ACTIVITIES OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT, HARYANA Special Rural Development Schemes

The following special beneficiary oriented schemes, wage employment programmes and area development programmes are being implemented by the department of Rural Development through the District Rural Development Agencies:-

- 1. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme
- 2. Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)
- 3. National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)
- 4. Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP)
- 5. Members of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLADS)
- 6. Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY)
- 7. Vidhayak Adarsh Gram Yojana (VAGY)
- 8. Swa-Prerit Adarsh Gram Yojana (SPAGY)
- 9. Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)

1. <u>Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme</u>

Funding Pattern: Centre 90% and State 10%

Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) is being implemented in all the districts of Haryana State from the year 2008-09.

OBJECTIVE

The basic objective of the scheme is to enhance livelihood security in rural areas by providing atleast 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in a financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work.

The scheme is applicable only to rural areas. 1/3rd of the jobs are reserved for women. Minimum wages applicable in the State would be payable to the persons employed. Unemployed persons are to apply for registration with concerned Gram Panchayats. After registration, Job Cards are issued to the households by the Gram Panchayats. The payment of wages is being made on weekly or fortnightly basis. The contractors are banned under this programme.

Permissible Works

The following works are permissible under MGRNEGS:-

A. Public works

- (i) Water conservation and water harvesting structures to augment and improve groundwater like underground dykes, earthen dams, stop dams, check dams with special focus on recharging ground water including drinking water sources;
- (ii) Watershed management works such as contour trenches, terracing, contour bunds, boulder checks, gabion structures and spring shed development resulting in a comprehensive treatment of a watershed;
- (iii) Micro and minor irrigation works and creation, renovation and maintenance of **irrigation** canals and drains;
- (iv) Renovation of **traditional water bodies** including desilting of irrigation tanks and other water bodies;
- (v) **Afforestation**, tree plantation and horticulture in common and forest lands, road margins, canal bunds, tank foreshores and coastal belts duly providing right to usufruct (tree pattas) to the households covered in Paragraph 5.
- (vi) Land development works in common land.

B. Individual assets for vulnerable sections.

- (vii) Improving productivity of lands of households through land development and by providing suitable infrastructure for irrigation including dug wells, farm ponds and other water harvesting structures;
- (viii) Improving livelihoods through horticulture, sericulture, plantation, and farm forestry;
- (ix) Development of fallow or waste lands of households to bring it under cultivation;
- (x) Unskilled wage component in construction of houses sanctioned under the Indira Awaas Yojana or such other State or Central Government Scheme;
- (xi) Creating infrastructure for promotion of livestock such as, poultry shelter, goat shelter, piggery shelter, cattle shelter and fodder troughs for cattle; and
- (xii) Creating infrastructure for promotion of fisheries such as, fish drying yards, storage facilities, and promotion of fisheries in seasonal water bodies on public land;

Activities mentioned in items (v), (vii),(viii), (ix), (x), (xi) & (xii) to create individual assets will be prioritized on land or homestead owned by households belonging to the (a) Scheduled Castes/(b) Scheduled Tribes/ (c) nomadic tribes/ (d) denotified tribes/(e) other below poverty line families/(f) women-headed households(g)

physically handicapped headed households/(h) beneficiaries of land reforms/(i) the beneficiaries under the Indira Awaas Yojana/(j) beneficiaries under the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007); and after exhausting the eligible beneficiaries under the above categories, on lands of the small or marginal farmers as defined in the Agriculture Debt Waiver and Debt Relief Scheme, 2008 subject to the condition that such households shall have a job card with at least one member willing to work on the project undertaken on their land or homestead.

C. COMMON INFRASTRUCTURE FOR NRLM COMPLIANT SELF HELP GROUPS

- (xiii) Works for promoting agricultural productivity by creating durable infrastructure required for bio-fertilizers and post-harvest facilities including pucca storage facilities for agricultural produce;
- (xiv) Common work-sheds for livelihood activities of self-help groups.

D. Rural infrastructure:

- (xv) Rural sanitation related works, such as, individual household latrines, school toilet units, Anganwadi toilets either independently or in convergence with schemes of other Government Departments to achieve 'open defecation free' status and solid and liquid waste management as per prescribed norms
- (xvi) Providing all-weather rural road connectivity to unconnected villages and to connect identified rural production centres to the existing pucca road network and construction of pucca internal roads or streets including side drains and culverts within a village;
- (xvii) Construction of play fields;
- (xviii) Works for improving disaster preparedness or restoration of roads or restoration of other essential public infrastructure including flood control and protection works, providing drainage in water logged areas, deepening and repairing of flood channels, chaur renovation, construction of storm water drains for coastal protection;
- (xix) Construction of buildings for Gram Panchayats, women self-help groups, federations, cyclone shelters, Anganwadi centres, village haats and crematoria at the village or block level.
- (xx) Construction of Food Grain Storage Structures for implementing the provisions of The National Food Security Act 2013;

- (xxi) Production of building material required for construction works under the Scheme as a part of the estimate of such construction works.
- (xxii) Maintenance of rural public assets created under the Scheme; and
- (xxiii) Any other work which may be notified by the State Government in consultation with the Central Government in this regard.(2) The order of priority of works shall be determined by each Gram Panchayat in the meetings of the Gram Sabha keeping in view potential of the local area, its needs, local resources.(3) Works which are non-tangible, not measurable, repetitive such as, removing grass, pebbles, agricultural operations, shall not be taken up.

ACHIEVEMENTS

During the year 2015-16, an expenditure of `140.88 crore has been incurred under this scheme and 48.48 lac mandays have been generated in the rural areas. Out of the total mandays 23.99 lac mandays are generated for scheduled castes and 21.88 lac mandays for women.

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `30.00 crore has been proposed as 10% State Share and `300.00 crore as 90% Centre Share for the year 2016-17, to generate 100 lac persondays.

2. Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY).

Funding Pattern: Centre 60% and State 40%

This scheme has been designed to provide shelter to rural poor. Atleast 60% of funds are required to be spent for Scheduled Castes houses.

Identification of beneficiaries

To cover eligible beneficiaries of certain categories who may be living scattered within a Village Panchayat, the individual household approach can be used. First priority should be given to families of manual scavengers, including those rehabilitated and rehabilitated bonded labourers. Thereafter the priority to be given is as follows:-

- (i) Women in difficult circumstances, including widows, those divorced or deserted, women victims of atrocities and those whose husbands are missing for at least three years, and, women headed families.
 - (i)(a) Households with a single girl child.
- (ii) Mentally challenged persons (with at least 40% disability)
- (iii) Physically challenged persons (with at least 40% disability)

(iv) Transgender persons

(v) Widows and next-of-kin of members of defence/paramilitary/police forces killed in

action (even if not BPL);

(vi) Households where a member is suffering from Leprosy or Cancer.

(vii) People living with HIV (PLHIV)

(viii) Other houseless BPL families

Unit Cost

From the year 2014-15, the per unit cost of construction of houses from `70,000/-

in plain areas and `75,000/- in hilly/difficult areas is being provided to beneficiaries. In

addition to this, the State Govt. would supplement `11,000/- and `12,000/- under

convergence for construction of Sanitary Latrine will be provided to the beneficiary.

Under MGNREGA, out of total 90 unskilled person days in the plain areas & 95 unskilled

person days in hilly/difficult areas will be permitted employment to the IAY

beneficiaries for construction of their houses by the MoRD, w.e.f. June, 2014.

Further, an IAY beneficiary can avail top-up loan upto `20,000/- under the

Differential Rate of Interest (DRI Scheme) from any Nationalized Bank at an interest rate

of 4% per annum. No contractor can be engaged for construction of IAY houses. IAY

dewelling units are built on individual plots of the beneficiaries in the main habitation

of the village. No type design has been prescribed except that the plinth area of the

houses should not be less than 20sq.mts.

ACHIEVEMENTS

During the year 2015-16, an expenditure of `95.24 crore has been incurred and

12,388 houses have been constructed under IAY. Out of total houses, 7,670 houses were

constructed for SCs & 1,380 for Minorities and 27,185 are under progress.

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of '60.00 crore has been proposed as State Share

and '90.00 crore as Centre Share for the year 2016-2017.

3. National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM)/Aajeevika

Funding Pattern: 60% Centre & 40% State

Phasing

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NRLM is under implementation in the state of Haryana since 2013-14. In its 1st phase of implementation, 4 districts namely Kaithal, Jhajjar, Bhiwani and Mewat were taken up for intensive implementation. In the next phase i.e. 2014-15, five more districts were taken up for intensive implementation thus spreading the coverage to 9 districts. In the current financial year yet another district has been added in its coverage raising the no. of districts for intensive implementation of NRLM to 10 where as in the remaining districts also the NRLM is being implemented in identified areas.

Achievements

During the year 2015-16, 1530 new SHGs have been formed and an amount of `13.79 crore have been spent.

Outlay for 2016-17

An outlay of `12.00 crore has been proposed as State Share and `18.00 crore as Centre Share for the Annual Plan 2016-2017 under this scheme.

4. <u>Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP)</u>

Funding Pattern: 60% Centre & 40% State

From the year 2008, the schemes of DDP & IWDP were merged into new scheme called Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP). The objective of IWMP is to conserve water, recharging of water table, production of enhancement and to create livelihood opportunities. Watershed projects were taken up from the year 2011-12 in 7 districts of Panchkula, Yamunanagar, Ambala, Hisar, Rewari, Mahendragarh & Bhiwani and Entry Point Activities & Natural Resource Management (NRM) works have been completed in these districts. In the successive year (2012-13, 2013-14 & 2014-15), 6 more districts namely Gurgaon, Mewat, Palwal, Jhajjar, Sonipat & Rohtak were covered.

By 2014-15, 88 Watershed Projects have been sanctioned by the Ministry covering an area of 3.6 lack hect. with total project cost of `437.25 Cr. Entry Point Activities in sanctioned 60 projects during the year 2011-12, 2012-13 have been completed.

An amount of `21.42 crore has been incurred during the year 2015-16 on various activities in these Watershed Projects so far.

A new scheme has been started by Govt. of India, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare for Water Conservation and Water Harvesting (PMKSY)/ for implementing Water Conservation, Water Harvesting works for ground water recharge in

over exploited blocks of the State. Central Ground Water Board (CGWB) has notified 22 blocks of the state falling in 11 districts i.e. Karnal, Kurukshetra, Panipat, Kaithal, Fatehabad, Sirsa, Bhiwani, Rewari, Mahendragarh, Faridabad & Gurgaon which are to be taken up during the current financial year 2015-16. The new scheme is being funded in 60:40 ratio between the Centre and the State. An amount of `21.22 Cr. (`12.73 crore as Central share and `8.49 crore as State share.) has been released as first instalment to implement the scheme.

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `40.00 crore has been proposed as State Share and `60.00 crore as Centre Share for the year 2016-2017.

5. <u>Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLADS)</u> <u>Funding Pattern: 100% By Central Govt.</u>

This scheme has been launched by Govt. of India from, 23 December, 1993. Under this scheme, Govt. of India provides to each M.P. an amount of `5.00 Crore per annum for the development works.

Major Objective:-

- 1. Construction of building for Schools, Hostels, Libraries and others buildings of educational institutions.
- 2. Construction of tube wells and water tanks.
- 3. Construction of roads including part roads, approach roads, link roads etc.
- 4. Special forestry, farm forestry, horticulture, pastures, parks and gardens in Government and Community lands or other Surrendered lands.
- 5. Construction of public toilets and bathrooms.
- 6. Construction of bus sheds/stops for public transport passengers.
- 7. Construction of drains and gutters.
- 8. Construction of footpaths, pathways and footbridges.
- 9. Construction of veterinary aid centers, artificial insemination centers and breeding centers.
- 10. Construction of road under Railway Bridge, Road, Approach Road to Railway Station.
- 11. Construction of additional Toilet for passengers in Circulation Area of Railway Station.
- 12. Provision of Drinking Water in station premises.
- 13. Construction of playfields Sports Facilities at village-level/ block-level.
- 14. Construction of Multi-Purpose Hall for Games.
- 15. Construction of veterinary Hospitals and Dispensaries.

- 16. Construction of Farmer's Training and Assistance Centres.
- 17. Construction of Soil Testing Laboratories subject to the condition that no consumables will be allowed.
- 18. Construction of Dining Hall and Kitchen with fixed Purifier and solar Geyser for Mid-Day Meal Scheme.
- 19. Construction of footpaths/pedestrian ways and community toilets in the urban areas.

ACHIEVEMENTS

During the year 2015-16, an amount of `29.22 Crore has been spent and 475 works have been completed and 325 works are under progress.

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `75.00 crore has been proposed as 100% Centre Share for the year 2016-2017.

6. <u>Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY)</u>

Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY) has been launched by Hon'ble Prime Minister of India on 11th October, 2014. Under this scheme, Hon'ble MPs will identify initially one Gram Panchayat of population 3000-5000 to be developed by 2016 and thereafter two such GPs to be developed upto 2019. These GPs will be developed using convergence with various Centrally Sponsored and States Schemes to motivate the neighbouring villages to make their GPs as Adarsh Village.

The main objectives of the Scheme are:

- To trigger processes which lead to holistic development of the indentified Gram Panchayats.
- To substantially improve the standard of living and quality of life of all sections of the population through:-
 - Improved basic amenities.
 - Higher productivity.
 - Enhanced human development.
 - Better livelihood opportunities.
 - Reduced disparities.
 - Access to rights and entitlements.
 - Wider social mobilization.
 - Enriched social capital.
- To generate models of local level development and effective local governance which can motivate and inspire neighboring Gram Panchayats to learn and adapt.
- To nurture the identified Aadarsh Grams as schools of local development to train other Gram Panchayats.

All the Hon'ble Lok and Rajya Sabha MPs have selected the 15 GPs and uploaded the same on the website of the Ministry of Rural Development and the Rural Development Department, Haryana.

The detail of the identified GPs is as under:-

Sr. No	Name of Member of Parliament (MP)	Lok Sabha/ Rajya Sabha	Name of Constituency	Name of Selected Village	Block	District
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Sh. Dharambir Singh	Lok Sabha	Bhiwani- M/Garh	Dongra Ahir	Mahendragarh	M/Garh.
2	Sh. Dushyant Chautala	-do-	Hisar	Makhand	Narwana	Jind
3	Sh. Deepender Singh Hooda	-do-	Rohtak	Islamgarh	Matenhail	Jhajjar
4	Sh.Rattan Lal Kataria	-do-	Ambala	Khadri	Chhachhrauli	Y/Nagar.
5	Sh. Ramesh Chander Kaushik	-do-	Sonipat	Datauli	Ganaur	Sonipat
6	Sh. Ashwini Kumar	do-	Karnal	Mohidinpu r	Karnal	Karnal
7	Sh. Krishan Pal	do-	Faridabad	Tilpat	Faridabad	Faridabad
8	Sh. Rao Inderjit Singh	-do-	Gurgaon	Bolni	Rewari	Rewari
9	Sh. Charanjeet Singh Rori	-do-	Sirsa	Gudia Khera	Sirsa	Sirsa
10	Sh. Raj Kumar Saini	-do-	Kurukshetra	Sanghan	Kaithal	Kaithal
11	Sh. Shadi Lal Batra	Rajya Sabha		Anwal	Rohtak	Rohtak
12	Sh. Ram Kumar Kashyap	-do-		Bhadson	Indri	Karnal
13	Ms. Kumari Selja	-do-		Dheen	Barara	Ambala
14	Sh. Prabhu Suresh Prabhakar	-do-		Nindana Khas	Maham	Rohtak
15	Sh. Birender Singh	-do-		Khatkar	Uchana	Jind

Village Development Plan

The Village Development Plan of all the identified Gram Panchayats have been prepared. The details of Gram Panchayats wise works are as under:-

Sr. no	District	GP	Total Works uploaded in MIS	Works in Progress	Completed
1	Ambala	Dheen	80	29	26
2	Faridabad	Tilpat	31	19	4
3	Jhajjar	Islamgarh	150	62	19
4	Jind	Khatkar	53	3	24
5	Jind	Makhand	53	16	0
6	Kaithal	Sanghan	59	14	26
7	Karnal	Bhadson	20	8	9

8	Karnal	Mohidinpur	31	13	9
9	M/Garh	Dhogra Ahir	41	7	11
10	Rewari	Bolni	36	5	24
11	Rohtak	Anwal	33	2	10
12	Rohtak	Nindan Khas	68	30	11
13	Sirsa	Gudia Khera	112	83	0
14	Sonepat	Datauli	70	23	26
15	Y/Nagar	Khadri	50	28	4
	Total		887	342	203

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `2.00 crore has been proposed as 100% Centre Share for the year 2016-2017.

7. <u>Vidhayak Adarsh Gram Yojana</u>

The State Govt. has approved the scheme of Vidhayak Adarsh Gram Yojana (VAGY) on the pattern of SAGY. All the Ministers and MLAs have to identify the Gram Panchayat as per the guidelines of this scheme. Till date, 55 MLAs have identified the GPs. This scheme will be implemented in a time bound manner.

The detail of the identified GPs is as under:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Constituency	Name of the Member of Legislative Assembly (MLA)	Districts	Name of the selected Gram Panchayats	Block
1	Ambala City	Sh. Aseem Goel	Ambala	Lakhnour Sahib	Ambala-I
2	Ambala Cantt	Sh. Anil Vij		Panjokhra	Ambala Cantt.
3	Mullana	Smt. Santosh Sarwan	-	Thamber	Barara
4	Naraingarh	Sh. Nayab Saini		Hussaini	Naraingarh
5	Bhiwani	Sh. Ghanshyam Dass Saraf	Bhiwani	Haluwas	Bhiwani
6	Badra	Sh. Sukhvinder Mandhi		Chang	Dadri-II
7	Tosham	Smt. Kiran Choudhry		Dinod	Bhiwani
8	Bawani Khera	Sh. Bishamber Singh	-	Jatu Luharu	Bawani Khera
9	Prithla	Pt. Tek Chand Sharma	Faridabad	Fatehpur Billoch	Ballabgarh
10	NIT Faridabad	Ch. Nagender Bhadana	-	Pali	Faridabad
11	Balabgarh	Pandit Mool Chand Sharma	-	Mujeshar	Faridabad
12	Tohana	Sh. Subhash Barala	Fatehabad	Dhani Sanchla	Bhuna
13	Pataudi	Smt. Bimla Chaudhary	Gurgaon	Sidhrawli	Pataudi
14	Badshpur	Rao Narbir Singh		Kankrola	Gurgaon
15	Sohna	Sh. Tejpal Tanwar		Kadarpur	Sohna
16	Badli	Sh. Om Parkash Dhankhar	Jhajjar	Patuda	Jhajjar
17	Bhadurgarh	Sh. Naresh Kaushik		Bamnoli	Bhadurgarh
18	Uchana	Smt. Prem Lata	Jind	Khanda	Alewa

19	Jind	Sh. Hari Chand Middha		Jajwan	Jind
20	Safidon	Sh. Jasbir Deswal		Hat	Safidon
21	Hansi	Smt. Renuka Bishnoi	Hisar	Puthi Magalkha	Hansi-I
22	Aadampur	Sh. Kuldeep Bishnoi		Jawahar Nagar	Aadampur Mandi
23	Narnaund	Cap. Abhimanyu		Masudpur	Narnaund
24	Nalwa	Dr. Kamal Gupta		Kaimari	Nalwa
25	Kalayat	Sh. Jai Parkash	Kaithal	Kakout	Kaithal
26	Karnal	Sh. Manohar Lal,		Keorak	Kaithal
27	Guhla	Sh. Kulwant Singh		Kharkan	Siwan
28	Pundri	Sh. Dinesh Kaushik		Pai	Pundri
29	Indri	Sh. Karan Dev Kambog	Karnal	Samora	Indri
30	Assandh	Sh. Bakhshish Singh Virk		Bansa	Nissing
31	Nilokheri	Sh. Bhagwan Dass Kabir Panthi	_	Mohri	Nilokheri
32	Gharaunda	Sh. Harvinder Kalyan		Chaura	Gharaunda
33	Shahabad	Sh. Krishan Kumar Bedi	K/Shetra	Dhurala	Thanesar
34	Thanesar	Sh. Subhash Sudha		Jyotisar	Thanesar
35	Ladwa	Sh. Pawan Saini		Bir Kalwa	Babain
36	Pehowa	Sh. Jaswinder Singh Sandhu		Batehri	Pehowa
37	M/garh	Sh. Ram Bilash Sharma	M/garh	Nagal Sirohi	M/garh
38	Ateli	Smt. Santosh Yadav		Sehlang	Kanina
39	Narnaul	Sh. Om Prakash Yadav		Patikara	Narnaul
40	Nangal Choudhary	Dr. Abhe Singh Yadav		Balaha Kalan	Narnaul
41	Kalka	Smt. Latika Sharma	Panchkula	Rampur Jangi	Pinjore
42	Panchkula	Sh. Gyan Chand Gupta		Barwala	Barwala
43	Samalkha	Sh. Ravinder Machhrauli	Panipat	Beholi	Samalkha
44	Israna	Sh.Krishan Lal Panwar		Shodapur	Madlauda
45	Panipat	Sh. Mahipal Dhanda		Rajapur	Panipat
46	Hathin	Sh.Kehar Singh Rawat	Palwal	Manpur	Hathin
47	Bawal	Dr.Banwari Lal	Rewari	Rampura	Rewari
48	Rewari	Sh. Randhir Singh Kapriwas		Gangaicha Ahir	Rewari
49	Kosli	Sh. Vikram Singh Yadav		Kanwali	Jatusana
50	Meham	Sh. Anand Singh Dangi	Rohtak	Madina Gindhran & Korsan	Meham
51	Rohtak	Sh. Manish Grover		Samargopalpur Kalan	Rohtak
52	Jagadhri	Sh. Kanwar Pal	Y/Nagar	Ariyanwala	Chhachhrouli
53	Radour	Sh. Shyam Singh Rana		Radour	Radour
54	Y/Nagar	Sh. Ghanshyam Dass Arora		Dayalgarh	Jagadhri
55	Sadhoura	Sh. Balwant Singh		Mustfabad	Mustfabad

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `0.15 crore has been proposed as 100% State Share for the year 2016-2017.

8. <u>Swaprerit Adarsh Gram Yojana</u>

Under Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, interested persons, industrialists, NGOs, Universities, PSU's, Boards and Corporations may adopt a couple of villages to develop all villages as Adarsh Gram in a phased manner to promote the Swaprerit Adarsh Gram Yojana.

9. <u>Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana</u>

The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment has introduced the PMAGY during the year 2014-15 and released an amount of `1.20 crore for 12 villages of Palwal and Faridabad districts in the State. The main objective of the scheme is to ensure integrated development of the selected 1000 villages with more than 50% SC population into "model villages". The names of the selected villages of district are as under:-

Name of Villages	District
Akbarpur Natol (214)	Palwal
Meghpur (72)	Palwal
Lohagarh (161)	Palwal
Khajurkha (165)	Palwal
Alapur (66)	Palwal
Gudharna (125)	Palwal
Moujpur	Faridabad
Tekawali (141)	Faridabad
Fulera (165)	Faridabad
Nangla Majra Chandpur	Faridabad
Bhaskola (159)	Faridabad
Shahpur Khurd (53)	Faridabad

Outlay for 2016-17

Under this scheme, an outlay of `2.00 crore has been proposed as 100% Centre Share for the year 2016-2017.