

प्रेषक,

मुख्य सचिव

उत्तराखण्ड शासन

एवं मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी,

उत्तराखण्ड राज्य आपदा प्रबन्धन प्राधिकरण।

सेवा में,

1. समस्त अपर मुख्य सचिव/ प्रमुख सचिव उत्तराखण्ड शासन।
2. पुलिस महानिदेशक, उत्तराखण्ड।
3. सचिव/प्रभारी सचिव, उत्तराखण्ड शासन।
4. आयुक्त कुमायूँ एवं गढ़वाल मण्डल।
5. समस्त जिलाधिकारी, उत्तराखण्ड।

यू.एस.डी.एम.ए.

देहरादून: दिनांक 29 जनवरी, 2021

विषय: कोविड-19 के संक्रमण के नियंत्रण हेतु क्रियान्वित तालाबन्दी की क्रमवार समाप्ति के सम्बन्ध में।

महोदय/महोदया,

उपरोक्त विषयक अवगत करवाना है कि तालाबन्दी (Lockdown) की क्रमवार समाप्ति हेतु राज्य सरकार द्वारा निर्गत पत्र संख्या—

1. 820/USDMA/792/(2020)TC, दिनांक 29 नवम्बर, 2020.
2. 906/USDMA/792/(2020) TC, दिनांक 29 दिसम्बर, 2020.

को अतिक्रमित करते हुवे गृह मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार के आदेश संख्या—40-3/2020-DM-I (A) दिनांक 27 जनवरी, 2021 के प्रावधानों को समावेशित करते हुए निम्नवत निर्देश पारित किये जाते हैं:—

Covid appropriate behaviour

1. District Administration shall take all necessary measures to promote Covid-19 appropriate behaviour and ensure wearing of face masks, hand hygiene and social distancing.
2. To enforce wearing of mask mandatory in public and work spaces, imposition of fines on the persons not wearing mask shall be imposed as prescribed in the order issued by the Department of Health, Government of Uttarakhand.
3. Observance and enforcement of social distancing in crowded places, especially in markets, weekly bazaars and public transport, is also critical for containing the spread of the infection. The SOP issued by Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW) to regulate crowd in market places shall be strictly enforced by the district administration.
4. The National Directives for COVID-19 Management shall be strictly followed by all concerned (Annexure - I)

Surveillance and Containment

5. Containment Zones, if required, shall be carefully demarcated by the district authorities, at the micro level, taking into consideration the guidelines prescribed by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW) in this regard. Within the demarcated Containment Zones, containment measures, as prescribed by MoHFW, shall be scrupulously followed.
6. It shall be the responsibility of local district, police and municipal authorities to ensure that the prescribed Containment measures are strictly followed.

Strict adherence to the prescribed SOPs

7. All activities have been permitted outside containment zones. However, the following activities will be subject to strict adherence of SOPs, as indicated below:
 - a) Social/religious/sports/entertainment/educational/cultural/religious gatherings, subject to SOP of the Government of India and District Administration.
 - b) Cinema halls and theatres, subject to a revised SOP to be issued by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting in consultation with MHA.
 - c) Swimming pools, subject to a revised SOP to be issued by the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports (MoYA&S) in consultation with MHA.
 - d) Exhibition halls, subject to a revised SOP to be issued by the Department of Commerce in consultation with MHA.
8. SOPs, as updated from time to time, have been prescribed for various activities. These include: movement by passenger trains; air travel; schools; higher educational institutions; hotels and restaurants; shopping malls, multiplexes and entertainment parks; yoga centres and gymnasiums, etc. These SOPs shall be strictly enforced by the district administrations/authorities concerned, who shall be responsible for their strict observance.

Local restrictions

9. There shall be no restriction on inter-State and intra-State movement of persons and goods including those for cross land-border trade under Treaties with neighbouring countries. No separate permission/approval/e-permit will be required for such movements.
10. However considering the Maha Kumbha Mela, 2021, Haridwar, the state government will issue separate SOPs on the basis of SOPs issued by MoHFW, GoI on preventive measures to contain spread of Covid-19 during Kumbh Mela 2021.

Protection of vulnerable persons

11. Persons above 65 years of age, persons with co-morbidities, pregnant women and children below the age of 10 years are advised to take necessary precautions.

Use of Arogya Setu

12. Use of *Arogya Setu* may continue on best effort basis on compatible mobile phones. This will facilitate timely provision of medical attention to those individuals who are at risk.

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Strict enforcement of the guidelines

13. All the District Magistrates shall strictly enforce the above measures. For the enforcement of social distancing, District Administrations may, as far as possible, use the provisions of Section 144 of the criminal procedure code of 1973.
14. Any person violating these measures will be liable to be proceeded against as per the provisions of section 51 to 60 of the Disaster Management Act, 2005, besides legal action under Section 188 of the IPC, and other legal provisions as applicable. Extracts of these panel provisions are at Annexure - II.
15. The Guidelines as given above shall be effective from 1st February, 2021 and shall remain in force till further order.
16. अतः उपरोक्त के अनुसार निर्गत दिशा-निर्देशों का कड़ाई से अनुपालन करवाया जाना सुनिश्चित करेंगे।

भवदीय,

Anurag
29.01.21

(ओम प्रकाश)

मुख्य सचिव/मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी

संख्या एवं दिनांक उपरोक्तानुसार।

निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित -

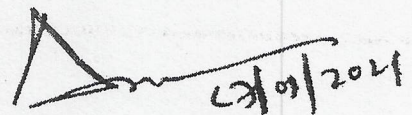
1. सचिव, श्रीराज्यपाल, उत्तराखण्ड।
2. सचिव, मा. मुख्यमंत्री जी, उत्तराखण्ड।
3. सचिव, विधानसभा, उत्तराखण्ड।
4. महाधिवक्ता, मा0 उच्च न्यायालय, नैनीताल।
5. सचिव, गोपन (मंत्रिपरिषद), विभाग, उत्तराखण्ड शासन।
6. समस्त निजी सचिव, मा. मंत्रीगण को मा. मंत्रीगणों के संज्ञानार्थ प्रेषित।
7. स्टॉफ आफिसर, मुख्य सचिव, उत्तराखण्ड शासन।
8. सम्बन्धित पत्रावली।

आज्ञा से,

[Signature]
(एस0 ए0 मुरगेशन)
सचिव

NATIONAL DIRECTIVES FOR COVID-19 MANAGEMENT

1. **Face coverings:** Wearing of face cover is compulsory in public places; in workplaces; and during transport.
 2. **Social distancing:** Individuals must maintain adequate distance in public places.
Shops will ensure physical distancing among customers.
 3. **Spitting in public places** will be punishable with fine, as may be prescribed by the State/ UT local authority in accordance with its laws, rules or regulations.
- Additional directives for Work Places*
4. **Staggering of work/ business hours** will be followed in offices, work places, shops, markets and industrial & commercial establishments.
 5. **Screening & hygiene:** Provision for thermal scanning, hand wash or sanitizer will be made at all entry points and of hand wash or sanitizer at exit points and common areas.
 6. **Frequent sanitization** of entire workplace, common facilities and all points which come into human contact e.g. door handles etc., will be ensured, including between shifts.
 7. **Social distancing:** All persons in charge of work places will ensure adequate distance between workers, adequate gaps between shifts, staggering the lunch breaks of staff, etc.

 27/07/2021

Offences and Penalties for Violation of Lockdown Measures

A. Section 51 to 60 of the Disaster Management Act, 2005

51. Punishment for obstruction, etc.—Whoever, without reasonable cause —

- (a) obstructs any officer or employee of the Central Government or the State Government, or a person authorised by the National Authority or State Authority or District Authority in the discharge of his functions under this Act; or
- (b) refuses to comply with any direction given by or on behalf of the Central Government or the State Government or the National Executive Committee or the State Executive Committee or the District Authority under this Act,

shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine, or with both, and if such obstruction or refusal to comply with directions results in loss of lives or imminent danger thereof, shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years.

52. Punishment for false claim.—Whoever knowingly makes a claim which he knows or has reason to believe to be false for obtaining any relief, assistance, repair, reconstruction or other benefits consequent to disaster from any officer of the Central Government, the State Government, the National Authority, the State Authority or the District Authority, shall, on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years, and also with fine.

53. Punishment for misappropriation of money or materials, etc.—Whoever, being entrusted with any money or materials, or otherwise being, in custody of, or dominion over, any money or goods, meant for providing relief in any threatening disaster situation or disaster, misappropriates or appropriates for his own use or disposes of such money or materials or any part thereof or wilfully compels any other person so to do, shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years, and also with fine.

54. Punishment for false warning.—Whoever makes or circulates a false alarm or warning as to disaster or its severity or magnitude, leading to panic, shall on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine.

55. Offences by Departments of the Government.—(1) Where an offence under this Act has been committed by any Department of the Government, the head of the Department shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly unless he proves that the offence was committed without his

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59. Previous sanction for prosecution.—No prosecution for offences punishable under sections 55 and 56 shall be instituted except with the previous sanction of the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be, or of any officer authorised in this behalf, by general or special order, by such Government.

60. Cognizance of offences.—No court shall take cognizance of an offence under this Act except on a complaint made by—

- (a) the National Authority, the State Authority, the Central Government, the State Government, the District Authority or any other authority or officer authorised in this behalf by that Authority or Government, as the case may be; or
- (b) any person who has given notice of not less than thirty days in the manner prescribed, of the alleged offence and his intention to make a complaint to the National Authority, the State Authority, the Central Government, the State Government, the District Authority or any other authority or officer authorised as aforesaid.

B. Section 188 in the Indian Penal Code, 1860

188. Disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant.—Whoever, knowing that, by an order promulgated by a public servant lawfully empowered to promulgate such order, he is directed to abstain from a certain act, or to take certain order with certain property in his possession or under his management, disobeys such direction, shall, if such disobedience causes or tends to cause obstruction, annoyance or injury, or risk of obstruction, annoyance or injury, to any person lawfully employed, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both; and if such disobedience causes or tends to cause danger to human life, health or safety, or causes or tends to cause a riot or affray, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

Explanation.—It is not necessary that the offender should intend to produce harm, or contemplate his disobedience as likely to produce harm. It is sufficient that he knows of the order which he disobeys, and that his disobedience produces, or is likely to produce, harm.

Illustration

An order is promulgated by a public servant lawfully empowered to promulgate such order, directing that a religious procession shall not pass down a certain street. A knowingly disobeys the order, and thereby causes danger of riot. A has committed the offence defined in this section.