Protection of Wildlife in Multiple use areas.

a. It is an on-going state plan scheme.

b. ***Financing pattern;*** The proposed outlay of the scheme during 2016-17 has been kept at Rs. 330.00 lacs to be funded by the State Govt.

c. ***Aims and objectives;*** To ensure protection of wildlife through education, publication, training and extension.

d. ***Financial targets for the year 2016-17;*** An outlay of Rs. 330.00 lacs has been proposed in the scheme for the year 2016-17.

e. ***Quantum of funds likely to be borne by Government of India or by any other external agency;*** The scheme is wholly funded by the State Govt

f. ***Benefits of the scheme;*** All the schemes listed below have been merged into the scheme: Protection of Wildlife in Multiple use areas**.**

(i) Protection of Wildlife in Multiple use area.
(ii) Control of Poaching and Illegal Trade.
(iii) Nature Education and Wildlife Extension.
(iv) Translocation of wild animals from human habitation to forest areas.

These were all essentially staff schemes for protection of wildlife and to some extent for extension activities. It is proposed to encompass all these into one scheme and expand the activities for improvement of habitat for wildlife, especially for birds outside protected areas and for promotion of facilities for eco-tourism. Additional check posts will be established for apprehending poachers and illegal trade in wildlife produce. A very effective means of protection of wildlife is through education of the common masses, farmers, teachers and students. Holding nature education camps, preparing the educational material and such other activities are included in this scheme. It is also proposed to strengthen the information on the wildlife resources in the State. In-service training of the forestry staff in the wildlife and in-service training for up gradation the skills of the wildlife staff for better management of resources in the State has been proposed and incorporated. In recent years unusual mortality of peacocks, partridges and quails has been reported. Excessive use of pesticides / insecticides in agriculture may be

harming the birds. The survival of these wild birds is important for agriculture because they protect the crops from insect pests besides making the surroundings bio-diverse, interesting and colourful. So, there is need for proper wildlife extension activity in the primarily agriculture prominent state of Haryana. There are several important bird areas outside National Parks and Sanctuaries that will be developed. Activities to encourage publicity, extension and eco-tourism will be undertaken.