#### INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY ROORKEE



Review Meeting: 03.12.2020

# Spatial Planning for Rural Areas for Uttrakhand: A Pilot study in Belada and Chharba villages

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# **Background**



- Covid-19 Pandemic and lockdowns led to reverse migration
- Renewed felt need to make villages capable of plan and develop
- MoPR, Government of India has initiated Spatial Plan for rural areas as a pilot basis in India
- Focus is on villages adjacent to NH and higher populations
- IIT Roorkee was selected to conduct the pilot study in Uttarakhand
- The selected villages are

Village code	Village name	District	Area in Ha	Population
045088	Chharba	Dehradun	1567	7268
056427	Belada	Haridwar	395	7185

# **Project Objectives**



#### Aim:

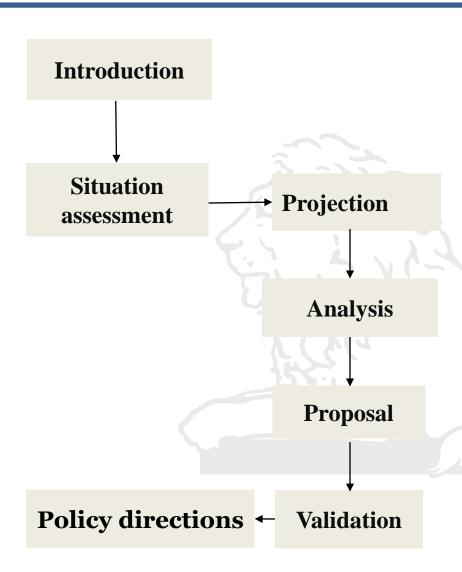
To conduct **spatial planning** for the **integrated development** of villages in a **pilot** basis based on the **aspiration** of the villagers and **indicate policy directions**.

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Manage growth and change;
- 2. Provide orderly and predictable development;
- 3. Protect environmental resources;
- 4. Set priorities for developing & maintaining infrastructure and facilities;
- 5. Strengthen local identity;
- 6. Promote open, democratic planning;
- 7. Provide guidance & capacity building
- 1. Reflect on the critical issues in spatial planning of villages
- 2. Create a framework for future policy decisions

# Methodology and timelines





- 1. Start of the project
- 2. Launch meeting with state PR deptt and panchayat representatives
- 3. Desktop study on situation assessment; July to Mid-august
- 4. Questionnaire for **vision and priority study**
- 5. Projection & Analysis
- 6. Survey: Survey with GPSDP survey app done
- 7. Validation meeting with the members of Gram Panchayat

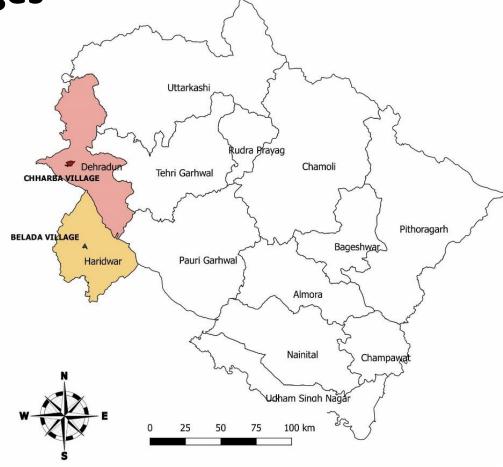


Introduction of the villages

MoPR criteria for selection of pilot villages

- 1) Gram Panchayat (GP) 5000 to 10,000 population,
- 2) Located on a National Highway or a prominent State Highway,
- 3) Have enough area available for future growth, and,
- 4) Located not very close to a large city,

Belada and Chharba.

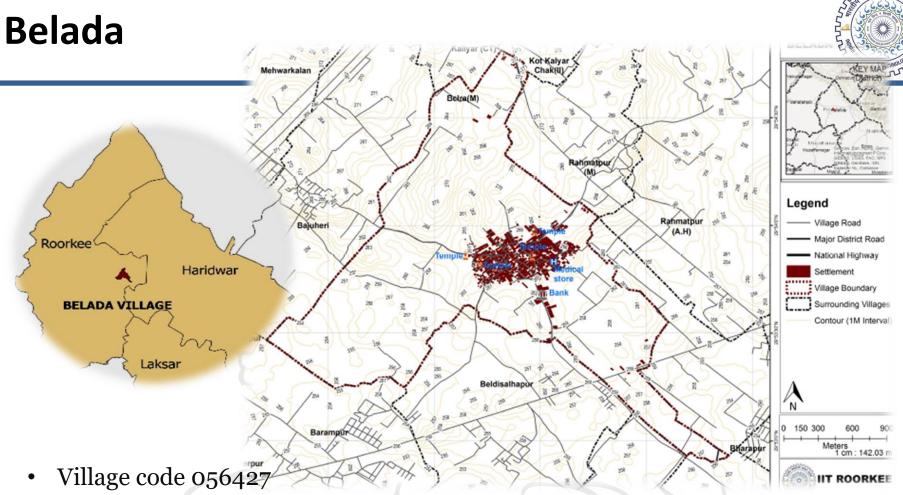


Village code	Village name	District	Area in Ha	<b>Population</b>	Adjacency
045088	Chharba	Dehradun	1567	7268	NH 307
056427	Belada	Haridwar	395	7185	NH 334



Village: Belada

Distt: Haridwar



- Community Development (C.D.) Block: Roorkee
- Tehsil: Roorkee, District: Haridwar
- Area: 395.1 Hectares, Population: 7185
- Households: 1187 (as per 2011 Census).
- Nearest railway station: Roorkee railway station (12 kms away)
- Nearest Airport: Jolly Grant Airport (70 kms away).



### Socio-economic & Demographic characteristics

	Number of Households	Institut	Total Population Including Institutional and Houseless Population		Popular o-6	tion in aş	ge group
		Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
2001	895	5536	2904	2632	1152	607	545
2011	1187	7185	3778	3407	1195	647	548
		7. 1	18				

	SC/ST Population						Literacy	7	
	Scheduled caste Population			Scheduled Tribe Population					
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
2001	1768	925	843	17	10	7	2594	1606	988
2011	2508	1337	1171	4	2	2	4,247	2,498	1,749



#### Population distribution of working population

		2001			2011		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	
Main Workers							
Total Workers	1472	1319	153	1884	1751	133	
Main Workers	1108	1039	69	1765	1643	122	
Cultivators	280	276	04	296	288	8	
Agriculture Workers	142	135	07	216	203	13	
Household industry Workers	94	63	31	88	77	11	
Other Workers	592	565	27	1165	1075	90	

# Marginal Workers

Marginal Workers	364	280	84	119	108	11
Cultivators	02	01	01	-	-	-
Agriculture Labourers	184	151	33	11	09	02
Household industry Workers	44	17	27	4	4	1
Other Workers	134	11	23	104	95	09
Non Workers	4064	1585	2479	5301	2027	3274





# **Situation Assessment**



(If not Available within the Village then Distance is indicated )

### **Existing Infrastructure**

<b>Educational facilities</b>	
Pre-Primary school (PP)	1 No.(s)
Primary school (P)	2 No.(s)
Middle school (M)	<5km
Secondary School (S)	5-10 Km
Senior Secondary school (SS)	<5 km
Degree college of arts science &	<5 km
commerce (ASC)	
Engineering college(EC)	<5 Km
Medical college (MC)	>10 Km
Management Institute	>10 Km
Polytechnic (Pt)	<5 Km
Vocational training school /ITI	< 5Km
Non-formal training centre (NFTC)	5-10 Km
Special school for disabled (SSD)	5-10 km

Medical Amenities	
Community health centre (CHC)	5-10 km
Primary health centre	<5km
Primary health sub centre (PHS)	1 No.(s)
Maternity and child welfare centre (MCW)	1 No.(s)
T.B. clinic (TBC)	5-10 km
Hospital-allopathic (HA)	5-10 km
Hospital-alternative medicine (HO)	5-10 km
Dispensary (D)	5-10 km
Veterinary hospital (VH)	1 No.(s)
Mobile health clinic (MHC)	5-10 km
Family welfare centre (FWC)	1 No.(s)

Source: Census data 2011



(If not Available within the Village then Distance is indicated )

### **Existing Infrastructure**

Communication and transport facilities				
Post office(PO)	5-10 km			
Sub post office (SPO)	Available			
Post & Telegraph office (P&TO)	5-10 km			
Telephones (Land lines)	Available			
Public call office (PCO)	Available			
Mobile phone coverage	5-10 km			
Internet cafes/ Common service centre	5-10 km			
(CSC)				
Private courier facility	Available			
Bus service (Public & Private)	Available			
Railway stations	5-10 km			
Auto/Modified Autos	5-10 km			
Taxis and Vans	5-10 Km			
Tractors	Available			
Cycle-pulled rickshaws(Manual &	Available			
Machine driven)				
Carts driven by animals	<5 Km			
Sea /River ferry service	>10 km			

Availability of drinking water – Yes/No	
Tap water (Treated/Untreated)	No
Well water (Covered / Uncovered well)	No
Hand Pump	Yes
Tube wells / Bore well	Yes
Spring	No
River / Canal	No
Tank / Pond / Lake	No
Others	No
Availability of toilet & others Yes / No	
Community toilet including bath	No
Community toilet excluding bath.	No
Rural sanitary mart or sanitary hardware outlet available near the village.	No
Community bio- gas or recycle of waste for productive use.	No No

Source: Census data 2011



(If not Available within the Village then Distance is indicated )

### **Existing Infrastructure**

Highways, village roads, banks & credit societies				
Connected to national highway(NH)	Available			
Connected to state highway(SH)	Available			
Connected to major district road (MDR)	Available			
Connected to others district road	Available			
Pucca roads	Available			
Kutchcha roads	Available			
Water bounded macadam(WBM) roads	Available			
Navigable waterway (river/canal)(NW)	>10 km			
Footpaths (FP)	Available			
Banks Commercial & Co-operative	Available			
ATM	Available			
Agricultural Credit Societies	Available			

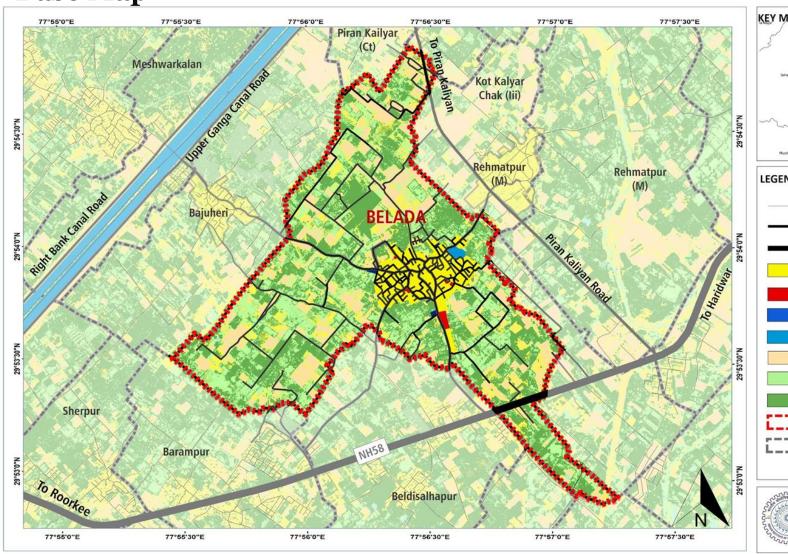
Availability of electricity (Yes/No)	
Power Supply for Domestic Use (ED)	Yes
Power Supply for Agricultural Use (EAG)	No
Power Supply for Commercial Use (EC)	Yes
Power Supply for All Uses (EA)	Yes

Socio cultural and Miscellaneous facilities				
Self Help Group (SHG)	Available			
Public distribution system (PDS) shop	Available			
Mandis / Regular market	5-10 km			
Weekly Haat	5-10 km			
Agricultural marketing society	5-10 km			
Scheme (Nutritional Centres) Integrated	Available			
Child Development				
Anganwadi Centre (Nutritional Centres)	Available			
Others (Nutritional Centres)	<5 km			
ASHA (Accredited Social Health Activist)	Available			
Community centre with/without TV	>10 km			
Sports Field,	>10 km			
Sports Club / Recreation Centre	>10 km			
Cinema / Video Hall	>10 km			
Public Library	>10 km			
Public Reading Room	>10 km			
Newspaper Supply	Available			
Assembly Polling station	Available			
Birth & Death Registration Office	Available			

Source: Census data 2011



**Base Map** 



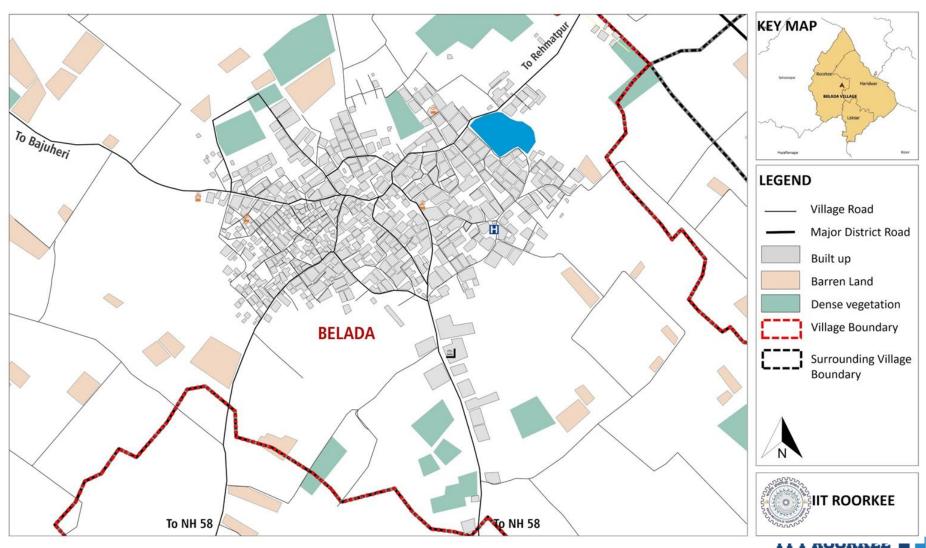






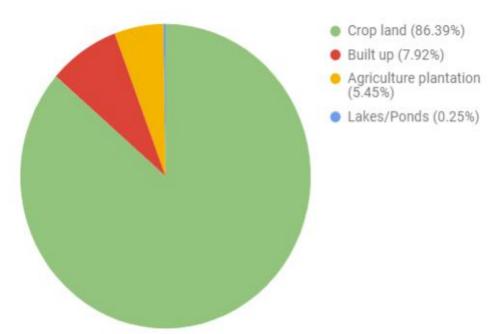


## **Settlements Map**





#### **Existing Land Use Land Cover**



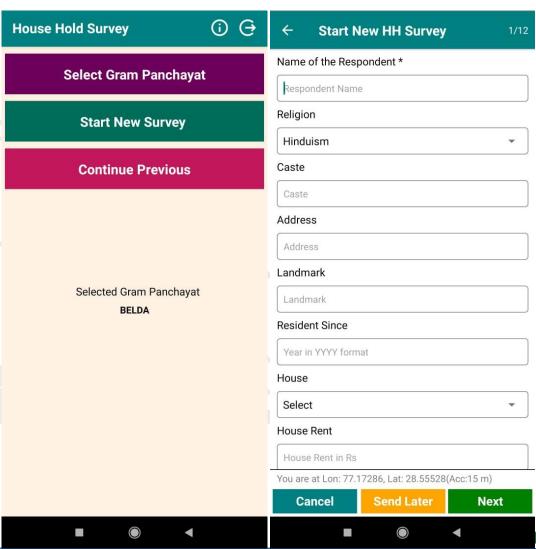
Land Use Land Cover distribution of Belada

• Total built up area is only about 8% of the total village area



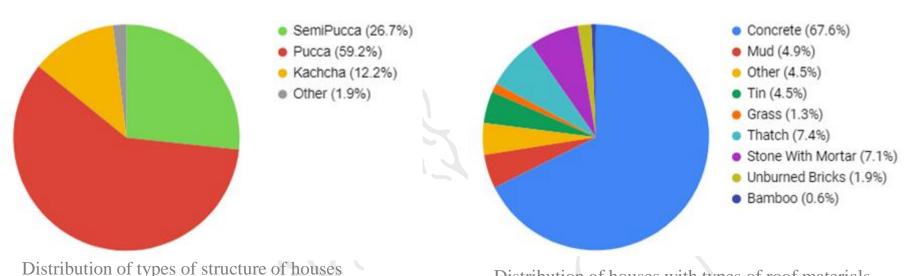
# **Household Survey using GPSDP Survey application**







#### Household Survey: Type of structure of houses

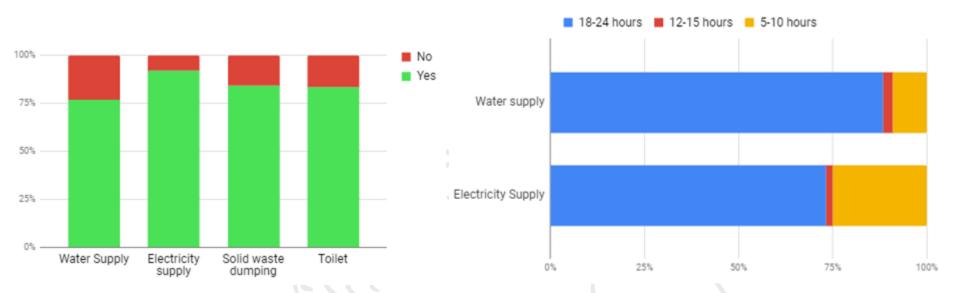


- Distribution of types of structure of nouses

  Distribution of houses with types of roof materials
- Although almost 60% of the houses are pucca houses, there are still 12.2% of kachcha houses in the village.
- Concrete most widely used roofing material in almost 68% of the houses, also in accordance to 60% of pucca houses



#### **Household Survey: Infrastructure status**



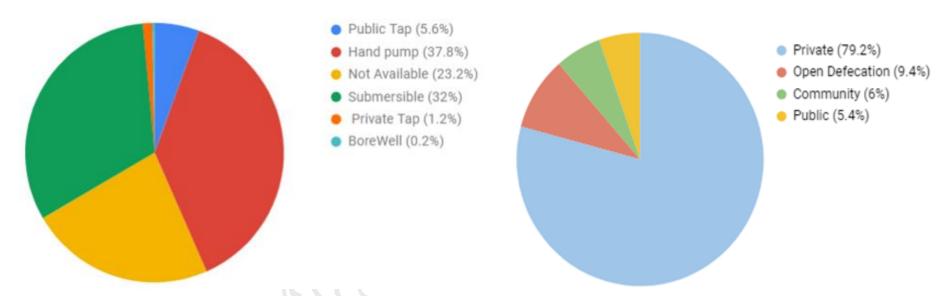
Distribution of availability of physical infrastructure

Status of continuity of water and electricity supply to the houses

- more than 75% of the houses have access to the above mentioned physical infrastructure
- 25% households have only 5-10 hours of electricity supply



#### Household Survey: Physical infrastructure



Distribution of types of water supply to the houses

Distribution of types of toilets among households

- only 1.2% of the houses have private tap for water supply and that majority of the households are dependent on hand pumps
- · almost 10% of the households still use open defecation



#### **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Household conditions**





Single and double storey Pucca houses in the village





Semi pucca houses in the village, Source- IITR survey team

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#### **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Household conditions**









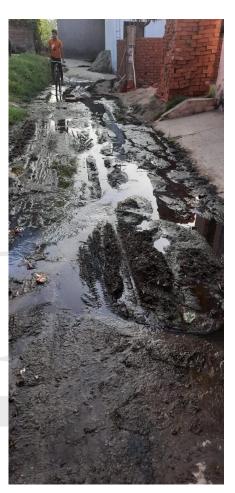
Dilapidated housing condition and Kachcha houses of poor rural people



#### **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Sanitation facilities**



Households with no toilet facility



Wastewater flowing over access roads

Source- IITR survey team



## **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Sanitation facilities**







Lack of proper drains and uncovered drains

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#### **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Solid Waste Dumping**





Open dumping as Solid Waste Management in the village

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## **Infrastructure Inventory survey: Road conditions**









Varying Right Of Ways of roads in the village

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# Belada: Opinion survey





#### Spatial Planning for Rural Areas of Uttarakhand: A pilot study Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee

	परिकल्पना और प्राथमिकता प्रश्नावलीः बेलदा छरबा						
Name (नाम):	Age (आयु) years (वर्ष).						
Gender (लिंग)	Male (पुरुष) / Female (महिला). Position (स्थिति):						
Mobile (मोबाइल	Mobile (मोबाइल): Occupation (व्यवसाय):						
Living in the vil	Living in the village since (गाँव में निवास) : years (वर्ष):						
Owned vehicle	(स्वामित्व वाला वाहन):						
Cycle (साइकिल	)/Two Wheeler (दो पहिया वाहन)/Car (कार)/ Others (अन्य):						
Own House (স্ত্রু	द का घर) / Rented house (किराए का घर)						
Education level	(शिक्षा स्तर):						
Upto 10 <sup>th</sup> /12 <sup>th</sup> / 0	Graduate/Post Graduate or above (10 वीं /12 वीं / स्नातक / स्नातकोत्तर या उससे ऊपर)						
only boxes th	2. By 2040, I wish to have the following in my village for <b>job generation and growth</b> (Please put 1, 2, 3 only boxes that you wish. (2040 तक, मैं चाहता हूँ कि मेरे गाँव में नौकरी सुजन और विकास के लिए कृपया (1, 2, 3 केवल वही रखें जो आप चाहते हैं)						
(2040 (14), 4 (	તાહલા છું છિ મર ગાવ મે ગાવખરા સુંબંગ બાર વિધમત જ દેવણું વૃષ્યવા (1, 2, 3 વખવલ વહા રહ્યું બા બાવ ચાહલ હ)						
i.	Large industry (बड़ा उद्योग)						
ü.	Tourism-based industry (पर्यटन आधारित उद्योग)						
iii.	A large health facility (एक बड़ी स्वास्थ्य सुविधा)						
iv.	University (विश्वविद्यालय)						
▼.	Government offices (सरकारी कार्यालय)						
vi.	Micro and small industry (सूक्ष्म और लघु उद्योग)						
vii.	Construction industry (निर्माण उद्योग)						
viii.	Better Agriculture (बेहतर कृषि)						
ix.	Any other (pl write) (कोई अन्य (कृपया लिखें))						
	·						

3. For future employment generation and good services, if **land** is required, we are willing to share part of our land with the exchange of (pl tick)

A collaborative project of **Ministry of Panchayati Raj, Government of India and Panchayati Raj Deptt, Government of Uttarakhand**Contact: Dr. Uttam K Roy (7417089168) or Dr. S. Sadhukhan (9775549917),
Project executed by Department of Architecture and Planning, IIT Roorkee



# Insights for Job generation and growth

By 2040, I wish to have the following in my village for job generation and growth (Please put 1, 2, 3 only boxes that you wish.

(2040 तक, मैं चाहता हूँ कि मेरे गाँव में नौकरी सृजन और विकास के लिए कृपया (1, 2, 3 केवल वही रखें जो आप चाहते हैं)

i.	Large industry (बड़ा उद्योग)	
ii.	Tourism-based industry (पर्यटन आधारित उद्योग)	
iii.	A large health facility (एक बड़ी स्वास्थ्य सुविधा)	
iv.	University (विश्वविद्यालय)	$\Box$
v.	Government offices (सरकारी कार्यालय)	
vi.	Micro and small industry (सूक्ष्म और लघु उद्योग)	一
vii.	Construction industry (निर्माण उद्योग)	一
viii.	Better Agriculture (बेहतर कृषि)	
iv	Any other (al write) कोई अस क्राया लिखें)	67

Majority of the respondents opted for having a large health facility, micro and small industry and construction industry for employment generation and growth in the village.

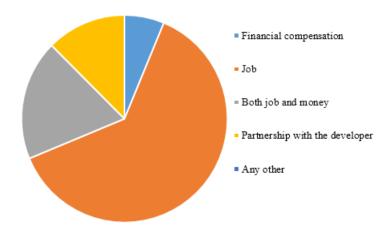
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Facility	Average score (out of 3)	Total score
Large industry	0.00	0
Tourism-based industry	2.33	7
A large health facility	2.10	21
University	0.00	0
Government offices	0.00	0
Micro and small industry	2.23	29
Construction industry	1.71	12
Better Agriculture	1.67	5

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Insights for willingness to share land and compensation



Majority of the respondents willing to share land for infrastructure development of the village want a job in compensation for land sharing.

• Insights on Willingness to change occupation to live inside and nearby village



Yes (88.9%)No (11.1%)



#### Assessment for condition of facilities

The respondents were asked to rate the condition of a list of facilities in the village on a scale of 1 to 5, where,

- 1: Absent
- 2: Poor condition
- 3: Fair condition
- 4: Good condition
- 5: Very good condition
- telecommunication services, sanitation and preprimary and primary schools are in better conditions
- fire services, vocational training services, police post and training centres are in poorer conditions

Facility	Total score	Geomean (out of 5)
House condition	42	2.90
Electricity	46	3.26
Telecommunication services	51	3.89
Water supply to households	43	2.93
Drainage	45	3.16
Waste Disposal	41	2.87
Sanitation	47	3.53
Pre and primary Schools	48	3.38
Secondary schools	16	1.08
Healthcare centre	40	2.81
Cooking gas	23	1.51
Public transport to nearest towns	46	3.16
Roads	44	3.17
Support for agriculture	26	1.67
Water supply for irrigation	45	3.16
Ware house/storage	15	1.05
Fire services	14	1.00
Parks and playgrounds	15	1.05
Market and shops	41	2.78
Community centre	22	1.43
Vocational training services/ Skill Development Centre	14	1.00
Police post	14	1.00
Coaching or training centre	14	1.00



#### Assessment for condition of facilities



Distribution of rating of condition of the facilities



Priority for improvement of conditions of facilities

The respondents were asked to rate on a scale of 1 to 5, to rate their priority for improvement of the conditions of a list of facilities, where,

1: Not required

2: Less Priority

3: Medium Priority

4: High Priority

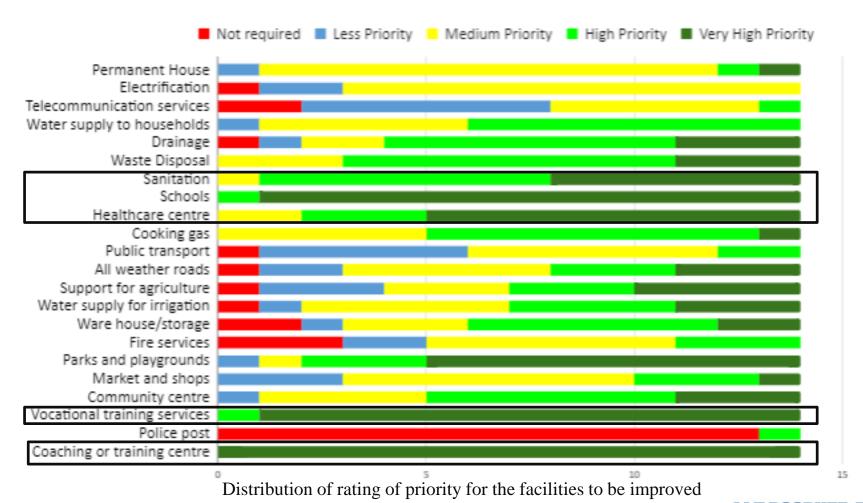
5: Very High Priority

- sanitation, schools, healthcare, training centres are highly prioritized
- fire services, electrification, telecommunication services are less prioritised

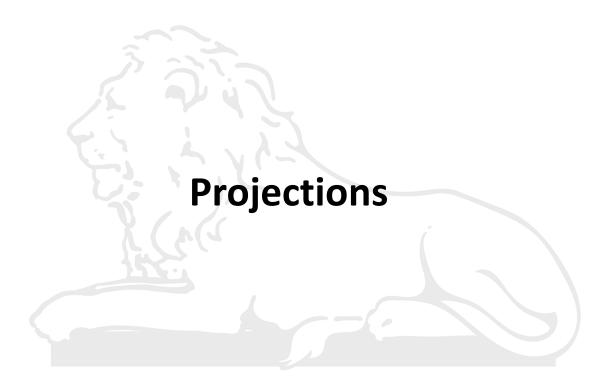
	Geomean	Total
Facility	(out of 5)	score
Permanent House	3.085417	44
Electrification	2.617491	38
Telecommunication services	2.199974	33
Water supply to households	3.43508	49
Drainage	3.471136	52
Waste Disposal	3.945062	56
Sanitation	4.3119	61
Schools	4.920938	69
Healthcare centre	4.431093	63
Cooking gas	3.667424	52
Public transport	2.500344	37
All weather roads	3.105967	47
Support for agriculture	3.12943	48
Water supply for irrigation	3.263616	49
Ware house/storage	3.031245	47
Fire services	2.379566	37
Parks and playgrounds	4.304601	62
Market and shops	3.033935	44
Community centre	3.678134	53
Vocational training services/ Skill		
Development Centre	4.920938	69
Police post	1.10409	17
Coaching or training centre	5	70



#### Priority for improvement of conditions of facilities







# **Population Projection**



Population in 2001 5536 (Census 2001)

Population in 2011 7185 (Census 2011)

Population in 2020 11,761 (Gram Pradhan)

Ratio method 1, using constant decadal population growth rate

Population in 2031 18,818

Population in 2041 30,109

Ratio method 2, using increasing decadal population growth rate

Population in 2031 **22,346** 

Population in 2041 51,396

Ratio method 3, using accelerated decadal population growth rate

Population in 2031 29,402

Population in 2041 73,506

## **Estimation of Land: Normative approach**



Category	Existing area 2021	Area Required 2021- 2031 (Additional Population size 10,585)	Area Required 2031-2041 (Additional population size 29,050)
Residential	247	26.4 Ha	@400 persons/Ha = 75 Ha
Social Infrastructure (Education/ institution/ healthcare/ recreation)	4,20	10 Ha	30.3 Ha
Physical Infrastructure (Electricity/Water supply/ drainage/ solid waste management as per URDPFI guidelines)	31.21 Ha	4 Ha	8 Ha
Road Network		7 Ha (@10-15% of total area)	20 Ha (@10-15% of total area)
Industrial		2-3 Ha (@5% of total area)	5 Ha
Total area requirement		50 Ha	136 Ha

# Estimation of infrastructure: Normative approach

Social infrastructure	Populatio n served per unit	Total Require ment in 2041 (No.s) (X)	g No.s	Addition al No.s required (X-Y)	al Land
Education					
Pre Primary, Nursery School	2500	20	1	19	1.52
Primary School (class I to V)	5000	10	2	8	3.2
Senior Secondary School (VI to	7500	7	0	7	12.6
XII)					
Healthcare					
Dispensary	15000	3	0	3	0.3
Nursing home, child welfare	45000 to	1	1	0	0
and maternity centre	1 lakh				
Family Welfare centre	50,000	1	1	0	0
Diagnostic centre	50,000	1	0	1	0.08
Socio-cultural					
Anganwadi - Housing area/ clus	5000	10	1	9	0.18
ter		46			
Community Room	5000	10	11	9	0.68
Community hall, mangalkaryay	15000	3	1	2	0.4
ala, barat ghar/library					
Religious Facility	5000	10	6	4	

	ı			ı	
Social infrastructure	Populatio	Total		Addition	l .
	n served	Require	g No.s		al Land
	per unit	ment in		required	l .
		2041			required
		(No.s)			
		(X)	(Y)	(X-Y)	(Ha)
Open spaces and Sports facilities	S				
Local parks	5000	10	0	10	5
Community playgrounds	15000	3	0	3	3
Residential unit play area	5000	10	0	10	5
Neighbourhood Play area	15000	3	0	3	4.5
Distribution services					
Milk distribution	5000	10	0	10	0.15
LPG Godown/ Gas godown	40000 to	1	0	1	0.05
	50000				
Commercial centres					
Convenience Shopping	5000	10	0	10	1.5
Local shopping including service	15000	3	0	3	1.38
centre					
Weekly Markets	50000	1	0	1	0.4
Communication facilities					
Post office counter without deli	15000	3	1	2	0.016
very (Floor area to be provided					
in local shopping centre)					
Bank with extension counters w	15000	3	1	2	0.016
ith ATM facility					
Police, Civil Defence and Home					
Guards					
Police Post	40000-	1	0	1	0.16
	50000				

## **Estimation of Land: Normative approach**



1): 20,522- 35,857		
Unit requirement	Requirement for 2041	Requirement for design period of 30 years (2051)
Recommended maximum water supply levels (lpcd): 70	3.6 MLD	7.5MLD
0.1 Ha for upto 5MLD, 0.19 Ha for upto 10MLD	< 0.1 Ha	0.19 Ha
Recommended wastewater f low: 80% of water supply	2.88 MLD	6.04 MLD
0.8-2.3 Ha/MLD	4.5 Ha	9.3 Ha
1 electric substation of 11KV for 15000 population	3 electric substation of 11KV	7 electric substation of 11KV
Waste generation per capita per day: Residential: 0.3- 0.6kg/capita/day + 30% of residential waste	30 TPD	63 TPD
	Recommended maximum water supply levels (lpcd): 70 0.1 Ha for upto 5MLD, 0.19 Ha for upto 10MLD  Recommended wastewater f low: 80% of water supply 0.8-2.3 Ha/MLD  1 electric substation of 11KV for 15000 population  Waste generation per capita per day: Residential: 0.3- 0.6kg/capita/day + 30% of	Unit requirement  Recommended maximum water supply levels (lpcd): 70  0.1 Ha for upto 5MLD, 0.19 Ha for upto 10MLD  Recommended wastewater f low: 80% of water supply  0.8-2.3 Ha/MLD  1 electric substation of 11KV for 15000 population  Waste generation per capita per day: Residential: 0.3- 0.6kg/capita/day + 30% of



# **Development Issues & Proposal**

# **Proposal Discussion**











### **Development Issues & Potentials**



- New generation is not doing agriculture due to de-linked growth opportunity
- Small scale industry not being marketted and linked with market
- Willingness to adjust land, possible for using state land pooling policy as allowed by the state T & CP Act
- New leaderships in the youth wants futuristic development keeping the agriculture

#### **Development Issues**



- MGNREGA should be merged with the agricultural activities so farmers also get the labour for agricultural work and agriculture sector also got encouraged.
- Agricultural labour should be provided through the MGNREGA to the government and individual farmers.
- Activities and norms of MGNREGA should be area-specific or follow the local character of the area.

#### **Development Issues**



- Drainage, pathways and roads works come under the MGNREGA so pradhan can decide and develop their village.
- Labour and material ratio in MGNREGA should be changed as per the work requirements.
- Self-help group and Samooh should be GST free so government authorities and other industry can purchase products directly from them.

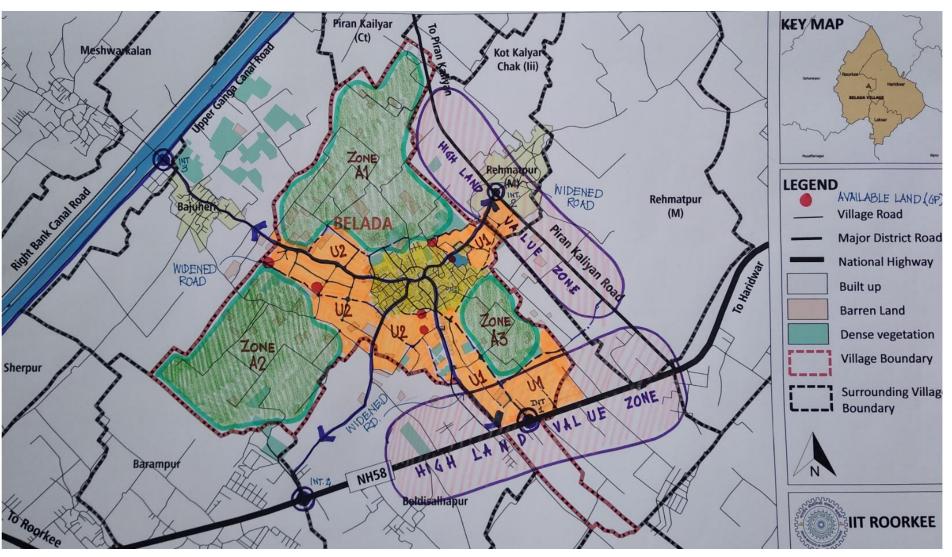
#### **Development Issues**

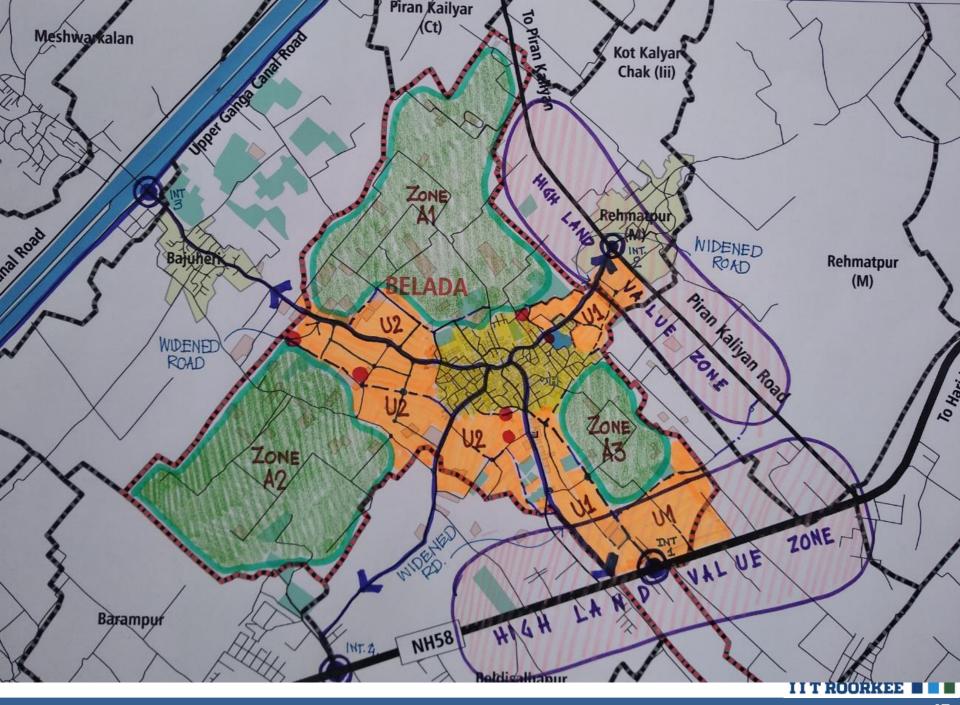


- Need to introduce new agricultural technique and skills development centre to the farmers so they don't leave their profession.
- Preservation of the local skill
- Employment generation in their locality.
- Need for Digital literacy.

## Land suitability and availability







## **Broad participatory Zoning**



- Zone A1, A2= Agriculture priority zone
  - Revamped agriculture, support from MnREGA, training and skill development, non-agriculture maximum 10% allowed only in barren land except cultivators own residence
- Zone A3= Agriculture promotion zone
  - Agriculture promotion, market linkin, prototyping, placment office, non-agriculture maximum 20% allowed inlcuding cultivators own residence
- Zone U1=Urbanisation priority zone
  - Organised job promotion and investment, land banking, inviting insttional and small/medium industries, 50-60% urbanisation in the available pockets, mixed use for flexibility
- Zone U2=Urbanisation for 2041
  - Organised job promotion and investment, land banking, inviting institutional and small/medium industries, 50-60% urbanisation in the available pockets

### Strategic recommendation



- Widening of four major connecting roads to 24 m
- Development of selective new road using land readjustment
- Development four major intersections in the periphery with the state government facilitation
- Agriculture promotion zone in the transitional areas of zone
   A and zone U
- Develop panchayat capacity in phases to handle core urban services (WS/SWM/Sanitation/Road)
- Initiate a village Day focussed on the celebration and success of development work
- Consultation group with neighbouring GP pradhans and state officials

## **Priority of future infrastructure**



Social infrastructure		Populatio n served per unit	Total Require ment in 2041 (No.s) (X)	g No.s	Addition al No.s required (X-Y)	al Land
Education						
Pre Primary, Nursery Scho	ool	2500	20	1	19	1.52
Primary School (class I to	(X)	5000	10	2	8	3.2
Senior Secondary School	(VI	7500	7	0	7	12.6
to XII)			12			
Healthcare						
Dispensary		15000	3	0	3	0.3
Nursing home, child welfare	е	45000 to	1	1	0	0
and maternity centre		1 lakh				
Family Welfare centre		50,000	1	1	0	0
Diagnostic centre		50,000	1	0	1	0.08
Socio-cultural						
Anganwadi - Housing area/	clus	5000	10	1	9	0.18
ter						
Community Room		5000	10	-1	9	0.68
Community hall, mangalkar	yay	15000	3	1	2	0.4
ala, barat ghar/ library						
Religious Facility		5000	10	6	4	

Social infrastructure	Populatio n served	Require	Existin g No.s		al Land
	per unit	ment in		required	
		2041 (No.s)			required
		(X)	(Y)	(X-Y)	(Ha)
Open spaces and Sports facilities	es				
Local parks	5000	10	0	10	5
Community playgroungs	15000	3	0	3	3
Residential unit play area	5000	10	0	10	5
Neighbourhood Play area	15000	3	0	3	4.5
Distribution services					
Milk distribution	5000	10	0	10	0.15
LPG Godown/ Gas godown	40000 to	1	0	1	0.05
	50000				
Commercial centres					
Convenience Shopping	5000	10	0	10	1.5
Local shopping including service	15000	3	0	3	1.38
centre					
Weekly Markets	50000	1	0	1	0.4
Communication facilities					
Post office counter without deli		3	1	2	0.016
very (Floor area to be provided					
in local shopping centre)	45355	_			0.51.
Bank with extension counter	15000	3	1	2	0.016
s with ATM facility					
Police, Civil Defence and Home					
Guards					
Police Post	40000-	1	0	1	0.16
	50000				

## **Priority of future infrastructure**



Physical infrastructure			17.75°			
Population projection for 30 years (2051): 20,522- 35,857						
Infrastructure	Unit requirement	Requirement for 2041	Requirement for 30 years (2051)			
Water supply	Recommended maximum water supply levels (lpcd): 70	3.6 MLD	7.5MLD			
Land requirement	0.1 Ha for upto 5MLD, 0.19 Ha for upto 10MLD	< 0.1 Ha	0.19 Ha			
Sewerage and sanitation	Recommended wastewater flow: 80% of water supply	2.88 MLD	6.04 MLD			
Land area requirement for sewage treatment (Sludge drying beds and waste stabilization p ond)	0.8-2.3 Ha/MLD	4.5 Ha	9.3 Ha			
Electricity	1 electric substation of 11KV for 15000 population	3 electric substation of 11KV	7 electric substation of 11KV			
Solid Waste Management	Waste generation per capita per day: Residential: 0.3-0.6kg/capita/day +	30 TPD	63 TPD			
	30% of residential waste		I I T ROORKEE			

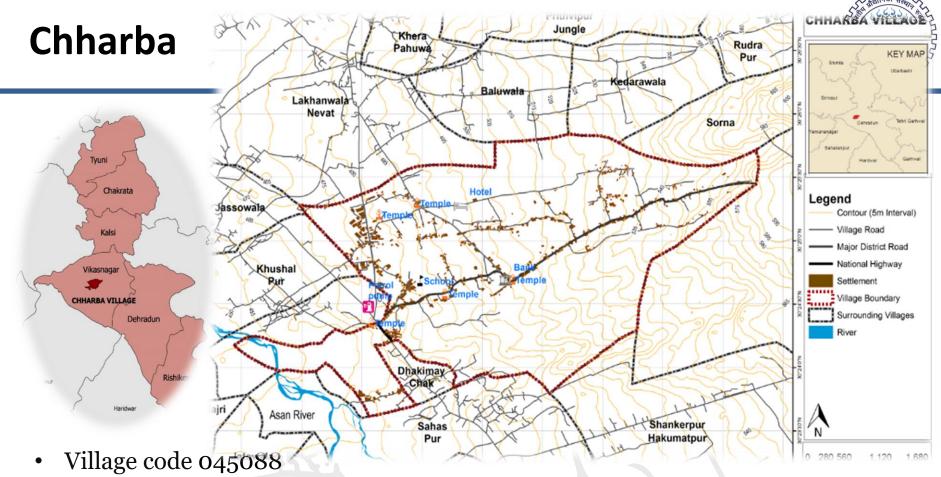
## Possibilities and policy directions



- Land readjustment and participatory planning
- Cooperative based land pooling
- Revamping MNREGA and linking with non-classified but relevant sectors of development
- Linking with RURBAN scheme for trans-urban infrastructures
- Development of local tranports



# Village: Chharba Distt Dehradun



- Community Development (C.D.) Block: Sahaspur, Tehsil: Vikasnagar
- District: Dehradun, Area: 1567.90 Hectares
- Population: 7268, Households: 1425 (as per 2011 Census).
- Another major road named Langha road connecting Chharba to Vikasnagar.
- Nearest railway station: Dehradun (30 kms away)
- Nearest airport: Jolly Grant Airport (60 kms away).

#### **Status of Chharba works**



- Situation assessment is complete
- Surveys are ongoing
- Will be presented in the final reports and presentations

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- 4. Prof. Dr. P. S. Chani, Advisor
- 5. Prof. Dr. Ashish Pandey, Advisor

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Thanks
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&
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