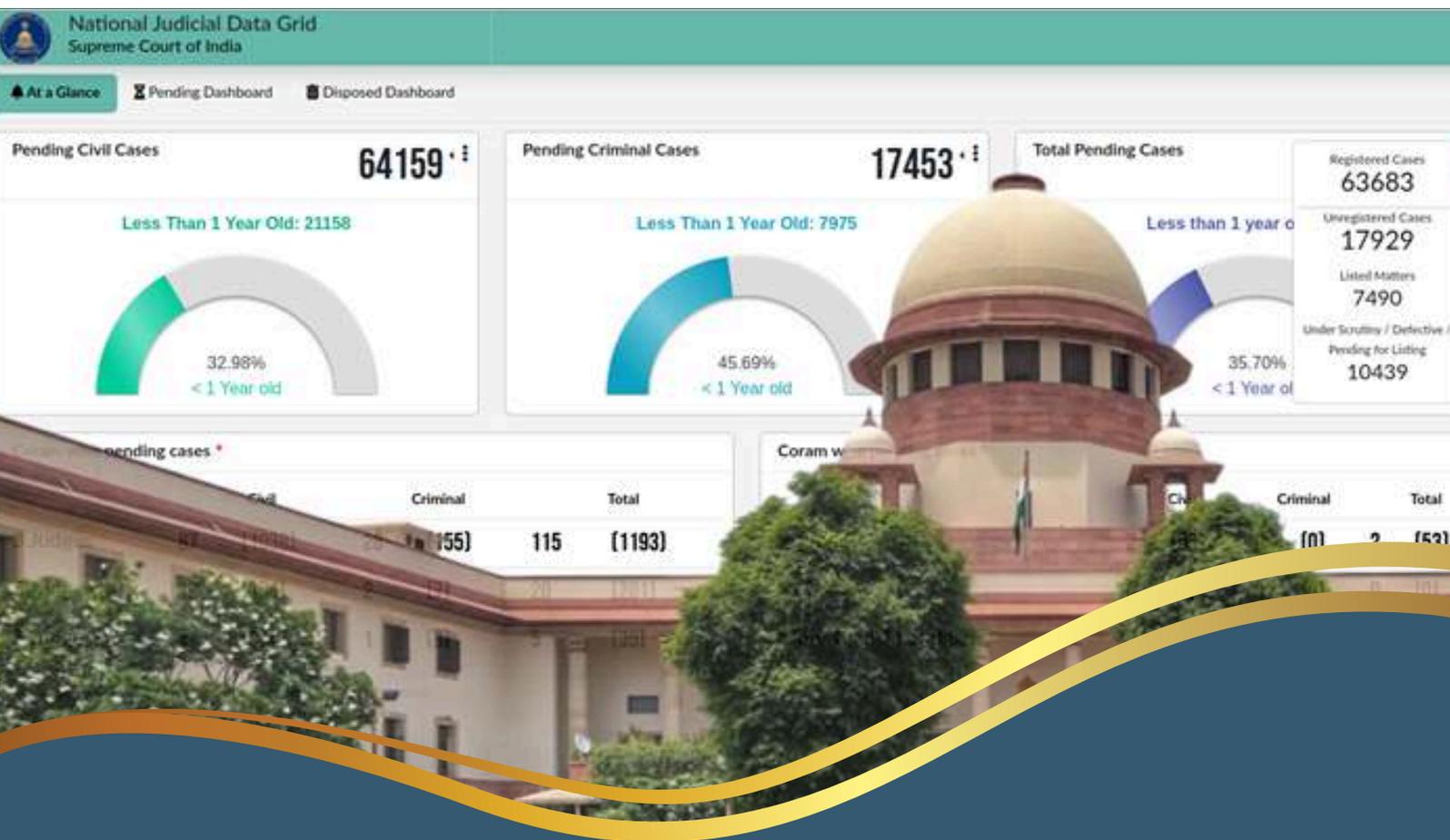


SUPREME COURT OF INDIA NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID (NJDG-SC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management



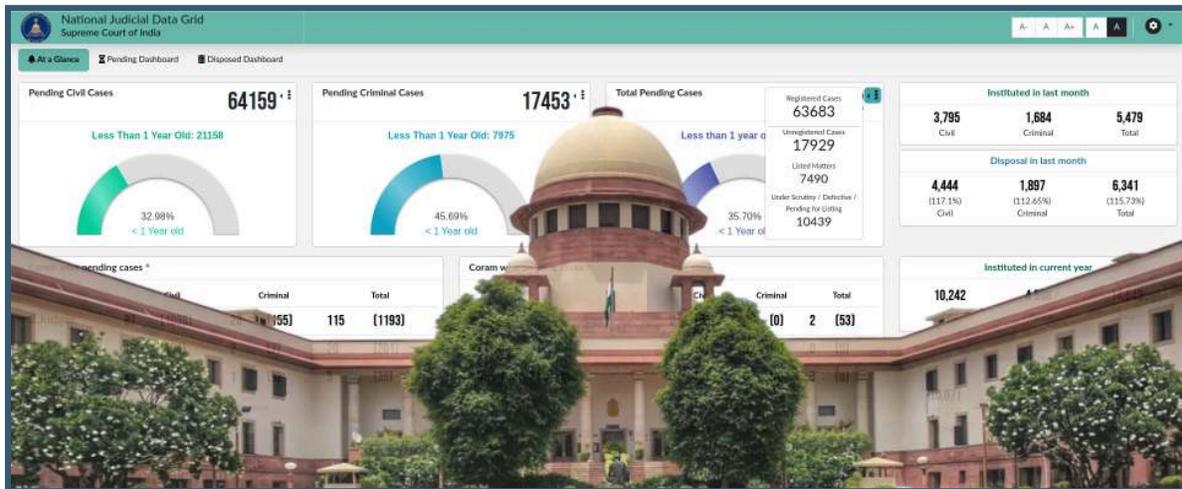
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Supreme Court of India

National Judicial Data Grid

(NJDG-SC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management



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Supreme Court of India

National Judicial Data Grid

(NJDG-SC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management

Circulated by

eCommittee, Supreme Court of India

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First Edition: May, 2025

DISCLAIMER

This reference material circulated by the eCommittee is meant solely for study and training purposes. References made are indicative and may not be used for any official or judicial reference.



SANJIV KHANNA
CHIEF JUSTICE OF INDIA

Foreword

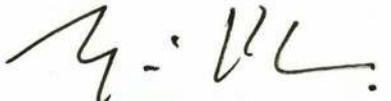
Today, the Indian judiciary is at a pivotal juncture, actively embracing technological advancements to enhance its foundational principles of accessibility, efficiency, and transparency. The eCourts Project, a visionary initiative headed by the eCommittee of the Supreme Court of India, remains steadfast in its commitment to digitally transform the judicial landscape and streamline the administration of justice.

A significant stride in this transformative journey is the establishment of the National Judicial Data Grid. This comprehensive digital infrastructure serves as a central repository by capturing and providing near-real-time data on the lifecycle of cases within the court complexes across India, from their institution to their final disposal. The NJDG is more than just a database, it is a powerful tool designed to empower all stakeholders within and connected to the justice delivery system.

This User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid is a timely and essential guide that aims to unlock the full potential of this significant digital asset. It provides users with clear, step-by-step instructions on how to access and effectively utilize the NJDG portal. The manual meticulously details navigation through the portal's various sections, offering insights into interpreting key statistical data points such as case filings, pendency rate, and disposal metrics. The manual effectively highlights the various dashboards available, such as the Alerts Dashboard providing quick statistics, the Pending Dashboard offering detailed breakdowns of pending cases, and the Disposed Dashboard presenting information on disposed cases. The inclusion of screenshots and explanations on navigating through this wealth of information makes the manual a practical guide.

This manual is an invaluable tool that will undoubtedly facilitate the widespread and effective utilization of the NJDG. It is my firm belief that the NJDG, coupled with this insightful manual, will significantly contribute to our ongoing efforts to enhance the efficiency, transparency, and accessibility of justice delivery. And thereby fortifying public trust in the judiciary and upholding the rule of law.

New Delhi;
May 13, 2025.



(Sanjiv Khanna)

K.V. VISWANATHAN
Judge, Supreme Court of India
Vice - Chairperson, e-Committee,
Supreme Court of India



11th May, 2025

Foreword

The march of technology has brought with it a profound promise—one that extends far beyond convenience or speed, reaching into the very heart of how justice is delivered. In our time, we are privileged to witness a historic transformation: the infusion of digital intelligence into the fabric of judicial governance. The *eCourts Project*, spearheaded by the *e-Committee of the Supreme Court of India* under the leadership of the Hon'ble Chief Justice of India, stands as a visionary endeavour, reimagining the administration of justice to be more transparent, accessible, and efficient.

Central to this transformation is the **National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG)**—a digital platform that brings transparency, efficiency, and data-driven governance to over **18,000 courts** across India. Integrating real-time data from **District Courts, High Courts, and the Supreme Court**, the NJDG enables access to dynamic case statistics on pendency, disposals, and filings. Developed in phases—DC NJDG (2015), HC NJDG (2020), and SC NJDG (2023)—it empowers judges, lawyers, court staff, researchers, and policymakers with insights to improve performance, reduce pendency, and plan meaningful reforms. By making judicial data publicly accessible, the NJDG strengthens accountability and enhances public confidence in the judicial system.

With a single click, users can access a range of information, easily correlate data, and conduct detailed analysis, leading to informed decision-making. This simplifies strategy development, risk assessment, and enhances the efficiency of legal processes.

The **User Manual for Court and Case Management through NJDG** is a crucial instrument in making this transformative platform widely usable. It is more than a guide—it is a bridge between technology and its users. Designed with care, the manual combines **clear, accessible language** with **visual aids, charts, tables, and dashboards** that simplify the navigation of complex datasets. The structured layout walks the reader through each feature methodically, ensuring that judges, court staff, lawyers, and researchers can make full use of the platform's analytical capabilities.

What makes the manual particularly commendable is its **emphasis on data literacy and scientific temper**. In presenting raw statistics not merely as numbers, but as meaningful indicators of systemic performance, it invites the judiciary and legal ecosystem to engage critically with data—detecting patterns, diagnosing delays, and envisioning solutions grounded in evidence. In doing so, it reflects a growing shift in legal administration: from anecdotal impressions to empirical insight, from reactive systems to proactive planning.

This manual is a timely and thoughtful contribution to the broader project of judicial reform. It invites every stakeholder to participate in shaping a justice system that is not only modern in its tools, but also rigorous in its methods and inclusive in its reach.

I congratulate the authors and the team behind this effort. May this guide serve not just as a manual of use, but as a handbook for innovation and institutional introspection.


[K.V. VISWANATHAN]

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PREFACE

It is with immense pleasure that I present this User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG). This manual is an endeavor to provide a comprehensive guide for navigating and effectively utilizing the National Judicial Data Grid, a pivotal digital initiative under the eCourts Project of the eCommittee, Supreme Court of India.

The National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) is a monumental achievement within the eCourts Project, representing a significant leap towards achieving these goals. It functions as a centralized, comprehensive repository that captures and presents near real-time data from over 18,000 Courts. This vast dataset encompasses critical information regarding case institutions, their current pendency status, and their eventual disposal.

This User Manual has been meticulously prepared to recognize the transformative potential of the NJDG and the importance of equipping all stakeholders with the necessary knowledge to fully utilize it. My objective in compiling this manual is to provide a clear, user-friendly, and comprehensive guide that serves as an indispensable companion for anyone interacting with the NJDG portal. It is designed to cater to a diverse audience, including judges, lawyers, researchers, academics, students, litigants, the general public, court administration staff, and policymakers.

The manual is structured to guide users through every aspect of accessing and utilizing the NJDG. It begins by explaining what the NJDG is and its pivotal role in promoting transparency and accountability. Detailed instructions are provided on how to access the portal through various convenient channels. A significant portion of the manual is dedicated to explaining the content and functionality of the key dashboards:

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- **The 'Alerts' tab:** Offering a quick overview of key statistics like total cases, pending cases, and disposed cases, along with details on court complexes and age-wise pending cases.
- **The 'Pending Dashboard':** Providing in-depth analysis of pending cases categorized by type, age, and stage of proceedings, along with a comparison of institutionalization versus disposal rates.
- **The 'Disposed Dashboard':** Presenting comprehensive data on cases that have been concluded, including analysis by case type, nature of disposal, and the time taken for disposition.

The manual also provides detailed explanations of how to navigate these dashboards, filter information, interpret the data presented in charts and tables, and access underlying detailed case lists through hyperlinks. It also includes guidance on generating reports in various formats such as PDF, Excel (.xls), and CSV.

It is my earnest hope that this User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) will serve as an accessible and effective resource for all users. This manual aims to contribute significantly to the ongoing efforts to enhance the efficiency, transparency, and accessibility of the by facilitating a deeper understanding and more effective utilization of the NJDG and ultimately strengthening the delivery of justice for every citizen.

New Delhi

07.05.2025

R. Arulmozhiselvi
7/5/2025

R. Arulmozhiselvi,

OSD(Registrar)/Training Cell
& Member (Human Resources),
eCommittee, Supreme Court of India

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1. Introduction

The **National Judicial Data Grid (NJDJ)** stands as a pivotal digital infrastructure within the Indian judicial system. It functions as a comprehensive database encompassing orders, judgments and detailed case information from over 18,000 courts, including District Courts, High Courts and even the Supreme Court. This initiative provides a centralized repository of judicial data that is updated in near real-time. It was launched under the auspices of the eCourts Project and it serves as a centralized repository of case information, fostering transparency, accountability and data-driven decision-making.

National Judicial Data Grid (NJDJ) is the digital database where entire judicial case data is stored under the three heads:

District Court's National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-DC)	High Court's National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC)	Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC)
 National Judicial Data Grid District Court of India	 National Judicial Data Grid High Courts of India	 National Judicial Data Grid Supreme Court of India

The National Judicial Data Grid was inaugurated for public access on 19 September 2015 by Hon'ble Mr Justice Madan B. Lokur, then Judge in charge of eCommittee Supreme Court of India. NJDG for High Courts was launched by the learned Attorney General of India, Shri. K. K. Venugopal in the august presence of Hon'ble Dr Justice Dhananjaya Y Chandrachud, Judge, Supreme Court of India & Chairperson of eCommittee at a virtual meeting held on 3 July 2020. NJDG for the Supreme Court was opened to the public on 14.09.2023 by Hon'ble Chief Justice of India DY Chandrachud.

Furthermore, NJDG data is available in real-time. These statistics are updated every day by the respective Courts across the country through the Case Information System (CIS). NJDG got the

stamp of the World Bank and moved India 20 ranks forward in the ranking of countries under ease of doing business.¹

This manual serves as a comprehensive guide to the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC). It is tailored to assist a diverse audience, including judges, lawyers, researchers, and the general public, in understanding and effectively utilizing the NJDG-SC. The manual covers the essentials, starting with an overview of what the NJDG-SC is, its purpose, and its critical role in promoting transparency, efficiency and accountability within the Indian judicial system. It includes detailed, step-by-step instructions on how to access the portal, navigate its features and interpret key data points such as case filings, pendency, and disposals. Users will find guidance on filtering and analyzing information by categories like case type or bench size, supported by practical examples and screenshots to enhance comprehension. Additionally, the manual offers best practices for generating reports and leveraging the platform for research or case management. Ultimately, this guide aims to empower users to fully harness the NJDG-SC's capabilities, contributing to a more informed and engaged society while supporting the judiciary's commitment to openness and transparency.

Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid: As on 30 April 2025, the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid has details of Pending Cases: Civil Cases (64,369); Criminal Cases (17,435); Total cases (81,804).

¹ A World Bank Group Flagship Report, *Doing Business 2018*, doingbusiness, available at: <https://www.doingbusiness.org/content/dam/doingBusiness/media/Annual-Reports/English/DB2018-Full-Report.pdf> (Page No. 192).

2. Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC)



On 14.09.2023, the Supreme Court of India was fully integrated with the National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) portal, marking a significant milestone for the ‘*e-Courts project*’. Developed by the National Informatics Centre (NIC) in close collaboration with the in-house software development team of the Computer Cell, Supreme Court of India, the NJDG portal features an interactive interface and analytics dashboard. The database is periodically updated to ensure accuracy and timeliness.

The NJDG-SC portal serves as a comprehensive national repository, providing data on cases instituted, pending, and disposed of by the Supreme Court. With a single click, users can access case-related information and statistics, such as case types, institution, disposal, and pendency rates, along with a year-wise breakdown of cases at the Supreme Court of India.

The NJDG-SC portal offers immense potential for high-quality research and is easily accessible to the public. The NJDG-SC's real-time updates ensure that the information is always current, making it a vital tool for judicial oversight. Judges can use it to monitor caseloads and prioritize hearings, while court staff can streamline administrative tasks. For the legal community and litigants, the portal eliminates guesswork by providing instant access to case statuses and hearing schedules. Beyond the courtroom, it serves as a treasure trove for researchers and policymakers, offering raw data to analyze judicial efficiency, identify trends, and propose reforms.

The **Query builder** tool can be used to generate a customisable report as required by the Supreme Court, High Courts and District Courts.

Types of Reports: One can generate reports agewise, stagewise, case type-wise list, orders not uploaded list, undated cases list etc. *Example:* List of particular case types which are 20/30/40 years old; List of appeals pending with percentage of more than 5-year-old appeals; which court has the most number of appeals; Total number of Writ Petitions, First Appeals etc, can be easily known through the dashboard. All this at a click of the mouse, which can be used by the stakeholders for further planning and instructions for reducing pendency and for effective Court and Case Management.

Coram-wise Pending Cases: The Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC) provides comprehensive insights into the pending cases based on the composition of judges (coram). It categorizes the pending cases into various groups, namely those heard by benches comprising 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, or more than 11 judges. This detailed classification helps in understanding the distribution and workload of cases across different bench sizes. The data is compiled to differentiate between the main matters and connected matters. Main matters refer to the primary cases, while connected matters include those that are related or ancillary to the main cases.

Coram wise pending cases *						
	Civil		Criminal		Total	
3 Judges	136	[1007]	48	[144]	184	[1151]
5 Judges	20	[252]	3	[7]	23	[259]
7 Judges	4	[27]	1	[8]	5	[35]

Coram wise pending cases *						
	Civil		Criminal		Total	
9 Judges	3	[69]	0	[0]	3	[69]
11 Judges	0	[0]	0	[0]	0	[0]
More than 11 Judges	0	[0]	0	[0]	0	[0]

* Figures shown in the bracket includes main and connected matters

3. Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid Access

3.1. Through the NJDG webpage:

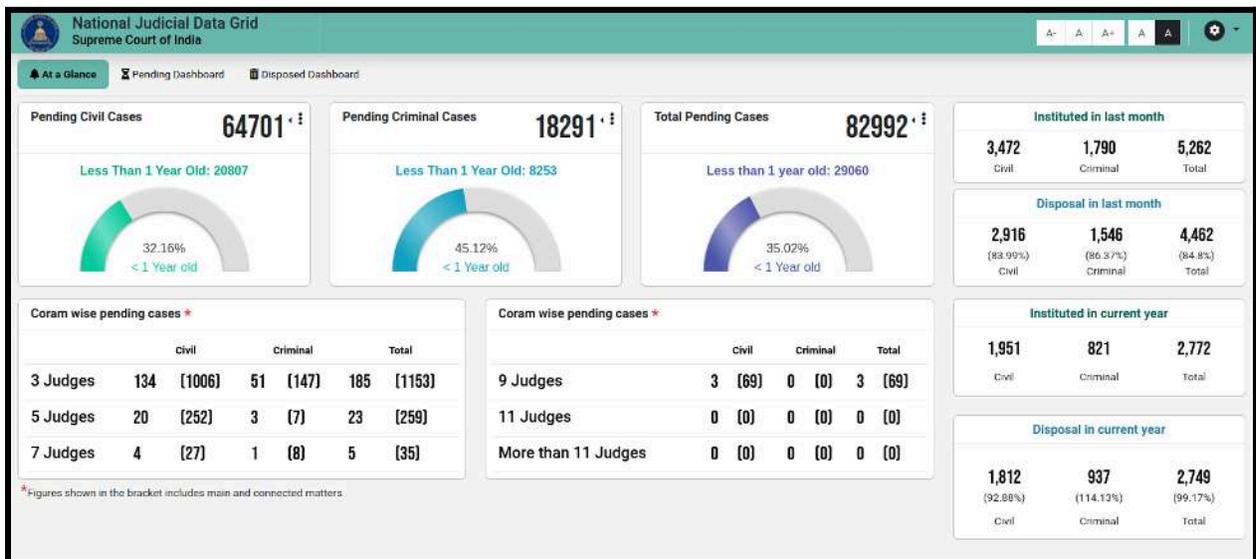


The Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid can be accessed directly through the NJDG webpage. A simple Google search of the word “NJDG” will take a user to the NJDG web page, and then the user has to click on Supreme Court of India National

Judicial Data Grid in the top right corner.

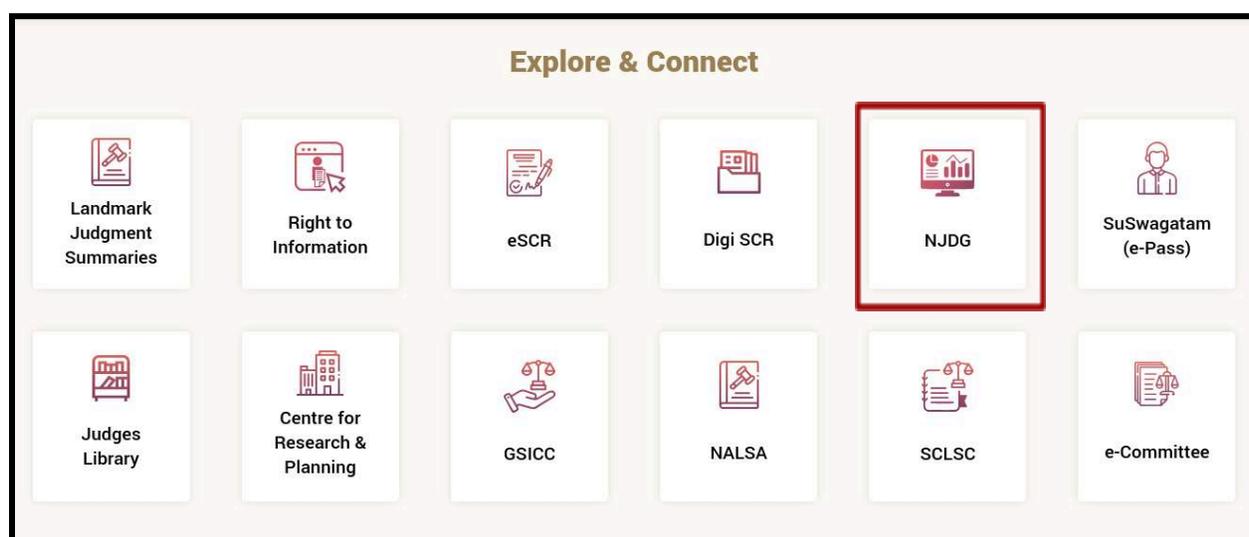


In addition to that, the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid can also be accessed by the following link: <https://scdg.sci.gov.in/scnjdg/>



3.2. Through the Supreme Court of India website link:

The Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid portal can be accessed directly from the website of the Supreme Court of India. On the homepage of the Supreme Court’s website, there is a tab named “*Explore and Connect*” at the bottom, as shown in the screenshot herein. Under this tab, the user can find a hyperlink named ‘*NJDG*’ that leads to the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid dashboard, as shown in the screenshot below:



3.3 Through the eCommittee website link:

NJDG can also be accessed through the eCommittee website (<https://ecommitteesci.gov.in/>). NJDG is provided under the tab of “**Citizen’s Corner**”

on the eCommittee’s website.



The screenshot shows the website's navigation menu with options like Home, About e-Committee, Citizen's Corner, Documents, Media, High Courts, District Judiciary, and Judges Login. The main content area is titled 'Citizen Centric Services' and features several service cards. The 'National Judicial Data Grid' card is highlighted with a red border and includes a table of data:

Case Category	Case Count	Case Value
Case Category 1	1,08,31,704	3,46,40,029
Case Category 2	4,26,81,802	1,00,00,000
Case Category 3	2,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 4	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 5	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 6	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 7	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 8	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 9	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Case Category 10	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

To access the NJDG on the eCommittee's website, one should proceed in the following order on the website:

Citizen Corner ➔ Citizen Centric Services ➔ NJDG

In addition to that, one can also access NJDG through the eCommittee's website by using the following link: <https://ecommitteesci.gov.in/service/national-judicial-data-grid/>

इ-कमिटी, उच्चतम न्यायालय, भारत
E-COMMITTEE, SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

इ-कमिटी, उच्चतम न्यायालय, भारत
e-Committee, Supreme Court of India
Information and Communication Technology in Indian Judiciary

Home About e-Committee Citizen's Corner Documents Media High Courts District Judiciary Judges Login

Home > Citizen's Corner > Citizen Centric Services > NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID

NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID

NJDG, a flagship project implemented under the aegis of the eCourts project, has been recognized as a significant innovation under the Ease of Doing Business initiative of the Government of India. The portal is a national repository of data relating to cases pending and disposed of in all district and taluka courts of the country. The portal has been developed around the concept of elastic search technology enabling efficient case management and monitoring of cases leading to effective disposal of cases.

Data uploaded and collated on the portal can be accessed and analysed-

- Category wise
- Year-wise
- State-wise
- Month-wise disposal of cases across institutions
- Across the original/appellate/execution stages of a litigation
- Reasons for delay

NJDG gives the consolidated figures of cases instituted, disposed and the pendency of cases in all courts across the country. These statistics are updated every day by respective courts. The website shows the number of cases filed as well as cases pending. The visitor can access information down to a particular case. The pending cases divided between civil and criminal jurisdictions can be further segregated into age-wise categories such as ten years old cases, between 5 to 10 years old cases etc. The pendency data at the national, state and district levels are open and in the public domain.

- [National Judicial Data Grid \(Supreme Courts of India\)](#)
- [National Judicial Data Grid \(High Courts of India\)](#)
- [National Judicial Data Grid \(District and Taluka Courts of India\)](#)
- [Manual on "Court and Case Management through NJDG"](#)

3.4. Through the E-Courts services website:

Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid can also be accessed through the E-Courts services website (https://services.ecourts.gov.in/ecourtindia_v6/). One can click on the “NJDG” tab, which is made available on the top panel of the website, and it will take them directly to the NJDG webpage.

ECOURTS SERVICES
District and Taluka Courts of India

Home e-Committee Supreme Court High Courts District Courts NJDG Contact Us

Search Menu

- CNR Number
- Case Status
- Court Orders
- Cause List
- Caseat Search

Download eCourts Services App: [Get it on Google Play](#) [Get it on App Store](#) Do not use browser toolbar reload or back button

Search by CNR number
Enter CNR Number, for example MHAUJ01999992015
Enter 16 digit CNR numbe

Capitcha z68c5w Enter Capitca Enter Captici

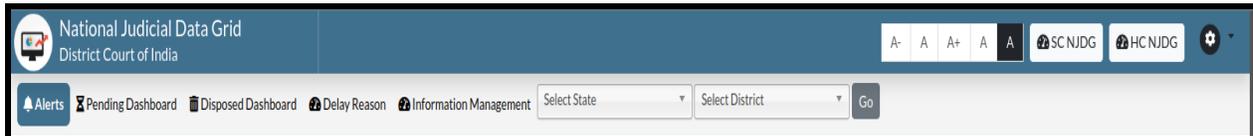
Search Reset

Note: If you don't have CNR Number then use other options from Search Menu section

How to

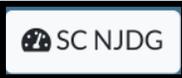
1. [Click here to view help video](#)
2. Enter the 16 digit alphanumeric CNR Number without any hyphen or space
3. Click Search button to view current status and history of the case
4. If you don't know the CNR number of the case, click on the Case Status icon on the left menu to search the case with other options like case registration number, party name, advocate name etc.

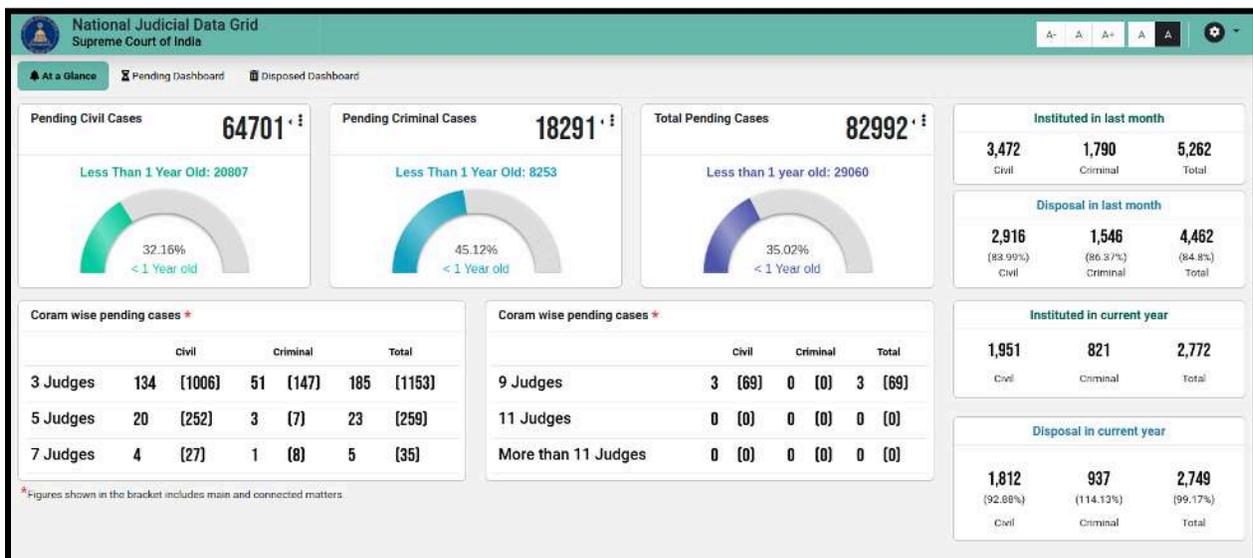
4. Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid



The home page of the NJDG welcomes you with colourful bands, with the “SC NJDG” and “HC NJDG” tabs on the top right corner and the “National Judicial Data Grid District Courts of India” tab on the top left corner.

To access the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid, one needs to click the “SC NJDG” tab available in the right-hand corner of the NJDG home page. It will open

up the Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid. 



5. Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid - Main Tabs



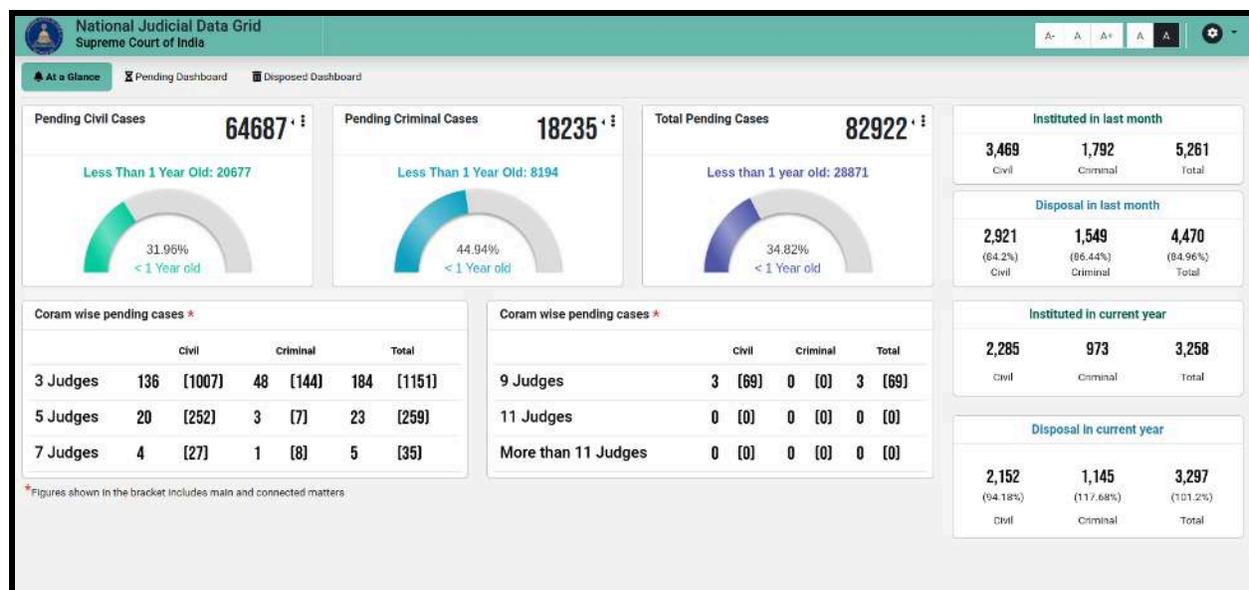
The Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid dashboard has three main tabs namely:

- I. **At a Glance**
- II. **Pending Dashboard**
- III. **Disposed Dashboard**

The user can select any tab by clicking on it and access the relevant data. The features of all the tabs are further explained in the next chapters.

Tabs	Contents
	<p>The ‘At a Glance’ tab provides a quick overview of the judicial data. It includes key statistics and metrics such as the total number of cases, pending cases and other relevant information. It gives users a snapshot of the current status of cases in the Supreme Court.</p>
	<p>The ‘Pending Dashboard’ tab focuses on cases that are still pending. It allows users to filter and view detailed information about pending cases by different charts. Users can also perform drill-down analysis based on various attributes like case type, age of the case, and stage of the case.</p>
	<p>The ‘Disposed Dashboard’ tab displays information about cases that have been disposed of. It provides details about the disposed cases with the help of charts. Users can also filter the data based on different criteria to gain insights into the disposal patterns.</p>

6. At a Glance



The initial tab, named "At a Glance", on the NJDG-SC's dashboard is a pivotal feature. Clicking on this tab provides users with essential information regarding cases pending before the Supreme Court, whether they are civil or criminal and less than one year old, as depicted in the attached screenshot. This tab offers insights into cases pending according to the composition of judges (coram), categorizing them into various groups, including 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, or more than 11 judges. As shown in the provided screenshot, it also displays details about cases instituted in the Supreme Court during the last month, cases disposed of in the last month, cases initiated in the current year, and cases that have been disposed of in the current year. This user-friendly interface on the "At a Glance" tab facilitates efficient data retrieval and enhances the overall user experience on the website.

6.1 Cases pending before the Supreme Court



The "At a Glance" tab offers insights into the total number of cases pending in the Supreme Court. It divides the total number of cases into civil cases and criminal cases. Each section includes a pie chart to visually represent the percentage of cases that are less than one year old. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot above, the total number of pending cases, combining both civil and criminal cases, amounts to 82,922. Out of these, 28,871 cases are less than one year old, making up 34.82% of the total pending cases. Furthermore, by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of each graph, the user can view the relevant data categorized into Registered Cases, Unregistered Cases, Listed Matters and Under Scrutiny / Defective / Pending for Listing, as shown in the screenshot below:



6.2 Cases instituted and disposed in the last month

Instituted in last month		
3,469	1,792	5,261
Civil	Criminal	Total
Disposal in last month		
2,921	1,549	4,470
(84.2%)	(86.44%)	(84.96%)
Civil	Criminal	Total

The "At a Glance" tab also provides data on the number of cases instituted and disposed of in the last month. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot above, a total of 3,469 civil cases and 1,792 criminal cases were instituted, totaling 5,261 cases. During the same period, 2,921 civil cases (84.2% disposal rate) and 1,549 criminal cases (86.44% disposal rate) were disposed of, totaling 4,470 cases (84.96% disposal rate).

The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of such cases. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information, including Diary Numbers, Case Numbers, Dates of Filing, and Party Names, as shown below:

The screenshot displays a web interface titled "Cases Instituted in Last Month". It features a search bar, a "Show 10 entries" dropdown, and a "Copy Excel CSV PDF Print" button. The main content is a table with the following columns: Diary Number, Case Number, Date of Filing, and Party Name. The table lists 10 cases, with some marked as "Unregistered".

Diary Number	Case Number	Date of Filing	Party Name
55355/2024	Unregistered	08-12-2024	K. VENKATESAN Vs BABY GIRIJA
55127/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL) / 1435 / 2025	02-12-2024	INCOME TAX OFFICER WARD 10(2)(3) MUMBAI Vs SRICHAND MANDHYAN
57652/2024	Unregistered	09-12-2024	THE INCOME TAX OFFICER WARD-1 Vs SUNILBHAI DURLABHAJI BHAI AGHARA
55790/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL) / 31129 / 2024	04-12-2024	PADAM SINGH Vs THE STATE OF RAJASTHAN
55956/2024	Unregistered	05-12-2024	SURAJ SURESHWAR POCJARI Vs THE STATE OF MAHARASHTRA
57603/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CRIMINAL) / 375 / 2025	09-12-2024	LADLIE TANDON Vs STATE OF U.P.
58097/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CRIMINAL) / 17587 / 2024	11-12-2024	UTPAL GUPTA Vs STATE OF WEST BENGAL
58549/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL) / 32 / 2025	13-12-2024	MINI KOHLI Vs PARAMYIR SINGH KHALON
59119/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL) / 1106 / 2025	16-12-2024	MAJESTMA GANDHIJI GRAMA HITIYA MANDALI Vs THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
56174/2024	Unregistered	02-12-2024	RAJASTHAN STATE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND IN Vs UNIQUR MAIT PVT. LTD.

Showing 1 to 10 of 5,261 entries. Navigation buttons: First, Previous, Next, Last. A "Close" button is located at the bottom right.

6.3 Cases instituted and disposed in the current year

Instituted in current year		
2,285	973	3,258
Civil	Criminal	Total
Disposal in current year		
2,152 (94.18%)	1,145 (117.68%)	3,297 (101.2%)
Civil	Criminal	Total

The "At a Glance" tab also provides data on the number of cases instituted and disposed of in the last month. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot above, a total of 2,285 civil cases and 973 criminal cases were instituted, totaling 3,258 cases. Meanwhile, 2,152 civil cases (94.18% disposal rate) and 1,145 criminal cases (117.68% disposal rate) were disposed of, totaling 3,297 cases (101.2% disposal rate).

The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of such cases. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information, including Diary Numbers, Case Numbers, Dates of Filing, and Party Names, as shown below:

Diary Number	Case Number	Date of Disposal	Party Name
5739/2008	CIVIL APPEAL / 5853 / 2011	09-01-2025	THOMAS COOK (INDIA) LTD. Vs M/S BEACH ARK HOTELS PVT.LTD. .
29/2008	CIVIL APPEAL / 5854 / 2011	09-01-2025	BEACH ARK HOTELS LTD. Vs THOMAS COOK (INDIA) LTD.
30948/2008	SUO MOTO CONTEMPT PETITION(CIVIL) / 228 / 2008	15-01-2025	IN RE: Vs KISHOR B. PARIKH
28451/2008	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL) / 714 / 2009	07-01-2025	JOGINDER RAM Vs FOOD CORPOF INDIA
15864/2009	CIVIL APPEAL / 1919 / 2016	02-01-2025	REVENUE DIVISIONAL OFFICER CHEVELLA DIVISION Vs MOHD.SYEED ATHER .
19121/2009	CIVIL APPEAL / 7198 / 2009	02-01-2025	LILIAN COELHO Vs MYRA PHILOMENA COALHO
14065/2009	CIVIL APPEAL / 6157 / 2013	06-01-2025	MAHANT SURENDRA NATH Vs UNION OF INDIA
17513/2009	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) / 266 / 2009	15-01-2025	RAVI KANT Vs THE STATE OF UTTAR PRADESH
9622/2010	CRIMINAL APPEAL / 116 / 2011	09-01-2025	GOVERDHAN Vs THE STATE OF CHHATTISGARH
36522/2010	CIVIL APPEAL / 7584 / 2011	16-01-2025	P.H.SAFIYA Vs C.M.FATHIMA BI

6.4 Coram wise pending cases

Coram wise pending cases *						
	Civil		Criminal		Total	
3 Judges	136	[1007]	48	[144]	184	[1151]
5 Judges	20	[252]	3	[7]	23	[259]
7 Judges	4	[27]	1	[8]	5	[35]

Coram wise pending cases *						
	Civil		Criminal		Total	
9 Judges	3	[69]	0	[0]	3	[69]
11 Judges	0	[0]	0	[0]	0	[0]
More than 11 Judges	0	[0]	0	[0]	0	[0]

*Figures shown in the bracket includes main and connected matters

The "At a Glance" tab also offers insights into cases pending according to the composition of judges (coram) as shown above. It categorizes them into various groups as 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, or more than 11 judges. It compiles the cases by the main matters and connected matters. *For example*, the above table shows that a total of 3 (main matters) are pending in the Supreme Court of the 9 Judges Bench.

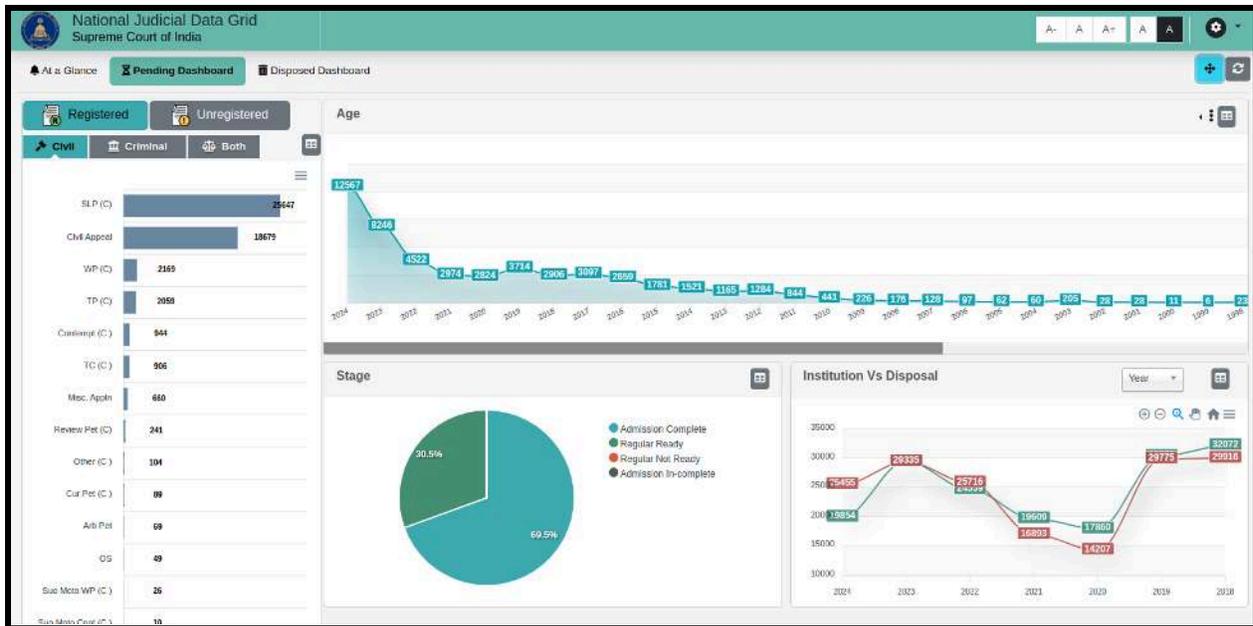
Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Diary Numbers, Case Numbers, Date of Filing and Party Name as shown in the screenshot below:

Diary Number	Case Number	Date of Filing	Party Name
10865 / 2000	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) / 546 / 2000	10-07-2000	IN RE ARTICLE 334 OF THE CONSTITUTION Vs ...
1543 / 2016	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) / 36 / 2016	12-01-2016	V. VASANTHAKUMAR Vs H.C. BHATIA AND ORS. MINISTRY OF LAW AND JU
16155 / 2022	//	19-05-2022	CHEBROLU LEELA PRASAD RAO Vs SOMESH KUMAR
21589 / 2005	CRIMINAL APPEAL / 375 / 2006	30-09-2005	UNION OF INDIA . Vs PREETI AGGARWAL
22311 / 2016	CRIMINAL APPEAL / 1003 / 2017	05-07-2016	PYARE LAL Vs STATE OF HARYANA
23064 / 2018	CIVIL APPEAL / 9228 / 2022	26-06-2018	HARIHARAN Vs HARSH VARDHAN SINGH RAO
25700 / 2023	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) / 678 / 2023	01-07-2023	GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF D Vs UNION OF INDIA
25917 / 2023	// 0	03-07-2023	ANJALI SHARMA Vs UNION OF INDIA
27156 / 2016	WRIT PETITION(CRIMINAL) / 113 / 2016	12-08-2016	KAUSHAL KISHOR Vs THE STATE OF UTTAR PRADESH GOVT. OF U.P. HOME
28033 / 2005	CIVIL APPEAL / 7513 / 2005	14-12-2005	STATE OF A.P. Vs B. ARCHANA REDDY .

Showing 1 to 10 of 23 entries

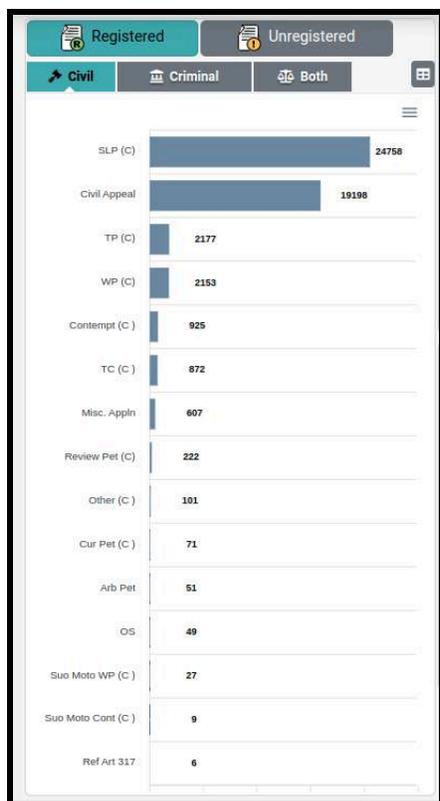
Previous 1 2 3 Next

7. Pending Dashboard



The “**Pending Dashboard**” shows the different types of cases still pending in the Supreme Court of India. This includes cases like Special Leave Petitions (SLP), Writ Petitions (WP), Transfer Petitions (TP), Appeals, Contempt cases, Review Petitions and Curative Petitions, both civil and criminal. The data is displayed through various charts, such as an age-wise graph, a pie chart for stages of pendency and a comparison of case institutions versus disposals.

7.1 Type of Cases



On the left side of the dashboard, there is a panel that categorizes cases into "Registered" and "Unregistered". It further divides them into Civil, Criminal and Both. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, 19198 Registered Civil Appeals are pending in the Supreme Court.

Civil Cases	SLP (C), Civil Appeal, TP (C), WP (C), Contempt (C), TC (C), Misc. Appln, Review Pet, Other (C), Cur Pet (C), Arb Pet, OS, Sua Moto WP (C), Sua Moto Cont (C) and Ref Art 317
Criminal Cases	SLP (Crl), Cr. Appeal, WP (Crl), TP (Crl), Review Pet (Crl), Contempt (Crl), Cur Pet (Crl), Sua Moto WP (Crl), TC (Crl), Other (Crl), Sua Moto Cont (Crl), and Other (C)

7.1.1 Tabular Format of Pending Civil/Criminal Cases

Particulars	Total
Arb Pet	51
Civil Appeal	19198
Contempt (C)	925
Cur Pet (C)	71
Misc. Appln	607
OS	49
Other (C)	101
Ref Art 317	6
Review Pet (C)	222
SLP (C)	24758
Total:	51226

Showing 1 to 10 of 15 entries

Previous **1** 2 Next

In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Panel , the user can view the 'type of cases bar chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot. Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number, and Party Name as shown below:

Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	25934/2017	CIVIL APPEAL/1487/2019	SH. VISHWA NATH GUPTA Vs PRINCIPAL COMMISSIONER OF INCOME TAX CENTRAL
2	8426/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/2810/2022	THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD. Vs M/S TOBACCO ENTERPRISES OF INDIA
3	38560/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/5575/2023	M/S IREO GRACE REALTECH PVT. LTD. Vs HARIJINDER SINGH KOHLI
4	21274/2015	CIVIL APPEAL/5064/2015	MUK PERTIN Vs LOMBO TAYENG
5	6704/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/2390/2022	NTPC LIMITED Vs CENTRAL ELECTRICITY REGULATORY COMMISSION
6	33634/2011	CIVIL APPEAL/9783/2024	D.RAMCHANDRA REDDY(D) BY LRS. Vs WOMEN'S COOP HNG.STY..
7	43466/2024	CIVIL APPEAL/10962/2024	DELHI BAR ASSOCIATION Vs P.K. DASH
8	7404/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/7093/2023	MHAMMAD KHAYYUM RUKMODDIN PATEL SINCE DECEASE Vs MHARASHTRA STATE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPO
9	2061/2012	CIVIL APPEAL/3330/2012	PUNNU RAM Vs LATURIA RAM DEAD TH. LRS
10	20103/2012	CIVIL APPEAL/7432/2012	DLF HOME DEVELOPERS LIMITED Vs BHARAT COKING COAL LTD.

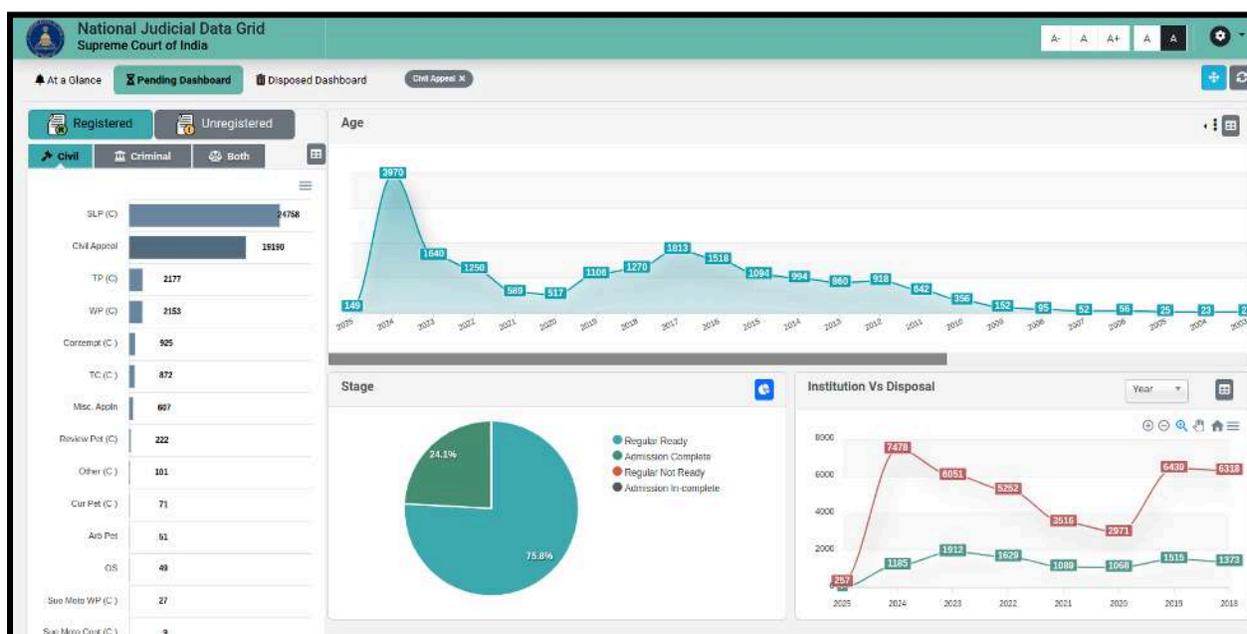
Showing 1 to 10 of 19,198 entries

First Previous Next Last

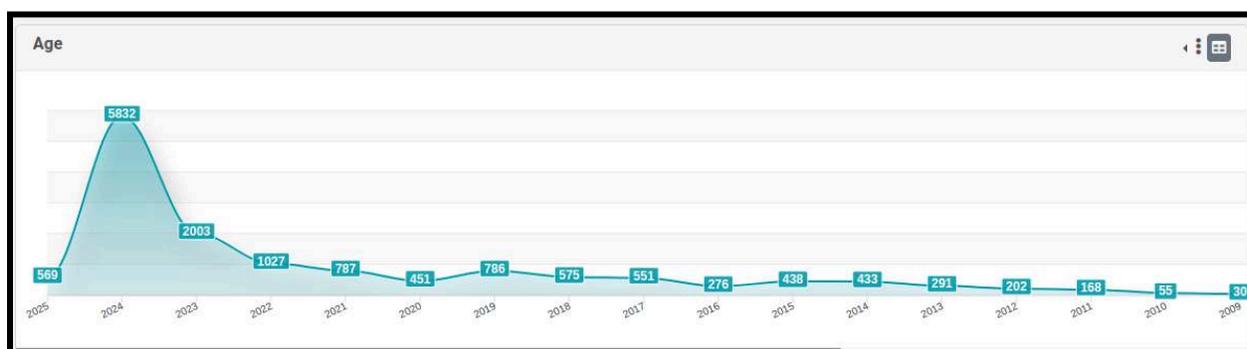
Close

7.1.2 Drill Down of Single Category of Pending Cases

Furthermore, the user can click on any case category displayed in the left panel. The NJDG-SC will then display only the pending data for the selected case type. *For example*, if a user select '*civil appeal*' as the case type from the menu, the Pending Dashboard will be filtered to show only information pertaining to '*civil appeal*', as illustrated below:



7.2 Age Wise Graphical Representation

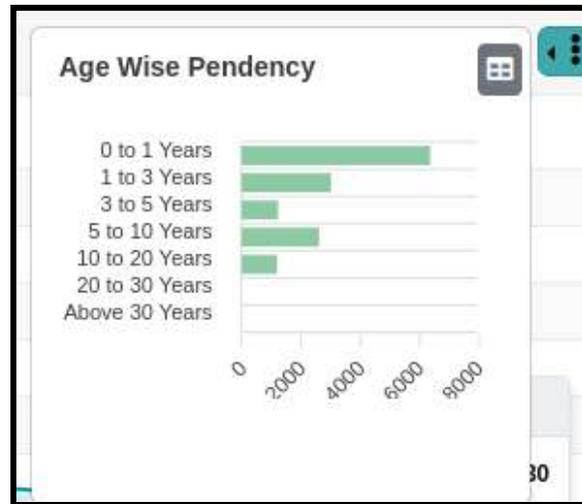


Under NJDG, the '*age wise graph*' shows how many cases are pending from each year. The user can click on a specific year to get details. *For example*, as shown in the

screenshot herein, there are 291 pending cases from the year 2013. The user can find similar data for other years as well, and the information is regularly updated.

7.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Pendency

And by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'age wise graph' in 'bar chart' form as shown in the screenshot below:

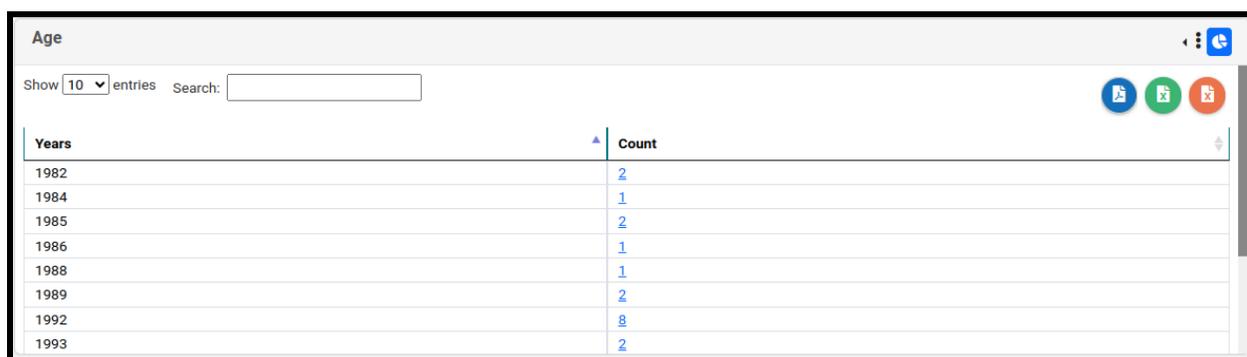


Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Age Wise Pendency Bar Chart, the user can view the 'bar chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:

Years	Count
0 to 1 Years	13406
1 to 3 Years	10685
10 to 20 Years	7819
20 to 30 Years	457
3 to 5 Years	5113
5 to 10 Years	12557
Above 30 Years	23
Total:	50060

7.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendency

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Chart, the user can view the 'Age Wise Graph' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The screenshot shows a table titled 'Age' with two columns: 'Years' and 'Count'. The 'Count' values are hyperlinks. The table data is as follows:

Years	Count
1982	2
1984	1
1985	2
1986	1
1988	1
1989	2
1992	8
1993	2

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:



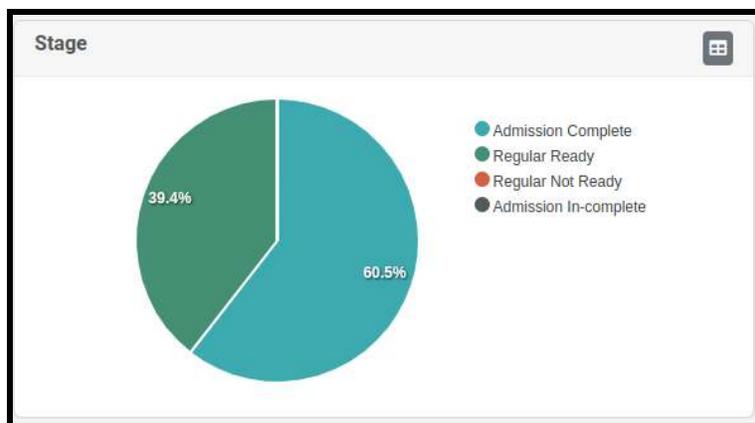
The screenshot shows a table titled 'Case List' with four columns: 'Sr. No.', 'Diary Number', 'Case Number', and 'Party Name'. The table data is as follows:

Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	61898/1982	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/7672/1982	HANS RAJ SHARMA. Vs STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR .
2	61899/1982	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/7673/1982	ABDUL KARIM BANDAY. Vs UNION OF INDIA

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries

First Previous Next Last

7.3 Stage Wise Pendency Through Pie chart



The pie chart breaks down the pending cases by the stage they are at. It divides them into four stages: *Admission Complete*, *Regular and Ready*, *Admission Incomplete* and *Regular Not Ready*. The user can select a stage to see the percentage of cases pending at that particular stage. For example, as shown in the screenshot herein, 60.5% of the total cases are Admission Complete.

7.3.1 Tabular Format of Stage Wise Pendency

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Pie Chart , the user can view the 'Stage Pie Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:

Stage	Count
Admission Complete	34476
Admission In-complete	18
Regular Not Ready	12
Regular Ready	16720
Total:	51226

Showing 1 to 4 of 4 entries

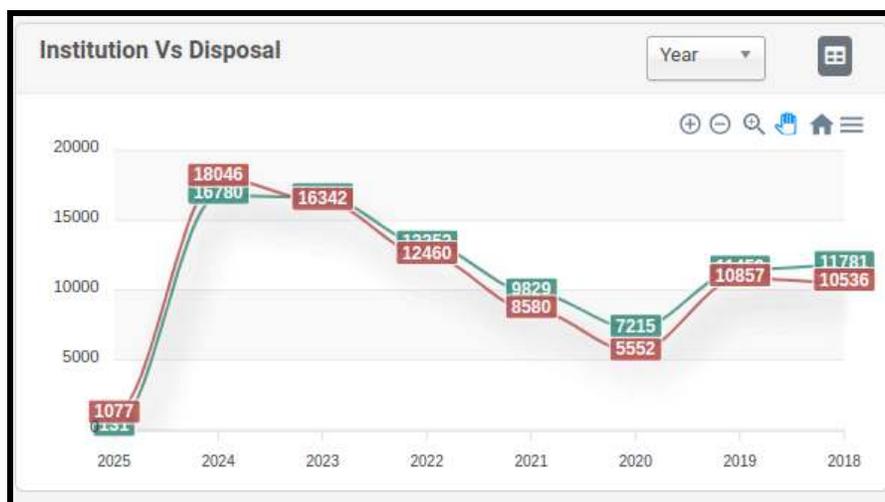
Previous 1 Next

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive

information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:

Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	42296/2024	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/22271/2024	BHAGUBHAI VITTHALBHAI PATEL Vs SHANTABEN
2	8426/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/2810/2022	THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD. Vs M/S TOBACCO ENTERPRISES OF INDIA
3	18306/2022	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/11616/2022	MAYA GAUTAM Vs THE STATE OF UTTAR PRADESH
4	40511/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/2603/2024	E. ALEMELAMMA Vs PIDATHALA MADHAVA RAO
5	37037/2019	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/26695/2019	M.S. SANJAY Vs INDIAN BANK
6	41792/2024	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/635/2024	MOTIBUL DALAL Vs THE STATE OF WEST BENGAL
7	41152/2022	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/24170/2022	UNION OF INDIA Vs S. MANOJ IMMANUEL
8	39284/2013	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/22/2014	MIZO CHIEF COUNCIL MIZORAM THR. PRESIDENT SHR Vs UNION OF INDIA
9	33157/2022	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/930/2023	THE PR. COMMISSIONER OF INCOME TAX(CENTRAL) Vs M/S DELHI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT PVT. LTD.
10	39870/2019	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/27890/2019	THE SUB COLLECTOR/ REVENUE DIVISIONAL OFFICER Vs B PRADEEPA

7.4 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart



The Institutional Vs Disposal Chart is a useful tool that compares the number of cases instituted with the number of cases disposed of each year. The green line represents instituted cases, while the red line shows cases that have been disposed. This helps users understand the efficiency and then the workload handled in disposing the cases, keeping

pace with the inflow of cases coming through the institution. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, in 2024, there were 18,046 disposed of and 16,780 were instituted.

7.4.1 Particular Year - Monthwise Institutional Vs Disposal Data

The Institutional Vs Disposal Chart also has a feature to view the data of a particular year. The user can select a year from the drop-down menu available in the top right corner of the chart.

 And after selecting a particular year, the data will be shown month-wise as shown below:



7.4.2 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Table

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Chart, the user can view the ‘*Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart*’ in ‘table’ form as shown in the screenshot below:

Institution Vs Disposal		
Years	Institution	Disposal
2018	32101	29914
2019	30325	29776
2020	17885	14204
2021	19650	16893
2022	24686	25712
2023	29707	29327
2024	28642	33670
2025	229	1839

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:

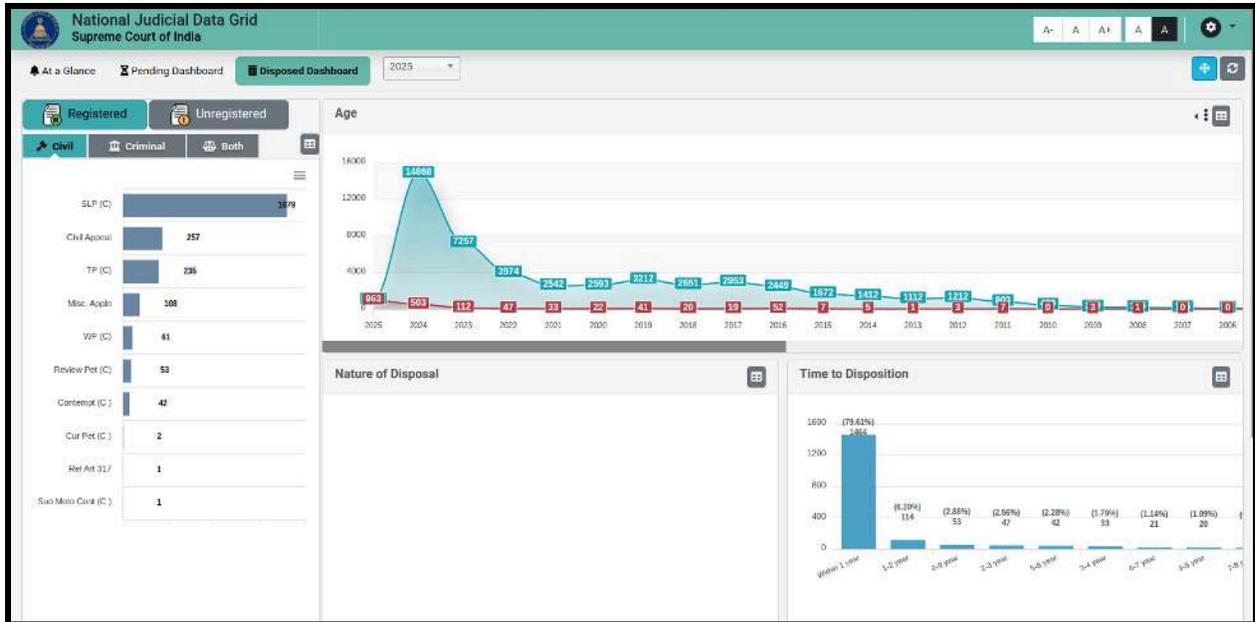
Case List			
Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	44255/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/7317/2019	REENA KUMARI Vs PRAVEER KUMAR
2	45934/2018	CIVIL APPEAL/6128/2019	COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS (IMPORT I) MUMBAI Vs L AND T SAPURA SHIPPING PVT. LTD.
3	22373/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/19451/2018	PRINCIPAL COMMISSIONER OF INCOME TAX CENTRAL Vs JIS FOUNDATION
4	47230/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/3846/2019	NAGAR NIGAM LUCKNOW Vs PREM KUMAR (DEAD) THR. LR.
5	19689/2018	CONTEMPT PETITION (CIVIL)/1641/2018	JHUNI MALLICK Vs EASTERN COALFIELDS LIMITED
6	8799/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/10456/2018	COMMISSIONER OF CENTRAL EXCISE NO. 1 TIRUCHIR Vs M/S DALMIA CEMENT (BHARAT) LTD.
7	38989/2018	CIVIL APPEAL/1780/2019	COMMISSIONER OF CENTRAL GOODS AND SERVICE TAX Vs SHREE CEMENT LIMITED THROUGH DIRECTOR
8	23679/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/16745/2018	VIRAG TIWARI Vs THE PR. COMMISSIONER OF INCOME TAX 21
9	37885/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/32194/2018	PR. COMMISSIONER OF INCOME 6 Vs MARUTI SUZUKI LIMITED
10	30464/2018	SPECIAL LEAVE PETITION (CIVIL)/23159/2018	SURENDER Vs MAAN SINGH

Showing 1 to 10 of 32,101 entries

First Previous Next Last

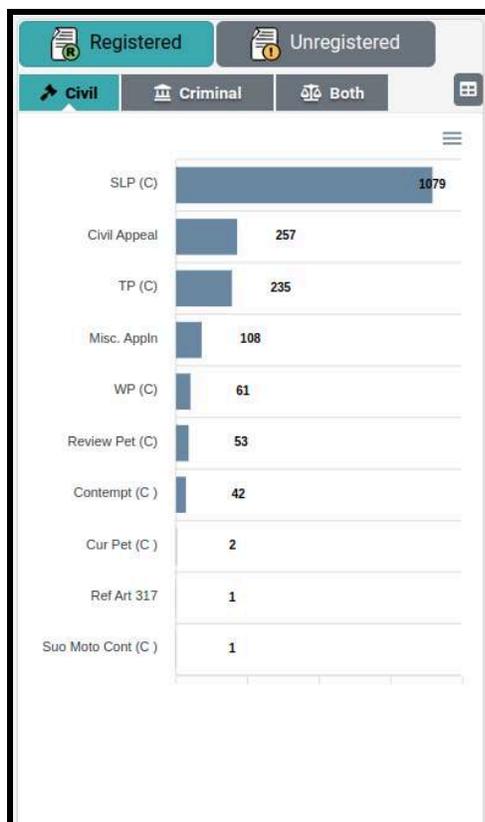
Close

8. Disposed Dashboard



The “**Disposed Dashboard**” provides data related to cases that are disposed of by the Supreme Court of India. The information is displayed through graphs and charts, offering insights into the types of cases, such as civil, criminal, or unregistered ones.

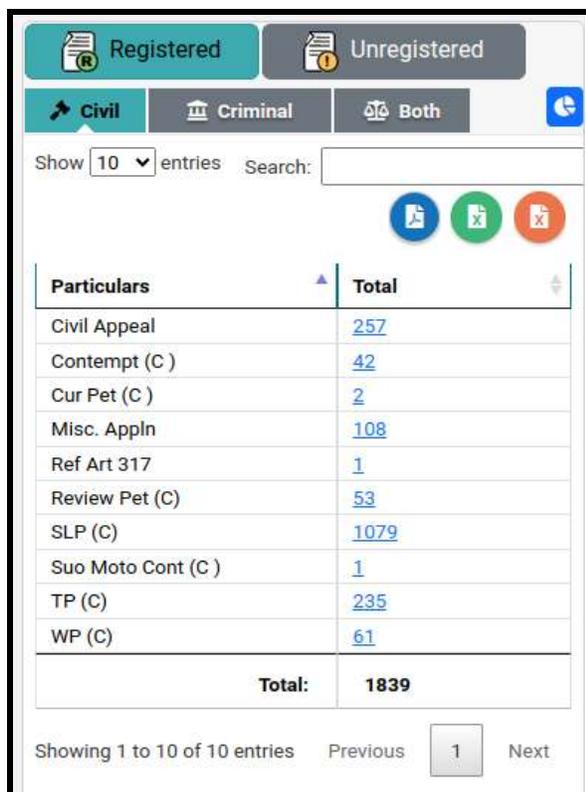
8.1 Type of Cases



On the left side of the dashboard, there is a panel that categorizes cases into "Registered" and "Unregistered". It further divides them into Civil, Criminal and Both. *For example*, as shown in screenshot herein, as shown in screenshot herein, 1079 Registered SLP (C) are disposed of in the Supreme Court in 2025.

Civil Cases	SLP (C), Civil Appeal, TP (C), Misc. Appln, WP (C), Review Pet (C), Contempt (C), Cur Pet (C), Ref Art 317, and Suo Moto Cont (C)
Criminal Cases	SLP (Crl), Cr. Appeal, TP (Crl), Review Pet (Crl), WP (Crl), Cur Pet (Crl), Other (Crl), Suo Moto Cont (Crl)

8.1.1 Tabular Format of Disposed Cases



Registered Unregistered

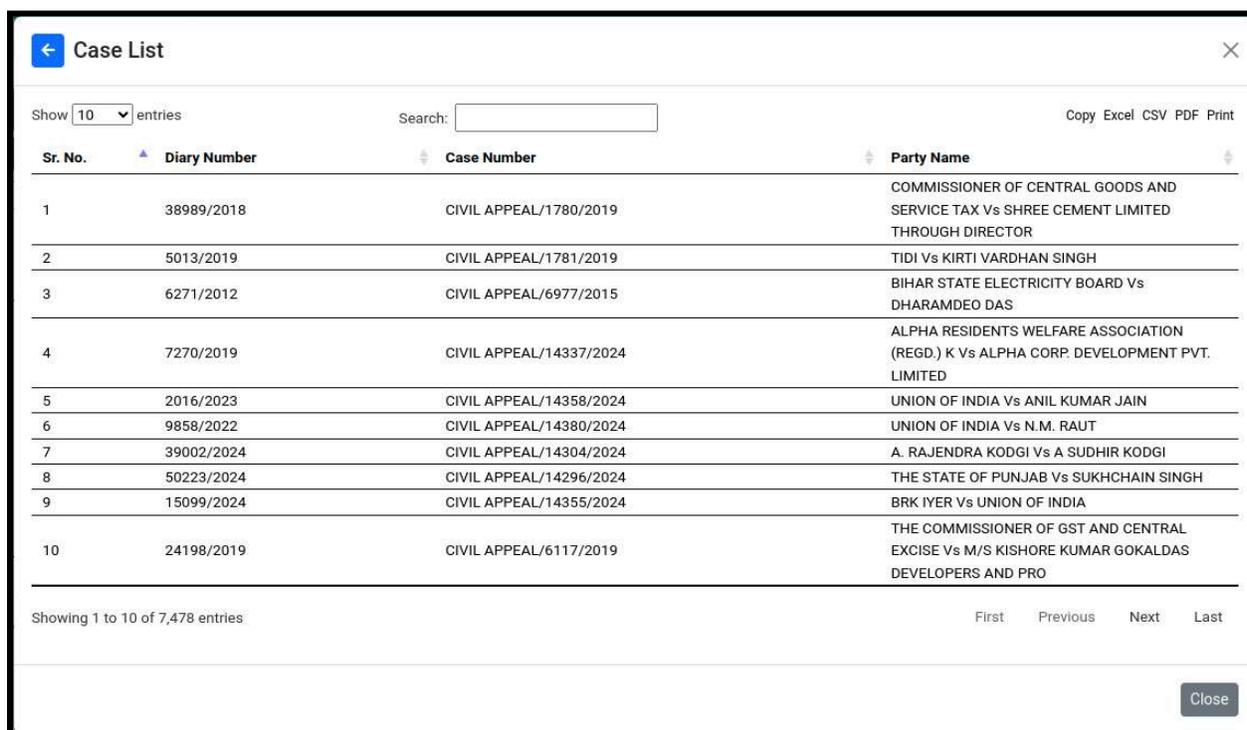
Civil Criminal Both

Show 10 entries Search:

Particulars	Total
Civil Appeal	257
Contempt (C)	42
Cur Pet (C)	2
Misc. Appln	108
Ref Art 317	1
Review Pet (C)	53
SLP (C)	1079
Suo Moto Cont (C)	1
TP (C)	235
WP (C)	61
Total:	1839

Showing 1 to 10 of 10 entries Previous 1 Next

In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Panel , the user can view the 'type of cases bar chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot. Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:



Case List

Show 10 entries Search: Copy Excel CSV PDF Print

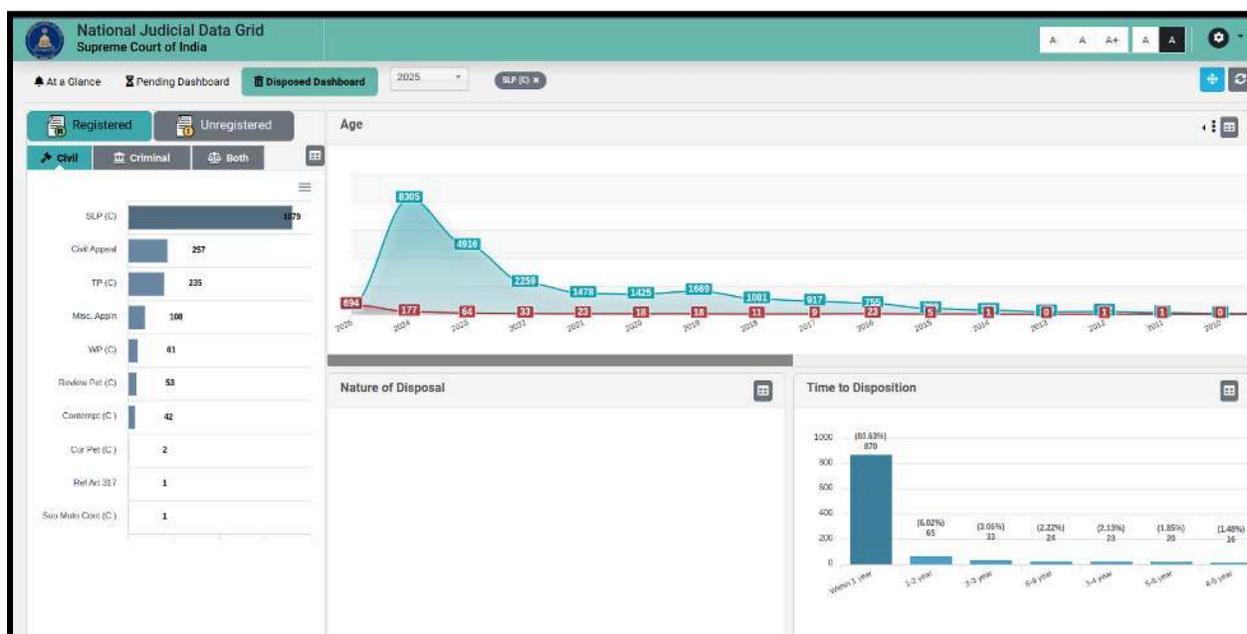
Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	38989/2018	CIVIL APPEAL/1780/2019	COMMISSIONER OF CENTRAL GOODS AND SERVICE TAX Vs SHREE CEMENT LIMITED THROUGH DIRECTOR
2	5013/2019	CIVIL APPEAL/1781/2019	TIDI Vs KIRTI VARDHAN SINGH
3	6271/2012	CIVIL APPEAL/6977/2015	BIHAR STATE ELECTRICITY BOARD Vs DHARAMDEO DAS
4	7270/2019	CIVIL APPEAL/14337/2024	ALPHA RESIDENTS WELFARE ASSOCIATION (REGD.) K Vs ALPHA CORP. DEVELOPMENT PVT. LIMITED
5	2016/2023	CIVIL APPEAL/14358/2024	UNION OF INDIA Vs ANIL KUMAR JAIN
6	9858/2022	CIVIL APPEAL/14380/2024	UNION OF INDIA Vs N.M. RAUT
7	39002/2024	CIVIL APPEAL/14304/2024	A. RAJENDRA KODGI Vs A SUDHIR KODGI
8	50223/2024	CIVIL APPEAL/14296/2024	THE STATE OF PUNJAB Vs SUKHCHAIN SINGH
9	15099/2024	CIVIL APPEAL/14355/2024	BRK IYER Vs UNION OF INDIA
10	24198/2019	CIVIL APPEAL/6117/2019	THE COMMISSIONER OF GST AND CENTRAL EXCISE Vs M/S KISHORE KUMAR GOKALDAS DEVELOPERS AND PRO

Showing 1 to 10 of 7,478 entries First Previous Next Last

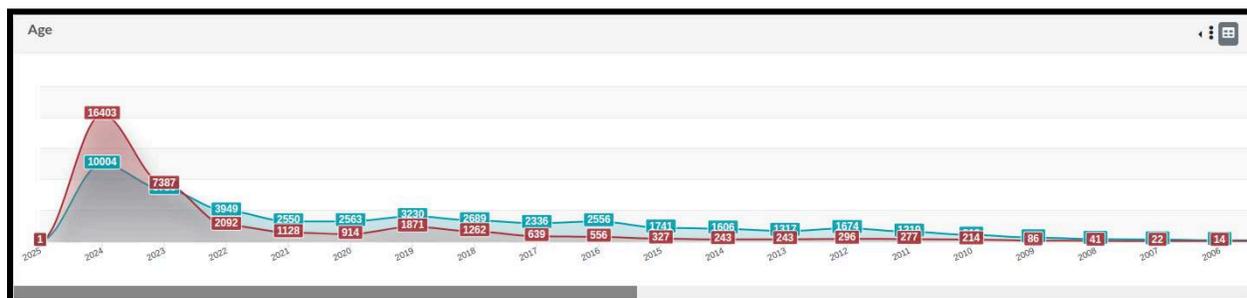
Close

8.1.2 Drill Down of Single Category of Disposed Cases

Furthermore, the user can click on any case category displayed in the left panel. The NJDG-SC will then display only the disposed data for the selected case type. *For example*, if a user select '*SLP (C)*' as the case type from the menu, the Disposed Dashboard will be filtered to show only information pertaining to '*SLP (C)*', as illustrated below:



8.2 Age Wise Disposed Cases Graph

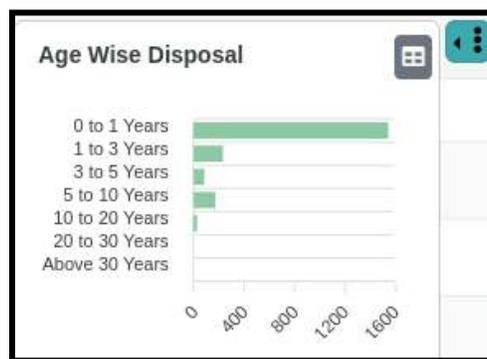


The '*Age-Wise Disposed of Cases Graph*' provides information regarding the pending cases and the number of cases disposed of in a particular year. The blue line represents the pending cases, while the red line shows cases that have been disposed of. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, there are 10,004 cases pending of 2024 and

16,403 cases were disposed of year 2024 in the selected year from the drop down menu (2024). The user can find similar data for other years as well, and the information is regularly updated.

8.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Disposal

Furthermore, by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the ‘age-wise disposed graph’ in ‘bar chart’ form as shown in the screenshot below:

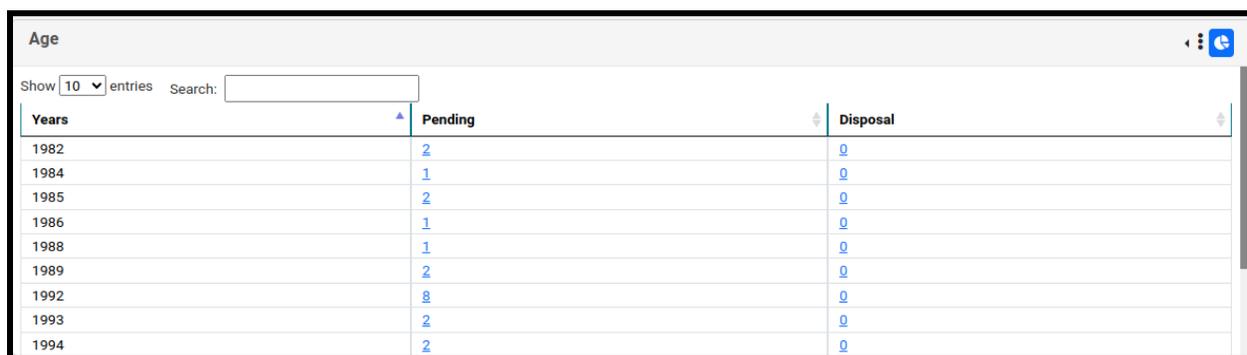


Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Age Wise Disposal Bar Chart, the user can view the ‘bar chart’ in ‘table’ form as shown in the screenshot below:

Years	Count
0 to 1 Years	9614
1 to 3 Years	2462
10 to 20 Years	352
20 to 30 Years	2
3 to 5 Years	871
5 to 10 Years	1773
Above 30 Years	0
Total:	15074

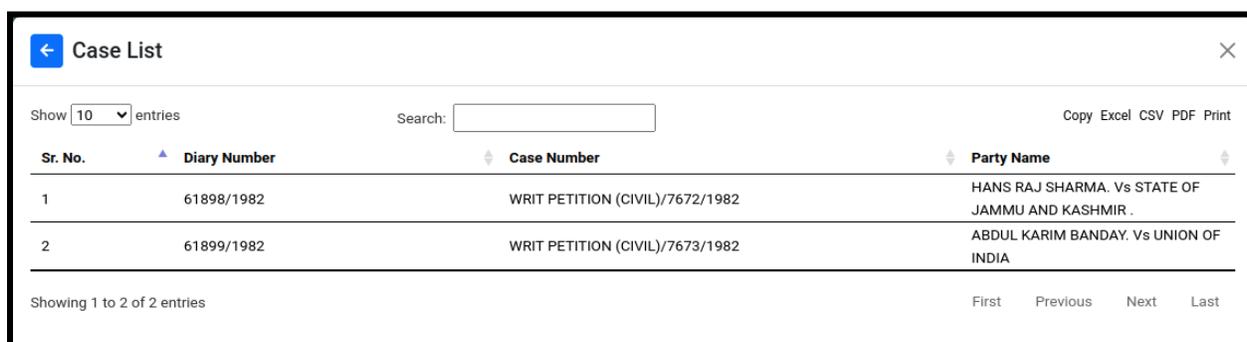
8.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendency

In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'age-wise disposed graph' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



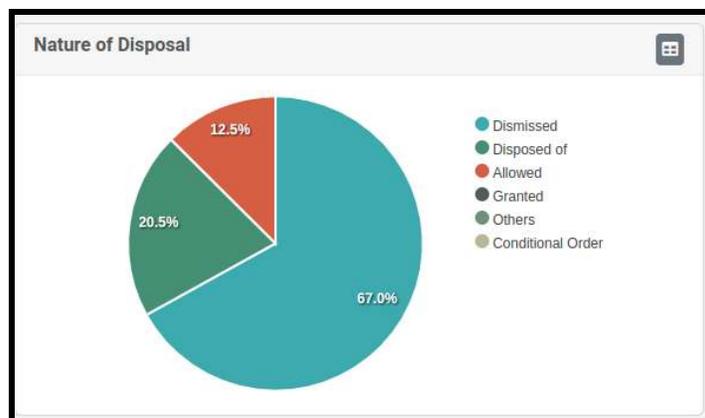
Years	Pending	Disposal
1982	2	0
1984	1	0
1985	2	0
1986	1	0
1988	1	0
1989	2	0
1992	8	0
1993	2	0
1994	2	0

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:



Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	61898/1982	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/7672/1982	HANS RAJ SHARMA. Vs STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR.
2	61899/1982	WRIT PETITION (CIVIL)/7673/1982	ABDUL KARIM BANDAY. Vs UNION OF INDIA

8.3 Nature of Disposal Pie Chart



This ‘**Nature of Disposal**’ pie chart provides information regarding the nature of disposed of cases. It divides the nature of disposal into six categories: *Dismissed*, *Disposed of*, *Allowed*, *Granted*, *Others* and *Conditional Order*. The user can gain insights on how the cases are getting disposed of by the Supreme Court of India, as shown in the screenshot above 67.0% of cases are dismissed, 20.5% of cases are disposed of on merits, and 12.5% of the cases are allowed.

8.3.1 Tabular Format of Stage Wise Pendancy

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Pie

Chart Dashboard , the user can view the ‘*Nature of Disposal Pie Chart*’ in ‘*table*’ form as shown in the screenshot below:

Nature of Disposal	
Disposal Types	Count
Allowed	2467
Conditional Order	1
Dismissed	13250
Disposed of	4059
Granted	5
Others	3
Total:	19785

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:

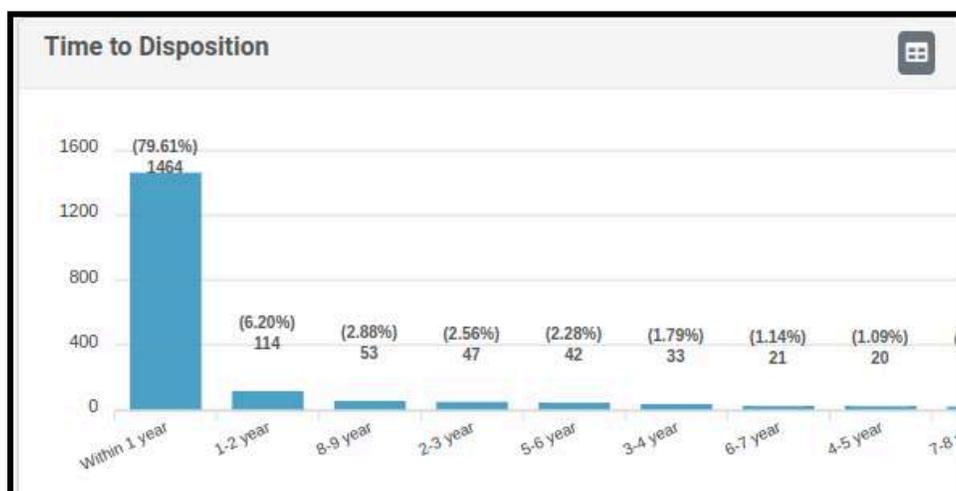
← Case List
×

Show 10 entries Search By ▼ Search: Copy Excel CSV PDF Print

Sr. No.	Diary Number	Case Number	Party Name
1	173/2021	CIVIL APPEAL/411/2021	JAMSHID KERSI DALAL Vs UNION OF INDIA
2	1001/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/210/2024	PARUL Vs AJAY RATHEE @ AJAY KUMAR RATHEE
3	22912/2023	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/1647/2023	PULIMI LAKSHMI PRASANNA Vs PULIMI HARIKRISHNA REDDY
4	2068/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/149/2024	AKANSHA AJAY PRAKASH Vs DEEPAK VERMA
5	2511/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/234/2024	SANTOSH Vs NITISH ADHANA
6	2685/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/434/2024	PAYEL KUMARI (CHAKRABORTY) Vs SRIKANTA CHAKRABORTY
7	2672/2010	CIVIL APPEAL/3564/2017	M/S B.K.MOZIKA Vs OIL AND NATURAL GAS CORPORATION LTD.
8	3006/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/818/2024	MERLIN SUNDER Vs PAVIN S SAMUEL
9	3242/2024	TRANSFER PETITION (CIVIL)/195/2024	ANJALI Vs MANOJ
10	6521/2019	CIVIL APPEAL/6078/2022	THE STATE OF HARYANA Vs PARMANAND (DEAD)

Showing 1 to 10 of 2,467 entries First Previous Next Last

8.4 Time Taken in Disposition Bar Chart

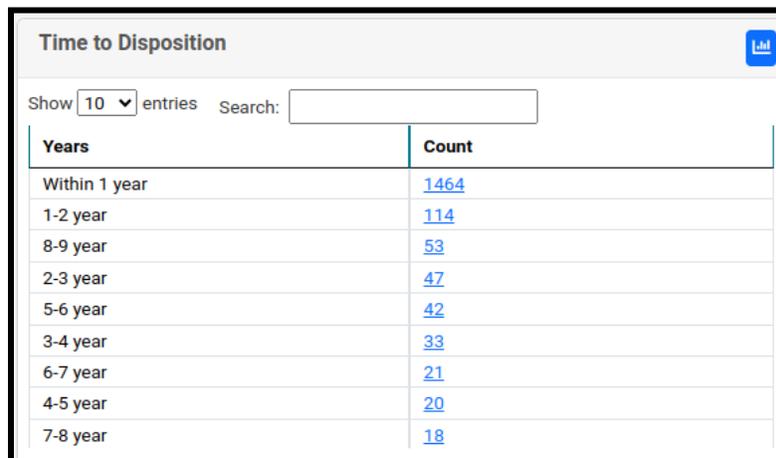


The ‘**Time to Disposition**’ bar chart shows the accurate data on time taken in the disposition of cases by the Supreme Court of India, The bar on the x-axis is divided on the basis of the time in which cases are disposed such as within a year or 1-2 year or 3-5 year or 5-6 year and on as shown in the screenshot above. *For example*, as per the graph

in the screenshot above, 1,464 (79.61%) cases are disposed of within a year from their institution.

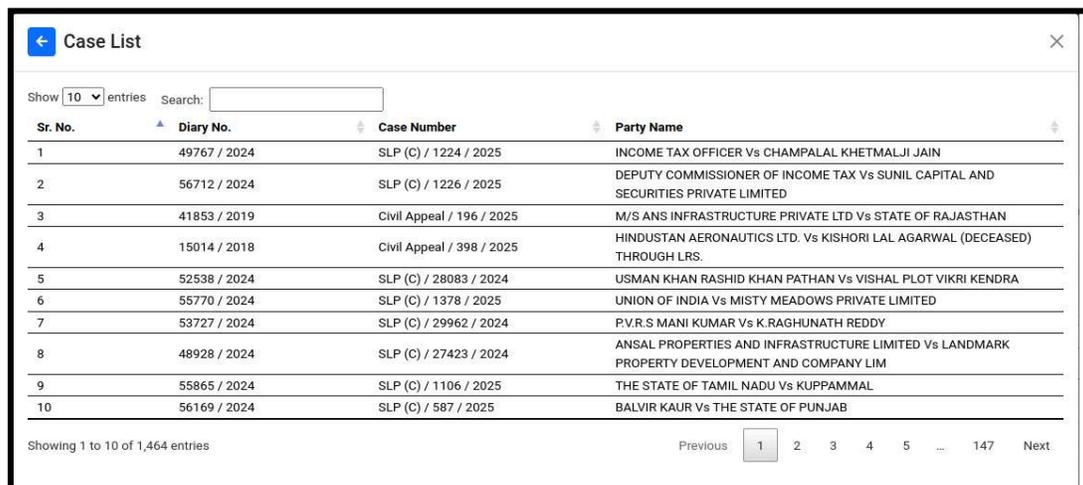
8.4.1 Tabular Format of Time to Disposition Bar Chart

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Bar Chart Dashboard, the user can view the 'Time to Disposition Bar Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



Years	Count
Within 1 year	1464
1-2 year	114
8-9 year	53
2-3 year	47
5-6 year	42
3-4 year	33
6-7 year	21
4-5 year	20
7-8 year	18

Notably, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., Diary Number, Case Number and Party Name as shown below:



Sr. No.	Diary No.	Case Number	Party Name
1	49767 / 2024	SLP (C) / 1224 / 2025	INCOME TAX OFFICER Vs CHAMPALAL KHETMALJI JAIN
2	56712 / 2024	SLP (C) / 1226 / 2025	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF INCOME TAX Vs SUNIL CAPITAL AND SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED
3	41853 / 2019	Civil Appeal / 196 / 2025	M/S ANS INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LTD Vs STATE OF RAJASTHAN
4	15014 / 2018	Civil Appeal / 398 / 2025	HINDUSTAN AERONAUTICS LTD. Vs KISHORI LAL AGARWAL (DECEASED) THROUGH LRS.
5	52538 / 2024	SLP (C) / 28083 / 2024	USMAN KHAN RASHID KHAN PATHAN Vs VISHAL PLOT VIKRI KENDRA
6	55770 / 2024	SLP (C) / 1378 / 2025	UNION OF INDIA Vs MISTY MEADOWS PRIVATE LIMITED
7	53727 / 2024	SLP (C) / 29962 / 2024	P.V.R.S MANI KUMAR Vs K.RAGHUNATH REDDY
8	48928 / 2024	SLP (C) / 27423 / 2024	ANSAL PROPERTIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Vs LANDMARK PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND COMPANY LIM
9	55865 / 2024	SLP (C) / 1106 / 2025	THE STATE OF TAMIL NADU Vs KUPPAMMAL
10	56169 / 2024	SLP (C) / 587 / 2025	BALVIR KAUR Vs THE STATE OF PUNJAB

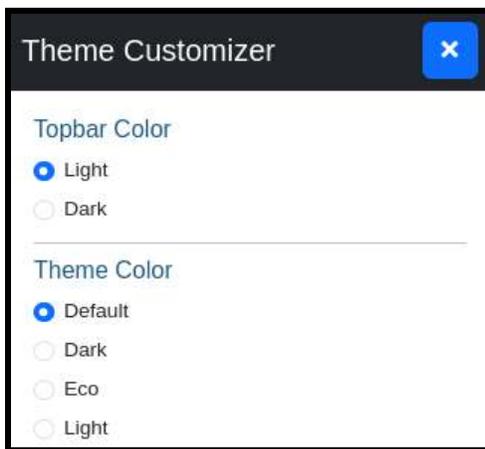
Showing 1 to 10 of 1,464 entries

Previous [1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) ... [147](#) Next

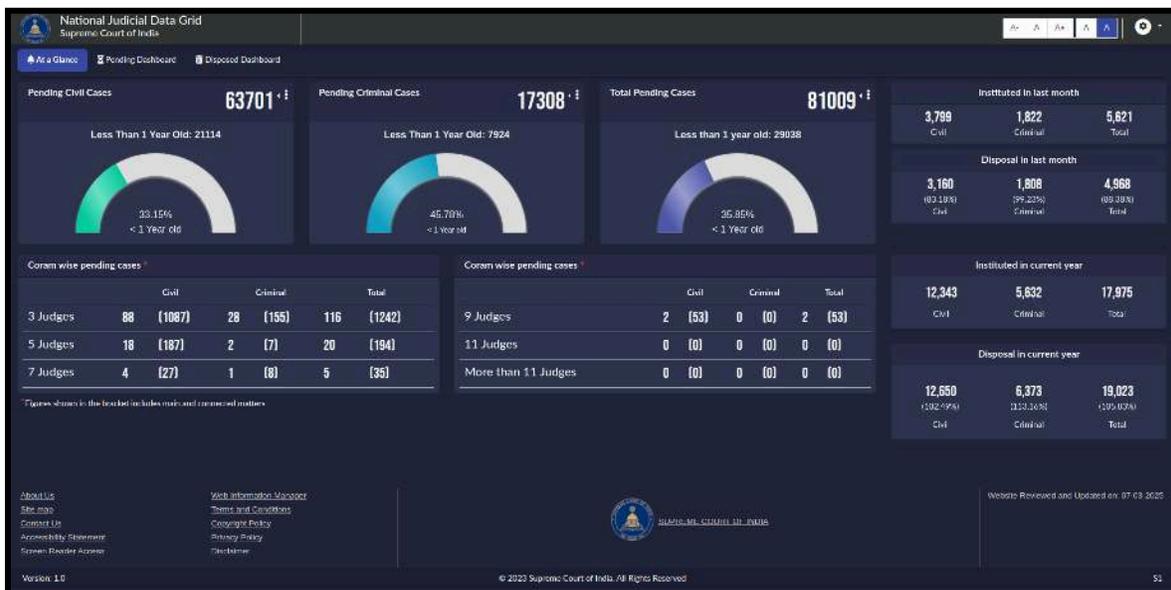
9. Settings



The user can change the settings on the website by clicking on the cogwheel icon on the top right of the screen. 



In the settings, the user can switch between dark or light themes for the top bar, which will enable the person with visual disabilities to read better and comfortably.. The user can also choose between dark, eco, or light color themes for the website, as per their choice, as shown in the screenshot herein. This is truly an inclusive digitally accessible feature.

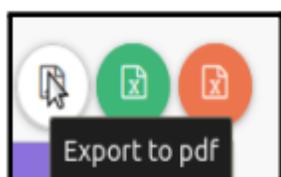


10. NJDG Report Format



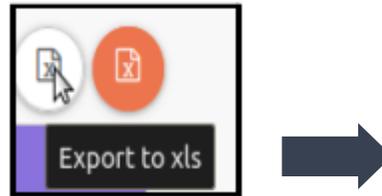
The reports under NJDG can be generated in three formats. All the reports can be generated as PDF, Excel and CSV. The availability of these three types helps the stakeholders to generate the report in editable formats and non-editable formats. The editable formats under .xls and .csv will help to consolidate information according to the needs of a user. The screenshots of the three formats are appended herewith for ready reference.

11.1. Export to .pdf



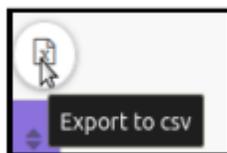
Years	Institution	Disposal
2018	32101	29914
2019	30325	29776
2020	17885	14204
2021	19650	16893
2022	24686	25712
2023	29707	29327
2024	28642	33670
2025	229	1839

11.2. Export to .xls



	A	B	C	D
1	Report			
2	Years	Institution	Disposal	
3	2018	32101	29914	
4	2019	30325	29776	
5	2020	17885	14204	
6	2021	19650	16893	
7	2022	24686	25712	
8	2023	29707	29327	
9	2024	28642	33670	
10	2025	229	1839	
11				

11.3. Export to .csv



	A	B	C	D
1	Years	Institution	Disposal	
2	2018	32101	29914	
3	2019	30325	29776	
4	2020	17885	14204	
5	2021	19650	16893	
6	2022	24686	25712	
7	2023	29707	29327	
8	2024	28642	33670	
9	2025	229	1839	
10				

11. Benefits of the NJDG-SC

The Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC) represents a significant advancement in judicial transparency and efficiency within India. The NJDG-SC portal serves not just the judiciary but a wide array of users as a comprehensive and a real-time repository of case information, orders, and judgments from the Supreme Court.

11.1 For Judges

1. **Manage Workload:** Judges can easily see how many cases they have. This helps them keep track of their work.
2. **Decide Which Cases to Hear First:** The system provides data that helps judges decide which cases need attention sooner.
3. **Understand Pending Cases:** Judges get clear details about cases waiting to be heard. They can see if cases are civil or criminal, how old they are (like less than a year old, or from a specific year like 2013) and what stage they are at (like whether the first steps are complete or not).
4. **See How Work is Spread Out:** Judges can see which cases are being handled by different numbers of judges (like benches of 3, 5, 7, or more judges). They can also see the difference between main cases and related side cases.
5. **Check Court Performance:** Judges can compare how many new cases are coming in versus how many are being finished each month or year. This shows how efficiently the court is working.
6. **Learn About Finished Cases:** Judges can see how cases were finished (like dismissed or allowed) and how long it took to finish them.
7. **Plan Better:** NJDG-SC helps judges plan how to reduce the backlog of cases and manage the court more effectively.

-
8. ***Make Decisions Using Facts:*** The system provides solid data that can help judges to make informed decisions about court management.

11.2 For Lawyers

1. ***Get Latest Case Updates:*** Lawyers can check the most current status of their cases anytime, as the information is updated very frequently.
2. ***Find Detailed Case Information:*** They can click on links within the system to get specific details like Diary Numbers, Case Numbers, when the case was filed, and names of people involved.
3. ***Understand How the Court Works:*** The system helps lawyers see how cases move through the court, what types of cases are common (like Appeals, Writ Petitions), how many cases are pending, and how quickly cases are finished.

11.3 For Researchers, Academics and Students:

1. ***Great Source of Information:*** The NJDG is like a "treasure trove" filled with lots of data, perfect for high-quality research.
2. ***Study the Court System:*** Researchers can use the real data to study how efficient the courts are, spot trends (like if pending cases are increasing or decreasing, how long cases take), and see how cases are spread out.
3. ***Access to Lots of Case Data:*** They can find details about new cases, pending cases and finished cases, including the type of case, how many there are, year-by-year numbers, the stage cases are in and how they were concluded.
4. ***Create Custom Reports:*** A special tool lets researchers create reports tailored to their specific research questions.
5. ***Download Data Easily:*** Researchers can download data and reports in different formats like PDF, Excel (.xls), or CSV, which makes it easy to study the information further.

11.4 For Litigants

1. ***See Case Progress Clearly:*** NJDG-SC makes it easier for people to understand what's happening with their court case.
2. ***Increases transparency:*** NJDG-SC allows litigants to be more informed about the Supreme Court and its workings.

11.5 For General Public

1. ***Makes Courts More Open:*** NJDG-SC helps everyone see how the justice system works.
2. ***Holds Courts Accountable:*** NJDG-SC promotes responsibility within the courts.
3. ***Easy Access to Court Information:*** Anyone can easily find court data with just a click, like how many cases are filed, finished, or still pending.

11.6 For Court Administration/Staff

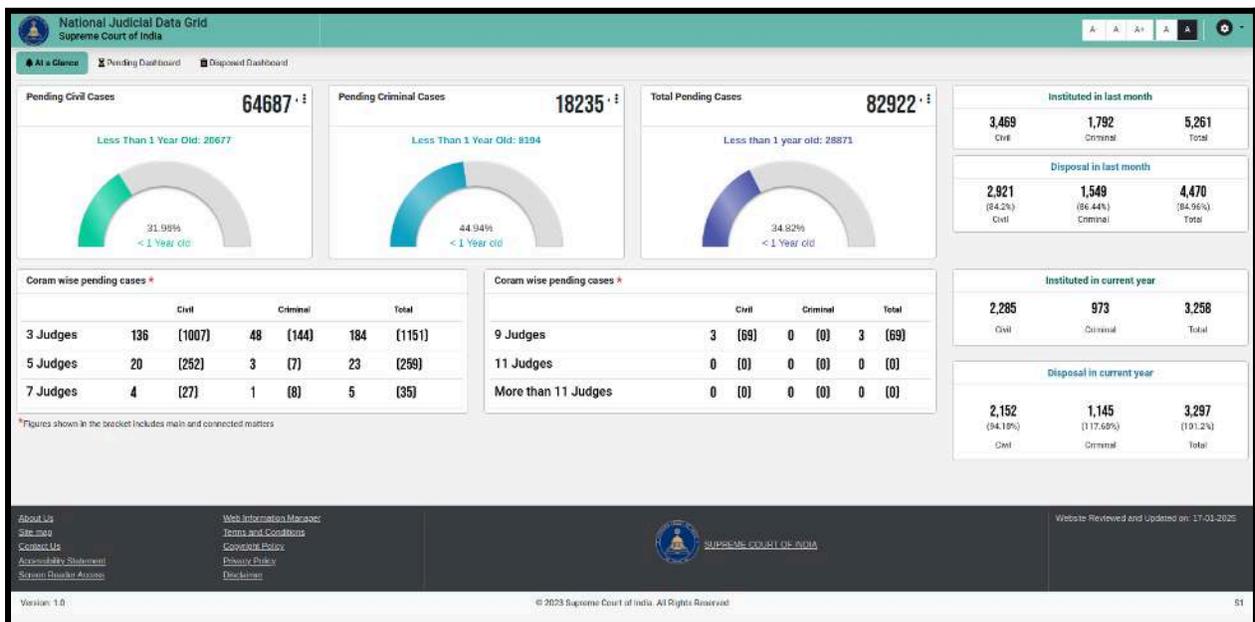
1. ***Better Data Management:*** NJDG-SC provides one central place to manage the huge amount of case information.
2. ***Easy Report Generation:*** NJDG-SC makes it simple to create different kinds of statistical reports needed by the court.

11.7 For Policymakers

1. ***Make Laws Based on Facts:*** NJDG-SC provides policymakers with useful data to see how well the courts are working and where improvements or reforms are needed.
2. ***Track Court Trends:*** NJDG-SC allows policymakers to watch trends like the number of pending cases or how fast cases are resolved, which helps in making policy decisions.

Supreme Court of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-SC) - Access Link

<https://scdg.sci.gov.in/scnjdg/>



SUPREME COURT OF INDIA NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID (NJDG-SC)

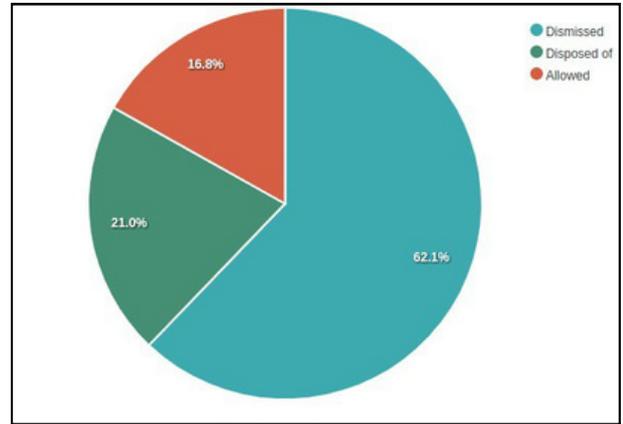
A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management

Instituted in last month

3,799 Civil	1,818 Criminal	5,617 Total
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Disposal in last month

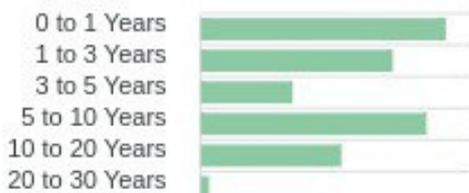
3,208 (84.44%) Civil	1,818 (100%) Criminal	5,026 (89.48%) Total
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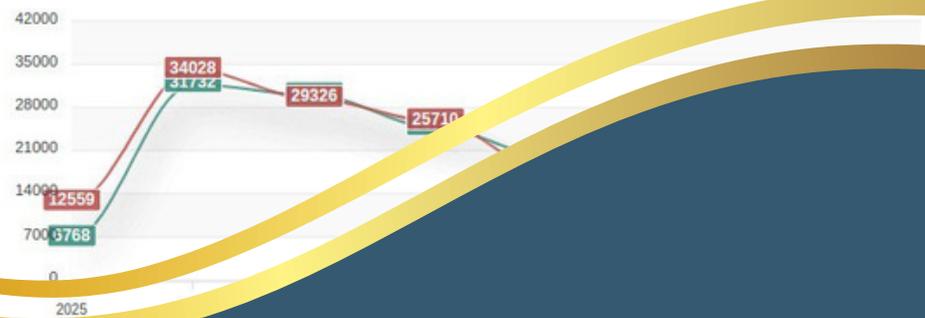
	Civil	Criminal	Total
89	(1092)	28 (155)	117 (1247)
18	(186)	2 (7)	20 (193)
4	(27)	1 (8)	5 (35)

	Civil	Criminal
9 Judges	2 (53)	0 (0)
11 Judges	0 (0)	0 (0)
More than 11 Judges	0 (0)	0 (0)

Age Wise Pendency



Institution Vs Disposal



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