1
NO POVERTY
2
ZERO HUNGER
3
GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
4
QUALITY EDUCATION
5
GENDER EQUALITY
6
CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION
7
AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY
8
DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
9
INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
10
REDUCED INEQUALITIES
11
SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES
12
RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION
13
CLIMATE ACTION
14
LIFE BELOW WATER
15
LIFE ON LAND
16
PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS
17
PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Localization: Progress so far

Local Goverment in Mizoram

Rural Mizoram

- Rural population 48%
- Highly dispersed low population settlements

Local Government

- 1 Tier Local Governance
- 882 Village Councils

Local Council

- Elected body - 5 year term.
- 1/3rd reserved for women.
- Conducted by the State Election Commission.

Existing Administrative & Monitoring Framework

1 STATE LEVEL

High Level Monitoring Committee

- holistic overview of SDG.
- policy intervention & reform action plan.
- Technical committee for indicator framework.
- SDG Cell at P&PID to be upgraded into SDGCC.

2 DISTRICT LEVEL

District Planning Committee

- assessment of progress at district level.
- CSS convergence with GPDP.
- recommendations for state interventions.

3 VILLAGE LEVEL

Village Development Committee/ GPPFT

- Monitor whether SDG goals are achieved in village.
- Prepare GPDP in the context of SDG themes.
- Collect data on community driven indicators.
- Take responsibility for implementation of dev works.

4 INTERNAL MONITORING

The line departments will monitor the progress of their respective SDGs as a reflection of their performance in the service of the public, and use the indicators to identify areas of progress and shortfalls, challenges and solutions therein.

5 THEMATIC MONITORING

Provision for mobilizing major thematic and epistemic communities as the need arises.

LOCALIZING SDG AT LOCAL/VILLAGE LEVEL

- All 9 themes identified by the Report of the Expert Group:

1. Poverty free and enhanced livelihoods village
2. Healthy village
3. Child friendly village
4. Water sufficient village
5. Clean and green village
6. Self-sufficient infrastructure village
7. Socially secured village
8. Village with Good Governance
9. Engendering development in village

1	Poverty Free and enhance Livelihood Village	SDG 1: End poverty, SDG 2: Zero hunger, SDG 8:Decent work & Economic growth, SDG 10: Reduced inequality
2	Healthy Village	SDG 3: Good Health & Well being
3	Child Friendly Village	SDG 3: Good Health & Well being, SDG 4: Quality Education, SDG 16: Peace, Justice & Strong Institutions
4	Water Sufficient Village	SDG 3: Good health & Well being, SDG 6: Clean water and sanitation, SDG 12: Responsible Consumption & Production, SDG 13: Climate Action, SDG 15: Life on land
5	Clean and Green Village	SDG 3: Clean Water & Sanitation, SDG 13: Climate Action, SDG 15: Life on land
6	Self-Sufficient Infrastructure Village	SDG 7: Affordable & Clean Energy, SDG 8: Decent Work & Economic growth, SDG 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure, SDG 11: Sustainable Cities & Communities
7&8	Socially Secured Village; Village with good Governance	SDG 10: Reduced inequality, SDG 16: Peace, Justice & Strong Institution
9	Engendered development in village	SDG 5: Gender equality

- Most targets and indicators of the SDGs are to be achieved at the local level
- Consultative Workshops on LIF was organized at every District with Village Council members
- Followed by Technical Meeting with Line Departments & SIRD&PR
- The indicators were finalized to form the Local Indicator Framework (LIF)

Local Indicator Framework

- LIF is composed of 112 indicators.
- Indicators are differentiated into two Data Sets –
    1. Regular/Core data set to be obtained form Departments (57 indicators).
    2. Community Driven data set to be obtained from Village Development Committees through District Planning Committees (55 indicators).
- Indicators mapped with CSS.
- Community Driven data set's additional purpose is to induce community engagement in the attainment of SDG.

Local Indicator Framework

Theme 4: Water Sufficient Village			
1	Percentage of households getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS).	*Tui thianghlim pipe hmanga sem emaw tui pek chhuahna point in a chawm chhungkaw zat*	VC/PHED
2	Percentage of households provided with functional water tap connections (FHTC)	*Mahni inchhunga tui herh haw theia, tui connection nei chhungkaw awm zat*	VC/PHED
3	Status of water LPCD of the village. *Fully covered (FC)=55 lpcd, Partially Covered (PC)= <55 lpcd, Non covered=(NC)*	*LPCD hmanga tehin khuain tui supply a dawn zat*	PHED
4	No. of schools and anganwadi having water supply	*Schools leh anganwadi tui supply nei zat*	VC/PHED
5	Percentage of houses having rainwater harvest mechanisms)	*Ruahtui dawh khawlna nei chhungkaw zat*	VC/PHED
6	Does the village have Water & Sanitation Committee (Yes/No)	*WATSAN Committee awm em*	VC
7	Is the water tested using field test kit	*Field test kit hmangin tui test tir a ni em*	VC/WATSAN
8	Are all the public wells and springs in the village cleanly maintained?	*Khawtlangin tuikhur a neihte fai takin a vawng em?*	VC
9	No. of community/social works conducted during the year for the preservation of water sources	*Kum khat chhunga tui hna humhalh tura khawtlang in hnatlang a neih zat*	VC
10	No. of awareness campaign held in the village regarding conservation of water and protection of its sources	*Kumkhat chhunga tui renchem leh tuihna humhalh chungchanga inzirtirna (awareness campaign) khawtlanga neih zat*	VC

Roadmap

Partnerships

1. UNDP

- SDG Coordination Centre
- LSDG Dashboard
- CSR matchmaking platform (Akansha)

2. Higher Educational Institutions

- R&D Cell in every college as per NEP guidelines, also EK Cells.
- R&D exercise in adopted villages through local immersion
- Bring in technical knowledge and innovative solutions

3. Church & NGO

- Whole of society approach
- Awareness
- Monitoring
- Initiative & community mobilization

4. All Departments

Roadmap

July 1st half	• Convene meeting of State Level Monitoring Committee 1.Sensitizing stakeholder Departments on the importance and implication of SDG reports. 2.Discuss SDG integration avenues. 3.Onboarding all stakeholder Departments for LIF and reform action plan arising out of LIF.
July 2nd half up to September	• Commence collection of SDG LIF data as per data sources:- 1.Core data set from line Departments. 2.Community driven/engagement data set from Village Councils/Village Development Committees. • SDG training for villages through SIRD&PR module (SDG, CSS, 160 MT) • SDG thematic application & activities through colleges and university using R&D Cell, EK Cell etc. • Initiate low cost, no cost activities.

Roadmap

September	• LIF Data analysis and ranking.
October	• Gram Sabha will prepare/approve GPDP integrated with local SDG and thematic village plan.
November	• DPC will attempt convergence of Village, Block & District Level Plans GDPD with CSS.
December	• Convene SLMC on SDG and MPI for policy implication, reform action plan, CSS convergence and CSR matchmaking.
January 2023	• Incentives to good performing villages in SDG ranking. Funding through P&PID. Technical assistace from line Dept. • Specific intervention based on reform action plan for low performing villages. • Budgeting for SDG integration and reform action plan for next FY. • Updation of e-Gram Swaraj

Suggestions

- Integration of SDG in the GPDP chapterization.
- GPDP format should be in line with e-gramswaraj
- Support required from other relevant ministries of Government of India Gram Panchayat/Village Council should be mandated the implementing agency in all the CSS.
- GPPFT should be manded to prepare AAP under MGNREGS in line with GPDP.

Thank You