

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

LAW AND JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XII OF 1983

The Maharashtra Kidney Transplantation Act, 1982

(As Modified upto the 1st June 2012)

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THE MAHARASHTRA KIDNEY TRANSPLANTATION ACT, 1982

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MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XII OF 19831

The Maharashtra Kidney Transplantation Act, 1982

[This Act received assent of the President on the 15th February 1983; assent was first published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part IV, Extraordinary, on the 24th February 1983.]

Amended by Mah. 9 of the 1992 (28th April 1992)†

An Act to make provisions for use of kidneys of deceased persons, and for donation of kidneys, for therapeutic purposes.

WHEREAS, it is expedient to make provisions for use of kidneys of deceased persons, and for donation of kidneys, for the apeutic purposes and to provide for matters connected therewith: It is hereby enacted in the Thirty-third year of the Republic of India as follows :-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Maharashtra Kidney Transplantation Act, Short title, 1982.

extent and commencement

- (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Maharashtra.
- (3) It shall come into force --
 - (a) in Greater Bombay, at once; and
- (b) in the remaining area or areas in the State, on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint; and different dates may be appointed for different areas.
- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires.--

Definitions.

- (a) "approved institution" means a hospital or a medical or teaching institution for the therapeutic purposes approved by the State Government for the purposes of this Act;
- (b) "near relative" means any of the following relatives of the deceased, namely, a wife, husband, father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, and shall not include any other person;
- (c) "registered medical practitioner" means a practitioner practising any system of medicine and recognised as a registered medical practitioner under any law for the time being in force in India.
- 3. (1) If any person either in writing at any time during his life time, or Removal of orally in the presence of two or more witnesses during his last illness, has kidneys of expressed a request that his kidneys be used for therapeutic purposes after person for his death, the person lawfully in possession of his body after his death shall therapeutic unless he has reason to believe that the request was subsequently withdrawn, purposes. authorise the removal of the kidneys from the body for these purposes.

For Statement of Objects and Reasons, See Maharashtra Government Gazette, 1982, Part V, dated 14th October 1982, at pages 295 and 296.

[†] This indicates the date of commencement of the Act.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), any person lawfully in possession of the body of a deceased person may authorise the removal of the kidneys from the body for the purposes aforesaid, unless that person has reason to believe,--
 - (a) that the deceased had expressed an objection to his kidneys being so dealt with after his death, and had not withdrawn such objection; or
 - (b) that a near relative of the deceased objects to the kidneys of the deceased being so dealt with, before such person authorises the removal of the kidnevs.
- (3) An authority given under the provisions of this section in respect of any deceased person shall be sufficient warrant for the removal of the kidneys from the body and their use for the purposes aforesaid; but no such removal shall be effected except by a registered medical practitioner working in an approved institution or by a registered medical practitioner (being a person possessing qualifications in surgery recognised under any law for the time being in force) approved in writing by the State Government or by any officer authorised by it in this behalf, who has satisfied himself by a personal examination of the body that life is extinct.

Authority

- 4. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time for removal being in force, it shall be lawful for the person empowered to give authority of kidneys within one for the removal of the kidneys under section 3 to authorise removal of the hour after kidneys from the body of the deceased person within one hour after such person death has been declared dead by any registered medical practitioner.
 - (2) The date and time of death shall be certified by the registered medical practitioner, who attends the donor at his death or where there is no such practitioner, by any other registered medical practitioner who is called upon to do so. But any such practitioner so certifying shall not participate in the procedures for removing or transplanting the kidneys.

- 5. (1) If the person lawfully in possession of the body of a deceased person respect of has reason to believe that an inquest or a post-mortem examination may be inquest or required to be held in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time mortem to being in force, the authority for the removal of the kidneys shall not be given. be referred except with the consent of the Coroner or any other officer performing similar to Coroner functions as the Coroner under any other law for the time being in force.
- (2) The Coroner or such other officer referred to in sub-section (1) may give similar direction, either before or immediately after the death of a person, that his functions as consent to the removal of the kidneys from the body of the person after the Coroner. death of the person is not required.
 - (3) A consent or direction of the Coroner or such other officer may be given, subject to such conditions as are specified in such consent or direction. Such consent or direction may be given orally by the Coroner or such other officer, but shall be confirmed in writing by him within forty-eight hours from the time the consent or direction is given orally.

6. No authority for the removal of kidneys shall be given under Section 3 No authority in respect of the body of a deceased person by a person entrusted by another for removal person with the body of the deceased person for the purpose only of its when body interment or cremation.

to person only for cremation,

7. In the case of a body lying unclaimed or likely to remain unclaimed in Authority an approved institution, any authority for removal of kidneys under this Act to remove may be given on behalf of the person having the control or management of kidneys, when body the approved institution by any Officer or person designated in that behalf by is lying the first mentioned person.

unclaimed in approved institution.

- 8. (1) Nothing in the forgoing provisions of this Act shall be construed as Saving. rendering unlawful dealing with the kidneys of a deceased person, which would have been lawful if this Act had not been passed.
- (2) Any authority for the removal of kidneys given in accordance with the XLV provisions of this Act shall not be deemed to be in contravention of the ^{1860.} provisions of Section 297 of the Indian Penal Code.

[8A. Any person who.--

Offences

- (a) authorises or causes another person to authorise the removal of a $_{\rm penalties.}^{\rm and}$ kidney or kidneys;
 - (b) removes or causes another person to remove a kidney or kidneys;
- (c) transplants or causes another person to transplant a kidney or kidneys

in contravention of the provisions of this Act, shall, on conviction, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine, which may extend to rupees five thousand or with both.]

9. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against an approved Protection institution or a person lawfully in possession of the body of a deceased person of persons or the Coroner or any other Officer performing functions similar to those of acting the Coroner or any Officer of an approved institution or of the Government Act in good or a local authority or any registered medical practitioner, for anything which faith. is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act, or the rules made thereunder.

- 10. (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, Rules. and subject to the condition of previous publication, make rules for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, such rules may provide for .--
 - (a) the form and the manner in which the person lawfully in possession of the body of a deceased person may authorise the removal of kidneys for therapeutic purposes;

- (b) the form and the manner in which a near relative of a deceased person may object to the deceased person's Kidneys being used for therapeutic purposes;
- (c) the from and the manner in which any authority for removal of kidneys under this Act may be given on behalf of the person having the control or management of an approved institution by any officer or person designated in that behalf by the person having the control or management of the approved institution;
- (d) the manner in which the Coroner or any other person performing the functions of the Coroner may give his consent for the removal of kidneys from the body of a deceased person;
- (e) any other matter which is to be, or may be, prescribed by rules under this Act.
- (3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before each House of the State Legislature while it is in session for a total period of thirty days, which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule, or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, and notify such decision in the *Official Gazette*, the rule shall, from the date of publication of such notification, have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.

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