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THE MAHARASHTRA HINDU PLACES OF PUBLIC WORSHIP (ENTRY AUTHORIZATION) ACT

[Text as on	4^{th} J	July	2024]
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- 1. Adapted and modified by the Bombay Adaptation of Laws (State and Concurrent Subjects) Order, 1956.
- 2. Amended by Bom. 36 of 1958
- 3. Amended by Mah. 24 of 2012

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ACT No. XXXI OF 19561

[THE MAHARASHTRA HINDU PLACES OF PUBLIC WORSHIP (ENTRY AUTHORIZATION) ACT.]²

[This Act received assent of the President on 23rd May 1956; assent was first published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part IV, Extraordinary, on the 28th May 1956.]

An Act to make better provision for the throwing open of places of public worship to all classes and sections of Hindus.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make better provision for the throwing open of places of public worship to all classes and sections of Hindus; It is hereby enacted in the Seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- **1. Short title, extent and commencement.** (1) This Act may be called ³[The Maharashtra Hindu Places of Public Worship (Entry Authorization) Act].
 - ⁴[(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Bombay.]
- (*3*) It shall come into force ⁵[in the pre-Reorganisation State of Bombay] on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, ⁶[appoint; and in that part of the State of Bombay to which it is extended by the Bombay Hindu Places of Public Worship (Entry Authorization) (Extension) Act, 1957 (Bom. XXXVI of 1958), it shall come into force on such other date ⁷as the State Government may, by notification published in the like manner, appoint].
 - **2. Definitions.** In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (a) "place of public worship" means a place, whether a temple or by any other name called, to whomsoever belonging which is dedicated to, or for the benefit of, or is used generally by, Hindus, Jains, Sikhs or Buddhists or any section or class thereof, for the performance of any religious service or for offering prayers therein; and includes all lands and subsidiary shrines appurtenant or attached to any such place, and also any sacred tanks, wells, springs and water courses the waters of which are worshipped, or are used for bathing or for worship;
- (b) "section" or "class" of Hindus includes any division, sub-division, caste, sub-caste, sect or denomination whatsoever of Hindus.
- **3.** Throwing open of Hindu temples to all classes and sections of Hindus.— Notwithstanding any custom, usage or law for the time being in force, or the decree or order of a court, or anything contained in any instrument, to the contrary, every place of public worship which is open to Hindus generally, or to any section or class thereof, shall be open to all sections and classes of Hindus; and no Hindu of whatsoever section or class, shall in any manner be prevented, obstructed or discouraged from entering such place of public worship, or from worshipping or offering prayers thereat, or performing any religious service therein, in the like manner and to like extent as any other Hindu of whatsoever section or class may so enter, worship, pray or perform.
 - **4. Penalty.**—(1) Whoever in contravention of section 3—
 - (a) prevents any person belonging to any class or section of Hindus from entering, worshipping or offering prayers, or performing any religious service in any Hindu temple which is used as a place of public worship, or

For Statement of Objects and Reasons of the L. A. Bill No. XXX of 1956, see Bombay Government Gazette, 1956, Extraordinary No. 31, Part V, dated 23rd March 1956, p. 191.

This Act was extended to that part of the State of Bombay to which immediately before the commencement of Bom. 36 of 1958, it did not extend (*vide* Bom. 36 of 1958, s. 2).

The short title of the Act was amended as "the Maharashtra Hindu Places of Public Worship (Entry Authorization Act" by Mah. 24 of 2012, Schedule, Entry 61, with effect from the 1st May 1960.

This sub-section was substituted for the original by Bom. 36 of 1958, s. 3(a).

⁵ These words were inserted by Bom. 36 of 1958, s. 3(*b*).

These words were substituted for the word "appoint" by Bom. 36 of 1958, s. 3(b).

This Act come into force on the 1st July, 1956, *vide* R. H. & B. C. D. No. SDB 1255. E.

(b) molests, injures, annoys, obstructs, or causes or attempts to cause obstruction to, or by the threat of molestation, injury, annoyance or obstruction, overawes or discourages any such person doing or performing any of the acts aforesaid,

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shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

- (2) Nothing in this section shall be taken to relate to offences relating to the practice of "untouchability".
- **5. Abetment of offences.** Whoever abets any offence under this Act, shall be punished with the punishment provided for the offence.
- **6.** Limitation of jurisdiction of civil courts.— No civil court shall entertain or continue any suit or proceeding, or shall pass any decree or order, or execute wholly or partially any decree or order, if the claim involved in any such suit or proceeding, or if the passing of any such decree or order or if such execution would in any way be contrary to the provisions of this Act.
- **7.** Offences to be cognisable and compoundable.— Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), every offence under this Act shall be cognisable, and every such offence may, with the permission of the court, be compounded.
- **8.** Saving of Act XXII of 1955 and other laws.— The provisions of this Act shall not be taken to be in derogation of any of the provisions of the Untouchability (Offences) Act, 1955 (XXII of 1955) or of any other law for the time being in force relating to any of the matters dealt with in this Act.