is uniform					
	(C) the flow of heat is independent of time	(D)	the flow of heat is uniformly increasing					
98.	In which process microorganisms are not destroyed?							
	(A) Drying and dehydration	(B)	Freezing					
	(C) Sterilization	(D)	Irradiation					
99.	Blanching refers to							
	(A) inactivate the enzyme	(B)	cooking the food					
	(C) sterilization of food	(D)	drying of food					
100.	Fruits and vegetables stored in a cold chamber enhances storage life because							
	(A) there is an increase in humidity							
	(B) CO ₂ concentration in the environment is increased							
	(C) exposure to sunlight is prevented		ge stage has a selection of .					
	(D) rate of respiration is decreased							

JELET-2017

For all Diploma holders in Engg./Tech.

সময় ঃ ২ ঘণ্টা

সর্বাধিক নম্বরঃ ১০০

Booklet No.

निहर्मभाविन

পরীক্ষার্থীদের উত্তর দেওয়ার পূর্বে নির্দেশাবলি ভাল করে পড়ে নিতে হবে ঃ

- ১। এই প্রশ্নপত্রে 100টি MCQ ধরনের প্রশ্ন দেওয়া আছে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নের A, B, C এবং D এই চারটি সম্ভাব্য উত্তর দেওয়া আছে।
- ২। সঠিক উত্তর দিলে 1 নম্বর পাবে। ভূল উত্তর দিলে অথবা যে কোন একাধিক উত্তর দিলে —1/4 নম্বর পাবে। কোন উত্তর না দিলে শূন্য পাবে।
- ৩। OMR পত্রে A, B, C অথবা D চিহ্নিত সঠিক ঘরটি ভরাট করে উত্তর দিতে হবে।
- 8। OMR পত্রে উত্তর দিতে শুধুমাত্র কালো/নীল বল পয়েন্ট পেন ব্যবহার করবে।
- e । OMR পত্রে নির্দিষ্ট স্থান ছাড়া অন্য কোথাও কোন দাগ দেবে না।
- ৬। OMR পত্রে নির্দিষ্ট স্থানে প্রশ্নপত্রের নম্বর এবং নিজের রোল নম্বর অতি সাবধানতার সাথে লিখতে হবে এবং প্রয়োজনীয় ঘরণ্ডলি পূরণ করতে হবে।
- OMR পত্রে নির্দিষ্ট স্থানে নিজের নাম ও পরীক্ষাকেন্দ্রের নাম লিখতে হবে এবং নিজের সম্পূর্ণ স্বাক্ষর দিতে হবে।
- ৮। OMR উত্তরপত্রটি ইলেকট্রনিক যন্ত্রের সাহায্যে পড়া হবে। সূতরাং প্রশ্নপত্রের নম্বর বা রোল নম্বর ভুল লিখলে অথবা ভুল ঘর ভরাট করলে উত্তরপত্রটি অনিবার্য কারণে বাতিল হতে পারে। এছাড়া পরীক্ষার্থীর নাম, পরীক্ষা কেন্দ্রের নাম বা সাক্ষরে কোন ভুল থাকলেও পত্র বাতিল হয়ে যেতে পারে। OMR উত্তরপত্রটি ভাঁজ হলে বা তাতে অনাবশ্যক দাগ পড়লেও বাতিল হয়ে যেতে পারে। পরীক্ষার্থীর এই ধরনের ভুল বা অসতর্কতার জন্য উত্তরপত্র বাতিল হলে একমাত্র পরীক্ষার্থী নিজেই তার জন্য দায়ী থাকবে।
- ৯। প্রশ্নপত্রে রাফ কাজ করার জন্য ফাঁকা জায়গা দেওয়া আছে। অন্য কোন কাগজ এই কাজে ব্যবহার করবে না।
- ১০। পরীক্ষাকক্ষ ছাড়ার আগে OMR পত্র অবশই পরিদর্শককে দিয়ে যাবে।