Test Booklet Code

ANKHA

No.:

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

G2

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is G2. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	: in figures		
	: in words		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals):		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		

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- Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (a) and (c)
 - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) only (a)
- Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of copulation
 - (2) After zygote formation
 - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (4) Prior to ovulation
- 3. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - (1) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (2) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (3) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (4) They have RNA with protein coat.
- 4. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - (3) (a) and (d)
 - (4) (a) only

- 5. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Sutton

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- (2) Boveri
- (3) Morgan
- (4) Mendel
- 6. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (2) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (3) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (4) Laminaria and Sargassum
- 7. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Growth response
 - (2) Defence action
 - (3) Effect on reproduction
 - (4) Nutritive value
- 8. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Mutational breeding
 - (2) Cross breeding
 - (3) Inbreeding
 - (4) Out crossing
- **9.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Sporozoites
 - (2) Female gametocytes
 - (3) Male gametocytes
 - (4) Trophozoites
- 10. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Root pressure
 - (2) Imbibition
 - (3) Plasmolysis
 - (4) Transpiration

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11.		his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino by mixing the following in a closed flask :	
	(1)	$\mathrm{CH}_3,\mathrm{H}_2,\mathrm{NH}_4$ and water vapor at $800^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
	(2)	$\mathrm{CH_4,H_2,NH_3}$ and water vapor at $600^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
	(3)	$\mathrm{CH}_3, \mathrm{H}_2, \mathrm{NH}_3$ and water vapor at $600^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
	(4)	$\mathrm{CH_4,H_2,NH_3}$ and water vapor at 800°C	
12.	prima	ation to Gross primary productivity and Net ary productivity of an ecosystem, which one following statements is correct ?	
	(1)	Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.	ğ
	(2)	Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.	
	(3)	There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.	
	(4)	Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.	
13.		equence that controls the copy number of the d DNA in the vector, is termed:	2823
	(1)	Ori site	
	(2)	Palindromic sequence	
	(3)	Recognition site	
	(4)	Selectable marker	
14.		idal epithelium with brush border of microvilli nd in :	
	(1)	ducts of salivary glands	ĺ
	(2)	$proximal \ convoluted \ tubule \ of \ nephron$	
	(3)	eustachian tube	
	(4)	lining of intestine	
15.	The bat:	oody of the ovule is fused within the funicle	8
	(1)	Micropyle	
	(2)	Nucellus	

(3)

(4)

Chalaza Hilum

- 16. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (2) PS-I to NADP+
 - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (4) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- 17. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	Ι		Column - II
(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	ımonia	ı	(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	${\it Haemophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

18. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	.0.500.000	tridiur licum	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	121	hodern sporun		(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)		ascus oureus		(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Aspe	Aspergillus niger		(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	

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19.		th of the following statements are true for	23.	Mate	h the f	ollowi	ng:				
	the p (a)	hylum-Chordata? In Urochordata notochord extends from		(a)	Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity					Ricin	
		head to tail and it is present throughout their life.		(b)	Posse	Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malona			Malonate		
	(b)	In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.		(c)	Cell v fungi	wall m	ateria	l in	(iii)	Chitin	
	(a)			(d)	Secon	ndary i	netabo	olite	(iv)	Collagen	
	(c)	Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.		Choo	se the	corre	ct opti	on fro	m the	following:	
	(d)	Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla:			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
		Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.		(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			
	(4)			(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
	(1)	(c) and (a)		(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(2)	(a) and (b)		(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			
	(3)	(b) and (c)	24.	Bilat	aterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals						
	(4)	(d) and (c)			xempli			unau	cocion		
				(1)	Platy	helmi	nthes				
		et cells of alimentary canal are modified		(2)	Asch	elmint	hes				
	from	:		(3)	Anne	lida					
	(1)	Columnar epithelial cells		(4)	Cten	ophora					
	(2)	Chondrocytes	25.	Drogo	ongo ot	rwhial	of th	o follo	wing e	onditions in	
	(3)	Compound epithelial cells	20.	Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?							
	(4)	Squamous epithelial cells		(1)	(1) Uremia and Renal Calculi						
				(2) Ketonuria and Glycosuria							
21.		ch of the following is not an inhibitory		(3)	Rena	l calcu	li and	Hyper	glycae	mia	
	subst	tance governing seed dormancy?		(4)	Uren	nia and	l Ketor	nuria			
	(1)	Abscisic acid	26.	Ray florets have :							
	(2)	Phenolic acid	20.	(1)		rior ov					
	(3)	Para-ascorbic acid		(2)	•			7			
	(4)	Gibberellic acid		(3)	Hypogynous ovary Half inferior ovary						
				(4)	Infer	ior ova	ry				
22.		e the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA during transcription.	27.	Ident	tify the	substa	ances h	aving	glycosi	idic bond and	
	(1)	DNA helicase	Employed 27			-		ly in t	heir st	ructure :	
	(2)	DNA polymerase		(1)		erol, tr	54 5 /				
				(2)	Cellulose, lecithin						
	(3)	RNA polymerase		(3)	Inuli	n, inst	ılin				

(4)

Chitin, cholesterol

DNA ligase

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- 28. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
 - In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
- 29. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) G₁ phase
 - (2) Sphase
 - (3) G₂ phase
 - (4) M phase
- 30. Identify the correct statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- 31. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (4) Repolarisation of auricles
- 32. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10⁹ bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.5 meters
 - (2) 2.2 meters
 - (3) 2.7 meters
 - (4) 2.0 meters

- 33. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - Madagascar
 - (2) Himalayas
 - (3) Amazon forests
 - (4) Western Ghats of India
- **34.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Floating debris
 - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (3) Activated sludge
 - (4) Primary sludge
- 35. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Zygotene
 - (2) Diplotene
 - (3) Leptotene
 - (4) Pachytene
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- 37. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- 38. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - Nitrate alone
 - (2) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (4) Ammonia alone

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39.		el electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments be visualized with the help of :	44.			cerning essential elements lants :				
	(1)	Ethidium bromide in UV radiation		(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water		
	200			(b)	Zinc		(ii)	Pollen germination		
	(2)	Acetocarmine in UV radiation Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation		(c)	Boro	n	(iii)	Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis		
	(4)	Acetocarmine in bright blue light		(d)	Man	ganese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis		
	(1)	recessed mine in origin ordering it		Sele	ct the c	correc	t optic	on:		
40.	Inw	hich of the following techniques, the embryos			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
40.		ransferred to assist those females who cannot		(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)		
	conce	eive?		(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)		
	(1)	GIFT and ZIFT		(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		
	(2)	ICSI and ZIFT		(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		
	(3)	GIFT and ICSI	45.		Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?					
	(4)	ZIFT and IUT		(1)		xisome	35050	Table		
				(2)	Golg	i bodies	3			
41.	Selec	et the correct match.		(3)	Polys	somes				
	(1)	Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait		(4)	Endo	oplasm	ic reti	culum		
	(2)	Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait,	46.	Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.						
		chromosome-11		(a)	Cont	raction	of dia	aphragm		
	(3)	Thalassemia - Xlinked		(b)	Contraction of external inter-costal muscles					
	(4)	Haemophilia - Ylinked		(c)	Puln	onary	volun	ne decreases		
				(d)	Intra	a pulmo	onary	pressure increases		
42.		ch of the following is not an attribute of a		(1)		nd (d)				
	popu	lation?		(2)		b) and	(d)			
	(1)	Natality		(3)	only					
	(2)	Mortality		(4)	(a) aı	nd (b)				
	(3)	Species interaction	47.	The are:		hat ori	ginate	from the base of the stem		
	(4)	Sex ratio		(1)	Prim	ary ro	ots			
	100000			(2)	Prop	roots				
43.		oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in orespiration leads to the formation of:		(3)	Late	ral roo	ts			
				(4)	Fibro	ous roo	ts			
	(1)	1 molecule of 3-C compound	48.	The	ovary	is half	inferio	or in:		
	(2)	1 molecule of 6-C compound		(1)	3.1	,		nakaarkii		

Mustard

Plum

Brinjal

Sunflower

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound

 ${\bf 2}\ {\bf molecules}\ {\bf of}\ {\bf 3\text{-}C}\ {\bf compound}$

(3)

(4)

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49. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II (a) Floating Ribs (i) Located between second and seventh ribs Head of the (b) Acromion (ii) Humerus (c) Scapula (iii) Clavicle (d) Glenoid cavity Do not connect (iv) with the sternum (a) (b) (d) (c) (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (2)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

- 50. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - (1) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (2) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (3) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (4) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- 51. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- **52.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Fungal diseases
 - (2) Plant nematodes
 - (3) Insect predators
 - (4) Insect pests
- 53. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) One
 - (2) Two
 - (3) Three
 - (4) Zero

- Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
- 55. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Convergent evolution
 - (2) Industrial melanism
 - (3) Natural selection
 - (4) Adaptive radiation
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
- 57. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (2) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- 58. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Glutamic Acid
 - (2) Lysine
 - (3) Valine
 - (4) Tyrosine

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59.	spray	ying or	suga	rcane o	crop, in	crease	which upon es the length	63.	Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?				
	crop.		us inc		g the y	vield o	f sugarcane		(1)	Reabsorption of Na tubules due to aldo	a ⁺ and water from renal esterone		
	(1) (2) (3)	Ethy		ene				(2)	Atrial natriur vasoconstriction	etic factor causes			
	(4)		kinin	ıu					(3)	Decrease in secret	ion of renin by JG cells		
60.	Mate	h the c	rganis	sm wit	h its us	e in bi	otechnology.		(4)	More water r	eabsorption due to		
00.	(a)	Bacil	- 14T	3III W 10	(i)		ng vector			undersecretion of A	ADH		
			ingiens	sis	.,			C4	Class		f th - f-11		
	(b)	Ther	mus		(ii)	Cons	truction of	64.			from the following:		
		aqua	ticus			first	rDNA cule		(1)	Polymerases -	Break the DNA into fragments		
	(c)		bacter facien		(iii)	DNA	polymerase		(2)	Nucleases -	Separate the two strands of DNA $$		
	(d)		ionella imuriu		(iv)	Cry p	roteins		(3)	Exonucleases -	Make cuts at specific positions within DNA		
	Selec	Select the correct option from the following:					llowing:		II. 92-20-7	Californi			
	5210	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(4)	Ligases -	Join the two DNA		
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)						molecules		
	(2) (3)	(iii) (iii)	(ii) (iv)	(iv) (i)	(i) (ii)			65.	Ident	tify the correct stat	tement with reference to		
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			#3050H 700		an digestive system.			
61.	Whic						correct?		(1)	Serosa is the in alimentary canal.	nnermost layer of the		
	(1)	H-bo		airs wi	th thy	mine	inrough one		(2)	Ileum is a highly c	oiled part.		
	(2)	Ader H-bo		irs wit	h thyn	nine th	rough three		(3)				
	(3)				pair w				(4)	Ileum opens into s	mall intestine.		
	(4)	H-bo	nds.				through two	66.		ryological suppo proved by:	ort for evolution was		
62.		h the		wing o	column	is and	l select the		(1)	Alfred Wallace			
	COLL		ımn -	ı		Co	lumn - II		(2)	Charles Darwin			
	(a)				hagous		Asterias		(3)	Oparin			
		pest		350 355					(4)	Karl Ernst von Ba	or		
	(b)			radial and lai	va.	(ii)	Scorpion		(1)	Kari Ernet von Da	CI		
					metry			67.	Whic	ch of the following h	ormone levels will cause		
	(c) (d)		lungs imines			(iii) (iv)	Ctenoplana Locusta		relea follic	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[tion) from the graffian		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(1)	High concentration	n of Progesterone		
	(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)				(2)	Low concentration	of LH		
	(2) (3)	(iii) (ii)	(ii) (i)	(i) (iii)	(iv) (iv)				(3)	Low concentration	nofFSH		
	(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)				(4)	High concentration	n of Estrogen		

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68.		specific palindromic sequence which is	74.	The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :							
	Name and State of	gnized by EcoRI is:		(1)	tryp	sinoge	n into t	trypsir	i		
	(1)	5' - GGAACC - 3'		(2)	case in ogen into case in						
		3' - CCTTGG - 5'		(3)		pepsinogen into pepsin					
	(2)	5' - CTTAAG - 3'		(4)	protein into polypeptides						
		3' - GAATTC - 5'	75.	Match the following with respect to meiosis:							
	(3)	5' - GGATCC - 3'		(a)	Zygo	tene	(i)	Tern	ninalization		
		3' - CCTAGG - 5'		(b)		ytene	(ii)		smata		
	(4)	5' - GAATTC - 3'		0.80/#			117600511				
		3' - CTTAAG - 5'		(c)		otene	(iii)		sing over		
69.	The	first phase of translation is:		(d)		cinesis		Syna	nes management		
	(1)	Recognition of DNA molecule		Sele					the following:		
	(2)	Aminoacylation of tRNA		(1)	(a)	(p)	(c)	(d)			
	(3)	Recognition of an anti-codon		(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)			
	(4)	Binding of mRNA to ribosome		(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			
	(1)	Diffully of Miles and the Company		(3) (4)	(ii) (iii)	(iv) (iv)	(iii) (i)	(i) (ii)			
70.	Flor	idean starch has structure similar to:		(4)	(111)	(IV)	(1)	(11)			
	(1)	Amylopectin and glycogen	76.					tateme	ents about inclusion		
	(2)	Mannitol and algin				icorre					
((3)	Laminarin and cellulose		(1)		se are icles.	invol	ved in	ingestion of food		
	(4)	Starch and cellulose		(2)			e in th	ne cyto	plasm.		
71.	Stro	bili or cones are found in :		(3)	These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.						
	(1)	Pteris		(4)							
	(2)	Marchantia									
	(3)	Equisetum	77.	Match the following columns and select the correct option.							
	(4)	Salvinia		COII	100	umn -	I		Column - II		
72.	How	many true breeding pea plant varieties did		(a)	Fosi	nophils	,	(i)	Immune response		
	Men	del select as pairs, which were similar except				phils	,	(ii)	Phagocytosis		
		ne character with contrasting traits?		(b)		7		75.77			
	(1)	2		(c)	Neu	trophil	S	(iii)	Release histaminase,		
	(2)	14							destructive		
	(3)	8							enzymes		
	(4)	4		(d)	Lvm	phocyt	es	(iv)	Release granules		
73.	Snov	w-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :		(4)	23 111	phocy		(21)	containing		
	(1)	Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	histamine		
	(2)	High reflection of light from snow		(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
	(3)	Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays		(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			
	(4)	Freezing of fluids in the eye by low		(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			
		14	1				-				

(4)

(iii) (iv)

(ii)

(i)

temperature

G2						1	0								
78.		transv omical			of a pla	ant shows following	82.		ording rsity is			May, t	the global species		
	(a)					ed vascular bundles		(1)	(1) 20 million						
	20				ndle s			(2)	50 m	illion					
	(b)	Larg tissu		picuou	s parei	nchymatous ground		(3)							
	(c)			undles	conioi	nt and closed.		300	(4) 1.5 million						
	(d)				ma ab			(-)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000						
						and its part :	83.	ran da							
	(1)	Mon	ocotyle	donou	s root	ē.		correct option.							
	(2)	Dico	tyledoi	nous st	em				Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
	(3)		tyledor					(a)	6 - 1	5 pairs	of	(i)	Trygon		
	(4)	Mon	ocotyle	donou	sstem				gill s	slits					
79.		ch the		wing	colum	ns and select the		(b)		rocerc	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes		
		Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		(a)				(:::\	Ch and wish three		
	(a)	Pitui	tary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease		(c)		Bladder		(iii)	Chondrichthyes		
	(b)	Thyr	oid gla	ınd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus		(d)		on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes		
	(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease		(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
	. ,	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)			
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)			
	(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			
	(3) (4)	(ii) (iv)	(i) (iii)	(iv) (i)	(iii) (ii)		84.	The	proces	s of gr	owth is	s maxi	mum during:		
00	183			3.5	200			(1)	Lag	phase					
80.		ect op		wing	corum	ns and select the		(2)							
			ımn -	I		Column - II		(3) Dormancy							
	(a)	Place		761	(i)	Androgens		(4)	Log	phase					
	(b)		pelluc	ehir	(ii)	Human Chorionic				e 11					
	(0)	20110	ренис	au.	(11)	Gonadotropin	85.		cn tne rect op		wing	colum	ns and select the		
						(hCG)		COIL		umn -	r		Column - II		
	(c)	Bulh	o-uretl	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum						200			
	(0)	gland		aı	(111)	Laty of or one overill		(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy		
	(d)	7.15.75	ig cells	3	(iv)	Lubrication of the		(b)		nosine		(ii)	Cellular defence		
	(4)	Leyu	-Б сеп		(11)	Penis				ninase					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	Long			defic	iency					
	(1)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)			(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV		
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)								infection		
	(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus		
	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			(-)				Ç.,	thuringiensis		
81.		ater hy e by :	acinth	and w	ater li	ly, pollination takes			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(1)	73	rcurr	entsor	nly			(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(2)	wind	and w	ater				(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			
	(3)		ets and		•			(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			
	(4)	insec	ets or v	vind			I	(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			

86. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I

Column - II

- (a) Organ of Corti (i) Connects middle ear and pharynx
- (b) Cochlea (ii) Coiled part of the labyrinth
- (c) Eustachian tube (iii) Attached to the oval window
- (d) Stapes (iv) Located on the basilar membrane
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- 87. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Collagen
 - (2) Lectin
 - (3) Insulin
 - (4) Haemoglobin
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- 89. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (2) Release of Green House gases
 - (3) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another

- **90.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level
- (i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

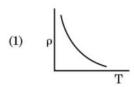
Select the correct option:

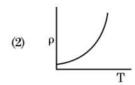
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- **91.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

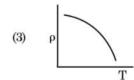
The pitch of the screw gauge is:

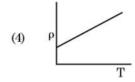
- (1) $0.25 \,\mathrm{mm}$
- (2) 0.5 mm
- (3) 1.0 mm
- (4) 0.01 mm
- 92. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n} \pi d^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
- 93. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) zero
 - (4) doubled

- 94. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 0.5 N/C
 - (2) 1 N/C
 - (3) 5 N/C
 - (4) zero
- 95. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?





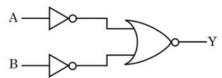




- 96. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - (1) $\frac{Mg(L_1 L)}{AL}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\rm MgL}{\rm A(L_1-L)}$
 - (4) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$

- 97. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 524 Hz
 - (2) 536 Hz
 - (3) 537 Hz
 - (4) 523 Hz
- 98. A 40 μ F capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 2.05 A
 - (2) 2.5 A
 - (3) 25.1 A
 - (4) 1.7 A
- 99. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 340 m
 - (2) 320 m
 - (3) 300 m
 - (4) 360 m
- 100. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) 10^2 V
 - (2) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (3) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
 - (4) 10 V

101. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1
- 1 1 1 (2)В Y A 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0
- (3) A B Y
 0 0 1
 0 1 0
 1 0 0
 1 1 0
- (4) A B Y
 0 0 0
 0 1 0
 1 0 0
 1 1 1
- 102. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \ \mathrm{N} \ \mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 200 V
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- 103. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

104. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:

G2

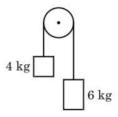
- (1) reverse bias only
- (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
- (3) increase in forward current
- (4) forward bias only
- 105. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 5.0 g
 - (2) 10.0 g
 - (3) 20.0 g
 - (4) 2.5 g
- 106. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 107. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators only
 - (2) semiconductors only
 - (3) insulators and semiconductors
 - (4) metals
- 108. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (2) μA
 - (3) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- 109. For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised helium atom (He +)
 - (2) Deuteron atom
 - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne +)
 - (4) Hydrogen atom

- 110. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (3) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
 - (4) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
- 111. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 32 N
 - (2) 30 N
 - (3) 24 N
 - (4) 48 N
- 112. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^6
 - (2) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{15}
- 113. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- 114. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μ F. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

- 115. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.98 m
 - (2) 9.980 m
 - (3) 9.9 m
 - (4) 9.9801 m
- 116. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- g/2
- (2) g/5
- (3) g/10
- (4) g
- A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.5 kg/m^3
- 118. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 1:c
 - (3) 1:c²
 - (4) c:1
- 119. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$

- 120. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) half
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) double
- 121. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 122. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.6
 - (2) 0.06
 - (3) 0.006
 - (4)
- 123. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}{\rm U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}{\rm Kr}$, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (2) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
- 124. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) adiabatic
 - (2) isochoric
 - (3) isobaric
 - (4) isothermal

- 125. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
- 126. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (4) $\frac{27}{8}$
- 127. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature})$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
- 128. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 1.0
 - (3) -1.0
 - (4) zero

129. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm
- 130. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) zero
 - (4) π rad
- 131. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (2) $45^{\circ} < i_b^{\circ} < 90^{\circ}$
 - (3) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (4) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
- 132. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[MLT^{-2}]$
- 133. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (2) 4.7 kΩ, 5%
- (3) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega, 5\%$
- 134. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) 1.28×10⁷ N/C
- (4) 1.28×10⁴ N/C

- 135. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (2) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- 136. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Benzene + Toluene
 - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (4) Ethanol + Acetone
- 137. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- 138. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 2
 - (2) 3
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 1
- Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J} \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- **140.** For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$

- 141. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - Partition chromatography
 - (2)Thin layer chromatography
 - (3)Column chromatography
 - (4) Adsorption chromatography
- 142. The rate constant for a first order reaction is 4.606×10^{-3} s⁻¹. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) $200 \, \mathrm{s}$
 - (2)500 s
 - (3)1000s
 - (4) $100 \, \mathrm{s}$
- 143. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid (1)
 - (2)H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (4)H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
- 144. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2)Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3)Cross Aldol condensation
 - (4) Aldol condensation
- 145. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - (1) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- **146.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium stearate
 - (2)Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (3)Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - Sodium lauryl sulphate (4)
- 147. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr2+ ion is:
 - (1) $4.90\,\mathrm{BM}$
 - (2)5.92 BM
 - (3)2.84 BM
 - (4) 3.87 BM

- 148. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only NaCl
 - (2)Only MgCl₂
 - NaCl, MgCl2 and CaCl2 (3)
 - Both MgCl2 and CaCl2
- 149. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$

water

- $Mg(HCO_3)_2 +$ Ca(HCO₃)₂
- Temporary hardness of
 - An electron deficient hydride
- B_2H_6 (c)

(b)

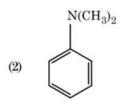
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- H_2O_2 (d)
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (b) (d) (a) (c)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (2)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3)(i) (iii) (ii)
- (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 150. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) **B-Elimination reaction**
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - Dehydration reaction (d)
 - (1) (a), (c), (d)
 - (2)(b), (c), (d)
 - (3)(a), (b), (d)
 - (a), (b), (c)
- 151. Which of the following is the correct order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 152. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (3)Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of
 - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.

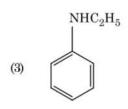
- 153. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (2) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
- 154. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

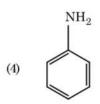
$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) 0 to + 4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) + 4 to + 4
- 155. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Copper
 - (2) Calcium
 - (3) Potassium
 - (4) Iron
- 156. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (2) n-Heptane
 - (3) n-Butane
 - (4) n-Hexane
- 157. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Solubility
 - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Viscosity
- 158. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol $^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.80 K
 - (2) 0.40 K
 - (3) 0.60 K
 - (4) 0.20 K

159. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?







- 160. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (2) polybutadiene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (4) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
- **161.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
 - (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in ${\rm Cr}O_4^{2-}$ and ${\rm Cr}_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (4) $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.

- **162.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1.4-dichlorobenzene
- 163. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Oxygen gas
 - (2) H₂S gas
 - (3) SO₂ gas
 - (4) Hydrogen gas
- 164. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

(2)
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ + \text{C}_2 \text{H}_5 \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \\ + \operatorname{C}_2 \operatorname{H}_5 \operatorname{OH} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(4)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

- 165. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71} {
 m Lu}$, respectively, are :
 - (1) 104, 71 and 71
 - (2) 71, 71 and 104
 - (3) 175, 104 and 71
 - (4) 71, 104 and 71
- 166. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${\rm Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is correct option?

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (2)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (3)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (4)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- **167.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) + Reffect of CH₃ groups
 - (2) − R effect of − CH₃ groups
 - (3) Hyperconjugation
 - (4) I effect of CH₃ groups
- 168. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (2) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
 - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]

169. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?

- (1) Alanine
- (2) Tyrosine
- (3) Lysine
- (4) Serine

170. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:

- (1) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- (2) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- (3) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- (4) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$

171. Identify the incorrect match.

Name IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1) (b), (ii)
- (2) (c), (iii)
- (3) (d), (iv)
- (4) (a), (i)

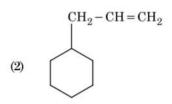
172. Identify a molecule which does not exist.

- (1) Li₂
- (2) C₂
- (3) O₂
- (4) He₂

173. Identify the correct statements from the following:

- (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
- (b) The structure of C₆₀ contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
- (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
- (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a) and (c) only
- (2) (b) and (c) only
- (3) (c) and (d) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (c) only

174. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:



(4)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

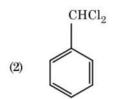
- 175. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (4) Isopropyl alcohol
- 176. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

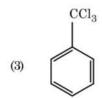
[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

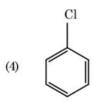
- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar
- 177. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) heat of reaction
 - (2) threshold energy
 - (3) collision frequency
 - (4) activation energy
- 178. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$

179. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ & \\ \text{Cl}_2/\text{h}_{\nu} \\ \text{X} \\ \hline \\ & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CHO} \\ \\ \hline \\ & \\ \end{array}$$







- 180. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (2) Cu(OH)₂
 - (3) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
 - (4) CuSO₄

23 Space For Rough Work G2