HIGH COURTS OF INDIA NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID (NJDG-HC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management





Circulated by eCommittee, Supreme Court of India

High Courts of India

National Judicial Data Grid

(NJDG-HC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management



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eCommittee, Supreme Court of India

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First Edition: May, 2025

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SANJIV KHANNA CHIEF JUSTICE OF INDIA

Foreword

Today, the Indian judiciary is at a pivotal juncture, actively embracing technological advancements to enhance its foundational principles of accessibility, efficiency, and transparency. The eCourts Project, a visionary initiative headed by the eCommittee of the Supreme Court of India, remains steadfast in its commitment to digitally transform the judicial landscape and streamline the administration of justice.

A significant stride in this transformative journey is the establishment of the National Judicial Data Grid. This comprehensive digital infrastructure serves as a central repository by capturing and providing near-real-time data on the lifecycle of cases within the court complexes across India, from their institution to their final disposal. The NJDG is more than just a database, it is a powerful tool designed to empower all stakeholders within and connected to the justice delivery system.

This User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid is a timely and essential guide that aims to unlock the full potential of this significant digital asset. It provides users with clear, step-by-step instructions on how to access and effectively utilize the NJDG portal. The manual meticulously details navigation through the portal's various sections, offering insights into interpreting key statistical data points such as case filings, pendency rate, and disposal metrics. The manual effectively highlights the various dashboards available, such as the Alerts Dashboard providing quick statistics, the Pending Dashboard offering detailed breakdowns of pending cases, and the Disposed Dashboard presenting information on disposed cases. The inclusion of screenshots and explanations on navigating through this wealth of information makes the manual a practical guide.

This manual is an invaluable tool that will undoubtedly facilitate the widespread and effective utilization of the NJDG. It is my firm belief that the NJDG, coupled with this insightful manual, will significantly contribute to our ongoing efforts to enhance the efficiency, transparency, and accessibility of justice delivery. And thereby fortifying public trust in the judiciary and upholding the rule of law.

New Delhi; May 13, 2025. (Sanjiv Khanna)

K.V. VISWANATHAN
Judge, Supreme Court of India
Vice - Chairperson, e-Committee,
Supreme Court of India



11th May, 2025

Foreword

The march of technology has brought with it a profound promise—one that extends far beyond convenience or speed, reaching into the very heart of how justice is delivered. In our time, we are privileged to witness a historic transformation: the infusion of digital intelligence into the fabric of judicial governance. The *eCourts Project*, spearheaded by the *e-Committee of the Supreme Court of India* under the leadership of the Hon'ble Chief Justice of India, stands as a visionary endeavour, reimagining the administration of justice to be more transparent, accessible, and efficient.

Central to this transformation is the National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG)—a digital platform that brings transparency, efficiency, and data-driven governance to over 18,000 courts across India. Integrating real-time data from District Courts, High Courts, and the Supreme Court, the NJDG enables access to dynamic case statistics on pendency, disposals, and filings. Developed in phases—DC NJDG (2015), HC NJDG (2020), and SC NJDG (2023)—it empowers judges, lawyers, court staff, researchers, and policymakers with insights to improve performance, reduce pendency, and plan meaningful reforms. By making judicial data publicly accessible, the NJDG strengthens accountability and enhances public confidence in the judicial system.

With a single click, users can access a range of information, easily correlate data, and conduct detailed analysis, leading to informed decision-making. This simplifies strategy development, risk assessment, and enhances the efficiency of legal processes.

The User Manual for Court and Case Management through NJDG is a crucial instrument in making this transformative platform widely usable. It is more than a guide—it is a bridge between technology and its users. Designed with care, the manual combines clear, accessible language with visual aids, charts, tables, and dashboards that simplify the navigation of complex datasets. The structured layout walks the reader through each feature methodically, ensuring that judges, court staff, lawyers, and researchers can make full use of the platform's analytical capabilities.

What makes the manual particularly commendable is its **emphasis on data literacy and scientific temper**. In presenting raw statistics not merely as numbers, but as meaningful indicators of systemic performance, it invites the judiciary and legal ecosystem to engage critically with data—detecting patterns, diagnosing delays, and envisioning solutions grounded in evidence. In doing so, it reflects a growing shift in legal administration: from anecdotal impressions to empirical insight, from reactive systems to proactive planning.

This manual is a timely and thoughtful contribution to the broader project of judicial reform. It invites every stakeholder to participate in shaping a justice system that is not only modern in its tools, but also rigorous in its methods and inclusive in its reach.

I congratulate the authors and the team behind this effort. May this guide serve not just as a manual of use, but as a handbook for innovation and institutional introspection.

[K.V. VISWANATHAN]

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PREFACE

It is with immense pleasure that I present this User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG). This manual is an endeavor to provide a comprehensive guide for navigating and effectively utilizing the National Judicial Data Grid, a pivotal digital initiative under the eCourts Project of the eCommittee, Supreme Court of India.

The National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) is a monumental achievement within the eCourts Project, representing a significant leap towards achieving these goals. It functions as a centralized, comprehensive repository that captures and presents near real-time data from over 18,000 Courts. This vast dataset encompasses critical information regarding case institutions, their current pendency status, and their eventual disposal.

This User Manual has been meticulously prepared to recognize the transformative potential of the NJDG and the importance of equipping all stakeholders with the necessary knowledge to fully utilize it. My objective in compiling this manual is to provide a clear, user-friendly, and comprehensive guide that serves as an indispensable companion for anyone interacting with the NJDG portal. It is designed to cater to a diverse audience, including judges, lawyers, researchers, academics, students, litigants, the general public, court administration staff, and policymakers.

The manual is structured to guide users through every aspect of accessing and utilizing the NJDG. It begins by explaining what the NJDG is and its pivotal role in promoting transparency and accountability. Detailed instructions are provided on how to access the portal through various convenient channels. A significant portion of the manual is dedicated to explaining the content and functionality of the key dashboards:

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- The 'Alerts' tab: Offering a quick overview of key statistics like total cases, pending cases, and disposed cases, along with details on court complexes and age-wise pending cases.
- The 'Pending Dashboard': Providing in-depth analysis of pending cases categorized by type, age, and stage of proceedings, along with a comparison of institutionalization versus disposal rates.
- The 'Disposed Dashboard': Presenting comprehensive data on cases that have been concluded, including analysis by case type, nature of disposal, and the time taken for disposition.

The manual also provides detailed explanations of how to navigate these dashboards, filter information, interpret the data presented in charts and tables, and access underlying detailed case lists through hyperlinks. It also includes guidance on generating reports in various formats such as PDF, Excel (.xls), and CSV.

It is my earnest hope that this User Manual for Court and Case Management Through National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) will serve as an accessible and effective resource for all users. This manual aims to contribute significantly to the ongoing efforts to enhance the efficiency, transparency, and accessibility of the by facilitating a deeper understanding and more effective utilization of the NJDG and ultimately strengthening the delivery of justice for every citizen.

New Delhi

07.05.2025

R. Arulmozhiselvi,

OSD(Registrar)/Training Cell & Member (Human Resources), eCommittee, Supreme Court of India

Table Of Contents

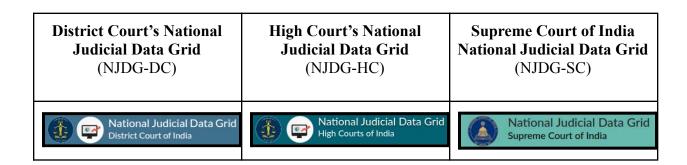
Table Of Contents	1
1. Introduction	2
2. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC)	5
3. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid Access	7
3.1. Through the NJDG webpage:	7
3.2. Through the High Courts website link:	8
3.3 Through the eCommittee website link:	8
3.4. Through the E-Courts services website:	10
4. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid	11
5. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid - Main Tabs	12
6. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid - Select High Court/Bench	13
6.1 Select High Court	13
6.2 Select Bench.	15
7. At a Glance	16
7.1 Cases pending before the High Courts	17
7.2 Cases instituted and disposed in last month	17
7.3 Cases instituted and disposed in the current year	18
7.4 Age wise pending cases	19
7.5 Case Type Wise	21
8. Pending Dashboard	23
8.1 Type of Cases	23
8.1.1 Tabular Format of Pending Civil/Criminal Case	25
8.1.2 Drill Down of Single Category of Pending Cases	26
8.2 Age Wise Graphical Representation	27
8.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Pendancy	27
8.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendancy	28
8.3 Stage Wise Graphical Representation	29
8.3.1 Tabular Format of Stage Wise Pendancy	30
8.4 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart	31
8.4.1 Particular Year - Monthwise Institutional Vs Disposal Data	32

8.4.2 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Table	32
9. Disposed Dashboard	34
9.1 Type of Cases	35
9.1.1 Tabular Format of Disposed Case	36
9.1.2 Pie Chart Format of Disposed Case	37
9.2 Age Wise Disposed Cases Graph	39
9.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Disposal	39
9.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendancy	40
9.3 Nature of Disposal Bar Graph	42
9.3.1 Tabular Format of Nature of Disposal	42
9.4 Time Taken in Disposition Bar Chart	44
9.4.1 Tabular Format of Time to Disposition Bar Chart	44
10. Finding Detailed Case Lists in NJDG-HC	46
11. Settings	48
12. NJDG Report Format	49
11.1. Export to .pdf	49
11.2. Export to .xls.	50
11.3. Export to .csv	50
11. Benefits of the NJDG-HC	51
11.1 For Judges	51
11.2 For Lawyers	52
11.3 For Researchers, Academics and Students:	52
11.4 For Litigants	52
11.5 For General Public	53
11.6 For Court Administration/Staff	53
11.7 For Policymakers.	53
High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC) - Access Link	54

1. Introduction

The National Judicial Data Grid (NJDJ) stands as a pivotal digital infrastructure within the Indian judicial system. It functions as a comprehensive database encompassing orders, judgments and detailed case information from over 18,000 courts, including District Courts, High Courts and even the Supreme Court. This initiative provides a centralized repository of judicial data that is updated in near real-time. It was launched under the auspices of the eCourts Project and it serves as a centralized repository of case information, fostering transparency, accountability and data-driven decision-making.

National Judicial Data Grid (NJDJ) is the database where our entire judicial case data are stored under the three heads:



The National Judicial Data Grid was inaugurated for public access on 19 September 2015 by Hon'ble Mr Justice Madan B. Lokur, then Judge in charge of eCommittee Supreme Court of India. NJDG for High Courts was launched by the learned Attorney General of India, Shri. K. K. Venugopal in the august presence of Hon'ble Dr Justice Dhananjaya Y Chandrachud, Judge, Supreme Court of India & Chairperson of eCommittee at a virtual meeting held on 3 July 2020. NJDG for the Supreme Court was opened to the public on 14.09.2023 by Hon'ble Chief Justice of India DY Chandrachud.

NJDG data is available in real-time. These statistics are updated every day by the respective Courts across the country through the Case Information System (CIS). NJDG got the stamp of

the World Bank and moved India 20 ranks forward in the ranking of countries under ease of doing business.¹

This manual serves as a comprehensive guide to the High Court National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC). It is tailored to assist a diverse audience, including judges, lawyers, researchers, and the general public, in understanding and effectively utilizing the NJDG-HC. The manual covers the essentials, starting with an overview of what the NJDG-HC is, its purpose, and its critical role in promoting transparency, efficiency and accountability within the Indian judicial system. It includes detailed, step-by-step instructions on how to access the portal, navigate its features and interpret key data points such as case filings, pendency, and disposals. Users will find guidance on filtering and analyzing information by categories like case type or bench size, supported by practical examples and screenshots to enhance comprehension. Additionally, the manual offers best practices for generating reports and leveraging the platform for research or case management. Ultimately, this guide aims to empower users to fully harness the NJDG-HC's capabilities, contributing to a more informed and engaged society while supporting the judiciary's commitment to openness and transparency.

High Court NJDG: As on 30 April 2025, High Court NJDG has details of Pending Cases: Civil Cases (44,34,954); Criminal Cases (18,63,618); Total Cases (62,98,572).

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¹ A World Bank Group Flagship Report, *Doing Business 2018*, doingbusiness, avialable at: https://www.doingbusiness.org/content/dam/doingBusiness/media/Annual-Reports/English/DB2018-Full-Report.pdf (Page No. 192).

2. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC)



On 03.07.2020, NJDG for High Courts was launched by the learned Attorney General of India, Shri. K. K. Venugopal in the august presence of Hon'ble Dr Justice Dhananjaya Y Chandrachud, Judge, Supreme Court of India & Chairperson of eCommittee at a virtual meeting. Developed by the National Informatics Centre (NIC), the NJDG portal features an interactive interface and analytics dashboard. The database is periodically updated to ensure accuracy and timeliness.

The High Court National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC) is like a big national database. It has information about all the cases that have been started, are still ongoing, and have been finished in all the High Courts across India. With just one click, anyone can see details and numbers about these cases. This includes what kind of cases they are, when they were started, when they were finished, and how many are still waiting to be decided. The user can also see a year-by-year breakdown of cases in different High Courts of India.

The NJDG-HC portal offers immense potential for high-quality research and is easily accessible to the public. The NJDG-HC's real-time updates ensure that the information is always current, making it a vital tool for judicial oversight. Judges can use it to monitor caseloads and prioritize hearings, while court staff can streamline administrative tasks. For the legal community and litigants, the portal eliminates guesswork by providing instant access to case statuses and hearing schedules. Beyond the courtroom, it serves as a treasure trove for researchers and policymakers, offering raw data to analyze judicial efficiency, identify trends, and propose reforms.

Query builder tool can be used to generate the customisable report as required by the Supreme Court, High Courts and District Courts.

Types of Reports: One can generate reports agewise, stagewise, case type-wise list, orders not uploaded list, undated cases list of every District, Taluk, High Court wise, Judgewise etc. Example: List of particular case types which are 20/30/40 years old from all District Courts; List of cases pending in District Courts which are stayed by High Court, Supreme Court; List of appeals pending with percentage of more than 5-year-old appeals; which court has the most number of appeals; List of the officers who have disposed of the Highest cases/Lowest cases; total number of Writ Petitions, First Appeals, Revisions, etc, can be easily known through the dashboard. All this at a click of the mouse which can be used by the Administrative Judges for further planning and instructions for reducing pendency and for effective Court and Case Management at the District and High Court level.

	Civil	Criminal	Total
	Case Typ	oe Wise	
Writ Petition	16,69,831	86,075	17,55,906
Second Appeal	2,91,197	3	2,91,200
First Appeal	4,92,159	227	4,92,386
Appeal	3,93,523	7,62,146	11,55,669
Case/Petition	2,61,157	1,90,851	4,52,008
Revision	84,304	2,48,737	3,33,041
Reference	3,068	516	3,584
Suit	32,782	21	32,803
Review	19,675	28	19,703
Application	4,48,728	4,53,570	9,02,298

3. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid Access

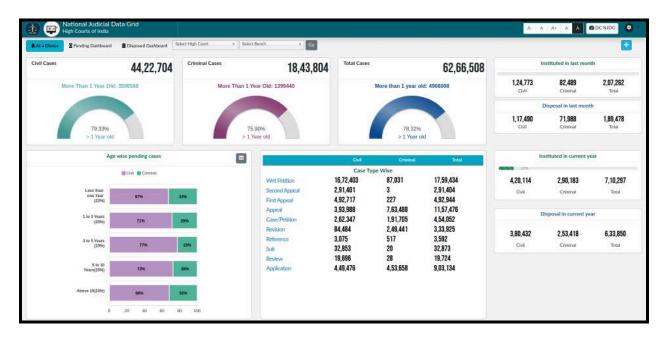
3.1. Through the NJDG webpage:



The High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid can be accessed directly through the NJDG webpage. A simple Google search of the word "NJDG" will take you to the NJDG web page, then you have to click on NJDG-HC at the top right corner.

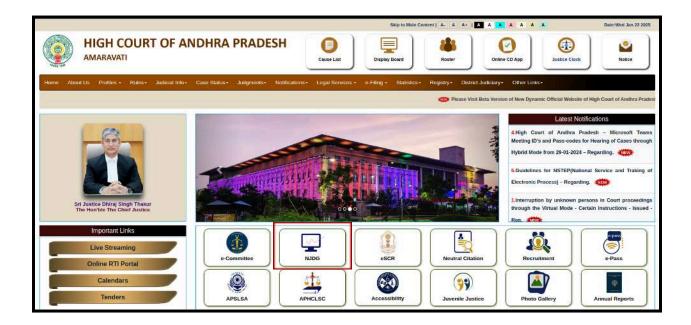


In addition to that, High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid can also be accessed by the following link: <a href="https://njdg.ecourts.gov.in/hcnjdg_v2/?app_token="https://njdg.ecourts.go



3.2. Through the High Courts website link:

The High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid portal can also be accessed directly from the websites of different High Courts. Each High Court's website features a dedicated "NJDG" tab on its homepage, providing a direct link to the NJDG.

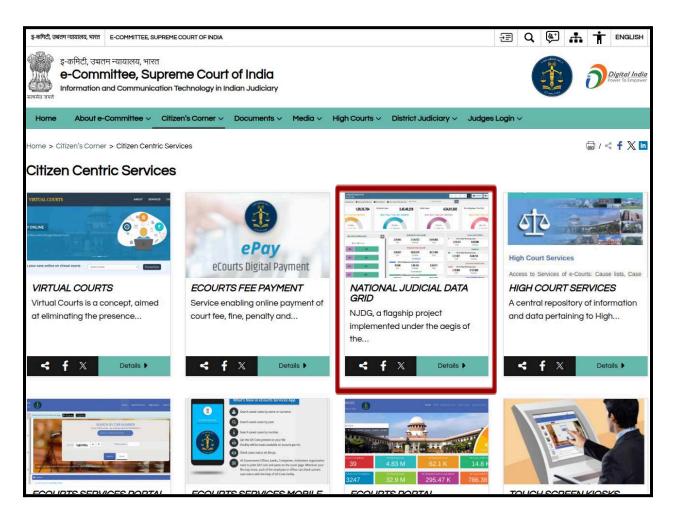


3.3 Through the eCommittee website link:

NJDG can also be accessed through the eCommittee website (https://ecommitteesci.gov.in/). NJDG is provided under the tab of "Citizen's Corner"

on the eCommittee's website.

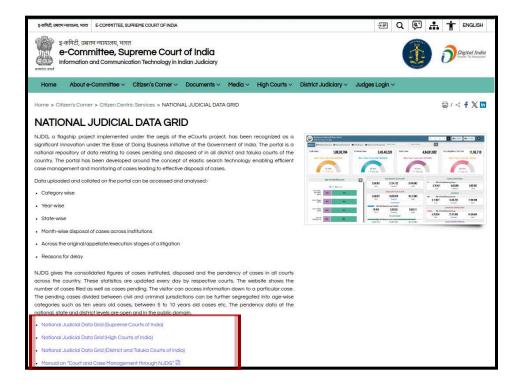




To access the NJDG on the eCommittee's website, one should proceed in the following order on the website:

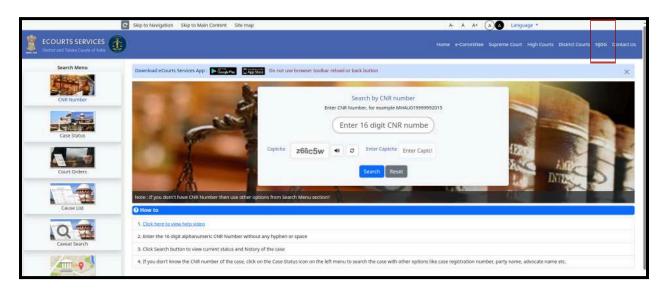
Citizen Corner → Citizen Centric Services → NJDG

In addition to that, one can also access NJDG through the eCommittee's website by using the following link: https://ecommitteesci.gov.in/service/national-judicial-data-grid/



3.4. Through the E-Courts services website:

High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid can also be accessed through the E-Courts services website (https://services.ecourts.gov.in/ecourtindia_v6/). One can click on the "NJDG" tab, which is made available on the top panel of the website, and it will take them directly to the NJDG webpage.



4. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid



The home page of the NJDG welcomes you with colourful bands, with the "HC NJDG" tab on the top right corner.

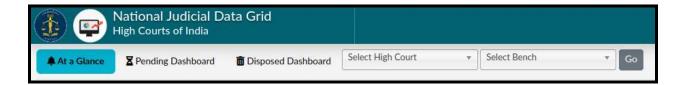
To access the High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid, one needs to click the "HC NJDG" tab available on the right-hand corner of the NJDG home page. It will open

up the High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid .



A HC NJDG

5. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid - Main Tabs



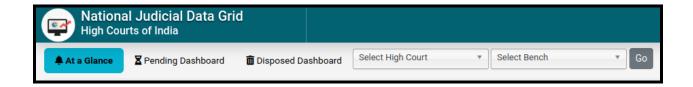
The High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid dashboard has three main tabs namely:

- I. At a Glance
- II. Pending Dashboard
- III. Disposed Dashboard

The user can select any tab by clicking on it and access the relevant data. The features of all the tabs are further explained in the next chapters.

Tabs	Contents
At a Glance	The 'At a Glance tab' provides a quick overview of the judicial data. It includes key statistics and metrics such as the total number of cases, pending cases and other relevant information. It gives users a snapshot of the current status of cases in the High Courts.
☑ Pending Dashboard	The 'Pending Dashboard' tab focuses on cases that are still pending. It allows users to filter and view detailed information about pending cases through charts. Users can also perform drill-down analysis based on various attributes like case type, age of the case and stage.
Disposed Dashboard	The 'Disposed Dashboard' tab displays information about cases that have been disposed of. It provides details about the disposed cases with the help of different charts. Users can also filter and analyze the data based on different criteria to gain insights into the disposal patterns.

6. High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid - Select High Court/Bench

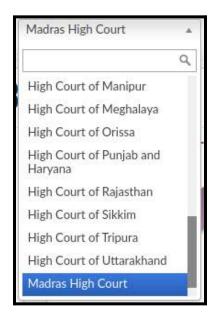


6.1 Select High Court

By default, the NJDG-HC shows data for all High Courts in India. If the user wants to get the 'At a Glance', 'Pending Dashboard' and 'Disposed Dashboard' for a specific High Court, they can use the "Select High Court" drop-down menu on the homepage.



The user can choose a High Court from this menu and NJDG-HC will filter the displayed data to show information exclusively for that court.

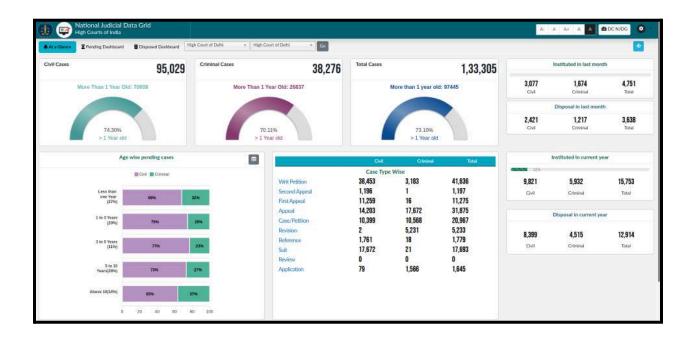


The menu lists a total of 25 High Courts.

High Courts

Allahabad High Court, Bombay High Court, Calcutta High Court, Gauhati High Court, High Court for State of Telangana, High Court of Andhra Pradesh, High Court Of Chhattisgarh, High Court of Delhi, High Court of Gujarat, High Court of Himachal Pradesh, High Court of Jammu and Kashmir, High Court of Jharkhand, High Court of Karnataka, High Court of Kerala, High Court of Madhya Pradesh, High Court of Manipur, High Court of Meghalaya, High Court of Punjab and Haryana, High Court Of Rajasthan, High Court of Sikkim, High Court of Tripura, High Court of Uttarakhand, Madras High Court, Orissa High Court and Patna High Court

For reference, provided below is a screenshot of the High Court of Delhi's "At A Glance" section.



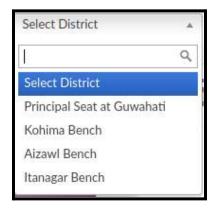
6.2 Select Bench

The NJDG-HC top bar also features a 'Select Bench' dropdown menu, just next to the

'Select High Court' dropdown menu.

Select District

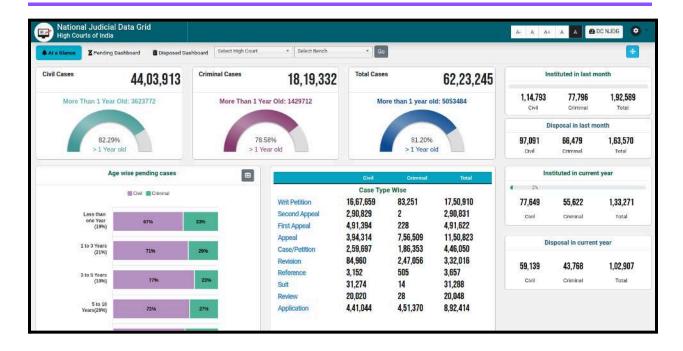
The user can choose a High Court Bench from this menu and NJDG-HC will filter the displayed data to show information exclusively for that bench of the selected High Court.



For reference, provided below is a screenshot of the Kohima Bench of Gauhati High Court's "At A Glance" section.



7. At a Glance



The initial tab, named "At a Glance", on the NJDG-HC's dashboard is a pivotal feature. Clicking on this tab provides users with essential information regarding cases pending before the High Courts, whether they are civil or criminal and less than one year old, as depicted in the attached screenshot. As shown in the provided screenshot, it also furnishes details about cases instituted in the High Courts during the last month, cases disposed of in the last month, cases initiated in the current year, and cases that have been disposed of in the current year. It also provides data Case Type Wise. This user-friendly interface on the "At a Glance" tab facilitates efficient data retrieval and enhances the overall user experience on your website.

7.1 Cases pending before the High Courts



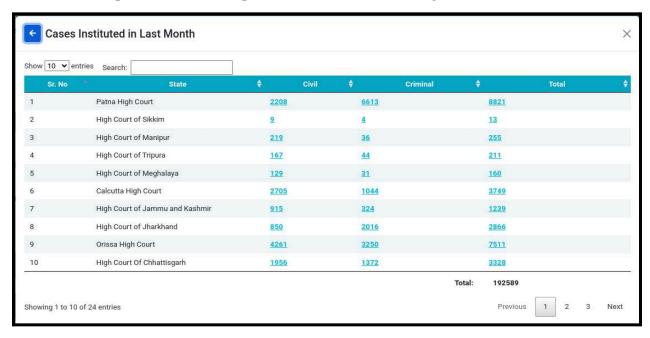
The "At a Glance" tab offers insights into the total number of cases pending in the High Courts. It divides the total number of cases into civil cases and criminal cases. Each section includes a pie chart to visually represent the percentage of cases that are less than one year old. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, the total number of pending cases, combining both civil and criminal cases, amounts to 62,23,245. Out of these, 50,53,484 cases are less than one year old, making up 81.20% of the total pending cases.

7.2 Cases instituted and disposed in last month



The "**At a Glance**" tab also provides data on the number of cases instituted and disposed of in the last month. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, a total of 1,14,793 civil cases and 77,769 criminal cases were instituted, totaling 1,92,589 cases. During the same period, 97,091 civil cases and 66,479 criminal cases were disposed of totaling 1,63,570 cases..

The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases instituted and disposed of from different High Courts. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive breakup details of the different High Courts as shown below:

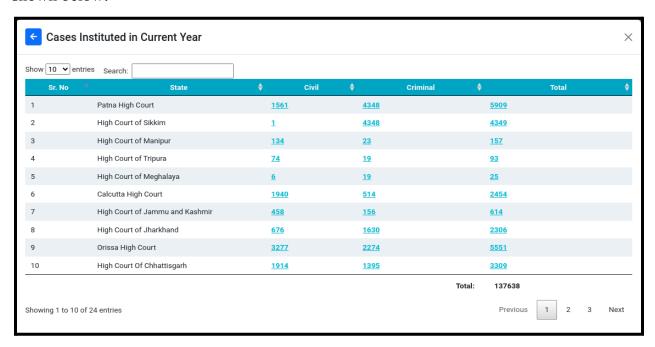


7.3 Cases instituted and disposed in the current year

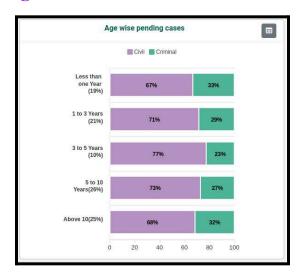


The "At a Glance" tab also provides data on the number of cases instituted and disposed of in the current year. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, a total of 77,649 civil cases and 55,622 criminal cases were instituted, totaling 1,33,271 cases. Meanwhile, 59,139 civil cases and 43,768 criminal cases were disposed of, totaling 1,02,907 cases.

The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access breakup lists of cases instituted and disposed of the different High Courts. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:



7.4 Age wise pending cases

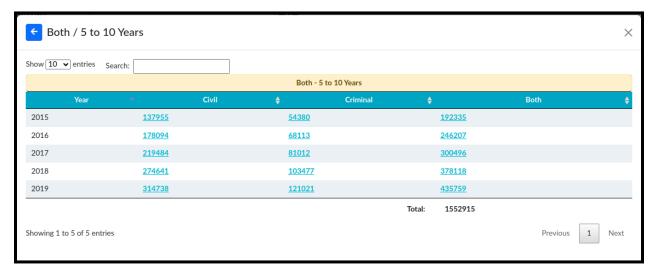


The "At a Glance" tab also offers insights into cases pending according to the age. It categorizes them into various groups as less than one year, 1 to 3 Years, 3 to 5 Years, 5 to 10 Years and Above 10.

In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the chart, the user can view the 'Age wise pending cases' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



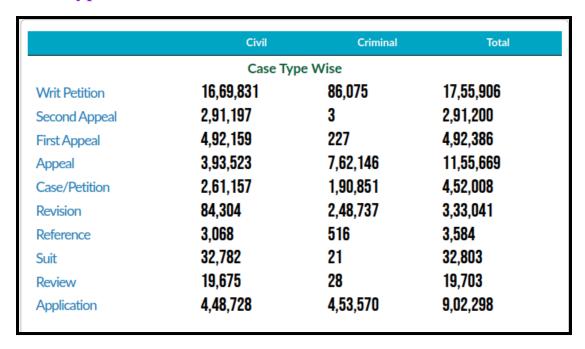
The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases pending age wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of age wise pending cases as shown below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:



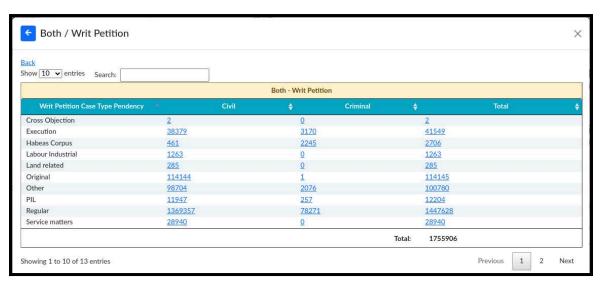
7.5 Case Type Wise



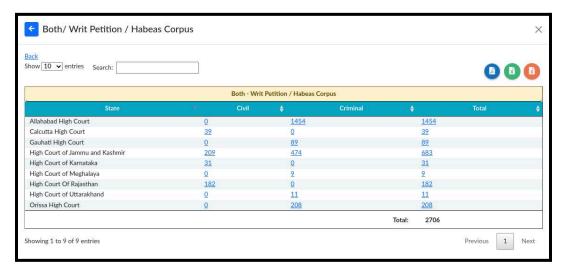
The 'Case Type Wise' tab also offers insights into cases pending according to the type. It categorizes them into various groups as Writ Petition, Second Appeal, First Appeal, Appeal, Case/Petition, Revision, Reference, Suit, Review and Application. For example,

as shown in the screenshot herein, A total of 16,69,831 civil Writ Petitions and 86,075 criminal Writ Petitions are pending, totaling 17,55,906 Writ Petitions.

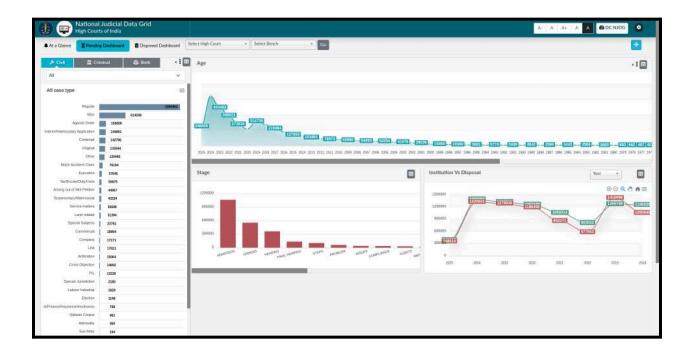
The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access different categories of cases within the case type pendency. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of particular case type pendency as shown below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access case type pendency in different High Courts. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the case type pendency of the selected case type of High Courts as shown below:

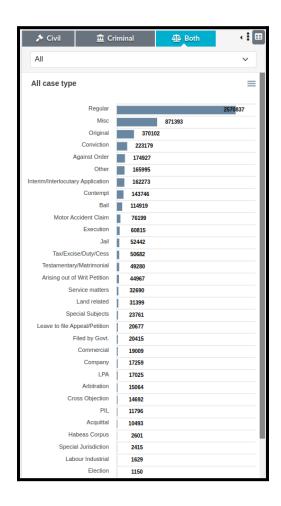


8. Pending Dashboard



The "Pending Dashboard" shows the different types of cases still pending in the High Courts across India. This includes cases like Writ Petitions (WP), First Appeal, Second Appeal, Appeal, Revision, Review, Reference, Suit and application, both civil and criminal. The data is displayed through various charts, such as an age-wise graph, a pie chart for stages of pendency and a comparison of case institutions versus disposals.

8.1 Type of Cases



On the left side of the dashboard, there is a panel that divides cases into Civil, Criminal and Both. *For example,* as shown in the screenshot herein, 15,064 Arbitration cases are pending in the High Courts.

Civil Cases	Admirality, Against Order, Arbitration, Arising out of Writ
	Petition, Commercial, Company, Contempt, Conviction, Cross
	Objection, Election, Execution, Filed by Govt., Habeas Corpus,
	Industry/Bank/Finance/Insurance/Insolvancy, Interim/Interlocutary
	Application, Labour Industrial, Land related, Leave to file
	Appeal/Petition, LPA, Misc, Motor Accident Claim, NULL,
	Original, Other, PIL, Receiver, Regular, Service matters, Special
	Jurisdiction, Special Subjects, Suo Motu, Tax/Excise/Duty/Cess
	and Testamentary/Matrimonial
Coincipal Control	Danilar Miss Original Commistion
Criminal Cases	Regular, Misc, Original, Conviction

Bail, Jail, Other, Leave to file Appeal/Petition, Filed by Govt., Against Order, Interim/Interlocutary Application, Acquittal, Testamentary/Matrimonial, Execution, Habeas Corpus, Contempt, PIL, Special Jurisdiction, Death, Admirality, Suo Motu, Company, Commercial, Land related, Motor Accident Claim, LPA, Tax/Excise/Duty/Cess and Election

8.1.1 Tabular Format of Pending Civil/Criminal Case

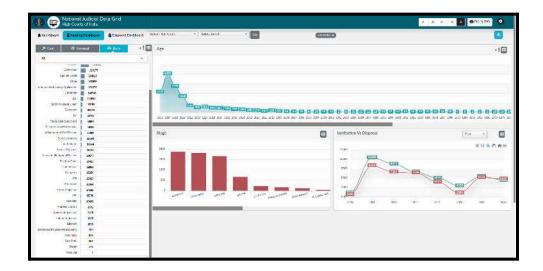


In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Panel, the user can view the 'type of cases bar chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot: The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:

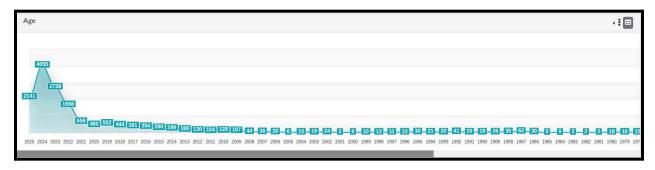


8.1.2 Drill Down of Single Category of Pending Cases

Furthermore, the user can click on any case category displayed in the left panel. The NJDG-HC will then display only the pending data for the selected case type. *For example*, if a user selects 'arbitration' as the case type from the menu, the Pending Dashboard will be filtered to show only information pertaining to 'arbitration', as illustrated below:



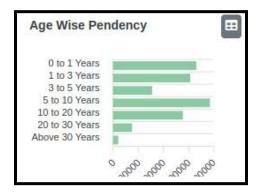
8.2 Age Wise Graphical Representation



The 'age-wise graph' showcases year-wise pendency of cases. The user can click on a specific year to get details. For example, as shown in the screenshot herein, there are 1,48,478 pending cases from the year 2013. The user can find similar data for other years as well, and the information is regularly updated.

8.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Pendancy

Furthermore, by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'age wise graph' in 'bar chart' form as shown in the screenshot below:

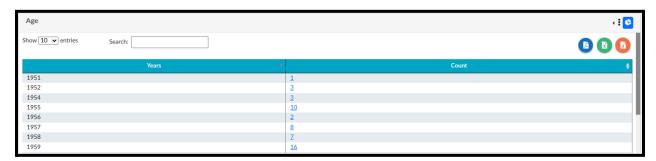


Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Age Wise Pendecency Bar Chart, the user can view the 'Bar Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:

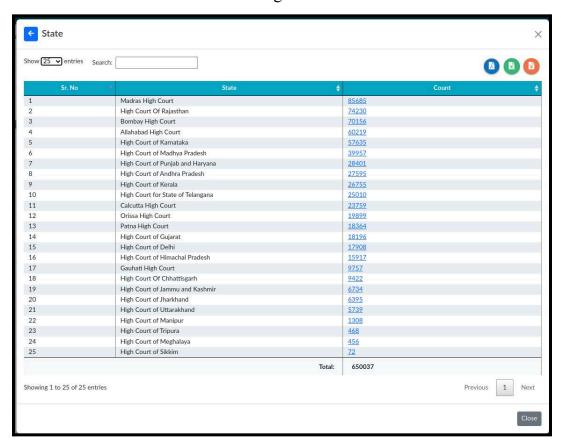


8.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendancy

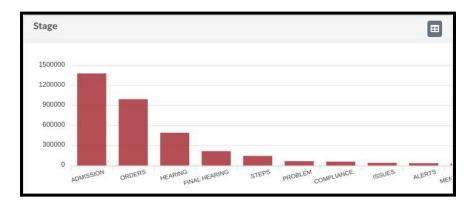
Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Chart, the user can view the 'Age Wise Graph' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:



8.3 Stage Wise Graphical Representation



The Stage Wise Graphical Representation breaks down the pending cases by the stage they are at. It divides them into 20 stages. The user can select a stage to see the total number of cases pending at that particular stage.

Stages	Admission, Adr, Alerts, Compliance, Disposal, Evidence, Final
	Hearing, Hearing, Issues, Judgement, Lok-Adalat, Mentioning, Null,
	Orders, Part Heard, Problem, Restoration, S.T. Minutes, Steps and
	Withdrawal

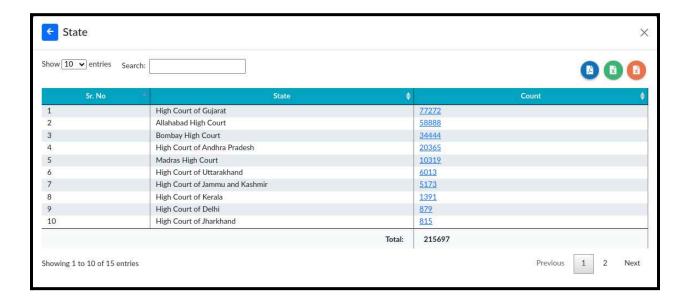
8.3.1 Tabular Format of Stage Wise Pendancy

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Bar

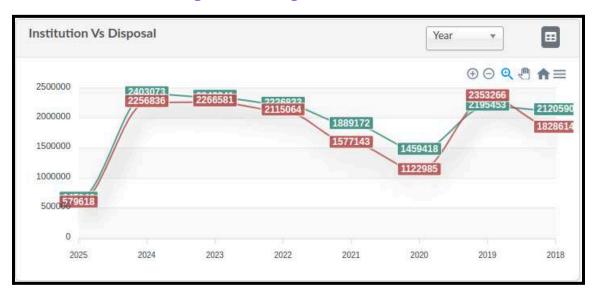
Chart the user can view the 'Stage Wise Graphical Representation' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of stages by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of the case stage wise of different High Courts as shown below:



8.4 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart



The 'Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart' chart compares the number of cases instituted with the number of cases disposed of each year. The green line represents new cases, while the red line shows cases that have been resolved. This helps users understand the efficiency of the High Courts and the workload in a given year, offering useful insights for managing the backlog of cases. For example, as shown in the screenshot herein, in 2024, there were 22,56,836 disposed of and 24,03,073 were instituted.

8.4.1 Particular Year - Monthwise Institutional Vs Disposal Data

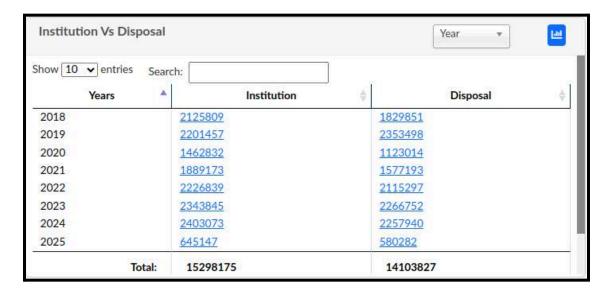
The Institutional Vs Disposal Chart also has a feature to view the data of a particular year. The user can select a year from the drop-down menu available in the top right

corner of the chart. And after selecting a particular year, the data will be shown month-wise as shown below:

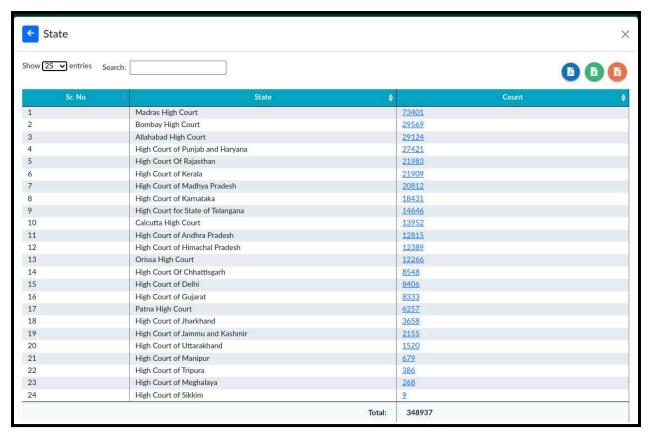


8.4.2 Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Table

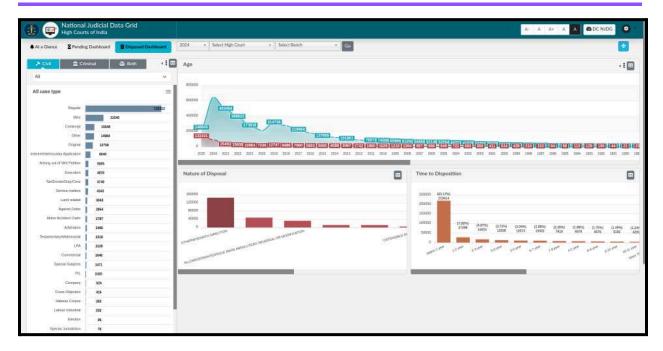
Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Chart, the user can view the 'Institutional Vs Disposal Comparison Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:



9. Disposed Dashboard



The "Disposed Dashboard" provides data related to cases that are disposed of by the High Courts of India. The information is displayed through graphs and charts, offering insights into the types of cases, such as civil, criminal, or both.

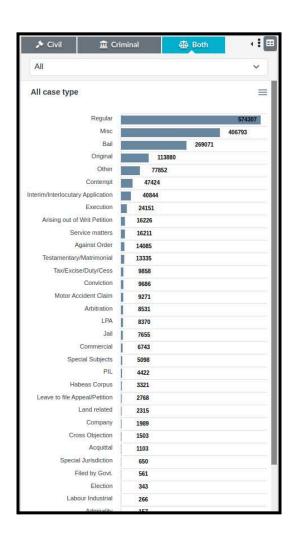
This dashboard includes a feature that allows users to view data for a specific year. At the top of the chart, next to the disposed dashboard tab, there is a drop-down menu.

By clicking on this menu, users can select a particular year from the list of available options (2018-2025). Once a year is selected, the chart will automatically



update to display data exclusively for that selected year.

9.1 Type of Cases



On the left side of the Disposed Dashboard, there is a panel that categorizes cases into Civil, Criminal and Both. *For example*, as shown in the screenshot herein, 8,531 Arbitration cases were disposed of in the High Courts in 2024.

Civil Cases

Regular, Misc, Contempt, Other, Original, Interim/Interlocutary Application, Arising of Writ Petition, Execution, out Tax/Excise/Duty/Cess, Service matters, Land related, Against Order, Motor Accident Claim, Arbitration, Testamentary/Matrimonial, LPA, Commercial, Special Subjects, PIL, Company, Cross Objection, Habeas Corpus, Labour Industrial, Election, Special Jurisdiction, Admirality, Industry/Bank/Finance/Insurance/Insolvency, Leave to file Appeal/Petition and Suo Motu

Criminal Cases

Bail, Misc, Regular, Original, Other, Conviction, Interim/Interlocutary Application, Jail, Execution, Testamentary/Matrimonial, Leave to file Appeal/Petition, Against Order, Habeas Corpus, Acquittal, Filed by Govt., Contempt, Admirality, Death, Special Jurisdiction, PIL, Company, Tax/Excise/Duty/Cess, Suo Motu, Commercial and Special Subjects

below:

9.1.1 Tabular Format of Disposed Case



right corner of the Panel, the user can view the 'type of cases bar chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot.

The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the

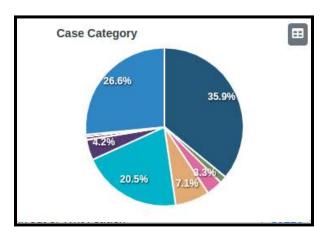
details of different High Courts as shown

In addition to the above, by clicking on

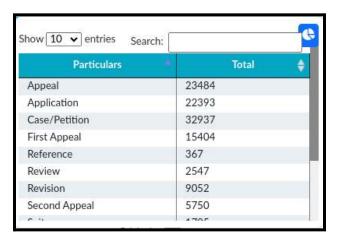


9.1.2 Pie Chart Format of Disposed Case

Furthermore, by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'type of cases bar chart' in 'pie chart' form as shown in the screenshot below:

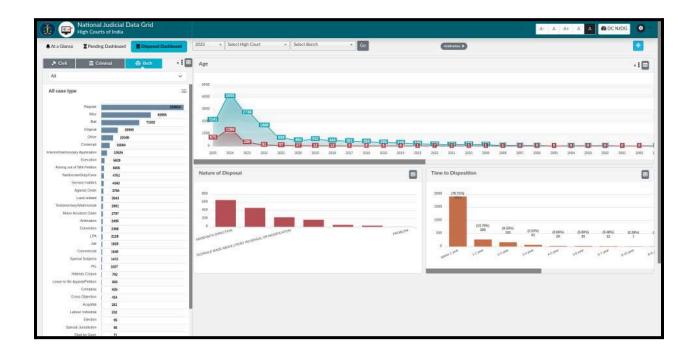


Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Case Category Pie Chart, the user can view the 'Pie Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



9.1.3 Drill Down of Single Category of Disposed Cases

Furthermore, the user can click on any case category displayed in the left panel. The NJDG-HC will then display only the disposed data for the selected case type. *For example,* if a user select 'arbitration' as the case type from the menu, the Disposed Dashboard will be filtered to show only information pertaining to 'arbitration', as illustrated below:



9.2 Age Wise Disposed Cases Graph

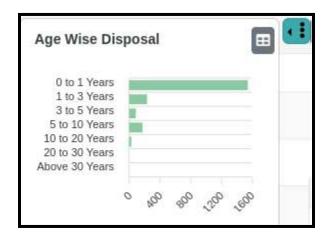


The 'Age-Wise Disposed of Cases' Chart provides information regarding the number of cases disposed of in a particular year. The blue line represents the pending cases, while the red line shows cases that have been disposed of. *For example*, as shown in screenshot herein, there were 6,45,110 cases pending in 2024 and 6,35,941 cases were disposed of in the year 2024. The user can find similar data for other years as well, and the information is regularly updated.

9.2.1 Bar Chart of Age Wise Disposal

Furthermore, by clicking on the three vertical dots in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'age wise disposed graph' in 'bar chart', which shows age-wise

disposal in above 30 years, 20 to 30 years, 10 to 20 years and more as shown in the screenshot below:



Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Age Wise Disposal Bar Chart, the user can view the 'Bar Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



9.2.2 Tabular Format of Age Wise Pendancy

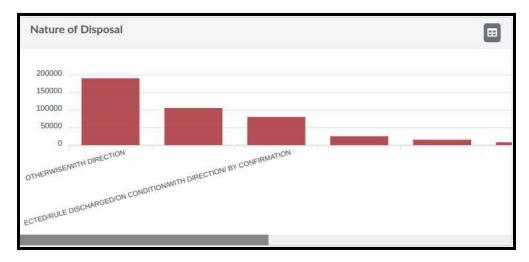
In addition to the above, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the graph, the user can view the 'age-wise disposed graph' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the details of different High Courts as shown below:



9.3 Nature of Disposal Bar Graph



This 'Nature of Disposal' bar graph provides information regarding the nature of disposed of cases. It divides the nature of disposal into 10 categories.

Nature of Disposal	Abate, Adr/Settlement/Compromise, Allowed/Granted/Rule
	Made Absolute/By Reversal Or Modification, Dismissed For
	Want Of Prosecution/Otherwise/In Lemini/Non Compliance,
	Dismissed/Rejected/Rule Discharged/On Condition/With
	Direction/ By Confirmation, Disposed Otherwise/With
	Direction, Made Over To Other Court, Ostensible Disposal,
	Problem and Remand

9.3.1 Tabular Format of Nature of Disposal

Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Bar

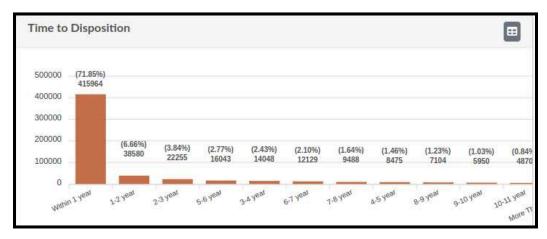
Graph, the user can view the 'Nature of Disposal Bar Chart' in 'table' form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of Nature of Disposal by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the Nature of Disposal of different High Courts as shown below:







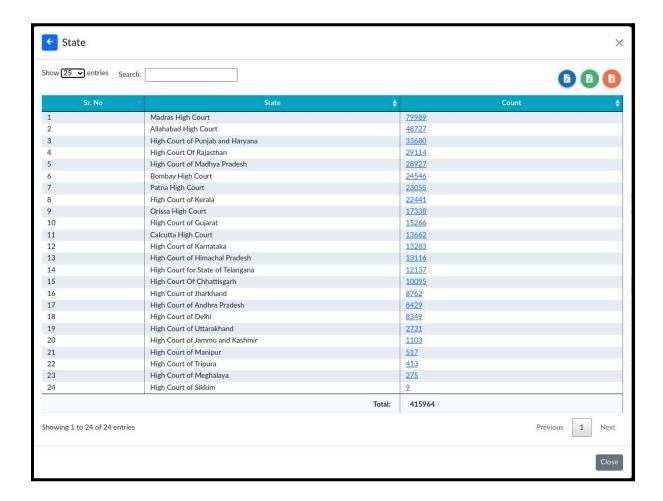
The 'Time to Disposition' bar chart shows the accurate data on time taken in the disposition of cases by the High Courts of India, The bar on the x-axis is divided on the basis of the time in which cases are disposed such as within a year or 1-2 year or 2-3 year or 3-4 year and so on as shown in the screenshot above. *For example*, as per the screenshot in the screenshot above, 4,15,964 (71.85%) cases are disposed of within a year from their institution.

9.4.1 Tabular Format of Time to Disposition Bar Chart

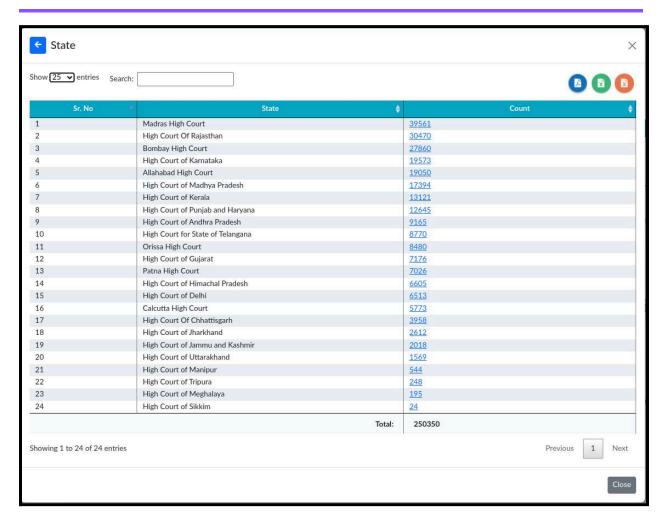
Furthermore, by clicking on the square button available in the top right corner of the Bar Chart Dashboard, the user can view the *'Time to Disposition Bar Chart'* in *'table'* form as shown in the screenshot below:



The numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that allow users to access lists of cases by High Court Wise. By clicking these links, users can obtain comprehensive information about the Time to Disposition of different High Courts as shown below:



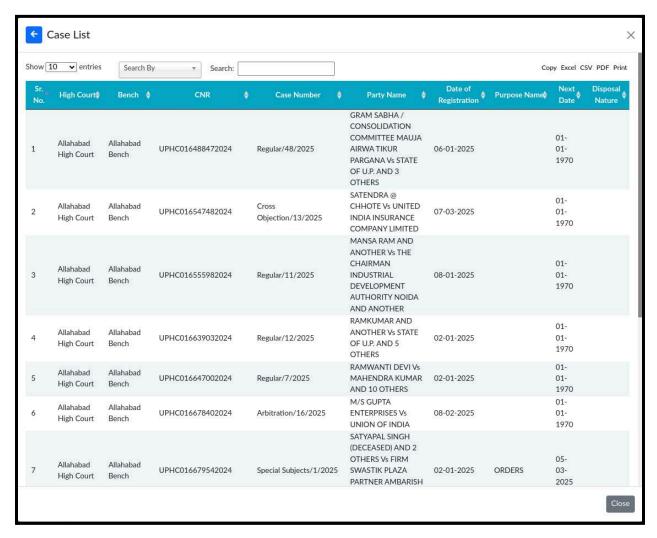
10. Finding Detailed Case Lists in NJDG-HC



The data in NJDG-HC is shown in different graphs which can further be converted into tabular form with just simple steps, as shown previously. The tabular form shows the different data by High Court wise. Notably, the numbers displayed within the tables are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such bench-wise of the selected High Court. A user can select any High Court from the table, which will then display the data specific to each bench within that court.



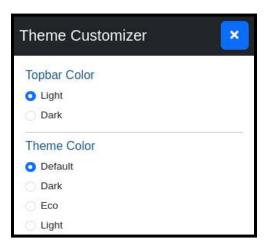
Furthermore, the numbers displayed within the table are hyperlinks that enable users to access lists of such cases. By clicking on these links, users can retrieve comprehensive information about these cases, which includes Sr. No., High Court, Bench, CNR Case, Number Party Name, Date of Registration, Purpose Name, Next Date and Disposal Nature as shown below:



11. Settings



The user can change the settings on the website by clicking on the cogwheel icon on the top right of the screen.



In the settings, the user can switch between dark or light themes for the top bar, which will enable the person with visual disabilities to read better and comfortability. The user can also choose between dark, eco, or light color themes for the website, as per their choice, as shown in the screenshot herein. This is truly an inclusive digitally accessible feature.



12. NJDG Report Format



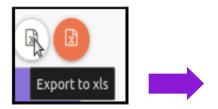
The reports under NJDG can be generated in three formats. All the reports can be generated as PDF, Excel and CSV. The availability of these three types helps the stakeholders to generate the report in editable formats and non-editable formats. The editable formats under .xls and .csv will help to consolidate information according to the needs of a user. The screenshots of the three formats are appended herewith for ready reference.

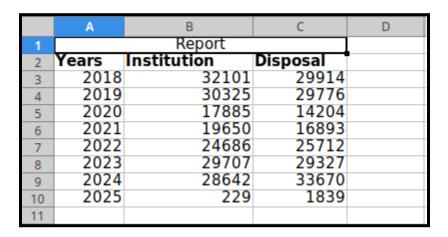
11.1. Export to .pdf



Years	Institution	Disposal
2018	32101	29914
2019	30325	29776
2020	17885	14204
2021	19650	16893
2022	24686	25712
2023	29707	29327
2024	28642	33670
2025	229	1839

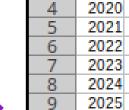
11.2. Export to .xls





A

11.3. Export to .csv





В

Years Institution Disposal

C

D

11. Benefits of the NJDG-HC

The High Court National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC) represents a significant advancement in judicial transparency and efficiency within India. The NJDG-HC portal serves not just the judiciary but a wide array of users as a comprehensive and a real-time repository of case information, orders, and judgments from the Supreme Court.

11.1 For Judges

- 1. *Manage Workload:* Judges can easily see how many cases they have. This helps them keep track of their work.
- 2. **Decide Which Cases to Hear First:** The system provides data that helps judges decide which cases need attention sooner.
- 3. *Understand Pending Cases:* Judges get clear details about cases waiting to be heard. They can see if cases are civil or criminal, how old they are (like less than a year old, or from a specific year like 2013) and what stage they are at (like whether the first steps are complete or not).
- 4. **See How Work is Spread Out:** Judges can see which cases are being handled by different numbers of judges.
- 5. *Check Court Performance:* Judges can compare how many new cases are coming in versus how many are being finished each month or year. This shows how efficiently the court is working.
- 6. *Learn About Finished Cases:* Judges can see how cases were finished (like dismissed or allowed) and how long it took to finish them.
- 7. *Plan Better:* NJDG-HC helps judges plan how to reduce the backlog of cases and manage the court more effectively.
- 8. *Make Decisions Using Facts:* The system provides solid data that can help judges to make informed decisions about court management.

11.2 For Lawyers

- 1. *Get Latest Case Updates:* Lawyers can check the most current status of their cases anytime, as the information is updated very frequently.
- 2. *Find Detailed Case Information:* They can click on links within the system to get specific details like Diary Numbers, Case Numbers, when the case was filed, and names of people involved.
- 3. *Understand How the Court Works:* The system helps lawyers see how cases move through the court, what types of cases are common (like Appeals, Writ Petitions), how many cases are pending, and how quickly cases are finished.

11.3 For Researchers, Academics and Students:

- 1. *Great Source of Information:* The NJDG is like a "treasure trove" filled with lots of data, perfect for high-quality research.
- 2. **Study the Court System:** Researchers can use the real data to study how efficient the courts are, spot trends (like if pending cases are increasing or decreasing, how long cases take), and see how cases are spread out.
- 3. Access to Lots of Case Data: They can find details about new cases, pending cases and finished cases, including the type of case, how many there are, year-by-year numbers, the stage cases are in and how they were concluded.
- 4. *Create Custom Reports:* A special tool lets researchers create reports tailored to their specific research questions.
- 5. **Download Data Easily:** Researchers can download data and reports in different formats like PDF, Excel (.xls), or CSV, which makes it easy to study the information further.

11.4 For Litigants

1. **See Case Progress Clearly:** NJDG-HC makes it easier for people to understand what's happening with their court case.

2. *Increases transparency:* NJDG-HC allows litigants to be more informed about the Supreme Court and its workings.

11.5 For General Public

- 1. *Makes Courts More Open:* NJDG-HC helps everyone see how the justice system works.
- 2. *Holds Courts Accountable:* NJDG-HC promotes responsibility within the courts.
- 3. *Easy Access to Court Information:* Anyone can easily find court data with just a click, like how many cases are filed, finished, or still pending.
- 4. *Creates Informed Citizens:* NJDG-HC helps people understand the judicial system better, making them more informed members of society.

11.6 For Court Administration/Staff

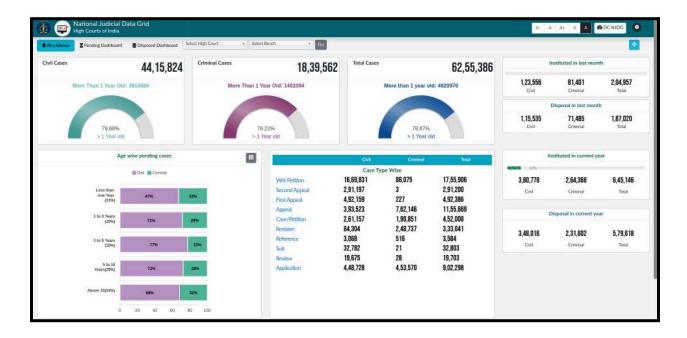
- 1. *Better Data Management:* NJDG-HC provides one central place to manage the huge amount of case information.
- 2. *Easy Report Generation:* NJDG-HC makes it simple to create different kinds of statistical reports needed by the court.

11.7 For Policymakers

- 1. *Make Laws Based on Facts:* NJDG-HC provides policymakers with useful data to see how well the courts are working and where improvements or reforms are needed.
- 2. *Track Court Trends:* NJDG-HC allows policymakers to watch trends like the number of pending cases or how fast cases are resolved, which helps in making policy decisions.
- 3. **See the Big Picture:** NJDG-HC provides an overall view of how the Supreme Court is functioning using reliable statistics.

High Courts of India National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG-HC) - Access Link

https://njdg.ecourts.gov.in/hcnjdg_v2/?app_token=fa439f4458390c2b52f838bcd6adf84409c39c189b8ffee 761c2ca7e0922894a



HIGH COURTS OF INDIA NATIONAL JUDICIAL DATA GRID (NJDG-HC)

A Tool for Effective Court & Case Management



Circulated by eCommittee, Supreme Court of India