



State

PANCHAYATI RAJ, UTTAR PRADESH

Uttar Pradesh At a Glance



Basic Statistics

Panchayati Raj Institutions

> Zila Panchayats- 75 Members- 3051

Kshetra Panchayats-826 Members- 75,855



Population (Census 2011)

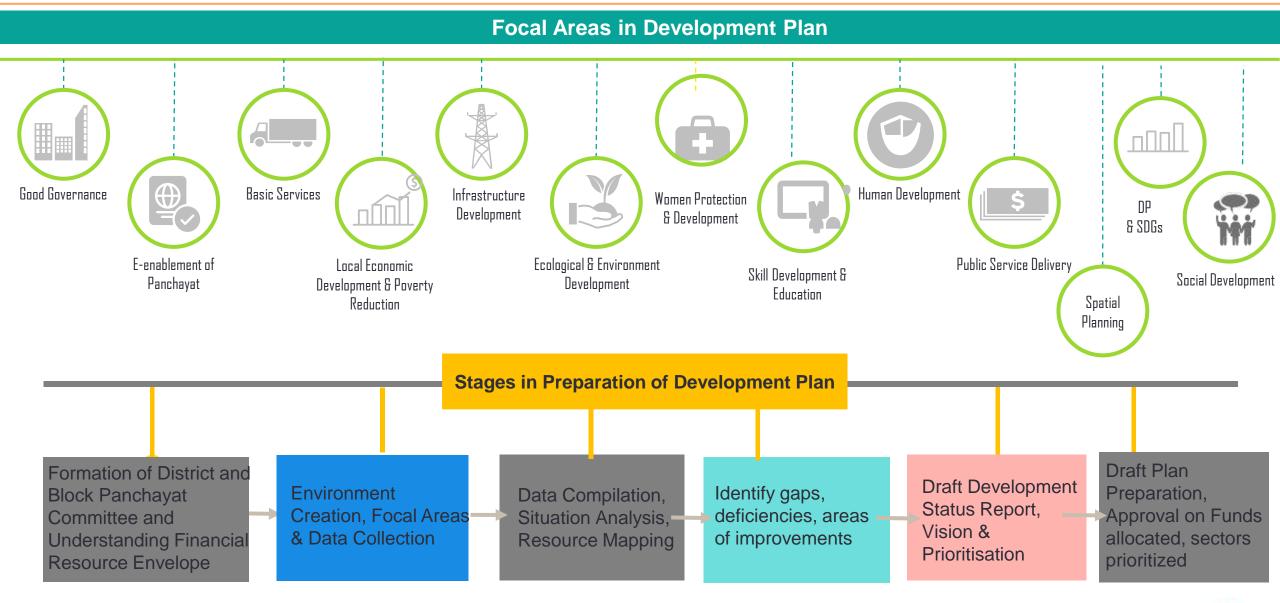
Total Population-19.98 Cr

Rural Population-15.20 Cr

Rural Population %-79.11

DPDP and BPDP Planning Ecosystem









Status of Development Plan

S. No.	BPDP	Year	Total Budget Amount	Major sectors covered
1	812	2021-22	1962.51	RoadsSanitationDrinking water
2	812	2022-23	1062.84	 Rural electrification Administrative & Technical Support Maintenance of community system Rural housing Social welfare GP Office Infrastructure Health Water Conservation Education Cultural activities Public distribution system



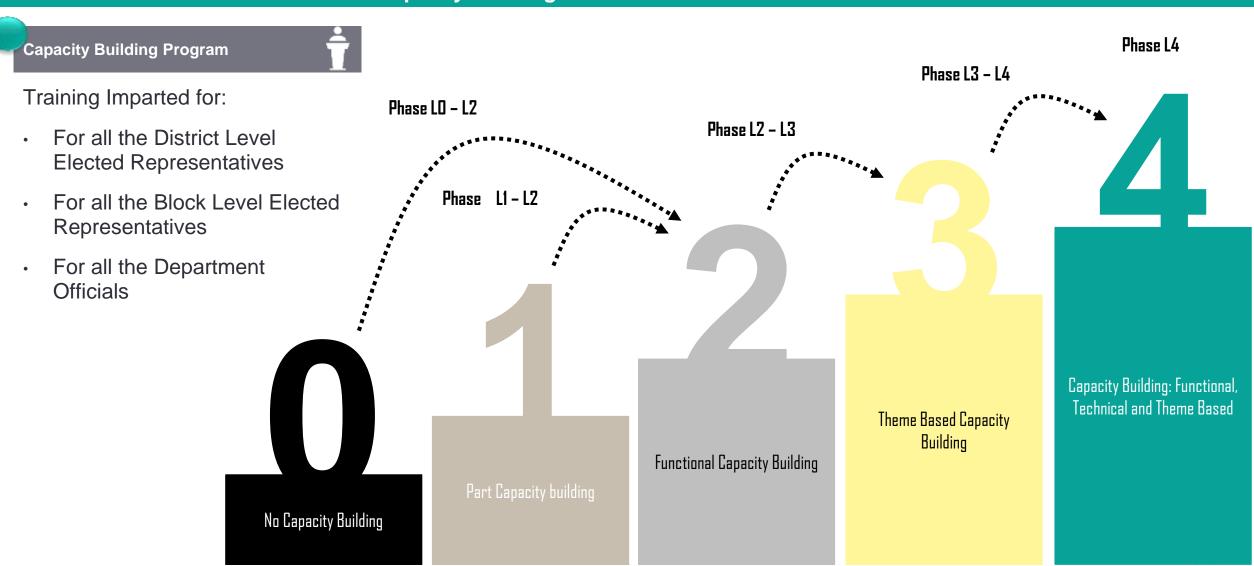
Status of Development Plan

S. No.	DPDP	Year	Total Budget Amount	Major sectors covered
1	75	2021-22	1953.7	RoadsSanitationRural electrification
2	73	2022-23	1077.4	 Drinking water Administrative & Technical Support Maintenance of community system GP Office Infrastructure Rural housing Social welfare Health Education Water Conservation Animal husbandry

DPDP and BPDP Capacity Building Monitoring Mechanism



Capacity Building and Identification of Level Phases





Best Practices



Major Sectors.

1

Self Sufficient Infrastructure

- Panchayat Building
- Construction of Road
- Amrit Srovar
- Gaushala
- · Carbon Filter Device
- Water Tank
- Community Sanitary Complexes



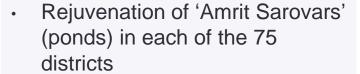
Renewable Energy



- Solar Street Light
- Mini/Micro Grid
- Solar Powered Irrigation Pump
- Bio Gas

3

Water Sufficient



First Phase – 5 Amrit Sarovar in each districts





Major Area

Focus
infrastructure
strengthening
@ Block Level

Sharing burden of Gram Panchayat in implementation of ambitious and challenging scheme like Gaushala Management

Providing infrastructure facilities at critical spots

Contributing to visionary schemes like Amrit Sarovar etc

Focus infrastructure strengthening @ Block Level



District - Ayodhya | Block - Sohawal



Internet **Infrastructure** **Renewable Energy** Infrastructure



Focus infrastructure strengthening @ Block Level



District - Faruukhabad | Block - Rajepur





Providing infrastructure facilities at critical spots



District - Ayodhya | Block - Mawai & District - Janshi | Block - Bangra



- CLS Building
- Water Tank





Community Sanitary Complexes and Amrit Sarovars

- Amrit Sarovar
- Community Sanitary Complexes





Gaushala

Benefits:

- Employment Creation 2 manpower's deployed
- Basic infrastructure to aid and sustain the behaviour change envisaged
- Generation of Vermi compost dedicated service delivery team (SHGs)
- For water supply Solar Powered Irrigation Pump
- Separate Agriculture for cropping















Significant infrastructure enhance Decrease energy use and emission BENEFIT Increase ride quality Little removal of material No quarrying for aggregate Low cost



District Azamgarh



Carbon Filter Device (Smog Tower): Hasudi Ausanpurih, Siddharthnagar

• Dimensions : 20 ft x 5 ft

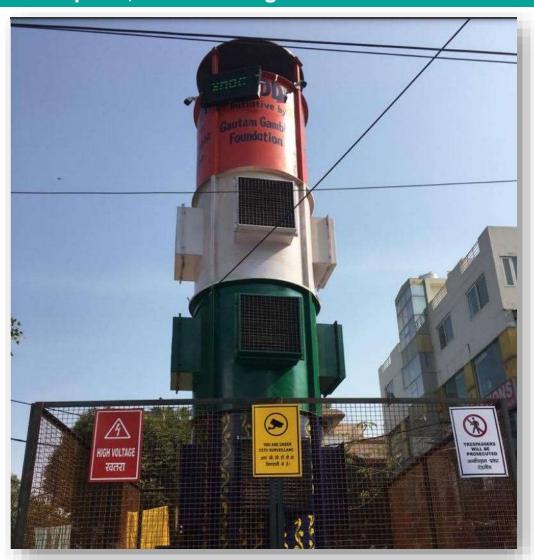
• Weight: 152 kg (Approx.)

Coverage area: 500 meters (Approx.)

Capacity to process 9,00,000 cubic metres of air every day

Earlie	After Installation	Normal Range	
Parameter	Recorded Value	Recorded Value	
PMIO concentration	437	58,6	100
PM2.S concentration	218	28.4	60
SO2	93	21.4	83
NO2	115	18.9	80
СО	<0.54	<0.2	0.2

- The tower is expected to collect over 8 quintals of carbon
- Corban selling price Rs 63 per kilogram







Renewal Energy: Following category are operational in some of DP and BP in the State

Solar Rooftops Solar Street Light Solar powered Irrigation Pump Mini / Micro Grid **Bio Gas** 444 Utilisation of available vacant roof space The dependence on electricity of the electricity department eliminated Panchayat OSR Generation Lower transmission and distribution losses Long term energy and ecological security by reduction in carbon emission Minimal technical losses as power consumption and generation Generation of Vermi Compost



Thank You