# **KHANA**

No.:

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

### Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the
  Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen
  only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
   For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F6**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Can	didate (in Capitals) :					
Roll Number	: in figures					
	: in words					
Centre of Examir	nation (in Capitals):					
Candidate's Sign	ature :	Invigilator's Signature :				
Facsimile signature stamp of						
Centre Superinte	ndent:					

- The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr<sup>2+</sup> ion is:
  - (1) 5.92 BM
  - (2) 2.84 BM
  - (3) 3.87 BM
  - (4) 4.90 BM
- 2. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
  - (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
  - (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - (4) Sodium stearate
- 3. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

(1) 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

- 4. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
  - Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1.4-dichlorobenzene
  - Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- 5. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) polybutadiene
  - (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
  - (3) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
  - (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- **6.** Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
  - (a)  $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i)  $Mg(HCO_3)_2 +$ 
  - Ca(HCO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c)  $B_9H_6$
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- 7. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
  - (1) threshold energy
  - (2) collision frequency
  - (3) activation energy
  - (4) heat of reaction
- 8. The freezing point depression constant  $(K_f)$  of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
  - (1) 0.40 K
  - (2) 0.60 K
  - (3) 0.20 K
  - (4) 0.80 K

- 9. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
  - (1) C<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) O<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) He<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) Li<sub>2</sub>
- 10. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +4 to +4
- (4) 0 to + 4
- 11. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Calcium
  - (2) Potassium
  - (3) Iron
  - (4) Copper
- 12. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	$\mathrm{Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is **correct** option?

	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

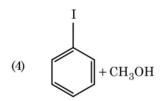
- **13.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
  - (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (3) Aldol condensation
  - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction

14. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \\ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{I} \end{array}$$

(2) 
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

(3) 
$$OH + CH_3I$$



- 15. For the reaction,  $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$ , the **correct** option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H > 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- **16.** Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
  - (a)  $CO_2(g)$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $C_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1) (b) and (c) only
  - (2) (c) and (d) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (4) (a) and (c) only

- 17. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1) n-Heptane
  - (2) n-Butane
  - (3) n-Hexane
  - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- 18. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
  - (1) Only MgCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) NaCl, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) Both MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) Only NaCl
- 19. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
  - (1)  $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
  - (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
  - (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
  - (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg=24]
- 20. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol<sup>-1</sup>): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar
- 21. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2-}$  and  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
  - (3)  $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$  in water.
  - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.

- **22.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
  - (1)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (2) q > 0,  $\Delta T > 0$  and w > 0
  - (3)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 23. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
  - (1) Acetone + Chloroform
  - (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
  - (3) Ethanol + Acetone
  - (4) Benzene + Toluene
- **24.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
  - H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (2) H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, pyrosulphuric acid
  - (3) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, sulphurous acid
  - (4) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, sulphuric acid
- 25. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
  - (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
- 26. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
  - (1) 71, 71 and 104
  - (2) 175, 104 and 71
  - (3) 71, 104 and 71
  - (4) 104, 71 and 71
- 27. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
  - (1)  $H_2S$  gas
  - (2) SO<sub>2</sub> gas
  - (3) Hydrogen gas
  - (4) Oxygen gas

- 28. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
  - (1) -R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (2) Hyperconjugation
  - (3) −I effect of −CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (4) +R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
- 29. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
  - (1)  $Cu(OH)_2$
  - (2) CuCO<sub>3</sub>·Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) CuSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (4)  $[Cu(NH_2)_4]^{2+}$
- 30. Identify the incorrect match.

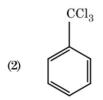
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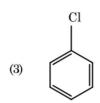
#### **IUPAC Official Name**

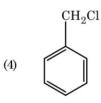
- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1) (c), (iii)
- (2) (d), (iv)
- (3) (a), (i)
- (4) (b), (ii)
- 31. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
  - (1) 500 s
  - (2) 1000 s
  - (3) 100 s
  - (4) 200 s
- **32.** An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
  - (1)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

**33.** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \hline \\ \text{Cl}_2/\text{h}_{\nu} \\ \text{X} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{373 K} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CHO} \\ \\ \hline \end{array}$$







- **34.** Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - $(1) \qquad F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (2)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (3)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (4)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- 35. Paper chromatography is an example of:
  - (1) Thin layer chromatography
  - (2) Column chromatography
  - (3) Adsorption chromatography
  - (4) Partition chromatography

- **36.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following:
  - (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $CO_2$ .
- Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

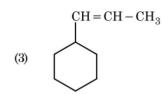
$$Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$$

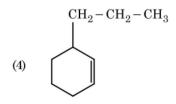
If the equilibrium constant  $(K_c)$  is  $2\times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 38. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is:
  - (1) 3
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 1
  - (4) 2
- 39. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
  - (1) Tyrosine
  - (2) Lysine
  - (3) Serine
  - (4) Alanine

**40.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$
(1)





- 41. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
  - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Viscosity
  - (4) Solubility
- 42. Find out the solubility of  $Ni(OH)_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $Ni(OH)_2$  is  $2\times 10^{-15}$ .
  - (1)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (2) 1×10<sup>8</sup> M
  - (3)  $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (4)  $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$

43.	Which of the following is <b>not</b> correct about carbon
	monoxide?

- (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- 44. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
  - (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
  - (3) Isopropylalcohol
  - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- **45.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
  - (a) β-Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (b), (c), (d)
  - (2) (a), (b), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (c)
  - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- **46.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	mn - I	Column - II		
(a)	Clost butyl	ridium icum	ı	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)		oderm porum		(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	Mono purpi			(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Asper	gillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 47. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
  - (a) Bacillus (i) Cloning vector thuringiensis
  - $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(b)} & \textit{Thermus} & \text{(ii)} & \textit{Construction of} \\ & \textit{aquaticus} & & \textit{first rDNA} \\ & & & \textit{molecule} \end{array}$
  - (c) Agrobacterium (iii) DNA polymerase tumefaciens
  - (d) Salmonella (iv) Cry proteins typhimurium

Select the **correct** option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 48. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
  - (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
  - (4) Reabsorption of Na <sup>+</sup> and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
- **49.** The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
  - (1) caseinogen into casein
  - (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
  - (3) protein into polypeptides
  - (4) trypsinogen into trypsin
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Pitui	tary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Panc	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

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51.	The are:		hat ori	ginate	from t	he base of the stem	56.		ch of the following statements about inclusion es is <b>incorrect</b> ?
	(1) Prop roots							(1)	They lie free in the cytoplasm.
	(2) (3)		ral roo ous roo					(2)	These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
	(4) Primary roots							(3)	They are not bound by any membrane.
52.	2. Match the following columns and select the correct option.							(4)	These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
		Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II	57.	Diee	olution of the synaptonemal complex occurs
	(a)	Floa	ting Ri	ibs	(i)	Located between second and	"	duri	
							•	(1)	Diplotene
		sever				seventh ribs		(2)	Leptotene
	(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the		(3)	Pachytene
						Humerus		(4)	Zygotene
	(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle		. ,	
	(d) Glenoid cavity (iv)  (a) (b) (c) (d)		Do not connect with the sternum		Identify the <b>wrong</b> statement with refere the gene T that controls ABO blood groups				
			with the sternum		(1)	When I <sup>A</sup> and I <sup>B</sup> are present together, they express same type of sugar.			
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			(2)	Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
	(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			(3)	The gene (I) has three alleles.
	(3) (4)	(ii) (i)	(iv) (iii)	(i) (ii)	(iii) (iv)			(4)	A person will have only two of the three alleles.
53.	at:			vule is	s fused	within the funicle	59.	Selec	ct the option including all sexually transmitted
	(1)	Nuce						(1)	AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
	(2)	Chal						(2)	Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
	(3)	Hilu						(3)	Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
	(4)	Micr	opyle					(4)	Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
54.		infecti numan			Plasm	andium that enters	60.		ch of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge
	(1)	Fem	ale gar	netocy	tes		00.		ster for further sewage treatment?
	(2)	Male	game	tocytes	S			(1)	Effluents of primary treatment
	(3)	_	hozoite					(2)	Activated sludge
	(4)	Spor	ozoites	\$				(3)	Primary sludge
55.		tify th			tateme	ent with regard to		(4)	Floating debris
	(1)	They	are u	seful i	n genet	tic engineering.	61.	Inwa	ater hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes
	(2)	Stick ligas	-	s can	be joir	ned by using DNA		place (1)	e by : wind and water
	(3)					yme functions by		(2)	insects and water
	200	_			_	a DNA sequence.		(3)	insects or wind
	(4)	They sites		ne stra	nd of D	NA at palindromic		(4)	water currents only
	sites.					l	(1)	water currents only	

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- **62.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
  - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
  - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
  - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- 63. Ray florets have:
  - (1) Hypogynous ovary
  - (2) Half inferior ovary
  - (3) Inferior ovary
  - (4) Superior ovary
- **64.** Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G<sub>1</sub> phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
  - Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- **65.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
  - (1) 5' CTTAAG 3'
    - 3' GAATTC 5'
  - (2) 5' GGATCC 3'
    - 3' CCTAGG 5'
  - (3) 5' GAATTC 3'
    - 3' CTTAAG 5'
  - (4) 5' GGAACC 3'
    - 3' CCTTGG 5'
- **66.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
  - (1) Defence action
  - (2) Effect on reproduction
  - (3) Nutritive value
  - (4) Growth response

- **67.** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
  - (1) Lectin
  - (2) Insulin
  - (3) Haemoglobin
  - (4) Collagen
- **68.** The process of growth is maximum during:
  - (1) Senescence
  - (2) Dormancy
  - (3) Log phase
  - (4) Lag phase
- **69.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
  - (1) 50 million
  - (2) 7 million
  - (3) 1.5 million
  - (4) 20 million
- 70. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
  - (1) Chondrocytes
  - (2) Compound epithelial cells
  - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
- 71. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
  - (1) Ethylene
  - (2) Abscisic acid
  - (3) Cytokinin
  - (4) Gibberellin
- 72. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
  - (1) Anabaena and Volvox
  - (2) Chlorella and Spirulina
  - (3) Laminaria and Sargassum
  - (4) Gelidium and Gracilaria

78.

How many true breeding pea plant varieties did

<b>73.</b>	Match	the	following	columns	and	select	the
	correc	<b>t</b> opt	ion.				

	correct option.							Mendel select as pairs, which were similar exc in one character with contrasting traits?				
		Colu	Column - I			Column - II			e chara	acter w	71th co	ntrasting traits?
	(a)	6 - 15	pairs	of	(i)	Trygon		(1)	14			
		gill sl	lits					(2)	8			
	(b)		rocerca	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes		(3)	4			
		cauda						(4)	2			
	(c)	Air B	ladder		(iii)	Chondrichthyes						
	(d)	Poiso	n sting	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes	79.	In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from : $ \\$				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)							
	(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)			(1)	PS-I	to NAI	$P^+$	
	(2) (3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)			(2)	PS-I	to ATP	synth	ase
	(4)	(ii) (iii)	(iii) (iv)	(iv) (i)	(i) (ii)			(3)	PS-II	to Cyt	$b_c f cor$	nplex
	(1)	(111)	(11)	(1)	(11)			(4)		sf comp	· ·	
74.		erally xempli			and a	coelomate animals		(1)	0300	31 COM	oica to	
	(1)	Aschelminthes					80.					acilitates opening of DNA
	(2)	Anne	lida					helix	during	g trans	criptio	on.
	(3)	Ctend	ophora					(1)	DNA polymerase			
	(4)	Platy	helmii	nthes				(2)	RNA polymerase			
<b>75.</b>	The	ovary i	s half	inferio	r in :			(3) DNA ligase				
	(1)	Sunfl	ower					(4)	DNA	helicas	se	
	(2)	Plum										
	(3)	Brinj					81.					erning essential elements
	(4)	Must	ard					and t	heir fu	ınction	s in pl	ants:
76.				_	_	of the globe exhibits		(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water
	_	est spe		versity	7?			(b)	Zinc		(ii)	Pollen germination
	(1) (2)		dayas zon for	oata				(c)	Boror	ı	(iii)	Required for chlorophyll
	(3)		ern Gł		India							biosynthesis
	(4)		agasca					(d)	Mang	ganese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis
								Selec	${f t}$ the ${f c}$	orrec	t optio	n:
77.						reed 'Hisardale' of ri ewes and Marino			(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)
	rams							(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
	(1)		breed	ing				(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
	(2)		eding									
	(3)		rossin	_				(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
	(4)	witta	itional	breedi	пg			(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

- 82. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
  - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) only (a)
  - (4) (a) and (c)
- **83.** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
  - (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(2)} & 1 \, \hbox{molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule} \\ \hbox{of 2-C compound} \end{array}$
  - (3) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - (4) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
- 84. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
  - (1) High reflection of light from snow
  - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 85. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
  - (1) Mannitol and algin
  - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (3) Starch and cellulose
  - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen

**86.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Bt co	tton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	dean	nosine ninase iency		(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

- 87. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
  - (1) After zygote formation
  - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (3) Prior to ovulation
  - (4) At the time of copulation
- 88. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
  - (1) CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (2)  ${
    m CH_3,\,H_2,\,NH_3}$  and water vapor at  $600^{\circ}{
    m C}$
  - (3)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
  - (4)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
- **89.** Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
  - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
  - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
  - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments

**90.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	Ι		Column - II
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens
(b)	Zona	pellu	cida	(ii)	Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)
(c)	Bulb	o-ureti ds	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum
(d)	Leyd	lig cell	S	(iv)	Lubrication of the Penis
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	

- **91.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
  - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
  - (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (b) and (c)
  - (3) (d) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (a)
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
  - Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - Low pCO<sub>2</sub> in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
  - (4) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
- **93.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
  - (1) Boveri
  - (2) Morgan
  - (3) Mendel
  - (4) Sutton

- **94.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
  - Palindromic sequence
  - (2) Recognition site
  - (3) Selectable marker
  - (4) Ori site
- 95. Select the correct statement.
  - Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
  - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
  - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
  - Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
- **97.** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
  - (1) Golgi bodies
  - (2) Polysomes
  - (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (4) Peroxisomes
- **98.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
  - (a) Fourth trophic level
- (i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

### Select the **correct** option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- $(3) \qquad (ii) \qquad (iii) \qquad (iv) \qquad (i)$
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv)

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- 99. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
  - (1) Lysine
  - (2) Valine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Glutamic Acid
- **100.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
  - (1) Charles Darwin
  - (2) Oparin
  - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
  - (4) Alfred Wallace
- 101. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
  - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
- (2) Dicotyledonous root
- (3) Monocotyledonous stem
- (4) Monocotyledonous root
- 102. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage  $(G_0)$ . This process occurs at the end of:
  - (1) Sphase
  - (2) G<sub>2</sub> phase
  - (3) M phase
  - (4) G<sub>1</sub> phase
- 103. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
  - (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
  - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
  - (4) Depolarisation of auricles

- 104. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
  - (1) Two
  - (2) Three
  - (3) Zero
  - (4) One
- 105. Strobili or cones are found in:
  - (1) Marchantia
  - (2) Equisetum
  - (3) Salvinia
  - (4) Pteris
- **106.** Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
  - (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
  - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
  - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
  - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- 107. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
  - (1) Industrial melanism
  - (2) Natural selection
  - (3) Adaptive radiation
  - (4) Convergent evolution
- 108. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
  - (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
  - In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- 109. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
  - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (2) eustachian tube
  - (3) lining of intestine
  - (4) ducts of salivary glands

110. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Orga	an of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle
					ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the
					labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	ı tube	(iii)	Attached to the
					oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the
					basilar
					membrane
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
Mat	ch the	follo	wing (	olum	ns and select the

Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II				
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response			
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis			
(c)	Neut	Neutrophils			Release			
					histaminase,			
					destructive			
					enzymes			
(d)	Lym	phocyt	tes	(iv)	Release granules			
				containing				
					histamine			
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	(d)				
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)				
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)				
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)				
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)				

- 112. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
  - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (2) GIFT and ICSI
  - (3) ZIFT and IUT
  - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- 113. The first phase of translation is:
  - (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
  - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
  - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
  - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule

- 114. Match the following:
  - $\begin{array}{ccc} \hbox{(a)} & & Inhibitor\ of\ catalytic & \hbox{(i)} & & Ricin \\ & & activity & & \end{array}$
  - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
  - (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin fungi
  - (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the **correct** option from the following:

	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)		
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		

- 115. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
  - (1) Phenolic acid
  - (2) Para-ascorbic acid
  - (3) Gibberellic acid
  - (4) Abscisic acid
- 116. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
  - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
  - (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a) and (d)
  - (3) (a) only
  - (4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 117. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
  - (1) Release of Green House gases
  - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances

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- 118. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids?
  - (1) They have DNA with protein coat.
  - (2) They have free DNA without protein coat.
  - (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
  - (4) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- 119. Which of the following statements is **correct**?
  - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
  - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
  - Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
  - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- **120.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
  - (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- **121.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- 122. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
  - (1) 2.2 meters
  - (2) 2.7 meters
  - (3) 2.0 meters
  - (4) 2.5 meters

123. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

### Column - II Column - II

- (a) Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias pest
- (b) Adult with radial (ii) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry
- (c) Book lungs
- (iii) Ctenoplana
- (d) Bioluminescence
- iv) Locusta
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- 124. Select the correct match.
  - (1) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
  - (2) Thalassemia Xlinked
  - (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
  - (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
- **125.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
  - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- **126.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
  - (1) Plant nematodes
  - (2) Insect predators
  - (3) Insect pests
  - (4) Fungal diseases

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127.	Select the <b>correct</b> events that occur during inspiration.							e head e lays be	oved, it may live for					
	(a)				phragm		(1)	the head holds a small proportion of a ne system while the rest is situated alor yentual part of its hady						
	(b)	Cont	Contraction of external inter-costal m		ernal inter-costal muscles		(9)	ventral part of its body.						
	(c)				e decreases		(2)	the head holds a 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of a nervous syst while the rest is situated along the dor part of its body.						
	(d)	Intra	pulmo	onary	pressure increases		(3)	the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.						
	(1)	(a), (l	o) and	(d)										
	(2)	only	(d)				(4)							
	(3)	(a) ar	nd (b)					Match the following diseases organism and select the corre						
	(4)	(c) ar	nd (d)			132.								
128.	Whie	Which of the following is <b>not</b> an attribute of a						Column		[		Column - II		
		population?					(a)	Typhoid		(i)	Wuchereria			
	(1)	) Mortality				(b)	Pneumonia			(ii)	Plasmodium			
	(2)	Species interaction			n		(c)	Filariasis			(iii)	Salmonella		
	(3)	Sex r	Sex ratio				(d)	Malaria			(iv)	Hae mophilus		
	(4)	Nata	lity					(a)	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	(d)			
							(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			
129.		The process responsible for facilitating loss of water					(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
		in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:					(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			
		(1) Imbibition			(4)	) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)								
	(2)	(2) Plasmolysis				133.	The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:							
	(3)						(1)							
	(4)					(2)	Ammonia and hydrogen							
	(1)	(i) Root pressure					(3)	Ammonia alone						
130.	Mate	Match the following with respect to meiosis:					(4)	Nitra	ite alor	ne				
	(a)	Zygot	tene	(i)	Terminalization	134.		th of the following hormone levels will cause use of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian						
	(b)	Pachytene		(ii)	Chiasmata		follicle?							
	(c)	Diplotene		(iii)	Crossing over		(1)	Low concentration of LH Low concentration of FSH						
	(d)	d) Diakinesis		(iv)	Synapsis		(2) (3)		High concentration of Estrogen					
	Select the <b>correct</b> option from the following:						(4)					rogesterone		
	(a) (b)		(c)	(d)	195	Identify the substances having glycosidic bond an								
	(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	135.	peptide bond, respectively in their structure							
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		(1)	Cellu	dose, le	ecithin	ı			
							(2)	Inuli	n, inst	llin				
	(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		(3)		n, chol		1			
	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)		(4)	Glyce	erol, tr	ypsin				

- 136. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5\times10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3\times10^{-10}$  Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (2)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
  - (4)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
- 137. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n\pi d}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
- 138. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
  - (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\text{J}$
  - (3)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 139. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
  - (1)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (2)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (3)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (4)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- 140. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$

- 141. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5$   $r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - (3)  $\frac{27}{8}$
  - (4)  $\frac{9}{4}$
- 142. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu$ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu$ F. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 143. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

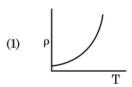
- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V
- 144. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

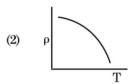
The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

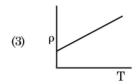
- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm

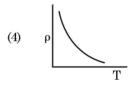
- 145. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
  - (1)  $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
  - (2)  $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
  - (3)  $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
  - (4)  $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
- **146.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
  - (1) Deuteron atom
  - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
  - (3) Hydrogen atom
  - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He<sup>+</sup>)
- 147. Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3j N acts on a particle whose position vector is 2k m.
  - (1)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (2)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
  - (3)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (4)  $6\hat{j}$  N m
- 148. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
  - Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.

**149.** Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









150. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

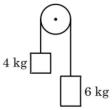
- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (2)  $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (3)  $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4)  $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- **151.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- (3) 0.01 mm
- (4) 0.25 mm

- 152. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
  - (1) 1.0
  - (2) -1.0
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5
- 153. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is:  $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 
  - (1) 320 m
  - (2) 300 m
  - (3) 360 m
  - (4) 340 m
- **154.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
  - (1) 30 N
  - (2) 24 N
  - (3) 48 N
  - (4) 32 N
- 155. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly:
  - (1) 0.06
  - (2) 0.006
  - (3) 6
  - (4) 0.6
- 156. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
  - (1)  $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
  - (2)  $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L}_1 \text{L)}}$
  - (3)  $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{L_1}-\mathrm{L})}{\mathrm{AL}}$

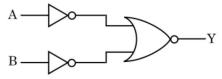
- 157. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is:
  - (1)  $10^3 \text{ V}$
  - (2)  $10^4 \, \text{V}$
  - (3) 10 V
  - (4)  $10^2 \text{ V}$
- 158. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) g
- (4) g/2
- 159. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1) one-fourth
  - (2) zero
  - (3) doubled
  - (4) four times
- **160.** Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.980 m
  - (2) 9.9 m
  - (3) 9.9801 m
  - (4) 9.98 m
- 161. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
  - (1) μA
  - (2)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
  - (4)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$

- 162. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
  - both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (2)increase in forward current
  - (3)forward bias only
  - (4) reverse bias only
- 163. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
  - $536\,\mathrm{Hz}$ (1)
  - $537 \, \mathrm{Hz}$ (2)
  - $523\,\mathrm{Hz}$
  - (4)  $524 \, \mathrm{Hz}$
- The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1)1:c
  - (2) $1 : c^2$
  - (3)c:1
  - (4)1:1
- **165.** In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
  - (1)1 N/C
  - (2)5 N/C
  - (3)zero
  - (4)0.5 N/C
- In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
  - (1)four times
  - one-fourth (2)
  - (3)double
  - (4) half

167. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- Y (1)В 0 0 1 0 1 1
  - 1 0 1 1 1 0
- (2) $\mathbf{B}$ Y A
  - 0 0 1 0 1 0
  - 1 0 0 1 1 0
- (3)A В Y
  - 0 0 0
    - 0 0 1
    - 0 1 0
- 1 1 1  $\mathbf{B}$ Y (4)A
- 0 0 0

1

- 0 1 1
- 1 0 1 1
- A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is:

1

- $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$ (1)
- $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$ (2)
- (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- $1.0 \times 10^{-1}$  m (4)
- When a uranium isotope  $^{235}_{92}\mathrm{U}$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  $^{89}_{36}\mathrm{Kr}$ , three neutrons 169. and:

170. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively,

- (1)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2)  $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- 171. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
  - (1) 10.0 g
  - (2) 20.0 g
  - (3) 2.5 g
  - (4) 5.0 g
- 172. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is :  $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- 173. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
  - (1) semiconductors only
  - (2) insulators and semiconductors
  - (3) metals
  - (4) insulators only
- 174. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is :  $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and } T, \text{ absolute temperature})$ 
  - (1)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \, \, k_B T$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$
- 175. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
  - (1)  $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (2)  $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (3)  $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (4)  $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$

- 176. Dimensions of stress are:
  - (1)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
  - (3)  $[MLT^{-2}]$
  - (4) [ML<sup>2</sup>T<sup>-2</sup>]
- 177. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
  - (1) isochoric
  - (2) isobaric
  - (3) isothermal
  - (4) adiabatic
- 178. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m<sup>-1</sup>. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 179. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
  - (1)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (2) zero
  - (3)  $\pi \operatorname{rad}$
  - (4)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
- 180. A 40  $\mu$ F capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
  - (1) 2.5 A
  - (2) 25.1 A
  - (3) 1.7 A
  - (4) 2.05 A

# Space For Rough Work

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