



Village with Self-Sufficient
Infrastructure



सशक्त पंचायत सतत् विकास



Panchayati Raj

**2 DAYS NATIONAL WORKSHOP ON LOCALIZATION OF
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (LSDGS)
THROUGH THEMATIC APPROACH IN PANCHAYAT.**

**THEME 6: - VILLAGE WITH SELF-SUFFICIENT
INFRASTRUCTURE**

22ND-23RD AUGUST 2022

CHANDIGARH, PUNJAB



Overview:-Ministry of Panchayati Raj is anchoring the process of Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) in PRIs. To this end, it has been our endeavour to bring together different stakeholders at one forum in a ‘Whole of Government & Whole of Society’ approach. Ministry of Panchayati Raj has adopted a thematic approach for the Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) at the grassroots level through empowering Panchayats and other relevant stakeholders in Rural Areas. Following are the themes for Localization of Sustainable Development Goals

- Theme 1: Poverty Free and Enhanced Livelihoods in Village
- Theme 2: Healthy Village
- Theme 3: Child-Friendly Village
- Theme 4: Water Sufficient Village
- Theme 5: Clean and Green Village
- Theme 6: Village with Self-Sufficient Infrastructure
- Theme 7: Socially Secured and Socially Just Village
- Theme 8: Village with Good Governance
- Theme 9: Women Friendly Village

Panchayat plays a pivotal role in different developmental challenges like poverty, public health, nutrition, education, gender, sanitation, drinking water, livelihood generation etc which are in sync with SDGs. Hence, Panchayats are identified as key players in the localization of SDGs adopting the 9 thematic approaches for good governance.

At this onset, 2-Day National Workshop on Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) in Panchayats through Thematic Approaches on Theme 6: -*Village with Self Sufficient Infrastructure* has been organized at Punjab from **22nd and 23rd August, 2022**. Representatives from all States/ UTs have participated in the National Workshop. **1300** Elected Representatives of Panchayats across the Country have been exposed to various best practices & innovative models in delivering basic services through developing self-sufficient infrastructure in the areas of Roads, Drinking Water, Sanitation, Streetlights, Schools, Health Centers, Common Service centers, Local Markets, Anganwadi Center, Livestock aid centre and Community Center.



Objective of the Workshop: -States / UTs have exhibited exemplary strategies, approaches, convergent actions and innovative models in the context to capacity building & training; best practices; monitoring framework, incentivization and reflection of themes of SDGs into Gram Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP).

Outcome of the Workshop: -The workshop would have been provided a platform for the peer learning of Panchayats on various models to institutionalize the process of LSDGs through the lens thematic approach at the grassroots level. Further, it will provide an opportunity of exchange of information/ideas through international organizations and exchange programmes in local governance

Inaugural Session:- Shri Kapil Moreshwar Patil, Hon'ble Minister of State, Panchayati Raj, GoI, Shri Kuldeep Singh Dhaliwal, Hon'ble Minister for Rural Development and Panchayats and Shri Harbhajan Singh, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Doctor Baljit Kaur, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Shri Harbhajan Singh, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Shri Lal Chand, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Shri Bram Shankar (Jimpa), Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Sardar Chetan Singh Jauramajra, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Ms. Anmol Gagan Mann, Cabinet Minister, Punjab, Shri Sunil Kumar, Secretary, MoPR, Secretary, Smt. Vini Mahajan. Secretary, Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation, Shri Vijay Kumar Janjua, Worthy Chief Secretary, Punjab, Financial Commissioner, Joint Secretary, MoPR and other senior Officials graced the program with remarkable views on impetus the process of localization of sustainable development goals in Panchayats through institutionalized the thematic approach by adopting different technology and innovative models for delivery of basic services to the villagers.



Shri K.Siva Prasad, Worthy Financial Commissioner, Rural Development and Panchayats welcomed all the dignitaries and respected guests in the workshop emphasized the significance of different mechanisms for Localising SDGs in panchayats for sustained development.

Shri Vijay Kumar Janjua, Chief Secretary, Punjab addressed key notes on development works that have been undertaken by the Government of Punjab aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals. He also stated that Punjab is a front runner State on NITI Aayog's SDG indexes released so far. For SDG 11 i.e Sustainable Cities and Communities, Punjab has ranked No.1. Government of Punjab has established a SDG Co-ordination Centre in the Department of Planning in collaboration with UNDP for providing mentoring support to the Panchayat in building the capacity & strengthening Panchayat in the process of LSDGs.

Shri Kuldeep Singh Dhaliwal, Hon'ble Minister for Rural Development and Panchayats emphasized the collaborative and convergent mechanisms in different spheres of development with a focus on marginalized and vulnerable sections of society.

Shri Kapil Moreshwar Patil, Hon'ble Minister of State, Panchayati Raj, GoI, signified the localization process of sustainable development goals in panchayats through thematic approaches. He stated that an infrastructure self-sufficient GP" is to provide catalytic support and create an enabling environment at GP level for better service delivery and pro-poor development planning. The process of Gram Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP) plays importance role in the preparation of a comprehensive and cohesive plan through convergent actions.

Shri Sunil Kumar, Secretary, Ministry of Panchayati Raj, GoI stated that Gram Panchayats in the country have been entrusted to provide basic services in the villages well as socio-economic development with a bottom-up approach that is meant to reflect the felt need of various stakeholders. GPs through the 29 subjects transferred to the Panchayats are to provide civic services such as drinking water, sanitations, roads, street lights etc. An infrastructure self-sufficient GP", and further to an infrastructure rich GP, which will ensure various SDG goals through its delivery of services in the areas of drinking water, sanitation, public street lights, roads, schools, health centres, common service centers, local markets, library etc. He also focused on the use of technology to make Gram Panchayats digitally viable and smart villages strengthening the process of good governance.

In the workshop, a few initiatives taken by the State of Punjab in LSDGs have been released by the dignitaries to keep the momentum of the process such as

SDG Anthem; State Rural Livelihood Mission Website; Prime Mobile App; SDG Brochure and Gram Sabha Booklet.

Technical Session 1: Planning Department of State presented the State Plan of Action on LSDGs; its approaches, strategies and different mechanisms to institutionalize the process of LSDGs in Panchayats.

The Department of Water Supply and Sanitation made a brief presentation on Water Works Infrastructure Developed in the panchayat for ease of services at villages. Department of School Education highlighted on developing self-sufficient school infrastructure with adequate & quality services for ensuring quality education to the children.

Department of Health and Family Welfare made briefed on developing self-sufficient health infrastructure to deliver quality services to improve the health status of the citizen. Department of Women & Child Welfare focused on self-reliance infrastructure in Anganwadi center for ensuring the development of children & mother.

Cultural Programme: In the evening a cultural event was hosted by the Department of Rural Development and Panchayats depicting the rich cultural heritage and folk of Punjab. The event has thrown the lights on various heritage and cultural richness through songs; dance and boliyan.



Day 2

Technical Session 2 : Sharing of Best Practices by Panchayats. Different Gram Panchayats of Punjab have shared their best practices in regards to strategies & approaches adopted; capacity building of different stakeholders; adoption of technology & models and convergent mapping with funds/ schemes and human resources in building self-sufficient infrastructure to ensure quality delivery of services in the



sectors of health; drinking water; education; common service center; roads; connectivity; Local markets, recreational centers; street lights and sanitation for ease of living. Short films covering good practices on various aspects of self-sufficient infrastructures were shared by Elected Representatives of the Gram Panchayat. Sarpanch / President of Gram Panchayat got an opportunity to exchange the good cases with other Panchayat representatives with an objective to replicate the innovative models at village levels. List of Panchayats is annexed.

Technical session 3 was addressed by Dr. Bijaya Kumar Behera, Economic Advisor, MoPR, GoI on Revamped Panchayat Awards System, the process of revamped award focusing on themes of localization of sustainable development goals. Role of the different committees & other institutional mechanisms were focused in his presentation.

Exhibitions stalls on different handicrafts; cottage industries and rural enterprises were put up by Self Help Group (SHG), SRLM of Punjab. SHG members exhibited different farm & non-farm products for the promotion of local entrepreneurship skills.



Representatives from Gram Panchayats of different States shared their case studies with a focus on innovative models & strategies and the application of modern technology to strengthen good governance with self-sufficient infrastructures. Short films/movies were shown by the Sarpanch of the GP highlighting the mechanisms to localise SDGs in rural areas.

A vote of Thanks was followed with a felicitation ceremony of all states for participating in the National Workshop and sharing their knowledge and Best Practices on Theme 6: Self Sufficient Infrastructure of LSDGs. The workshop ended with the Farewell Lunch and Photo Sessions

Way ahead: -

- a. Platform for exchanging the best practices adopted by the Gram Panchayat in the institutionalization of LSDGs in Rural Areas through thematic approach
- b. Transformation in skills and knowledge through the development of confidence of the Gram Panchayat.
- c. Repository / Archive of the Best Practices
- d. Capacity Building of the Gram Panchayat through the lens of LSDGs
- e. Mela or Sangam of Elected Representatives in one Forum.
- f. Portrait of Local Traditions & Cultures through handicrafts and rural artisans.

Annexure

List of the Panchayats made their presentation on best practices of **Theme 6 : Village with Self Sufficient Infrastructure.**

1. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, GP Hodduru, Nelli Hudikeri, Karnataka
2. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, Madhya Sualkuchi, Kamrup, Assam.
3. Presentation by State Representatives of Uttar Pradesh
4. Presentation by Gram Panchayat-Kalher, Maharashtra
5. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Kapilo, Jharkhand
6. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Bona, Orissa
7. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, Keinou, Manipur
8. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Koilakh, Madhubani, Bihar
9. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Choghla, District Koriya, Chhattisgarh
10. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Shalla, Dev. Block Gohar, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh
11. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, Erattayar, Kerala
12. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, Berkheri Guru, Madhya Pradesh
13. Presentation by RGSA Cell, Meghalaya
14. Presentation by Uttar Champamura Gram Panchayat, Old Agartala RD Block, Tripura.
15. Presentation by Gram Panchayat, Hariharpur, West Bengal
16. Presentation by Gram Panchayat Mukhru, Telangana:
17. Presentation by State Representatives of Maharashtra
18. Presentation by S. Panthdeep Singh, Gram Panchayat-Chinna, Gurdaspur: