Pre Bid Queries Clarifications Dated 30-10-2023 MINOR IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT UTTARAKHAND

Tender Reference No.

No. 2/CEMID/SWPS/PM-KUSUM/2023-24

(RfS title): Empanelment of Vendors for Design, Manufacture, Supply, Transport, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Off-Grid Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping Systems(SPWPS) of different capacities (HP) in Uttarakhand State, including complete system warranty and its repair and maintenance for 5 Years under Component-B of PM KUSUM scheme

of MNRE

KUSUM scheme of MNRE, GoI

Quaries Raised by the Bidder:- M/s HIGH GROUND

0.	Section	Clause No.	Tender Related Quaries Raised by Bidders	Ammendment Requested/Suggested in Tender By the Bidders	UKMID Response
			Action plan should be submitting to Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand's including complete details of team, resources and service centers in each district within 30 days of acceptance of LoA from Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand failing of which by vendor Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand have the right to levy penalty.	This is a stringent and pressurised value escalation criteria. We recommend bidder shoud have atleast one service center or authorised service partner of any (lead partner or second lead partner) within the state.	As per tender/Bid document.
			Selected vendor should have finalized sub-bidders and purchase order for all materials such as PB Modules, Structure, Pump, Controllers etc. within 30 days from date of award of contract and unpriced copy of such award letter/purchase order will be submitted within 30 days from date of issuance of award.	We recommended this should be Limited to major components such as module pump & vfd. Kindly provide flexibility if the vendor requires he can submit the test report for further approval, if any changes are made in major component.	As per tender/Bid document.
			Vendor should commission minimum pumps/quarter as defined above at clause 3.2b of scope of work. Vendor must submit handing over certificates in the format prescribed by minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand.	As there are third party local regulatory authorities involved in the system hence we recommend that if any delay arises at there end then that hindrance timeline should be exempted to bidder/installer.	As per tender/Bid document.
			Vendors will mandatorily provide CMC for a period of 5 years from the date of commissioning of the systems including insurance coverage for the installed systems against natural calamities and theft.	Technically this is not possible as the warranty will be done on name of the client. Hence installer is not liable to claim the insurance. Bidder can only assist.	As per tender/Bid document.
			CMC period - Kindly confirm cleaning of solar panel is within the scope of client. If any discrepancy is found then the warranty is subject to be bidder as per OEM of Component.		As per tender/Bid document.
			Consumable items in CMC period- We recommend consumable items such as SPD, mecb to be charged additionally once they are found to be out of their warranty period at time of maintenance. Consumable electronic Component come with 1 year warranty only.		As per tender/Bid document.
			16. Under this tender, only bid from one NSIC Consortium will be accepted.	Kindly confirm the interpratation of same. Does this mean that only one NSIC consortium bid will be accepted among multiple NSIC consortium bids. If yes then we request that multiple NSIC consortium bids should be accepted if they are eligible.	As per tender/Bid document.
			2.6 Daily Water output it is the total water output on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV modules under the average daily solar radiation "condition of 7.15 kwh/m2 on the surface of SPV array (i.e., coplanar with the SPV modules).	Kindly confirm what if the client doesn't shifts tracker manually the system regularly?	As per tender/Bid document
			Scope of end client:- Kindly confirm the scope of client after installation and during CMC period.		As per tender/Bid document.

Quaries Raised by the Bidder:- M/s Shakti Pumps Dated:- 04-11-2023

			c. Test reports can be submitted with the bids. However, the bidders can also submit a self-certificate in the format	c. Test reports shall be submitted with the bids. For all the models of the quoted	
1	page no. 9 of 107	3.1 Supply and Manufacture C.	provided by MNRE with the bids in lieu of test reports for all the models for which the bids are submitted. In case of self-certificate, the bidder will have to submit test reports by 07-11-2023 or at the time of signing of Agreement with Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand, whichever is later. In case of failure of to submit test reports, the empanelment may be cancelled by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand.	capacity as per MNRE norms and new technical specifications issued in March 2023 In case of failure of to submit test reports, the bidder's bid will be considered as technically rejected by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand.	Suitable Amendment are being issued on the clause reffered
2	page no. 9 & 10 of 107	3.2 Installation and Commissioning b.	b. Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand shall allocate the quantity to empanelled bidder which will depend on past performance and capability of the bidder. After allocation of quantity Minor Irrigation Department shall provide list of farmer to empanelled bidder. Bidder will conduct the feasibility assessment at farmer premises and based on the feasibility report submitted to Minor Irrigation Department, final NTP/WO will be issued to the agency, vendor shall complete the installation and commissioning of SPWPS within 150 days from date of issuance of NTP.	There shall be no any quantity allocation. The entire program shall be implemented in Market Mode as per PM-Kusum Scheme Guideline. The common list of applicants (farmers) shall be shared with contractor and consent from farmer shall have to be taken. After Farmer's consent NTP/WO will is issued to empanelled agency.	As per tender/Bid document.
3	page no. 10 of 107	3.2 Installation and Commissioning h	h. Vendor shall comply with all applicable regulatory and statutory norms. Vendor must obtain approval/NOC from appropriate Govt. body for implementing the project in each selected village.	Delete this clause.	As per tender/Bid document.
4	page no. 10 of 197	3.2 Installation and Commissioning j	j. Vendor should commission minimum pumps/ quarter as defined above at Clause 3.2b of Scope of work. Vendor must submit handing over certificates in the format prescribed by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand.	Vendor must submit handing over certificates in the format prescribed by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand.	As per tender/Bid document.
5	page no. 10 of 107	3.2 Installation and Commissioning m	m. The selected vendors shall take all necessary permits, approvals and licenses, insurance etc., provide training and such other items and services required to complete the scope of work mentioned above.	Delete it.	As per tender/Bid document.
6	Page 12 of 107	3.3 Technical Requirement and Testing a.	a. SPWPS installed under this programme should meet technical specification and construction standards as specified by BIS and MNRE from time to time as given in Annexure-A .	SPWPS installed under this programme should meet technical specification issued by MNRE in March 2023.	As per tender/Bid document.
7	page no. 11 of 107	3.4 Operation & Maintenance (O&M), Training, Awareness and Sensitization	b. Any complaint registered registered/service calls received should be attended at the earliest and the system should be repaired/restored/ replaced within 3 days from date of complaint received/ informed to the vendor.	b. Any complaint registered registered/service calls received should be attended at the earliest and the system should be repaired/restored/ replaced within 3 working days from date of complaint received / informed to the vendor.	As per tender/Bid document.
8	page no. 12 of 107	3.4 Operation & Maintenance (O&M), Training, Awareness and Sensitization g.	g. Vendors will mandatorily provide CMC for a period of 5 years from the date of commissioning of the systems including insurance coverage for the installed systems against natural calamities and theft. CMC will include inspection by Vendor at least once in a quarter and submission of quarterly inspection report of the installed pumps as per prescribed format. Selected Vendor shall provide a copy of valid insurance certificate of SPWPS to the beneficiary and same shall be renewed every year.	No quarterly visit is required during the CMC Period.	As per tender/Bid document.
9	Page 13 of 107	3.4 Operation & Maintenance (O&M), Training, Awareness and Sensitization h.	h. Vendors have to provide the Remote Monitoring System (RMS) as per Annexure-F (RMS Communication and Security Architecture- PM KUSUM National Portal) of the RfS with all the SPWPS installed under the scheme. Further, vendor has to maintain the RMS in working condition for the period of 5 years and RMS systems shall push the accurate data of the parameters as specified in the specification and guidelines of the scheme as per Annexure-F (RMS Communication and Security Architecture- PM KUSUM National Portal), failing which the installation of the system will not be accepted by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand.		As per tender/Bid document.
10	Page 15 of 107	8 Performance Monitoring	Performance Monitoring Selected Vendor must ensure working of minimum of 95% of total installed SPWPS at any point of time. Remote monitoring system shall be installed integrated with the SPWPS controllers rather than having as a separate unit through an integral arrangement and it should be capable of providing accurate live status/parameters on State portal maintained by UKMID and on central portal maintained by MNRE. Detailed requirements of Remote Monitoring System along with minimum performance requirements are brought out as per Annexure-A.		As per tender/Bid document.
11	Page 15 of 107	9 Commissioning of Projects	9 Commissioning of Projects Selected vendors must submit monthly consent of beneficiaries in their favors to Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand for which Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand will give notice to proceed and for this selected vendor shall complete the installation and commissioning of allocated SPWPS within 150 days from issuance of notice to proceed.	Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand will give notice to proceed after collecting the beneficiary share. The NTP shall be issued after the beneficiary collection by SIA only.	As per tender/Bid document.
12	Page 16 of 107	13	Bank Guarantee/ Payment on Order Instrument (POI) against Earnest Money Deposit (EMD)		As per tender/Bid document.
13	page no. 18 of 107	14	Performance Bank Guarantee (PBG)		As per tender/Bid document.

14	Page no. 18 of 107	14 Performance Bank Guarantee (PBG)	14.1 Bidders selected by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand based on this RfS shall submit to the Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand, a Performance Guarantee for a value @ 3% of the amount equivalent to the 6% of the value of total allocation or 25 numbers of SPWPS, whichever is higher subject to a maximum of 1000 pumps. For simplification, PBG requirement for cumulative capacity is as per 41.2 (17). However, if total number of SPWPS awarded to vendor is more than 25 nos. of SPWPS or 6% of the value of total allocation. Along with the first list of consent from beneficiaries in vendor's favor, vendor shall submit another PBG equivalent to differential value of order as per notice to proceed (NTP). It may be noted that Successful Bidders shall submit the Performance Guarantee according to the Format 7.3C with a validity period up to (& including) the date as on 24 months from placement of award by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand. Validity of PBG shall be extended by the vendor for every year for the first five years. Further, Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand reserves the right to encash the existing PBG, in case the vendors doesn't renew/extend the existing PBG at-least 30 days in advance.		As per tender/Bid document.
15	Page 19 & 20 of 107	16 Payment Terms Stage-1:	16 Payment Terms	Payment Terms: 1) Payment invoice, installation reports and site inspection reports with photographs shall be considered in digital form either at portal or by Email only for payment realisation. No other physical document should be required to ask for payment release.	As per tender/Bid document.
16	Page 20 of 106	16 Payment Terms Stage-II :	Stage-II. Balance 10% on completion of one month from date of completion certificate Note: Payment shall be made to vendor within 30 days after submission of three copies of invoices to Engineer-in charge, complete in all respect along with 90 days accurate performance data of SPWPS through RMS on State SEDM portal and central portal of PM-KUSUM Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand has the right to seek any additional documents/ certificates/ information it deems fit prior to releaser of any payment. If the invoices are incomplete in any respect or in case on non-compliance with terms and conditions of letter of award/ Notice to Proceed, the payment due date shall start from the submission of all necessary documents.		As per tender/Bid document.
17	Page No. 20 of 107	16 Payment Terms	Stage-1: 90 % Performance report for one week after commissioning based on the accurate data of the parameters received from RMS or data logger in case of internet unavailability. Note: Payment shall be made to vendor within 30 days after submission of three copies of invoices to Engineer-in charge, complete in all respect along with 90 days accurate performance data of SPWPS through RMS on State SEDM portal and central portal of PM-KUSUM.	Kindly delete this point as already covered in stage-I of payment terms.	As per tender/Bid document
18	Page No. 20 of 107	17 Minimum Paid Up Share Capital to be Held by Project Promoter	17 Minimum Paid Up Share Capital to be Held by Project Promoter 17.1 The Bidder shall provide complete information in their bid in reference to this RfS about its promoters and upon issuance of LoA, the Successful Bidder/Selected Vendor shall indicate its shareholding in the company indicating the controlling.		As per tender/Bid document.
19	Page 21 of 107	18 Instructions to Bidders for Structuring of Bid Proposals in Response to RfS	xiv. Declaration for submitting the test certificate as per MNRE technical specifications for solar water pump sets issued in 22-03-2023 as per Format 7.14.		Suitable Amendment are being issued on the clause reffered
20	Page 21 of 107	18 xvi. Attachments ii	Certificate of Incorporation of Bidding Company/ all member companies of Bidding Consortium.	Certificate of Incorporation of Bidding Company/ all member companies of Bidding Consortium. The bidder also submit Factory licence issued according to Factory Act, 1948 for the product being manufactured by them. All the bidders must submit the copy of IEM acknowledgment certificate issued by DPIIT, Ministry of Commerce & Industries (applicable to Non-MSME Bidders)	As per tender/Bid document.
21	Page 23 of 107	19.6	19.6 The response to RfS shall be submitted as mentioned in Clause 16 of the RfS. No change or supplemental information to a response to RfS will be accepted after the scheduled date and time of submission of response to RfS. However, Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand reserves the right to seek additional information from the Bidders, if found necessary, during the course of evaluation of the response to RfS.	19.6 The response to RfS shall be submitted as mentioned in Clause 18 of the RfS. No change or supplemental information to a response to RfS will be accepted after the scheduled date and time of submission of response to RfS. However, Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand reserves the right to seek additional information from the Bidders, if found necessary, during the course of evaluation of the response to RfS.	As per tender/Bid document.

22	Page 24 of 107	20 Non-Responsive Bid (c)	(c) Non-submission of correct, valid and operative Pass-Phrases for both Technical and Financial Bid (Price Bid) Parts after the deadline of Bid Submission, and before the commencement of the Online Tender Opening Event (TOE) of Techno-Commercial Bid.	Delete this point	As per tender/Bid document.
23	Page 24 of 107	21 Method of Submission of Response to RfS by the Bidder	21 Method of Submission of Response to RfS by the Bidder 21.1 Documents to be Submitted Offline (in Original) The bidder has to submit original of following documents offline. iii. Pass-phrases for Techno-commercial and Financial bids submitted on the EProcurement portal.		As per tender/Bid document.
24	Page 26 of 107	I. Technical Bid (First Envelope)	Submission of Pass-phrases: In line with Clause 19.7 and Annexure- B, the Bidder shall be required to submit the Pass-Phrase to decrypt the relevant Bid- part is submitted into the 'Time Locked Electronic Key Box (EKB)' after the deadline of Bid submission, and before the commencement of the Online Tender Opening Event (TOE) of Technical bid.	Delete it.	Suitable Amendment are being issued on the clause reffered
25	Page 26 of 107	II. Financial Bid (Second Envelope)	II. Financial Bid (Second Envelope) a) Bidders shall submit the single Financial Bid containing the scanned copy of following document(s): i. Covering letter as per Format 7.10 of the RfS ii. Duly signed and stamped strictly as per price bid Format 7.16 of the RfS.	i. Covering letter as per Format 7.10 & 7.16 of the RfS to be submitted along with technical bid documents.	As per tender/Bid document.
26	Page 30 of	31 Insurance	A. Insurance		As per tender/Bid document.
27	Page 30 & 31 of 107	31 Insurance	In case of an incident covered under insurance, bidder must replace the lost/damaged part within 7 days from the date of intimation, failing which the rectification/replacement (keeping the same configuration in consideration) will be done by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand at the risk and cost of system integrator, after rectification/replacement the warranty clause will remain compliable as per tender conditions.	In case of an incident covered under insurance, bidder must replace the lost/damaged part within 7 days from the date of intimation, failing which the rectification/replacement (keeping the same configuration in consideration) will be done by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand at the risk and cost of system integrator, after rectification/replacement the warranty clause will remain compliable as per tender conditions. Note: - The replacement will be done after the acceptance of Insurance claim by Insurance companies.	As per tender/Bid document.
28	Page 32 of 107	35 Warranty and Maintenance	35 Warranty and Maintenance The complete Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping System and display board / Name Plate (Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand's will provide the details) shall be warranted and maintained for 05 years from the date of installation. The maintenance service provided shall ensure proper functioning of the system as a whole. All preventive/routine maintenance and breakdown / Corrective maintenance required for ensuring maximum uptime shall have to be provided by the Contractor.	Please add following: any unauthorized changes/ modification done by the beneficiary will not cover in the warranty.	As per tender/Bid document.
29	Page 34 of 107	39 Roles and Responsibilities of Implementation Agency	39 Roles and Responsibilities of Implementation Agency.		As per tender/Bid document.
30	Page 38 of 107	41.3	41.3 Detailed technical parameters of the Pumps to be met by Vendors is at Annexure-A. The Bidders shall strictly comply with the technical parameters detailed in the Annexure-A. Further, the provisions as contained in the O.M. dated 10.03.2021 issued by MNRE on the subject "Approved Models and Manufacturers of Solar Photovoltaic Modules (Requirement of Compulsory Registration) Order, 2019- Implementation- Reg." and its subsequent amendments and clarifications issued until the bid submission deadline, shall be applicable for this RfS. The modules used in the Project under this RfS should have been included in the List-I under the above Order, valid as on the date of invoicing of such modules.	Kindly delete the criteria of ALMM.	As per tender/Bid document.
31	Page 44 of 107	46.4 & 46.5	46.4 Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand reserves the right for the variation of allocated SWPs quantity. 46.5 Further, in case a Vendor is not able to supply quantity allocated to them as per scheduled timelines, Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand reserves the right to shift the part/full quantity to another Vendor, who has matched the price.	Please delete it.	As per tender/Bid document.

32	Page 44 of 107	47 Validity of discovered prices for each category	47 Validity of discovered prices for each category In order to allow Vendors sufficient time to implement SPWPS based on the prices discovered under this tender, all prices discovered under this tender will remain valid for 24 months from the date of opening the price bids, which will be announced by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand. Within this 24-month period, empanelled vendors have no right of refusal to complete the allocated work.	47 Validity of discovered prices for each category In order to allow Vendors sufficient time to implement SPWPS based on the prices discovered under this tender, all prices discovered under this tender, all prices discovered under this tender will remain valid for 12 months from the date of opening the price bids, which will be announced by Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarkhand. Within this 12-month period, empanelled vendors have no right of refusal to complete the allocated work.	As per tender/Bid document.
33	Page 92 of 107		Format 7.12 DECLARATION FOR THE LOCAL CONTENT	Format correction required.	As per tender/Bid document.
34	Page 94 of 107	Format 7.14	We are agreeing to accept that the test certificates are to be submitted to the Implementing Agency, reports as per MNRE's revised technical specifications and testing procedures issued in 2023 (latest) and amendments thereof, will be submitted by us by 31.07.2023 or before issue of LoA, whichever is later. In failure of which our empanelment will stand cancelled, without any prior intimation. These certificates shall be submitted either in original form or attested copy by the issuing test lab.	We are agreeing to accept that the test certificates are to be submitted to the Implementing Agency, reports as per MNRE's revised technical specifications and testing procedures issued in 2023 (latest) and amendments thereof, will be submitted by us at the time of bidding or at the tie of signing the agreement.	As per tender/Bid document.
35	Page 95 of 107	Format 7.15	Format 7.15 CERTIFICATE REGARDING COMPLIANCE OF MeitY NOTIFICATION VIDE FILE NO. 1(10)/2017-CLESdt. 02.07.18		As per tender/Bid document.
36	Page 99 of 107	PRICE BID SCHEDULE Note:	PRICE BID SCHEDULE (Annexure-D) Additionally, The filled-out Excel file(s) must also be submitted in envelope-2 of the online bid portal. Note: Bidders are advised to quote the rate for all categories of SWPs, however allotment will be based on available demand which is mostly5, 7.5 & 10 HP in the state. In case of discrepancies between excel and scanned price bid(s), prices mentioned in excel files of Annexure-D shall prevail.	Note is to be deleted inline to amendment issued by Minor Irrigation Dept.	As per tender/Bid document.
37			Format 7.17 PRELIMINARY ESTIMATE OF COST OF SPWPS	Delete this format.	As per tender/Bid document.
38	108	Annexure-A (Technical Specification)	This document Annexure-A (Technical Specification) supersedes the Annexure-A (Revised) uploaded along with amendment-01 to RfS on 17.02.2023	The latest specification released by MNRE ON 22. March.2023 shall be effective.	Suitable Amendment are being issued on the clause reffered

No. 2/CEMID/SWPS/PM-KUSUM/2023-24/AMENDMENT-03

(RfS title): Empanelment of Vendors for Design, Manufacture, Supply, Transport, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Off-Grid Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping Systems(SPWPS) of different capacities (HP) in Uttarakhand State, including complete system warranty and its repair and maintenance for 5 Years under Component-B of PM KUSUM scheme

of MNRE KUSUM scheme of MNRE, GoI

S. No.	Clause No/page no.	Existing Clause/Article	Amended Clause/Article
1	103-107	Annexure-B special Instruction to bidder e-tendering	special Instruction to bidder e-tendering
2	121-196	Annexure-A This document Annexure-A (Technical Specification) supersedes the Annexure-A (Revised) uploaded along with amendment-01 to Rfs on 17-02-2023	Annexure-A,B &C as per MNRE OM. No. F.No. 41/3/2018-SPV Division dated 22-03-2023 Government of India/Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (Enclosed)
3	page no59 Format-7.3A	The Bank Guarantee shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of India and the courts at Ranchi shall have exclusive jurisdiction.	The Bank Guarantee shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of India and "High Court of Uttarakhand" shall have exclusive jurisdiction.
4	page no 68 Format-7.5	Uttarakhand Renewable Energy Development Agency (Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand) a company incorporated under the companies Act, 2013 and having its Registered Office at 3rd floor, SLDC Building, Kusai Colony, Doranda, Ranchi-834002.	Minor Irrigation Department, Uttarakhand Lane No3, Indraprastha colony, Nathanpur, Jogiwala, Dehradun-248005
5	page no 69 Format-7.5 (point no. 9)	This Agreement shall be constructed and interpreted in accordance with the Laws of India and courts at Ranchi alone shall have the exclusive jurisdiction in all matters relating thereto and arising thereunder.	This Agreement shall be constructed and interpreted in accordance with the Laws of India and High Court of Uttarakhand shall have the exclusive jurisdiction in all matters relating there to and arising there under.

6	Page No. 9 Clause No. 3.1 C	The bidder will have to submit test report by 7-11-2023 or the time of signing of agreement	The bidder will have to submit test report by 20-11-2023 or the time of signing of agreement
7	Page No. 20 Clause No. 18	Detail instruction to be followed by the bidder for online submission of response to RfS are stated an Annexure-B	Detail instruction to be followed by the bidder for online submission of response to RfS are stated an Annexure-D
8	Page No. 94 Format 7.14	Testing procedures issued in 2023 (latest) and amendment thereof, will be submitted by us 31-07-2023 or before issues of LoA	Testing procedures issued in 22-03-2023 (latest) and amendment thereof, will be submitted by us 20-11-2023 or before issues of LoA
9	Page no. 26 I technical Bid (first envelope)	Submission of pass -phrases: In line with clause 19.7 and Annexure-B, the bidder shall be required to submit the pass-phrase to decrypt the relevant Bid-part is submitted into the "Time Locked Electronic Key Box (EKB)" after the deadline of Bid submission, and before the commencement of the online Tender Opening Event (TOE) of technical bid.	Deleted

F. No. 41/3/2018-SPV Division Government of India / भारत सरकार Ministry of New & Renewable Energy / नवीन एवं नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा मंत्रालय *****

Atal Akshay Urja Bhawan (AAUB), Lodhi Road, Near CGO Complex New Delhi –110003 Date: 22-03-2023

Office Memorandum

Subject: Updated Specification and Testing Procedures for the Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) Water Pumping System and Universal Solar Pump Controller (USPC).

This has reference to the specification and testing procedures for the Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) Water Pumping System and Universal Solar Pump Controller (USPC) issued by this Ministry vide OM of even number dated 02.02.2023. In supersession of the above OM and its enclosures, revised specifications and testing procedures are hereby issued for the information of all concerned, as under:

- i) Specification for the SPV water pumping system. (Annexure-A)
- ii) Testing procedure for the SPV water pumping system. (Annexure-B)
- iii) USPC specification and testing procedure. (Annexure-C)

(Shobhit Srivastava) Scientist-D

To:

All concerned.

SPECIFICATION FOR SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC WATER PUMPING SYSTEMS

1. SCOPE

These specification covers design qualifications and performance specifications for Centrifugal Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV) Water Pumping Systems from 1HP (0.75kW) to 25 HP (18.75 kW) suitable for bore-well, open well, water reservoir, water stream, etc., and specifies the minimum standards to be followed under MNRE Schemes.

2. TERMINOLOGY

In addition to the terminology specified in IS 5120 and IEC 62253, the following shall also apply.

- **2.1 Static Water Depth** It is the depth of water level below the ground level when the pump is not in operation.
- **2.2 Draw-Down** It is the elevation difference between the depth of static water level and the consistent standing water level in the bore-well during the operation the of pump set.
- **2.3 Submergence** It is the minimum height of the water level after drawdown above the pump suction casing.
- **2.4 Manometric Suction Lift** Manometric suction lift is the vacuum gauge/suction manometer reading in the meter of the water column when the pump operates at suction lift.
- **2.5 Static Suction Lift** —Suction lift/head is the vertical distance between sump water level and center of pump inlet.
- **2.6 Daily Water Output** It is the total water output on a clear sunny day with three times tracking **of** SPV modules, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 KWh / m² on the surface of SPV array (i.e., coplanar with the SPV Modules).
- **2.7 Wire to Water Efficiency** It is the combined system efficiency of SPV Module, Converter/Controller with Inbuilt MPPT mechanism, Motor-Pump set and piping.

- **2.8 SPV Pump Controller** Pump Controller converts the DC voltage of the SPV array into a suitable DC or AC, single or multi-phase power and may also include equipment for MPPT, remote monitoring, and protection devices.
- **2.9 Maximum Power Point Tracker (MPPT)** MPPT is an algorithm that is included in the pump controller used for extracting maximum available power from SPV array under a given condition. The voltage at which SPV array can produce maximum power is called 'maximum power point' voltage (or peak power voltage).

3. CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES

3.1 General

- **3.1.1** SPV Water Pumping System set uses the irradiance available through SPV array. The SPV array produces DC power, which can be utilized to drive a DC or an AC motor-pump set using pump controller.
- **3.2** A SPV Water Pumping system typically consists of:
- **3.2.1** *Motor Pump Set see 3.4.*

3.2.2 SPV Pump Controller

Specifications of Controller/Drive for Solar Water Pumping Systems

S.No	Requirement	Specifications
1.	Controller Power Capacity to drive the Pump	Controller Power Capacity should be at-least equal to Solar Panels Power Capacity (Wp), not Pump Capacity. Example: For 5HP pumps, the pump capacity will be 3750W as per MNRE Specs, the solar panel capacity will be at-least 4800Wp the controller capacity should match the solar panel capacity.
2.	Point Tracking (MMPT)	Should track power only and not Voltage at Maximum power point.
3.	Enclosure	The Controller with RMS must have IP65 protection.
4.	Isolator Switch	Should be between Solar panels and the controller.
5.	RMS (GSM/GPRS connectivity)	Controller shall be integrated with Remote Monitoring System with GSM/GPRS and Geo tagging. GSM/ GPRS Charges are to be included in the Costing till the end the of the Warranty period of the Motor-Pump set.

	The various parameters should be present on the SPV Pump Controller
	display/screen such as:- Pump On/Off status, Array Input DC Voltage,
	DC/AC output Current & voltage, operating frequency, Latest RMS
	Latitude, Latest RMS Longitude, Pump Capacity (HP), PV Module
Controller	Capacity (KW), Pump Status, Current Generation (kW), Today Solar
display/screen	Generation (kWh), Cumulative Solar Generation (kWh), Today Runs
	Hours (Hrs.), Cumulative Pump Run Hours (Hrs.), Cumulative Water
	Discharged (Litres), Total Water Discharged (Litres), Peak Power (kW)
	supplied by the controller to Motor-Pump Set.
6.	

- **3.2.3.** Provision for remote monitoring unit for the pumps shall be made in the pump controller using GSM/GPRS Gateway with Geo tagging and through an internal/external arrangement having following basic functions:
- a) Controller shall be assigned with a unique serial number and its live status shall be observed remotely on online portal through login credentials;
- b) Live status shall indicate whether controller is ON/OFF
- c) The parameter that is, the water output, water flow rate(calculated based on parameters),in fault condition; array input voltage/current and power shall be logged at an interval of 10min; and
- d) Controller shall have a back up to store the data locally(at least for 1 year)

3.2.3.1 *Remote Monitoring System (RMS)*

The detailed Specification of RMS is attached at Annexure I.

3.3 Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV) Array

- **3.3.1 SPV** array contains specified number of same capacity, type and specifications modules connected in series or parallel to obtain the required voltage or current output. The SPV water pumping system should be operated with a SPV array of minimum capacity in the range of **900 Wp to 22500Wp**, measured under Standard Test Conditions (STC). A Sufficient number of modules in series and parallel could be used to obtain the required voltage or current output. The power output of individual SPV modules used in the SPV array, under STC, should be a minimum of **300 Wp**, with adequate provision for tolerances measurement. Use of SPV modules with higher power output is preferred.
- **3.3.2** Modules supplied with the SPV water pumping systems shall have a certificate as per IS 14286/IEC 61215 specifications or equivalent National or International /Standards. STC performance data supplied with the modules shall not be more than one year old.

- **3.3.3** Modules must qualify to IS/IEC 61730 Part I and II for safety qualification testing.
- **3.3.4** The minimum module efficiency should be minimum 19 percent and fill factor shall be more than 75 percent.
- **3.3.5** Modules must qualify to IS 170210 (Part 1) for the detection of potential-induced degradation Part 1: Crystalline silicon (Mandatory in case the SPV array Open Circuit voltage is more than 600 V DC)
- **3.3.6** In case the SPV water pumping systems are intended for use in coastal areas the solar modules must qualify to IEC/ IS 61701 for salt mist corrosion test.
- **3.3.7** The name plate of SPV module shall conform to IS 14286/IEC 61215.
- **3.3.8** Module to Module wattage mismatch in the SPV array shall be within \pm 3 percent.
- **3.3.9** Any array capacity above the minimum array wattage requirement as specified in these specifications for various models of SPV Water Pumping Systems is allowed.
- **3.3.10** The SPV modules must be warranted for output wattage, which should not be less than 90% of the rated wattage at the end of 10 years and 80% of the rated wattage at the end of 25 years.
- **3.3.11** The RFID tag shall be placed inside the glass laminate of the SPV modules.

3.4 Motor-Pump Set

- **3.4.1** The SPV water pumping systems may use any of the following types of motor pump sets:
 - a) Surface Mono-set.
 - b) Submersible motor-pump set.
 - c) Any other type of the motor-pump set after approval from Ministry.

3.4.2 Motor

The motors of the motor-pump set may be of the following types: -

- a) AC Induction Motor.
- b) DC Motor, PMSM/SRM.

- **3.4.3** The "Motor-Pump Set" should have a capacity in the range of 1 HP (0.75 kW) to 25 HP (18.75kW) and should have the following features:
 - a) The closed coupled or mono block DC/ AC centrifugal motor-pump set with appropriate mechanical seal(s) which ensures zero leakage.
 - b) The motor of the capacity ranging from 0.75kW to 18.75kW shall be AC/DC. The suction and delivery head will depend on the site-specific condition of the field; and
 - c) Submersible pumps could also be used according to the dynamic head of the site at which the pump is to be used.
- **3.4.4** The pump and all external parts of the motor used in the submersible pump which are in contact with water, should be of stainless steel of grade 304 or higher as per IS 6911and IS 3444. The motor pump set shall have 60 months guarantee and therefore, it is essential that the construction of the motor and pump shall be made using parts which have a much higher durability and do not need replacement or corrode for at least 60 months of operation after installation. Further for submersible pumps used in coastal areas or bores with higher salinity, stainless steel of grade 316 or a higher grade may be used.
- **3.4.5** The suction/ delivery pipe shall be of HDPE or uPVC column pipes of appropriate size, electric cables, floating assembly, civil work, and other fittings required to install the Motor-Pump set. In the case of HDPE pipes the minimum pressure rating of 8 kg/sqcm-PE100 grade for pump sets up to 3 HP, 10 kg/sqcm-PE100 grade for 5 HP pump set as per IS 10804 and further higher minimum pressure rating for above 5 HP as appropriate shall be used.

3.5 Module Mounting Structures and Tracking System

- **3.5.1** The SPV modules should be mounted on metallic structures of adequate strength and appropriate design, which can withstand the load of modules and high wind velocities up to 150 km per hour. The raw material used and the process for manufacturing of module mounting structure including welding of joints should conform to applicable IS 822. The module mounting structure should be hot dip galvanized according to IS 4759. Zinc content in working area of the hot dip galvanizing bath should not be less than 99.5% by mass.
- **3.5.2** To enhance the performance of SPV water pumping systems arrangement for seasonal tilt angle adjustment and three times manual tracking in a day shall be provided. In order to make structure rigid, the gap between Telescopic pattern supports should be minimal, further, for bearing of center load of whole structure only pins should be used instead of threaded bolts.

- **3.5.3** The general hardware for structure fitment should be either SS 304 or 8.8 grade as per IS 6911. Modules should be locked with antitheft bolts of SS 304 Grade. Foundation should be as per the site condition, based on the properties of soil. Foundation can be done either with the help of 'J Bolt' (refer to IS 5624 for foundation hardware) or direct pilling, it should be decided as per the site and relevant IS i.e., IS 6403 /IS 456 /IS 4091 /IS 875 should be referred for foundation design.
- **3.5.4** Details of Module Mounting Structure (MMS) for pumps of capacity 1HP and above with SPV modules of the capacity around 350Wp are attached at Annexure-II. These are indicative of minimum standards and the vendors may install MMS with higher standards, which shall be certified by the recognized civil/mechanical/structural engineering department of any IIT/NIT or IISC. The format of the certificate is placed at Annexure-III.
- **3.5.5** In case of use of SPV Modules of capacity higher than that specified above, the size and weight of each SPV module will also increase. In such cases, the appropriate changes shall be made in the MMS design so that the stress on the individual structural members do not exceed the stress in the corresponding members in the MMS designs given in Annexure-II.

3.6 SPV Pump Controller

- **3.6.1** Maximum Power Point Tracker (MPPT) shall be included to optimally use the power available from the SPV array and maximize the water discharge.
- **3.6.2** The SPV Controller with RMS must have **IP65** protection.
- **3.6.3** Adequate protections shall be provided in the SPV Controller to protect the solar powered motor-pump set against the following:
 - a) Dry running;
 - b) Open circuit;
 - c) Accidental Output short circuit;
 - d) Under voltage;
 - e) Reverse polarity; and
 - f) Surge protection to arrest high current surge
- **3.6.4** A DC switch as per IS/IEC 60947-3 or DC circuit breakers as per IS/IEC 60947-2 suitable for switching dc power ON and OFF shall be provided in the SPV Pump Controller.

3.6.5 All cables used shall be as per IS 694 or IS 9968(Part 1). Suitable size of cable shall be used in sufficient length for inter-connection from the SPV array to SPV Controller and from the SPV Controller to solar powered motor-pump set. Selection of the cable shall be as per IS 14536.

3.6.6 The various parameters should be present on the SPV Pump Controller display/screen such as:- Pump On/Off status, Array Input DC Voltage, DC/AC output Current & voltage, operating frequency, Latest RMS Latitude, Latest RMS Longitude, Pump Capacity (HP), PV Module Capacity (KW), Pump Status, Current Generation (kW), Today Solar Generation (kWh), Cumulative Solar Generation (kWh), Today Runs Hours (Hrs.), Cumulative Pump Run Hours (Hrs.), Cumulative Water Discharged (Litres), Total Water Discharged (Litres), Peak Power (kW) supplied by the controller to Motor-Pump Set.

3.7 Protections

The system should be provided with all necessary protections like earthing, Lightning, and Surge Protection etc., as described below:

3.7.1 Earthing and Lightning Protection

- 1) The Earthing shall be done in accordance with the IS 3043 including its amendments and updated versions.
- 2) The Earthing system should be designed in such a way that it should be able to restrict the potential of each conductor according to the level of insulation applied and magnitude of the current conducted through human body should be less than the value that can cause ventricular fibrillation of heart.
- 3) Earth connections shall be done in such a way that they are visible for inspection and all the earth electrodes can easily be tested at any point of time.
- 4) It is recommended to keep the value of resistance of earth electrode less than 5 ohms.
- 5) All the materials, fittings etc. used for doing earthing shall conform to the Indian standard, wherever exists.
- 6) The actual value of soil resistivity should be considered while designing the earthing system at the site and for reference, selection criteria of the site, for any type of soil treatment to improve earth electrode resistance, etc. the IS 3043 shall be referred.
- 7) The electrode material should be selected according to the corrosivity of the soil in which it is used, for the relation between resistivity and corrosivity of the soil and method to safeguard the conductor against excessive corrosion, the IS 3043 shall be referred.
- 8) It is recommended for selection of type and installation of the earth electrode, the provisions of the IS 3043 should be considered. However, the pipe or rod-type earth electrode is preferable.

- 9) In case of the two-earth electrode or more, the separation among them should be twice the length of the electrode driven in the ground. Except in special conditions (for e.g.- where the soil is hard to dig out), a number of electrodes in parallel are to be preferred over a single long electrode.
- 10) The provisions given in the IS 3043 should be considered, while selecting or connecting the earthing/protective/grounding conductor from the components to the earth pit.
- 11) Separate earthing conductor shall be provided for the controller, motor-pump set and SPV array etc., for its connection to the earthing pit and it should be continuous in nature for electrical conductivity. However, even for the earthing of light current equipment (for example, high voltage testing equipment), the cross-sectional area of the earthing lead shall not be less than 6 mm².
- 12) For the maintenance of the earth electrode and measurement of the Earth electrode resistance the provisions of IS 3043 shall be referred.
- 13) Motor shall have suitable provision for earthing to facilitate earthing of the motor as per IS 3043 at the time of installation. In case GI pipes are used for the purpose of earthing the motor, an earthing connection may be made to the discharge pipe clamps. However, in case of HDPE/uPVC column pipes, a separate metallic cable from the motor to the control panel shall be provided for earthing purpose, and if a four-core cable is used, then the fourth core that is not connected to the terminals can be used for earthing.
- 14) Lightning protection shall be provided as per IEC 62305 and IEC 63227 standards including its amendments and updated versions.
- 15) An external lightning Rod, of height sufficient to meet the requirement of Lightning Protection System (LPS) designed to comply with the class III or higher (Class-I / Class-II), based on the site requirement including the area-specific lightning activity, shall be installed.
- 16) Arrangement and positioning of the separate air-termination systems (external lightning rod) can be determined using different methods given in the IEC 62305-3. While determining the position following points are to be considered such as:
 - a) The structure to be protected is fully located within the protected volume provided by the air-termination system.
 - b) There should be a separation distance between the air-termination system and SPV power supply system to prevent dangerous sparking against parts of the SPV power supply system in case of direct lightning. The separation distances determined in accordance with IEC 62305-3 & IEC 63227 shall preferably be maintained.
 - c) The possibility of the SPV modules being shadowed by air-termination systems shall be taken into account and distance from the SPV modules can be calculated using the IEC 63227.
- 17) A separate earth electrode is required for the dispersion of the lightning current into the ground with suitably low value of the earthing resistance i.e., less than 5 ohm. And the

- minimum length (l_1) of vertical earth electrodes for lightning protection level III or higher shall be determined according to the IEC 62305-3.
- 18) The cross-section of the metal sub-structures used for the connection of the lightning arrestor to the earth electrode should be no less than 16 mm² Cu or 25 mm² Al or GI of equivalent current carrying capacity should be used, which will also depend upon the class of the Lightning protection system.
- 19) The earth pits given with the SWPS {i.e., Earth pit(s) for the BoS system (other than LA) and Earth Pit for LA} should be made equipotentialy bonded to each other.

3.7.2 Surge Protection Device

- 1) For SPDs IEC 63227 and its updated versions or amendments should be followed.
- 2) At the DC Input side of the controller, it should have protection from an External Surge Protection Device of Type-2 or higher (i.e. Type-1) in accordance with the IEC 61643-31.
- 3) The rated voltage of SPDs on the DC side, depends on the type of protective circuit and the magnitude of the maximum operating voltage of the SPV modules.

3.8 Use of indigenous components

It will be mandatory to use indigenously manufactured SPV modules with indigenous mono/multi-crystalline silicon SPV cells. Further, the motor-pump-set, controller and balance of system should also be manufactured indigenously. The vendor has to declare the list of imported components used in the SPV water pumping system.

4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15kWh / sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e., coplanar with the SPV modules), the minimum water output from a SPV Water Pumping System at different "Total Dynamic Heads" should be as specified below:

For D.C. Motor Pump Set:

- i) 110 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 10 meters (Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7 meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature) and with the shut off head being at least 12 meters.
- ii) 55 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 20 meters (Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7-meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature) and with the shut off head being at least 25 meters.

- iii) 38 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 30 meters and the shut off head being at least 45 meters.
- iv) 23 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 50 meters and the shut off head being at least 70 meters.
- v) 15 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 70 meters and the shut off head being at least 100 meters.
- vi) 10.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 100 meters and the shut off head being at least 150 meters.
- vii) 9.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 120 meters and the shut off head being at least 180 meters.
- viii) 7.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 150 meters and the shut off head being at least 225 meters.
- ix) 5.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 200 meters and the shut off head being at least 300 meter.
- x) 4.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 250 meters and the shut off head being at least 375 meters.

The actual duration of pumping of water on a particular day and the quantity of water pumped could vary depending on the solar intensity, location, season, etc.

Indicative performance specifications for the Shallow and Deep well SPV Water Pumping Systems are attached at Annexure IV.

For A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set:

- i) 99 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 10 meters (Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7-meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature) and with the shut off head being at least 12 meters.
- ii) 49 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 20 meters (Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7-meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature) and with the shut off head being at least 25 meters.
- iii) 35 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 30 meters and the shut off head being at least 45 meters.
- iv) 21 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 50 meters and the shut off head being at least 70 meters.

- v) 14 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 70 meters and the shut off head being at least 100 meters.
- vi) 9 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 100 meters and the shut off head being at least 150 meters.
- vii) 8.5 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 120 meters and the shut off head being at least 180 meters.
- viii) 6.7 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 150 meters and the shut off head being at least 225 meters.
- ix) 5.0 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 200 meters and the shut off head being at least 300 meters.
- x) 4.0 liters of water per watt peak of PV array, from a Total Dynamic Head of 250 meters and the shut off head being at least 375 meters.

The actual duration of pumping of water on a particular day and the quantity of water pumped could vary depending on the solar intensity, location, season, etc.

Indicative performance specifications for the Shallow and Deep well SPV Water Pumping Systems are attached at Annexure V.

5 TESTS FOR HYDRAULIC AND ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE OF PUMPSET

- **5.1** The AC motor-pump set shall be tested independently for hydraulic and electrical performance as per the relevant IS specification including the following test
 - a) Constructional requirements/features
 - b) General requirements
 - c) Design features
 - d) Insulation resistance test
 - e) High voltage test
 - f) Leakage current test

In case of the DC motor-pump set for (a), (b), (c) declaration will be given by the vendor and for (d), (e), (f) the relevant clause of IS 9283:2013 will be followed for testing until BIS notifies the Standard about it. Once the Standard gets released, then it will be effective for DC motor-pump set from its Date of notification.

5.2 Testing of SPV Water Pumping System shall be done as per the procedure specified by the MNRE.

6 GUARANTEE OF PERFORMANCE

- **6.1** The SPV Water Pumping Systems shall be guaranteed for their performance of the nominal volume rate of flow and the nominal head at the guaranteed duty point as specified in 4.1 under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/m² on the surface of SPV array (i.e., coplanar with the SPV modules. The actual duration of pumping of water on a particular day and the quantity of water pumped could vary depending on the solar intensity, location, season, etc.
- **6.2** Solar Photo Voltaic Water Pumping Systems shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer against the defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of at least 60 months from the date of commissioning.
- **6.3** Sufficient spares for trouble free operation during the guarantee period should be made available as and when required.

7 MARKING AND PARAMETERS TO BE DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

7.1 The motor-pump set and Controller used in SPV Water Pumping Systems shall be securely marked with the following parameters declared by the manufacturer:

7.1.1 Motor-Pump set

- a) Manufacturer's name, logo or trade-mark;
- b) Model, size and SI No of pump-set (To be engraved/laser marked on the motor frame);
- c) Motor Rating (kW / HP);
- d) Total head (m), at the guaranteed duty point;
- e) Capacity (LPD) at guaranteed head;
- f) Operating head range (m);
- g) Maximum Current (A);
- j) Voltage Range (V) and;
- k) Type AC or DC Motor-Pump set;
- 1) Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV) Array Rating in Watts peak (W_p);&
- m) Country of origin.

Note: -In addition, a metal name plate containing the above details shall be fixed on the Module Mounting Structure for the information of user.

7.1.2 Controller

- a) Manufacturer's name, logo or trade-mark;
- b) Model Number;

- c) Serial Number;
- d) Voltage Range(V);
- e) Power Range (kW) for Controller;
- f) Current rating (A);&
- g) Country of origin.

8 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

8.1 An Operation and Maintenance Manual, in English and the local language, should be provided with the solar PV water pumping system. The Manual should have information about solar energy, photovoltaic, modules, DC/AC motor-pump set, tracking system, mounting structures, electronics and switches. It should also have clear instructions about mounting of PV module, DO's and DONT's and on regular maintenance and Trouble Shooting of the pumping system. Helpline number, Name and address of the Service Centre and contact number of authorized representative to be contacted in case of failure or complaint should also be provided. A guarantee card for the modules and the motor pump set should also be provided to the beneficiary.

9 COMPREHENSIVE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

- i. The Contractor should provide 5 years comprehensive maintenance of the Solar Photovoltaic Water pumping system, which shall include corrective maintenance as well as routine service visits during CMC period.
- ii. CMC shall be in line with scheme guidelines and its amendment (if any). Apart from the monitoring, regular periodical maintenance of system has to be done. The report has to be maintained in a prescribed format containing Month, Inspection Date, Action taken against the Defects found in the System and along with signatures of both service Engineer and the farmer/ beneficiary. Maintenance report in digital form to be sent to Scheme implementing agency (SIA) and also uploaded on the portal of SIA whenever such portal or mobile app is made available.
- iii. The deputed personnel shall be in a position to check and test all the equipment regularly, so that preventive actions, if any, could be taken well in advance to save any equipment from damage.

- iv. Normal and preventive maintenance of the Solar Photovoltaic Water pumping systems such as cleaning of module surface, tightening of all electrical connections, changing of tilt angle of module mounting structure, cleaning & greasing of motor pump sets, changing filters etc. are also the duties of the deputed personnel during maintenance visits.
- v. During the operation and maintenance period of the Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping Systems, if there is any loss or damage of any component due to miss management or miss handling or due to any other reasons pertaining to the deputed personnel by empaneled vendor, what-so-ever, the supplier shall be responsible for immediate replacement or rectification. The damaged component may be repaired or replaced by a new component.
- vi. The maintenance shall include replacement of any component irrespective of whether the defect was a manufacturing defect or due to wear and tear.

LIST OF REFERRED INDIAN STANDARDS

456:2000	Plain and reinforced concrete - Code of practice (Fourth Revision)		
811:1987	Specification for cold formed light gauge structural steel sections (Second Revision)		
822:1970	Code of procedure for inspection of welds		
IS 875: Part 1: 1987	Code of practice for design loads (Other Than Earthquake) for buildings and structures: Part 1 dead loads - Unit weights of building materials and stored materials (Second Revision)		
694:2010	Polyvinyl Chloride Insulated UnsheathedAnd Sheathed Cables/cords With Rigid And-Flexible Conductor for Rated Voltages-Up To And Including 450/750 V		
1079:2017	Hot rolled carbon steel sheet, plate and strip - Specification (Seventh Revision)		
1161:2014	Steel tubes for structural purposes - Specification (Fifth Revision)		
1239 (Part 1):2004	Steel tubes, tubulars and other wrought steel fittings - Specification: Part 1 steel tubes (Sixth Revision)		
2062:2011	Hot rolled medium and high tensile structural steel - Specification (Seventh Revision)		
2629:1985	Recommended practice for hot-dip galvanizing of iron and steel (First Revision)		
2633:1986	Method for testing uniformity of coating on zinc coated articles (Second Revision)		
3043:2018	Code of Practice for Earthing		
3444:1999	Corrosion resistant high alloy steel and nickle base castings for general applications-Specification		
4091:1979	Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles (First Revision)		
4759:1996	Hot - Dip zinc coatings on structural steel and other allied products - Specification (Third Revision)		
5120:1977	Technical requirements for rotodynamic special purpose pumps (First revision)		
5624:2021	Foundation bolts - Specification (First Revision)		
6403:1981	Code of practice for determination of bearing capacity of shallow foundations		
6745:1972	Methods for determination of mass of zinc coating on zinc coated iron and steel articles		
6911:2017	Stainless steel plate, sheet and strip-Specification		
7215:1974	Tolerances for fabrication of steel structures		
8034:2018	Submersible pump sets - Specification (third revision)		
9079:2018	Monoset pumps for clear, cold water for agricultural and water supply purposes - Specification (third revision)		
9283:2013	Motors for submersible pump sets		
9968 (Part 1):1988	Specification for elastomer insulated cables: Part 1 for working voltages up to and including 1100 volts (First Revision)		

10804(Part I):2018	Recommended pumping systems for agricultural purposes: Part 1 Surface pumps
10804(Part 2):2018	Recommended pumping systems for agricultural purposes: Part 2 Submersible pump set
14220:2018	Open well submersible pump sets - Specification (first revision)
14536:2018	Selection, installation, operation and maintenance of submersible pumpset - Code of practice (First Revision)
IS/IEC61701: 2011	Salt mist corrosion testing of photovoltaic (PV) modules First Revision
IS 17210 (Part 1):	Photovoltaic (PV) Modules — Test Methods for the Detection of Potential- Induced Degradation Part 1 Crystalline Silicon
IS/IEC 60034-1:2004	Rotating Electrical Machines — Part 1 Rating and Performance
IS/IEC 61683:1999	Photovoltaic System-Power Conditioners — Procedure for Measuring Efficiency
IEC 62253:2011	Photovoltaic Pumping Systems – Design qualification and performance measurements
IS 14286: 2010 /IEC 612	15 Crystalline Silicon Terrestrial Photovoltaic (Photo Voltaic (PV)) modules -
: 2005	Design Qualification and Type Approval (First Revision)
17429:2020	Solar Photovoltaic water pumping systems-Testing procedure
IS/IEC 61730-1: 2016	Photovoltaic (PV) Module Safety Qualification Part 1 Requirements for Construction
IS/IEC 61730-2: 2019	Photovoltaic (PV) Module Safety Qualification Part 2 Requirements for Testing
IEC 60068-2-6:2007	Environmental testing – Part 2-6: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)
IEC 60068-2-30:2005	Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 + 12h cycle)
IEC 62305-1/2/3/4	Lightning Protection
IEC 63227	Lightning and Surge Voltage Protection for photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems
IEC 61643-31	Low-voltage surge protective devices
IS/IEC 60947: PART	1:Low - Voltage switchgear and control gear: Part 1 general rules (First
2007	Revision)

Note:- The latest editions of the indicated standards shall be considered.

Specifications for Remote Monitoring System (RMS)

The Remote Monitoring System shall be capable of providing and handling the following:

- a. Solar System Performance: DC Voltage, DC current, AC output Current, Power, Drive frequency, Energy, etc.
- b. Pump Performance: Running Hours, Water Discharge (Output), etc.
- c. RMS Performance: % of Device Connectivity, % of Data Availability, etc.
- d. Geo Location: Real time latitude and longitude should be captured with an accuracy of less than 10m horizontal.
 - This is required to ensure that system is not moved from its original location.
- e. Events and Notifications: Faults related to Pump Operation, Solar generation, Controller/Drive faults like overload, dry run, short circuit, etc.
- f. Consumer Management: Name, Agriculture details, Service No. Contact Details, etc.
- g. Asset Management: Ratings, Serial Number, Make, Model Number of Pump, SPV Module and Controller, Geo Location, IMEI number (of communication module) and ICCID (of SIM).
- h. Complaint and Ticket Management: Complaint management system is a part of centralized monitoring software platform.
- i. Consumer Mobile Application: Generation, Running Hours, Water Discharge, Complaint logging, etc.

Communication Architecture of the RMS should be as mentioned below:

a. Communication Connectivity:

- i. **Pump Controller Connectivity:** Communication between RMS and Pump Controller should be on UART/RS485 MODBUS RTU protocol to ensure interoperability irrespective of make and manufacturer.
- ii. **Remote Connectivity:** RMS of SWPS should use GSM/GPRS/2G/3G/4G cellular connectivity.
- iii. **Local Connectivity:** Ethernet/Bluetooth/Wi-Fi connectivity to configure parameters, notifications, communication interval, set points etc. or to retrieve locally stored data
- iv. **Sensor Connectivity:** RMS should have provision for at least two Analog and Digital inputs with 0.1% accuracy to address the requirement of local sensors connectivity if required by SIA/Consumer for applications such as irradiation, flow meter for water discharge, moisture sensor for micro-irrigation, etc.

As mentioned in specifications, Analog and digital sensor inputs will be required for integration of flow meter for water discharge, moisture sensor for micro irrigation, level sensor for overhead tank water storage etc. Only provision for Analog and digital inputs with 0.1% accuracy of Full-Scale Range is required. Sensors will not be in scope of bidder.

- v. RMS should have provision to give various modes of operations which are as follows:
 - i. Remote Mode: Pump can be made ON/Off using the Mobile App or in case, farmer do not have a smart phone, farmer shall be able to on-off pump through SMS/missed call.
 - ii. Auto Mode: Pump can ON/Off automatically using the sensor data which are installed in the field by the beneficiary. (Cost of sensors will be worn by the beneficiary)
 - iii. Timer Mode: Pump controller shall operate pump as per configured schedule using mobile application i.e.,daily start time and running hours of pump.
 - iv. Manual Mode: Pump can be made to run into manual mode from field.

To save ground water, provision for remote operation is required so that farmer can switch on and off remotely.

b. Communication Modes:

- i. Push Data on Event/Notification: such as pump on, pump off, protection operated, etc.
- ii. Push Data Periodically: important parameters of solar pump (as mentioned above) should be pushed to central server on a configurable interval.

 Default interval should be of 15 minutes. However, if required, it should be possible to configure the periodic interval in multiples of 1 minute starting from 1 minute and up to 15 minutes. Further, in case of any abnormalities or events, RMS should push on event immediately.
- iii. Command on Demand: It should be possible to send commands via GSM or GPRS to RMS either to control pump operations or to update configuration.
- **c.** Communication Protocol: RMS should provide data on MQTT protocol to establish communication with thousands of system.

d. Security:

i. Communication between RMS and Server should be secured and encrypted using TLS/SSL/X.509 certificate etc.

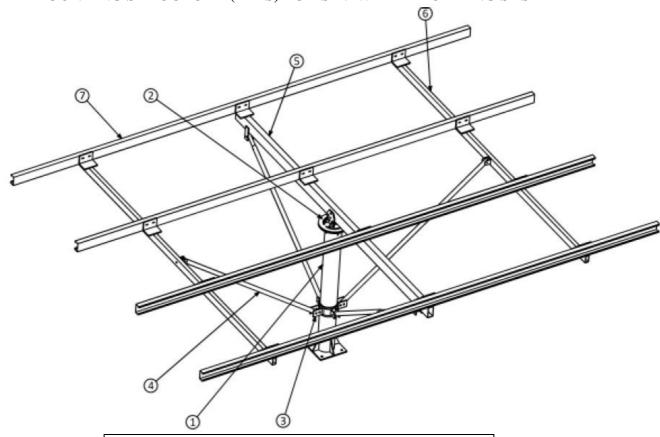
- ii. As a part of IoT protocol, Authentication and Authorization should be implemented using a token/password mechanism
- **e. Message Format:** RMS should provide data in a JSON message format as per requirement of implementing agency.
- **f. Data Storage:** In case of unavailability of cellular network, RMS should store data locally and on availability of network it should push data to the central Server. Local data storage should be possible for one year in case of unavailability of a cellular network. RMUs should have configuration updates over the Air of multiple parameters such as IP, APN, Data logging Interval, Set Points etc. is essential. Software updating should be possible with 2G and even without the presence of SD card. Software updating process and/or failure to update software shouldn't disrupt pumping operations.

RMS should be connected to the Solar Energy Data Management Platform of the implementing Agency.

g. RMUs should have configuration updates over the Air of multiple parameters such as IP, APN, Data logging Interval, Set Points etc. is essential. Software to be updated through "Programming over the air" on SIA server. Software updating process and/or failure to update software shouldn't disrupt pumping operations.

Manufacturer should consider Programming Over the Air (POTA) instead of Firmware Over the Air (FOTA) to update configurable parameters such as server IP, URL, Port, APN, Periodic Interval etc.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR DUAL AXIS MANUAL TRACKING TYPEMODULE MOUNTING STRUCTURE (MMS) FOR SPV WATER PUMPING SYSTEM



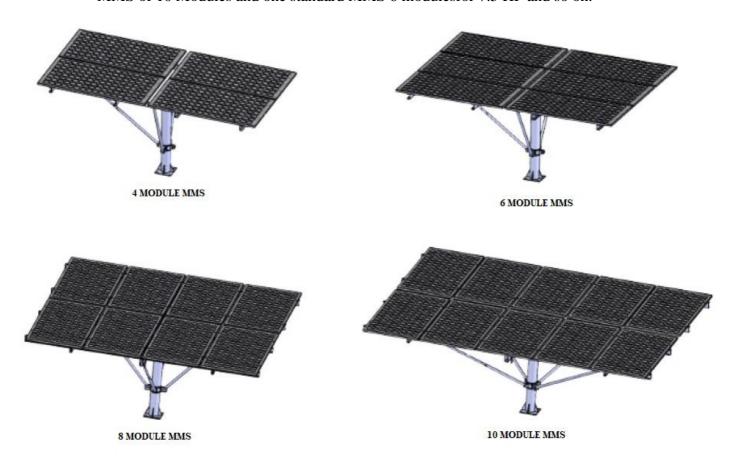
Main Parts of MMS for Solar Water Pumping System				
Sl No.	Part Name	Qty./Set		
1	Main Column	1		
2	Top Plate	1		
3	Clamp with blade	2		
4	Supporting pipe	6/8		
5	Main tube	1		
6	Side tube	2		
7	Mounting purlin	4		

For hot dip galvanizing of fabricated structure following shall be referred:

- a) Minimum coating required shall be as per IS 4759;
- b) Preece test (CuSO₄ Dip test) as per IS 2633;
- c) Mass of zinc (IS 6745 or IS 4759); and
- d) Adhesion test (IS 2629).

B-1 STANDARD MMS FOR 4, 6, 8 AND 10 SOLAR MODULES HAVE BEEN SPECIFIED. THESE STANDARD MMS MAY BE USED IN COMBINATIONS FOR DIFFERENT CAPACITIES OF SOLAR WATER PUMPING SYSTEMS AS FOLLOWS

- a) Standard MMS of 4 modules for 1 HP;
- b) Standard MMS of 6 modules for 2 HP;
- c) Standard MMS of 10modules or combination of standard MMS of 4 Modules and standard MMS 6 Modules for 3 HP;
- d) Combination of two standard MMS of 8 modules or combination of standard MMS of 10modules and standard MMS 6 modules for 5 HP; and
- e) Combination of three standard MMS of 8 modules or combination of two standard MMS of 10 Modules and one standard MMS 6 modules for 7.5 HP and so on.



B-2 SPECIFICATIONS OF MAIN PARTS USED IN MMS ARE GIVEN BELOW

B-2.1 Centre Shaft

Centre shaft used in structure shall be of:

- a) For 4, 6 and 8 Modules Structure Minimum 139 OD with minimum thickness of 4 mm with base plate minimum 10 mm thickness if used and foundation hardware shall be as per IS 5624.
- b) For 10 Modules Structure Minimum 165 OD with minimum thickness of 4 mm

with base plate minimum 20 mm thickness if used and foundation hardware shall be as per IS 5624.

For system without base plate that is, direct pilling is shall be as per the site condition based on the properties of Soil and refer (IS 6403/4091/875/456) for foundation design.

B-2.2 Rafters

The main and secondary rafter used in structure shall be of either SHS or RHS pipe sections.

B-2.3 Purlin

Mounting purlins used in the structure shall be made of cold form steel section as per IS 1079 with minimum thickness of 2mm.

B-2.4 Provision for Seasonal Tilt

In one structure at least four telescopic supports (three may be used in MMS for 4 modules) either round hollow sections or square hollow section to be provided to support the mounting structure.

B-2.5 Provision for Daily Tracking

Provision for daily tracking shall be provided by the way of providing minimum 8 mm thick metal sheet with precision cut grooves.

B-2.6 Module Locking System

Modules shall be locked with antitheft bolts of SS 304 Grade.

B-2.7 General Hardware for Structure Fitment

Either SS 304 or 8.8 grade hardware shall be used for fitment.

B-2.8 Hot Dip Galvanizing

All structure parts shall be hot dip galvanized according to IS 4759.

B-2.9 Tolerance for Fabrication

Tolerance for fabrication of steel structure shall as per IS 7215.

B-2.10 Welding

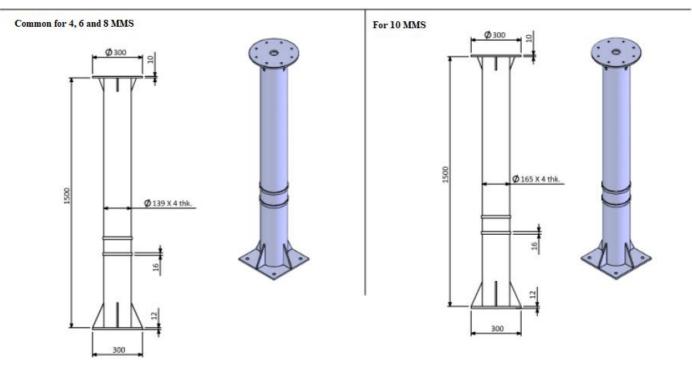
Welding shall be done as per IS 822 and grade of welding wire shall be (ER70S-6).

B-2.11 Raw Material Test Certificates (MTC)

MTC of all types of raw material used in dual axis manual tracking type MMS as per appropriate Indian Standard shall be submitted along with dispatch documents.

- **B-2.12** Tests to be performed on dual axis manual tracking type MMS for solar water pumping system.
- **B-2.12.1** For ascertaining proper welding of structure part following shall be referred:
 - a) Weld wire grade shall be of grade (ER 70 S-6); and
 - b) D.P. test (pin hole/crack) (IS 822).
- **B-2.12.2** For ascertaining hot dip galvanizing of fabricated structure following shall be referred:
 - a) Minimum coating required shall be as per IS 4759;
 - b) Testing of galvanized material;
 - c) Preece test (CuSO4 dip test) (IS 2633);
 - d) Mass of zinc (IS 6745 or IS 4759); and
 - e) Adhesion test (IS 2629).

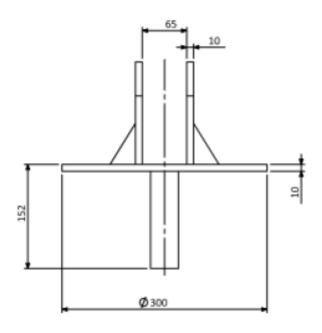
Part 1 Main Column

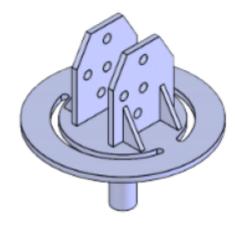


All dimensions are in mm.

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set
1.	MAIN POLE			
	4, 6 and 8 Modules	139 OD	1500	1
	10 Modules	165 OD	1500	1

Common for 4, 6, 8 and 10 MMS

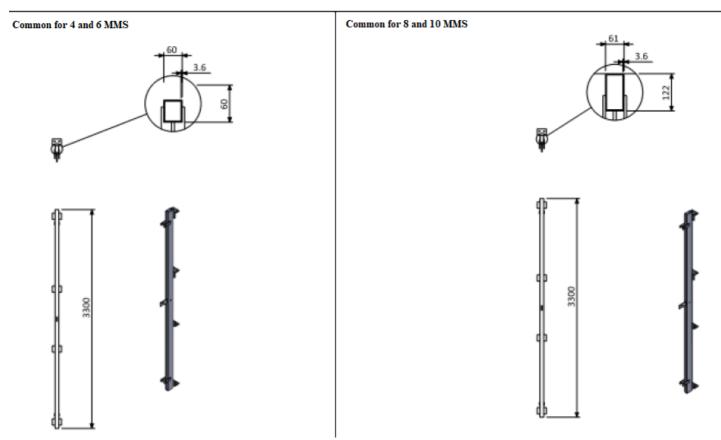




All dimensions are in mm.

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set
2.	TOP PLATE	300 OD		1
	(Common for all)			

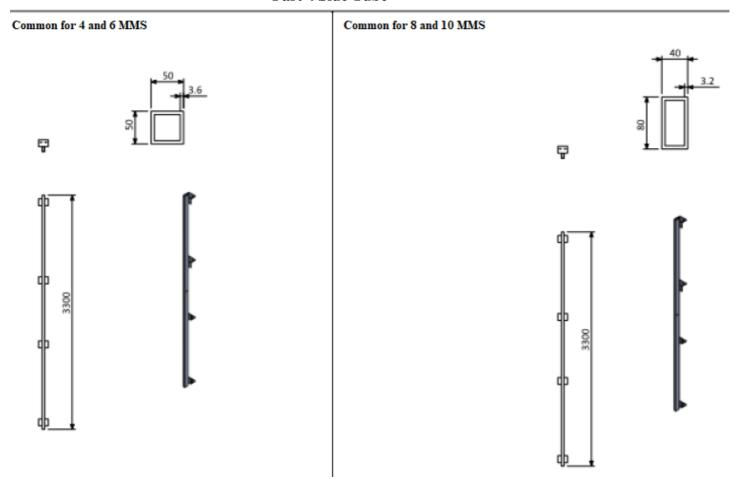
Part 3 Main Tube



All dimensions are in mm.

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set
5.	MAINTUBE			
	4 and 6 Modules	$60 \times 60 \times 3.6$	3300	1
	8 and 10 Modules	$112 \times 61 \times 3.6$	3300	1

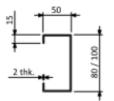
Part 4 Side Tube

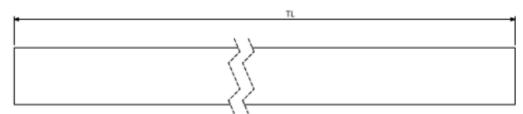


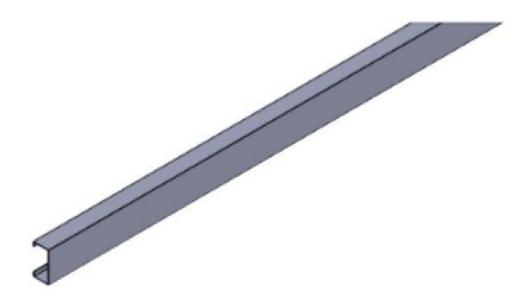
All dimensions are in mm.

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set
6.	SIDE TUBE			
	4 and 6 Modules	$50 \times 50 \times 3.6$	3300	2
	8 and 10 Modules	$80 \times 40 \times 3.2$	3300	2

Part 5 Purlin



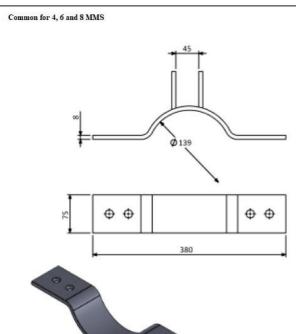


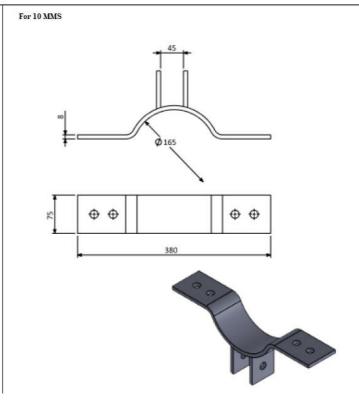


All dimensions are in mm.

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set
7.	MOUNTING PURLIN			
	4 Modules	$80 \times 50 \times 15 \times 2$	2050	4
	6 Modules	$80 \times 50 \times 15 \times 2$	3100	4
	8 Modules	$80 \times 50 \times 15 \times 2$	4150	4
	10 Modules	$100 \times 50 \times 15 \times 2$	5200	4

Part 6 Clamp with Blade

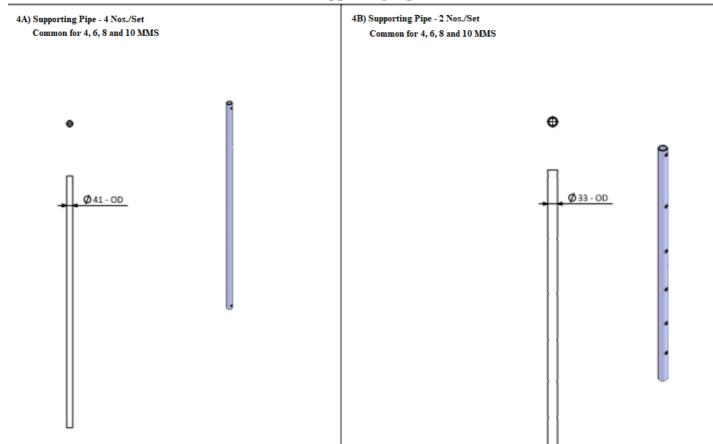




All dimensions are in mm.

Sl	Part Name	Cross	Section	Length(mm)	Quantity Per Set
No.		Detail			
3.	CLAMP WITH BLADE				
	4, 6 and 8 Modules (For 139 OD	75×8		380	2
	Pole)				
	10Modules (For 165 OD Pole)	75×8		380	2

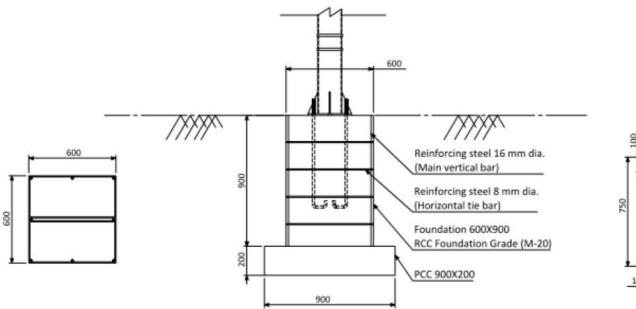
Part 7 Supporting Pipes

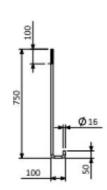


Main-Parts of MMS for SPV Water Pumping System

Sl No.	Part Name	Cross Section Detail	Length (mm)	Quantity Per Set	Material Grade
1.		MAI	N COLOUMN		
	4, 6 and 8 Modules	139 OD	1500	1	YST – 240 as per IS
	10 Modules	165 OD	1500	1	1161/IS 1239 and E250 as per IS 1079/IS 2062
2.		TOP PLAT	TE (Common for	or all)	
		300 OD	_	1	YST – 240 as per IS 1161/IS 1239 and E250 as per IS 1079/IS 2062
3.		M	AIN TUBE		
	4 and 6 Modules	60×60×3.6	3300	1	YST - 240 as per IS
	8 and 10 Modules	122×61×3.6	3300	1	1161/IS 1239 and E250 as per IS 1079/IS 2062
4.		S	IDE TUBE		
	4 and 6 Modules	50×50×3.6	3300	2	YST – 240 as per IS
	8 and 10Modules	80×40×3.2	3300	2	1161/IS 1239 and E250 as per IS 1079/IS 2062
5.		MOUN	TING PURLIN	V	
	4 Modules	80×50×15×2	2050	4	E250 as per IS 1079/IS
	6 Modules	80×50×15×2	3100	4	2062 and IS 811
	8 Modules	80×50×15×2	4150	4	
	10 Modules	100×50×15×2	5200	4	
6.			P WITH BLAD		
	4, 6 and 8 Modules (for 139 OD pole)	75×8	380	2	As per IS 1079 and E250 as per IS 2062
	10 Modules(for 165 OD pole)	75×8	380	2	
7.	* '	SUPPO	ORTING PIPES	S	
	4, 6 and 8 Modules	41 OD and 33 OD		6	YST – 240 as per IS
	10 Modules	41 OD and 33 OD		8	1161/IS 1239 and E250 as per IS 1079/IS 2062

Foundation Design for 4 and 6 MMS

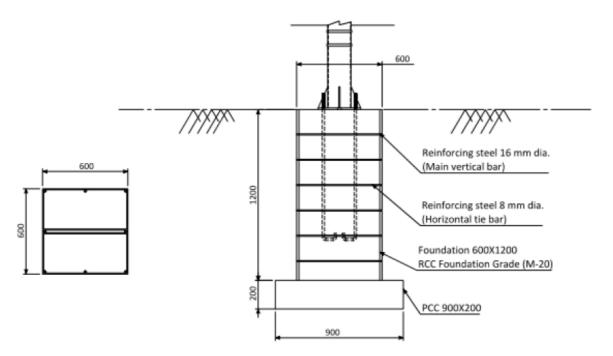


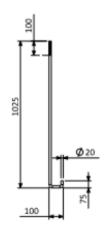


BOM For Steel											
TMT Bar (mm)	Length (mm)	Unit Weight (kg)	Quantity (Pcs.)	Total Weight (kg)							
16	1000	1.578	8	12.6							
8	2400	0.950	4	3.8							
8	1250	0.500	4	2							

BOM For RCC and PCC											
Block	Width	Length	Height	Volume							
	(m)	(m)	(m)	(\mathbf{m}^3)							
RCC Column	0.600	0.600	0.900	0.324							
PCC	0.900	0.900	0.200	0.162							

Foundation Design for 8 MMS

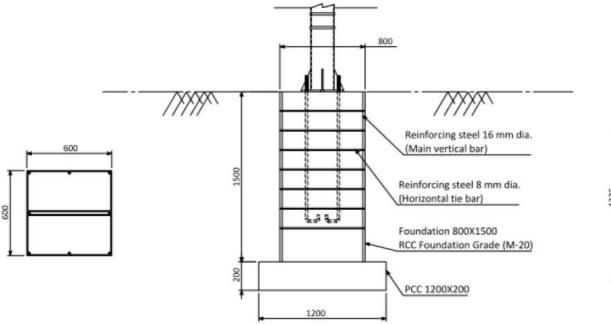


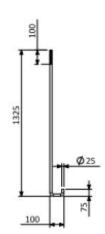


BOM For Steel											
TMT Bar (mm)											
16	1300	2.050	8	16.4							
8	2400	0.950	6	5.7							
8	1250	0.500	6	3							

BOM For RCC and PCC										
Block	Width	Length	Height	Volume						
	(m)	(m)	(m)	(\mathbf{m}^3)						
RCC Column	0.600	0.600	1.200	0.432						
PCC	0.900	0.900	0.200	0.162						

Foundation Design for 10 MMS





BOM For	BOM For Steel											
TMT Bar	TMT Bar	TMT Bar	TMT Bar	TMT Bar								
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)								
16	1800	2.500	8	20.0								
8	3200	1.250	7	8.75								
8	1650	0.650	7	4.55								

BOM For RCC and PCC										
Block	Width (m)	Length (m)	Height (m)	Volume (m ³)						
RCC Column	0.800	0.800	1.500	0.960						
PCC	1.200	1.200	0.200	0.288						

Format of Certificate by the Civil/Mechanical/Structural Engineering Department for MMS

(To be submitted on the letterhead of the Department/College)

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Note:- The lab may attach drawings/calculations wherever needed

Signature of the head (Structural/ Mechanical/ Civil engineering department)

ANNEXURE - IV

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Solar Pumping Systems with D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM

Description	Model-1	Model-2	Model-3	Model-4	Model-5	Model-6	Model-7	Model-8	Model-9	Model-10	Model-11	Model-12	Model-13
PV array (Wp)	900	1800	2700	2700	4800	4800	4800	6750	6750	6750	9000	9000	9000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	1	2	3	3	5	5	5	7.5	7.5	7.5	10	10	10
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	12	12	12	25	12	25	45	12	25	45	12	25	45
Water output * (Liters per day)	99000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	198000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	297000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	148500 (from a total head of 20 meters)	528000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	264000 (from a total head of 20 meters)	182400 (from a total head of 30 meters)	742500 (from a total head of 10 meters)	371250 (from a total head of 20 meters)	256500 (from a total head of 30 meters)	990000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	495000 (from a total head of 20 meters)	342000 (from a total head of 30 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/ sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7 meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – IV (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Pumping Systems with D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM

Description	Model- 14	Model- 15	Model- 16	Model- 17	Model- 18	Model- 19	Model- 20	Model- 21	Model- 22	Model- 23	Model- 24	Model- 25	Model- 26
PV array (Wp)	11250	11250	11250	11250	13500	13500	13500	13500	15750	15750	15750	18000	18000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	15	15	15	15	17.5	17.5	17.5	20	20
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	12	25	45	70	25	45	70	100	45	70	100	45	70
Water output * (Liters per day)	1237500 (from a total head of 10 meters)	618750 (from a total head of 20 meters)	427500 (from a total head of 30 meters)	258750 (from a total head of 50 meters)	742500 (from a total head of 20 meters)	513000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	310500 (from a total head of 50 meters)	202500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	598500 (from a total head of 30 meters)	362250 (from a total head of 50 meters)	236250 (from a total head of 70 meters)	684000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	414000 (from a total head of 50 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7 meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Pumping Systems D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM.

Description	Model- 27	Model- 28	Model- 29	Model- 30	Model- 31	Model- 32	Model- 33	Model- 34
PV array (Wp)	18000	18000	20250	20250	20250	22500	22500	22500
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	20	20	22.5	22.5	22.5	25	25	25
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	100	150	70	100	150	70	100	150
Water output * (Liters per day)	270000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	189000 (from a total head of 100 meters)	465750 (from a total head of 50 meters)	303750 (from a total head of 70 meters)	212625 (from a total head of 100 meters)	517500 (from a total head of 50 meters)	337500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	236250 (from a total head of 100 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/ sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum of 7 meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems with D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM.

Description	Model-1	Model-2	Model-3	Model-4	Model-5	Model-6	Model-7	Model-8	Model-9	Model- 10	Model- 11	Model- 12	Model- 13	Model- 14
PV array (Wp)	1200	1800	3000	3000	3000	4800	4800	4800	6750	6750	6750	9000	9000	9000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	1	2	3	3	3	5	5	5	7.5	7.5	7.5	10	10	10
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	45	45	45	70	100	70	100	150	70	100	150	70	100	150
Water output * (Liters per day)	45600 (from a total head of 30 meters)	68400 (from a total head of 30 meters)	114000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	69000 (from a total head of 50 meters)	45000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	110400 (from a total head of 50 meters)	72000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	50400 (from a total head of 100 meters)	155250 (from a total head of 50 meters)	101250 (from a total head of 70 meters)	70875 (from a total head of 100 meters)	207000 (from a total head of 50 meters)	135000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	94500 (from a total head of 100 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/ sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 2. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – IV (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems with D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM.

Description	Model- 15	Model- 16	Model- 17	Model- 18	Model- 19	Model- 20	Model- 21	Model- 22	Model- 23	Model- 24	Model- 25	Model- 26	Model- 27	Model- 28
PV array (Wp)	11250	11250	11250	11250	13500	13500	13500	13500	15750	15750	15750	15750	18000	18000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	15	15	15	15	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	20	20
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	100	150	180	225	100	150	180	225	100	150	180	225	150	180
Water output * (Liters per day)	168750 (from a total head of 70 meters)	118125 (from a total head of 100 meters)	106875 (from a total head of 120 meters)	84375 (from a total head of 150 meters)	202500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	141750 (from a total head of 100 meters)	128250 (from a total head of 120 meters)	101250 (from a total head of 150 meters)	236250 (from a total head of 70 meters)	165375 (from a total head of 100 meters)	149625 (from a total head of 120 meters)	118125 (from a total head of 150 meters)	189000 (from a total head of 100 meters)	171000 (from a total head of 120 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 2. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – IV (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems D.C. Motor /PMSM/SRM.

Description	Model- 29	Model- 30	Model-	Model- 32	Model-	Model- 34	Model- 35	Model- 36	Model- 37	Model- 38	Model- 39
PV array (Wp)	18000	18000	20250	20250	20250	20250	20250	22500	22500	22500	22500
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	20	20	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	25	25	25	25
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	225	300	150	180	225	300	375	180	225	300	375
Water output * (Liters per day)	135000 (from a total head of 150 meters)	99000 (from a total head of 200 meters)	212625 (from a total head of 100 meters)	192375 (from a total head of 120 meters)	151875 (from a total head of 150 meters)	111375 (from a total head of 200 meters)	91125 (from a total head of 250 meters)	213750 (from a total head of 120 meters)	168750 (from a total head of 150 meters)	123750 (from a total head of 200 meters)	101250 (from a total head of 250 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/ sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 2. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – V

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Solar Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model-	Model-2	Model-3	Model-4	Model-5	Model-6	Model-7	Model-8	Model-9	Model-10	Model-11	Model-12	Model-13
PV array (Wp)	900	1800	2700	2700	4800	4800	4800	6750	6750	6750	9000	9000	9000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	1	2	3	3	5	5	5	7.5	7.5	7.5	10	10	10
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	12	12	12	25	12	25	45	12	25	45	12	25	45
Water output * (Liters per day)	89100 (from a total head of 10 meters)	178200 (from a total head of 10 meters)	267300 (from a total head of 10 meters)	132300 (from a total head of 20 meters)	475200 (from a total head of 10 meters)	235200 (from a total head of 20 meters)	168000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	668250 (from a total head of 10 meters)	330750 (from a total head of 20 meters)	236250 (from a total head of 30 meters)	891000 (from a total head of 10 meters)	441000 (from a total head of 20 meters)	315000 (from a total head of 30 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum 7 meters static suction lift corrected for atmospheric pressure and water temperature.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4. (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE -V (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Solar Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model- 14	Model- 15	Model- 16	Model- 17	Model- 18	Model- 19	Model- 20	Model- 21	Model- 22	Model- 23	Model- 24	Model- 25	Model- 26
PV array (Wp)	11250	11250	11250	11250	13500	13500	13500	13500	15750	15750	15750	18000	18000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	15	15	15	15	17.5	17.5	17.5	20	20
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	12	25	45	70	25	45	70	100	45	70	100	45	70
Water output * (Liters per day)	11,13,750 (from a total head of 10 meters)	5,51,250 (from a total head of 20 meters)	3,93,750 (from a total head of 30 meters)	2,36,250 (from a total head of 50 meters)	6,61,500 (from a total head of 20 meters)	4,72,500 (from a total head of 30 meters)	2,83,500 (from a total head of 50 meters)	1,89,000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	5,51,250 (from a total head of 30 meters)	3,30,750 (from a total head of 50 meters)	2,20,500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	6,30,000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	3,78,000 (from a total head of 50 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum 7 meters.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

Indicative Technical Specifications of Shallow Well (Surface) Solar Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model- 27	Model- 28	Model- 29	Model- 30	Model- 31	Model- 32	Model- 33	Model- 34
PV array (Wp)	18000	18000	20250	20250	20250	22500	22500	22500
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	20	20	22.5	22.5	22.5	25	25	25
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	100	150	70	100	150	70	100	150
Water output * (Liters per day)	2,52,000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	1,62,000 (from a total head of 100 meters)	4,25,250 (from a total head of 50 meters)	2,83,500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	1,82,250 (from a total head of 100 meters)	4,72,500 (from a total head of 50 meters)	3,15,000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	2,02,500 (from a total head of 100 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. Suction head, if applicable, minimum 7 meters.
- 2. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If submersible pumps are used in lieu of surface pumps, the water output must match that of the surface pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – V (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model-1	Model-2	Model-3	Model-4	Model-5	Model-6	Model-7	Model-8	Model-9	Model- 10	Model-	Model- 12	Model-	Model- 14
PV array (Wp)	1200	1800	3000	3000	3000	4800	4800	4800	6750	6750	6750	9000	9000	9000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	1	2	3	3	3	5	5	5	7.5	7.5	7.5	10	10	10
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	45	45	45	70	100	70	100	150	70	100	150	70	100	150
Water output * (Liters per day)	42000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	63000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	105000 (from a total head of 30 meters)	63000 (from a total head of 50 meters)	42000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	100800 (from a total head of 50 meters)	67200 (from a total head of 70 meters)	43200 (from a total head of 100 meters)	141750 (from a total head of 50 meters)	94500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	60750 (from a total head of 100 meters)	189000 (from a total head of 50 meters)	126000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	81000 (from a total head of 100 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 2. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – V (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model- 15	Model- 16	Model- 17	Model- 18	Model- 19	Model- 20	Model- 21	Model- 22	Model- 23	Model- 24	Model- 25	Model- 26	Model- 27	Model- 28
PV array (Wp)	11250	11250	11250	11250	13500	13500	13500	13500	15750	15750	15750	15750	18000	18000
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	15	15	15	15	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	20	20
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	100	150	180	225	100	150	180	225	100	150	180	225	150	180
Water output * (Liters per day)	157500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	101250 (from a total head of 100 meters)	95625 (from a total head of 120 meters)	75375 (from a total head of 150 meters)	189000 (from a total head of 70 meters)	121500 (from a total head of 100 meters)	114750 (from a total head of 120 meters)	90450 (from a total head of 150 meters)	220500 (from a total head of 70 meters)	141750 (from a total head of 100 meters)	133875 (from a total head of 120 meters)	105525 (from a total head of 150 meters)	162000 (from a total head of 100 meters)	153000 (from a total head of 120 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 3. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

ANNEXURE – V (CONTD.)

Indicative Technical Specifications of Solar Deep well (submersible) Pumping Systems with A.C. Induction Motor Pump Set

Description	Model- 29	Model- 30	Model- 31	Model- 32	Model- 33	Model- 34	Model- 35	Model- 36	Model- 37	Model- 38	Model- 39
PV array (Wp)	18000	18000	20250	20250	20250	20250	20250	22500	22500	22500	22500
Motor Pump-set capacity (HP)	20	20	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	25	25	25	25
Shut Off Dynamic Head (meters)	225	300	150	180	225	300	375	180	225	300	375
Water output * (Liters per day)	120600 (from a total head of 150 meters)	90000 (from a total head of 200 meters)	182250 (from a total head of 100 meters)	172125 (from a total head of 120 meters)	135675 (from a total head of 150 meters)	101250 (from a total head of 200 meters)	81000 (from a total head of 250 meters)	191250 (from a total head of 120 meters)	150750 (from a total head of 150 meters)	112500 (from a total head of 200 meters)	90000 (from a total head of 250 meters)

^{*} Water output figures are on a clear sunny day with three times tracking of SPV panel, under the "Average Daily Solar Radiation" condition of 7.15 kWh/sq.m. on the surface of PV array (i.e. coplanar with the SPV modules).

- 1. For higher or lower head / PV capacity, or in between various models; water output could be decided as per the clause 4 (i.e. Performance Requirements) specified earlier.
- 2. If surface pumps are used in lieu of submersible pumps, the water output must match that of the submersible pumps as specified in this table.

Guidelines on Testing Procedure for Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping System

1 SCOPE

These Guidelines lays down basis for the testing set up and testing procedures for Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) water pumping system. The SPV water pumping system covered are centrifugal pumps of all types from 1HP (0.75 kW) to 25 HP (18.75 kW).

2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

The Indian and IEC Standards listed at Annex A contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provision of this standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated in Annex A. The latest editions of the indicated standards should be considered.

3 DEFINITIONS OF SYSTEMS AND PARAMETERS

3.1 Systems

3.1.1 Stand-Alone Solar PV Water Pumping System

A Solar PV Water Pumping System in stand-alone operation is neither connected to the grid nor to battery bank and is comprised mainly of the following components and equipment:

SPV modules, cabling, controller, motor pump-set, and hydraulic piping. Combination of all these components shall be unique. Any change in combination will be treated as different model of pumping system.

3.1.2 Motor-Pump Set

The Motor-pump set consists of the pump (centrifugal pump) and the driving motor.

3.1.3 Controller

The controller converts the DC power (DC voltage & Current) of the PV array into a high or low DC voltage power, or converts this DC power into single -phase or multi-phase alternating-current power (voltage or alternating current) suitable for driving the motor of Motor-pump set.

NOTE: - The Controller may also include equipment for MPPT, monitoring, metering and for protection purposes.

3.2 Parameters

Following parameter shall be referred during testing of SPV pumping system:

Table 1 – Param	eters	
Parameter	Symbol	Unit
(1)	(2)	(3)
Array voltage (d.c.)	Va	V
Array current (d.c)	I_a	A
Array open circuit voltage (d.c)	Voc	V
Array short circuit current (d.c)	Isc	A
Array maximum power point voltage(d.c)	Vmpp	V
Array maximum power point current (d.c)	Impp	A
Pressure as measured	p	kg/cm ²
Flow rate	Q	lps /lpm /m³/h
Motor voltage d.c or a.c	Vm	V
Motor current d.c or a.c	I_m	A
Motor voltage (multi-phase a.c)	V _{ms}	V
Motor current (multi-phase a.c)	$I_{ m rms}$	A
Power factor	cosØ	-
AC frequency (or d.c switching frequency)	F	Hz
Motor speed	N	Min ⁻¹
Radiation	E_e	W/m^2
Temperature	T	°C

4 TEST SETUP

4.1 Test Set-Up

Illustration(s) of test set-ups are shown in Figure 1 & Figure 2, and a block diagram of required test set-up is shown in Figure 3. All test set-ups shall conform to applicable model test set-ups referred above and the water level in the sump well, locations of the throttle valve, flow meter and pressure gauge/sensor connections as indicated in the test set-up(s) shall conform to Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3 accordingly.

4.2 Precautions for Test Setup:

Before initiating testing of the SPV pump the following precautions must be followed:

- a) In case of a direct coupled pump-set, proper alignment of input pipe, output pipe and the sensors shall be ensured;
- b) Air tightness in suction line shall be ensured and the general layout of the system pipe work shall be designed to avoid airlocks;
- c) The offset pipe of suction line shall either be horizontal or inclined upward towards the pump and shall never be inclined downward towards the pump to avoid air trapping;
- d) For the delivery head, a pressure gauge/sensor shall be connected to the delivery line with tapping as shown in Figures 1 or 2 or 3. The tapping shall be flush with the inside of the pipe and shall have its axis at right angles to the direction of flow. The pipe set up between the pump outlet and the pressure sensor shall be the same diameter as the manufacturer's outlet fitting. Sensor/gauge may be connected to the tapping point through a flexible hose;
- e) Preferably, a Digital Pressure sensor/gauges of suitable range need to be used for the measurement of head. Care shall be taken to eliminate any leaks in the connecting pipes and to avoid the trapping of air in the connecting pipe or hose;
- f) It is assumed that over the normal operating range of the pump, the pressure drop due to frictional losses between the pump outlet and the pressure sensor will be negligible and the kinetic energy component of the water at the pump outlet will be small compared to the increase in potential energy due to the increased pressure across the pump;
- g) For instantaneous performance testing, pressure can be sustained by means of a simple gate valve in which backpressure is sustained by restricting the flow. An automatic control valve(s) may be used to sustain a constant upstream pressure. Pressure may also be sustained by means of a pre-pressurized air chamber operating with a pressure maintaining valve at the outlet. A real water column may also be used;
- h) A good quality digital flow meter with electrical output linearly proportional to flow rate shall be connected at the other end of the delivery pipe. The distance between the auto control valve and flow meter shall be more than 5d(d=pipe diameter) meters to ensure the laminar flow of water; and
- i) After flow meter the end of the discharge pipe should be beneath the water surface to prevent splashing. This could cause a mixed water / air bubbles fluid entering the pump inlet and affecting its proper operation. If so then a vertical baffle or a similar arrangement shall be inserted in the tank between the pump intake and the return pipe such that water does not make any splash and avoid any bubbles when spread to the bottom of tank to reach the input pump. In this way any small bubbles will be excluded, as they will remain near the surface. Alternatively, a large pipe can be placed around the pump with its top breaking the surface and an arch cut in its base to allow water entry.

4.3 Priming Arrangement

A non-return valve/ foot valve shall be used in suction line, further it may also require suction pipe need to be filled with water for priming purpose in case of surface pumps.

4.4 PV Module Array Structures:

For testing the SPV pump using the actual solar array, outdoor PV array structures with different module mounting capacities (4,6,8,10, etc.) shall be used. The modules are mounted on the structures with a tracking facility to optimize irradiance, power output and accordingly, the total quantity of water pumped in a day.

4.5 Sun Simulator PV Module Tester:

To estimate the wattage of the SPV modules under STC, a high precession (at least class AAA as per IEC 60904-9) sun simulator module tester is required in the pump testing lab. Alternatively, all SPV modules should have STC testing certificate from an NABL accredited test laboratory and the date of testing shall not be later than a year. In the STC testing, if the module is found degraded, the degraded data should be used.

4.6 Simulator (Electrical) Testing

Ideally, the SPV pump should be tested as per the site conditions where it is designed to operate. The details of outdoor testing are discussed in the next sessions. However, for testing under simulated conditions, a programmable Solar PV (SPV) array simulator capable of simulating a given solar PV array configuration (i.e., the number of modules, the type and the series / parallel combination), site radiation and temperature conditions shall be required for laboratory. Measurement equipment with acceptable accuracy and precision shall be used for the detection and data logging of the parameters listed in Table 2.

Table 2 - Core Param	eters to be	Measured a	nd Recorded
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Measurement Uncertainty
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
SPV Array voltage	Va	V	≤1 percent
SPV Array current	Ia	A	≤1 percent
Pressure/head as measured	p	Kg/cm ²	≤2 percent
Flow rate	Q	lps	≤2 percent
Solar irradiance	Ee	W/m ²	≤2 percent

4.7 Test Setup

For the performance testing of SPV pumps a sump well with sensors for sensing, monitoring and recording of pump parameters will be required. The details of the resources required are given below:

- a) Water tank/sump of required dimensions;
- b) SPV modules, Controller, Motor-pump set, cable as per required depth and Other Accessories (Test Sample);
- c) Pressure transducer with data logging system;

- d) Flow Meter with data logging system;
- e) Suction pipe(s) (if applicable);
- f) Discharge pipe(s);
- g) Pyranometers and Temperature sensors with data logging system;
- h) Auto control valves;
- i) SPV array Simulator(s) for simulation of module arrays for testing;
- j) SPV array for realistic testing;
- k) Structure for mounting modules for realistic condition testing; and
- 1) AAA class Sun simulator for testing of modules performance at STC

Refer to the block diagram in Figure 3.

4.8 Constant Head Requirement

Dynamic head variation during test shall be within limit as specified in column 2 of table 3 and the allowable variation in arithmetic average (from the start of flow point to the end of flow point refer to figure 5) of the dynamic head shall be within value specified in column 4 of table 3. Any data with head variation during the test beyond the limit specified in column 3 of table 3 shall be treated as garbage data and shall not be considered in calculations of daily water output.

	Table 3 - Allowable	variation in arithmetic average	e of dynamic head
		Clause 4.8	
SI.	Required Dynamic	Allowable variation in	Allowable variation in
No	head in (meters)	dynamic head during	arithmetic average of dynamic
		test	head
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i.	10	$\pm 15 \% = \pm 1.5 \text{ meter}$	± 0.5 meter
ii.	20	$\pm 10\% = \pm 2 \text{ meter}$	± 0.5 meter
iii.	30	$\pm 10\% = \pm 3 \text{ meter}$	± 0.7 meter
iv.	50	\pm 8 % = \pm 4 meter	± 0.8 meter
v.	70	\pm 7 % = \pm 4.9 meter	± 0.8 meter
vi.	100	$\pm 7\% = \pm 7 \text{ meter}$	± 1 meter
vii.	120	\pm 7 % = \pm 8.4 meter	± 1 meter
viii.	150	$\pm 7 \% = \pm 10.5 \text{ meter}$	± 1 meter
ix.	200	\pm 7 % = \pm 14 meter	± 1 meter
х.	250	$\pm 7 \% = \pm 17.5 \text{ meter}$	± 1 meter

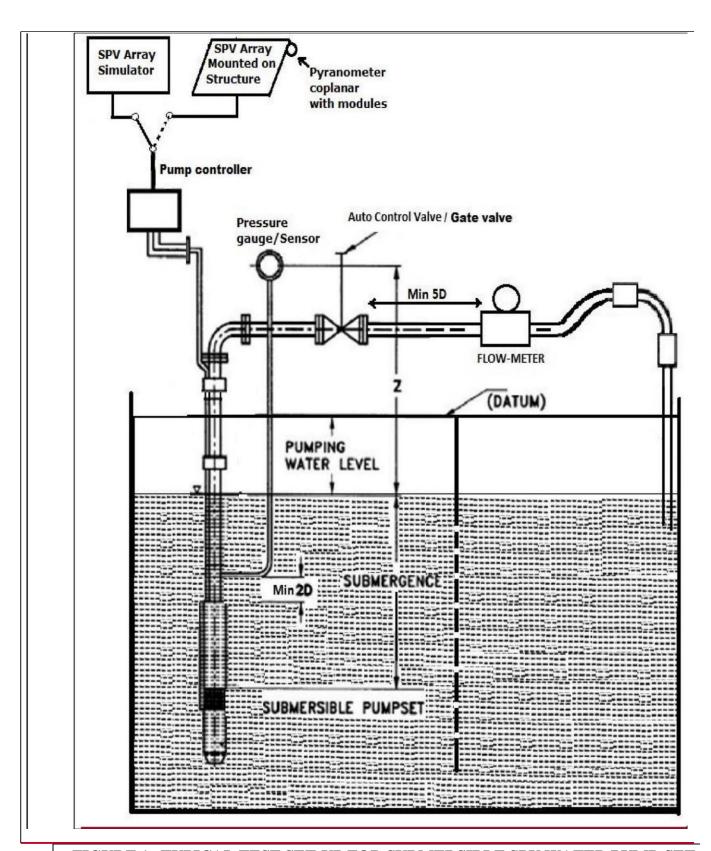


FIGURE 1- TYPICAL TEST SET-UP FOR SUBMERSIBLE SPV WATER PUMP-SET

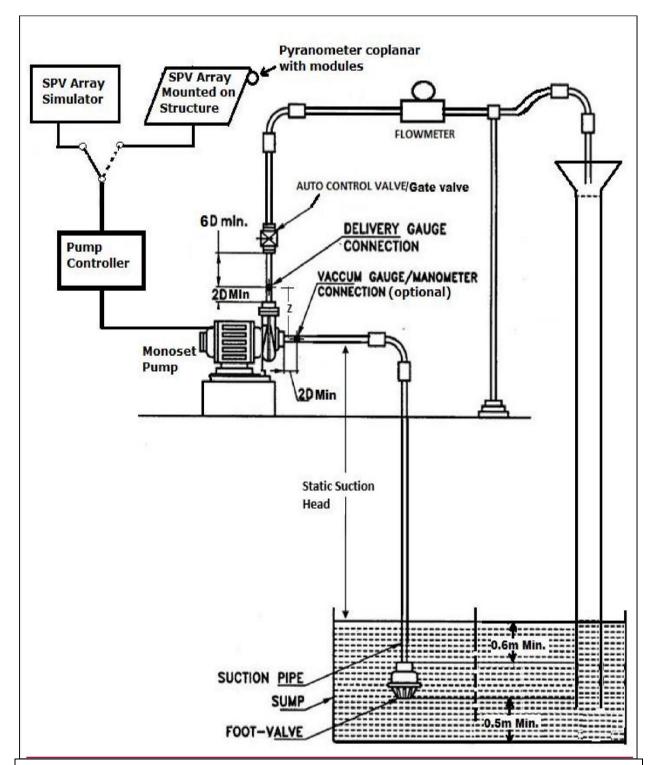


FIGURE 2 – TYPICAL TEST SET-UP FOR SPV SURFACE/MONO-BLOCK WATER PUMP SET

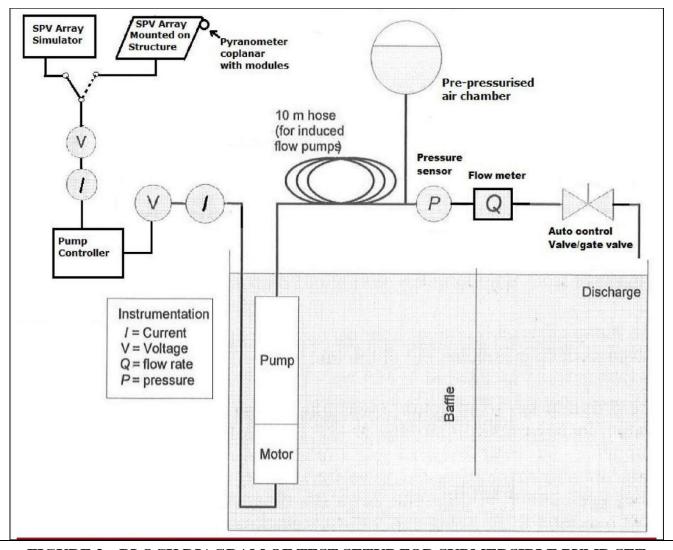


FIGURE 3 – BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP FOR SUBMERSIBLE PUMP-SET

5. TEST PROCEDURE FOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF SPV PUMPING SYSTEM:

There are three major profiles to be completed for comprehensive certification and qualification of a sample SPV water pump as per this standard. Two steps correspond to two simulation profiles, Hot and Cold. The third step corresponds to actual outdoor conditions testing using natural sun radiation. The SPV water pump sample shall attain or exceed the qualification benchmarks set by MNRE for the specified model & design, in all three profiles. Before executing the three profiles testing, it is necessary to conduct the following protections test on the sample:

- 1. **Dry running:** System shall shut down within one minute/manufacturer specification in dry running condition (when the water level goes below pump inlet).
- 2. **Open circuit:** System shall not operate if any phase become open circuited, the controller shall be tripped within one minute/manufacturer specified time.
- 3. Short circuit: System should not operate if any two or all three-phase short circuited.

- 4. **Reverse polarity:** System shall not malfunction if polarity of input power is reverse.
- 5. **Under Voltage:** System shall not operate if terminal voltage goes below the limit specified by the manufacturer.
- 6. **Surge Protection:** A surge protection device (SPD) shall be installed on both the inputs and outputs side.

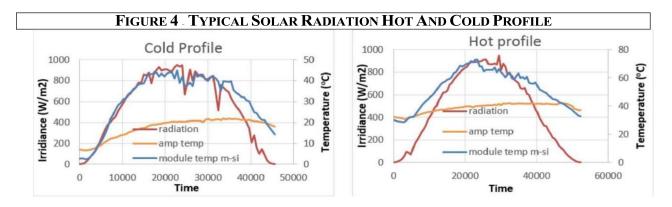
The performance testing of the SPV Pumping System for the three procedures are discussed in the following sections:

5.1 Simulator Methods:

Simulation methods are the easiest and fastest way of estimating SPV pump performance. However, in these methods actual PV array is not used, instead a PV array simulator is used. Here, a Programmable SPV array simulator capable of generating power output equal to actual SPV array under the given radiation and temperature conditions for a given SPV array configuration (i.e., the number of modules, the type and the series / parallel combination) shall be used. Although any radiation & temperature can be created, for the purpose of testing, two conditions one Hot summer day conditions (hot profile) and the other Winter Day conditions (cold profile) shall be used.

5.2 Hot & Cold Profiles:

The typical Hot & Cold day profiles are shown in Figure 4. These profiles of full-day Solar irradiance and temperature shall be loaded in PV array simulator, sequentially one after the other. The simulator output is connected to the motor & pump through the pump controller and the profiles are run-on a real-time basis. The performance parameters as given in table 2 are collected every minute for the entire duration of run time (per day). The total water output and output in liters /watt STC/ day can be estimated at desired constant head / dynamic head for complete duration of profiles. The temperature coefficient of power shall be derived from the IEC 61215/IS 14286 standard test report for the module supplied with the pump of the same model.



Note: Per second data for hot and cold profile may be downloaded from MNRE website using the following link: - https://mnre.gov.in/solar/standard-specs-cost

5.3 Outdoor Condition using sun radiation:

To operate the motor-pump set using the actual PV array, an array as per the Motor-pump set HP capacity is to be designed. The STC wattage of all the SPV modules is measured first, as per IEC 60904-1/ IS 12762-1 or clause number 11.6 of IEC 61215/ clause number 10.6 of IS-14286. The modules will then be installed on the structures, both in series and parallel combinations, as required, are connected and a designed PV module array is created. The array output is connected to the Motor & Pump through the pump controller.

Per day water output test has to be performed at desired constant dynamic head for complete day from dawn to dusk (sunrise to sunset). Irradiance shall be measured at coplanar to modules. Tracking may be done manually or automatically. Total flow shall be corrected at reference Average Daily Solar Radiation of 7.15 kWh/m2 on the surface of SPV array (i.e., coplanar with the SPV Modules). Results of the SPV pumping system obtained under outdoor conditions shall meet the performance requirement of the system.

NOTES: -

- 1. Handle SPV modules carefully during installation.
- 2. SPV modules to be free from dirt (sand, bird droppings etc.,) during the test.
- 3. Install SPV modules in shadow free access-controlled area
- 4. Tracking shall be minimum three time in a day for maximum performance
- 5. Pyranometer shall be mounted co-planer with SPV modules.

Recording, measurement & logging of flow for the period of hot profile, cold Profile and Realistic condition needs to be done.

5.4 Remote Monitoring System Verification

Provision for remote monitoring of the installed pumps shall be made in the controllers through an integral arrangement and it shall be capable of providing live status/parameters through online portal.

6 MEASUREMENTS AND APPARATUS

6.1 Solar Radiation Measurement

Solar radiation at co-planar with the Module surface shall be measured using a pyranometer. Response time of the pyranometer should not be more than 15 seconds. The interval between two readings should not be more than one minute for the calculation of average daily solar radiation.

6.2 Measurement of Head

6.2.1 Delivery Head

Digital pressure gauge/sensor shall be used, also a data logging system shall be used for calculation of average head through day. Interval between the two readings shall not be more than one minute for the calculation of average head. Accuracy for pressure sensor shall be within \pm 0.5 percent.

6.2.2 Suction Lift

Suction lift shall be kept constant by mean of vertical distance between sump water level to centre of Pump impeller. Correction in suction lift shall be applied as per atmospheric pressure at the testing place and water temperature.

Distance measuring scale or laser-based sensors may also be used for suction lift measurement.

6.3 Measurement of Rate of Flow

A good quality Magnetic flow-meter of minimum 0.5% accuracy class shall be used for flow measurement, data logging system shall be used for calculating cumulative water volume throughout the day. The maximum flow rate of flowmeters should be at least 1.5 times the maximum flow rate of pumps. Instrument can be selected as per 3.2 of IS 11346. Interval between two readings shall not be more than one minute for the calculation of cumulative flow. Accuracy of flowmeters shall be within \pm 0.5 percent.

7 CALIBRATIONS OF APPARATUS

All measuring instruments have to be calibrated periodically as per requirement.

8 STEP-WISE TEST PROCEDURE

8.1 Per Day Water Flow Test of Submersible Pumps

- a) Install the Pump-set as per Figure 1;
- b) Connect Pump-set with controller as per manufacturer instruction;
- c) Use Solar PV Array Simulator Or actual output from SPV array, for testing the pump-set at the given profile;
- d) Connect controller with SPV array Simulator or with actual SPV array output as per requirement of profile;
- e) Input STC performance data of each module in the array, into simulator and invoke the desired profile and run the same;
- f) For a realistic condition test, make an array by mounting all SPV modules on structure(s) by connecting modules in series or parallel as per requirement;
- g) Start the controller after connecting it with the array or array simulator;

- h) Use a head control valve or pre-pressurize tank to keep constant desired dynamic head;
- i) Tabulate the readings in Table 2 and the recording interval shall be less than or equal to 1 minute.

8.2 Per Day Water Flow Test of Surface Pumps

- a) The pump-set should be installed as demonstrated in Figure 2
- b) Maintain height to get desirable static suction lift as per requirement
- c) Install foot valve or non-return valve as per manufacturer instructions; and
- d) Follow steps (b) to (i) of para No. 8.1

9 OBSERVATIONS

The following observations of the complete day profile shall be recorded in a test record sheet. The following observations shall be used to derive pump characteristics:

- a) Instantaneous Solar irradiation (W/m2), pyranometer reading;
- b) Delivery gauge/sensor readings;
- c) Suction gauge/sensor readings / Distance between water level to impeller eye, (if applicable);
- d) Gauge distance correction factor, Z;
- e) Calculate cumulative daily solar radiation on surface co-planar with solar modules (kWh/m2);
- f) Calculate total water discharge in a day at the desirable constant head (Litre per Day);and
- g) Water output per day per watts peak (Litre/Wp).

10 COMPUTATION OF TEST READINGS

10.1 Computation of Total Head for Surface (Mono-set) Pump

Total Head H = HSSL + Hd + Z + [(Vd2-Vs2)/2g)]

- HSSL = Total Static suction Lift in meters of water column (measured by calibrated measuring tape or any distance measuring sensors)
- Hd = Delivery gauge/sensor reading in meters of water column
- Z = Gauge distance correction factor for delivery gauge centre and inlet pipe centre in meters (see figure 3). If the delivery gauge centre is below the inlet pipe centre, Z is subtracted from the delivery gauge reading and if the delivery gauge centre is above inlet pipe centre, Z is added to the delivery gauge reading; the gauge distance correction factor shall never be applied to the suction vacuum gauge or mercury manometer reading irrespective of their positions:
- V_d = Velocity at delivery gauge/sensor connection, m/s;
- V_s = Velocity at suction gauge/sensor connection, m/s; and

g = Acceleration due to gravity in m/s2.

The Total Static Suction Lift in surface pump (H_{SSL})

H_{SSL} = Height in meter from water level to impeller + Altitude correction in meter + water temperature correction in meter.

10.1.1 Correction for Altitude

Barometric pressure shall be recorded at test place. The difference between atmospheric pressure at the test place and 10.33 mWC (that is atmospheric pressure at MSL) shall be deducted from Static suction lift.

10.1.2 Correction for Water temperature

Static suction lift specified in the below Table shall be increased or reduced as given below when the water temperature is below or above 33°C.

Table 4 - Correction for water temperature

Table 4 - Correction for water temperature					
Hourly Average of	Vapour pressure	Correction in Static suction lift			
Water Temperature	mWC	above and below 33°C water			
°C		temperature mWC			
10	013	+ 0.39			
15	0.18	+ 0.34			
20	0.24	+ 0.28			
25	0.33	+ 0.19			
30	0.43	+ 0.09			
33	0.52	0.00			
35	0.58	- 0.06			
40	0.76	- 0.24			
45	1.00	- 0.48			
50	1.28	- 0.76			

Suction lift shall be adjusted minimum 3 time in a day as per average water temperature and barometric pressure, by adjusting water level of tank.

Following formula can also be used on behalf of table

$$4 y = -0.0007 x^2 + 0.0130 x + 0.3079$$

Where

y = Correction in Static suction lift

x = Average water temperature.

10.2 Computation of Total Head for Submersible Pump-sets

Total head $H = Hd + Z + [(V_d^2)/2g]$ Where:

Hd = Delivery gauge/sensor reading in meters of water column;

Z = Gauge distance correction factor for delivery gauge. Distance between gauge/sensor center to tank water level (refer figure 1).

Vd = Velocity at delivery gauge/sensor connection in m/s;

 $g = Acceleration due to gravity in m/s^2$.

10.3 Total Water Per-Day

Total water output per day shall be calculated by Integration (Sum) of flow rate with respect to time. Integration shall start from the time when pump set achieve desired constant head in morning time (start point refer figure 5) and end at the time when pump set unable to achieve desired constant head in evening time (End point refer figure 5).

In case if Average Daily Solar Radiation found less than requirement then test shall be performed on next sunny day.

10.4 Water Output Per Day Per Watt Peak

Water output per day per watts peak (liter/Wp) = Water output (Liters) per day at specified head / Array STC power in watts-peak

10.5 Cumulative Daily Solar Radiation

Cumulative Solar Radiation (kWh/m2) in a day= Average of instantaneous irradiance reading from Dawn to Dusk (kW/m2) period of time in hours.

This can be obtained through time weight summation of pyranometer readings.

Dawn = Time of sunrise when irradiance become positive from zero value.

Dusk = Time of sunset when irradiance become zero from positive value.

10.6 Mismatch in maximum power at STC among modules of array

The mismatch shall be calculated as under:

%Power mismatch in array=
$$\frac{(PMax-PMin)}{(PMax+PMin)}$$
x100

 P_{Max} = Maximum power among modules in array, and

 P_{Min} = Minimum power among modules in array

10.7 Efficiency of Array

The efficiency of Array = Power output from array / (total area of modules in $m2 \times Sun$ radiation in watts/m2)

10.8 Fill Factor of Array

Fill factor of Array = This has to be measured using a PV array tester. This depends on the overall series resistances and shunt resistances of modules in the array.

10.9 Output Voltage of Array

Output Voltage of Array = Sum of voltages of modules in series. In parallel connected module strings, the lowest voltage generating strings will set the voltage.

10.10 Output Current of Array

Output Current of an Array = Sum of currents of the parallel strings in the array. The output current of a string is controlled by the lowest current generating module.

10.11 Output Power of Array

Output Power of Array = Sum of power of all modules- mismatch loss. This can be measured by PV array tester.

11 EXAMPLES:

Total per day flow

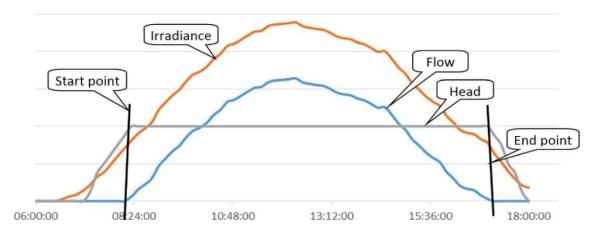


FIGURE 5- TYPICAL GRAPH FOR UNDERSTANDING CALCULATION

If pump achieved constant head at 8:15:30 AM (Start point in figure 5) and in evening Pump unable to keep constant desired head at 17:45:30 PM (End point in figure 5).

Flow rate in lps is recorded from 08:15:30 AM to 17:45:30 PM (start point to end point) If the average calculated is 3.55 lps, then the total flow will be

Total duration of flow = End Time - Start time
=
$$17:45:30 - 8:15:30$$

= $9 \text{ h}: 30 \text{ m}: 0 \text{ s}$

Total duration from start to end in seconds:

$$= (9x3600) + (30x60) + (0x1) = 34200$$
seconds

Total discharge per day in liters = Average flow in lps x Total no of seconds

$$= 3.55 \times 34200 = 121410$$
 liters

For a realistic test, correct total flow at reference Average Daily Solar Radiation as specified in MNRE specifications.

12 TEST REPORTS

In order to have uniformity, the test reports issued by the Labs shall use a common format developed by NISE. The test report shall be issued only in the name of applicant and shall clearly indicate that whether the Solar PV water pumping system qualify as per MNRE specifications or not along with the details. A soft copy of test report shall also be provided to the applicant and shall be made available on web-portal of test lab, which may be accessed by the implementing agencies for verifying the authenticity of the report.

13 USE OF OTHER BRAND OF SOLAR MODULES

In case a test lab has tested and issued approval certificate for a particular model of SPV pumping system using a particular brand and a particular Wp of SPV Modules, SPV Modules of other brand may also be used for the purpose for the same model of SPV pumping system without going for re-testing of complete SPV pumping system with other brand (or the higher Wp of same brand) of SPV Module, provided the test lab certifies that the SPV Module of other brand(or originally tested brand) is at least of same wattage capacity and its parameters and characteristics are not inferior to the brand of SPV Module with which the model of SPV pumping system was tested and certified by the testing lab. In addition, the total wattage capacity of the Solar Array with the proposed model of SPV Modules shall be equal or higher than the wattage capacity specified by the MNRE for that model of SPV pumping system. The proposed model of SPV module shall also meet the following conditions:

- Solar Array Maximum voltage Vmpp with new brand module shall be within ±2% of earlier module.
- Modules Efficiency and Fill Factor shall qualify the minimum requirement of MNRE specifications
- Array and module Mismatch shall meet the MNRE specifications.
- SPV module shall follow the quality control order issued by MNRE from time to time.

14 LABS AUTHORISED FOR SOLAR PUMP TESTING

- Any lab accredited by NABL for testing of solar PV water pumping system as per MNRE specifications and testing procedure, and The National Institute of Solar Energy are authorized to issue approval certificate on successful testing of a solar PV water pumping system.
- Soft copy of test report shall be made available to implementing agencies on request basis.
- Logged data for Head, flow & radiation shall be preserved by laboratory at-least for
 1
 year.

	LIST OF REFFERED STANDARD		
IS No.	Title		
17018-1 :	Solar Photovoltaic Water Pumping System Part 1 Centrifugal Pumps —		
2018	Specification		
	Crystalline Silicon Terrestrial Photovoltaic (PV) Modules — Design		
14286 : 2010	Qualification and Type Approval		
3043 : 1987	Code of Practice for Earthing		
	Technical requirements for rotodynamic special purpose pumps (first		
5120 : 1977	revision)		
11346 : 2003	Tests for Agricultural and Water Supply Pumps — Code of Acceptance		
6603 : 2001	Stainless Steel Bars and Flats		
6911 : 2017	Stainless steel plate, sheet and strip Stainless steel plate, sheet and strip		
	Three-phase squirrel cage induction motors for centrifugal pumps for		
7538 : 1996	agricultural applications		
8034 : 2018	Submersible pump sets - Specification (second revision)		
	Electric Monoset pumps for clear, cold water for agricultural and water		
9079 : 2018	supply purposes - Specification (second revision)		
9283 : 2013	Motors for submersible pump sets		
	Code of acceptance tests for agricultural and water supply pumps (first		
11346 : 2002	revision)		
14220 : 2018	Open well submersible pump sets — Specification		
	Single-phase small AC electric motors for centrifugal pumps for agricultural		
14582 : 1998	applications		
ISO 9905 :			
1994	Technical specifications for centrifugal pumps — Class I		
IEC 60068-2-			
6:2007	Environmental testing – Part 2-6 Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)		
IEC 60068-2-	Environmental testing – Part 2-30 Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 +		
30:2005	12h cycle)		
IEC 60146-1-	Semiconductor converters - General requirements and line commutated		
1:2009	converters Part 1-1 Specification of basic requirements		
IEC 60364-4-	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety -		
41 : 2005 IEC 60364-7-	Protection against electric shock Low voltage electrical installations - Part 7-712: Requirements for special		
712 : 2017	installations or locations - Solar photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems		
IEC 60529 :	installations of locations - Solai photovoltaic (1 v) power supply systems		
1989	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)		
IEC 60947-1 :	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (if code)		
2007	Low-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 1: General rules		
IEC 61000-6-	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards -		
2:2016	Immunity standard for industrial environments		
	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-3: Generic standards -		
IEC 61000-6-	Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial		
3:2006	environments		
IS/IEC 61683	Photovoltaic Systems — Power Conditioners — Procedure for Measuring		
:1999	Efficiency		
IS/IEC 61730-	Photovoltaic (Photo Voltaic (PV)) Module Safety Qualification Part 1		

1:2004	Requirements for Construction
IS/IEC 61730-	Photovoltaic (Photo Voltaic (PV)) Module Safety Qualification Part 2
2:2004	Requirements for Testing
IEC 61800-	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements
3:2017	and specific test methods
IEC 62109-	Safety of power converters for use in photovoltaic power systems - Part 1:
1:2010	General requirements
IEC 62305-	Protection against lightning - Part 3: Physical damage to structures and life
3:2010	hazard
IEC	Sound system equipment – Electro-acoustical transducers - Measurement of
62458:2010	large signal parameters
IEC 60904/IS	Procedures for the measurement of current-voltage characteristics (I-
12762-1	V curves) of photovoltaic (PV) devices in natural or simulated sunlight.

Note: - The latest editions of the indicated standards should be considered.

Technical Specification and Testing Procedure for

Universal Solar Pump Controller (USPC)

1. Preamble:

The Controller for Solar PV pumping system is the heart and brain of the system. The Solar PV pumping system deployed at huge cost to the farmer and the exchequer for the Government is currently utilised only for half of the days in a year (around 150 days per year) on an average. In order to optimally utilize the solar photovoltaic system that generates the electricity throughout the year during sunshine hours, the controller supplied for installation of solar pumping system should be able to perform several other tasks for agricultural and other needs of a farmer. This will increase the productivity of agriculture sector and income of farmer. With the use of USPC the solar system could be used effectively throughout the year.

2. Technical Specification for Stand Alone Application

The USPC with SPV modules and structure can be used for agrarian applications such as water pumping, apple grading and polishing system, wheat (grain) flour grinding machine / aata chakki, cutter/chaff, deep-fridger / cold storage, blower fan for cleaning of grains, heating loads and any other standard voltage (400/415V) three phase motor/equipment of capacity not more than the capacity of Solar PV pumping system. The USPC operation schematic diagram is shown in Fig. 1. Further, the applications are not limited upto the few shown in the figure.

I. Following table gives specifications of electrical supply from USPC for motors other than the solar pumps. For operating the pump the USPC must follow the MNRE specifications for SPV pumping systems.

Sr		
No.	Description	Desired requirement
1	Motor Supply Phases	Three phase R-Y-B
2	Rated motor frequency	48-50Hz
3	Frequency operation	0 to 52Hz
4	Rated motor voltage	415V ± 5%
		Constant V by F or constant
5	Desired motor operation	motor flux control

II. Proposed electrical properties of USPC when operating motors other than motorpump set:

Sr	Description	Desired requirement
No.		
1	Characteristic of voltages	Pure sinusoidal or Filtered AC output voltage at motor terminal. No PWM pulses allowed at the motor terminal, as it generates pronounced voltage spikes. The USPC output is intended to use for the traditional induction motors based applications which are design for sinusoidal grid supply.
2	THD of motor terminal voltages	Below 3%
3	THD of motor current (in case of balance/linear motor)	Below 5%
4	Balance supply	Three phases should be balanced and no negative sequence components to be allowed
5	Voltage spikes	Recurring or non-recurring voltage spikes more than 620V (peak of 440V AC supply) is not allowed
6	Alarms and	Output voltage low, Output frequency low/high, Low
	Protections	irradiance/PV power, Current overload, Peak Torque

- III. Controller should be able to run SPV pumping system as per MNRE specifications as well as any other type of motor of suitable rating, subject to the load characteristics of the equipment in which the motor is used is any of the following:
 - a) Constant torque loads
 - b) Constant power loads
 - c) Quadratic loads
 - d) Impact loads
 - e) Hydraulic loads

Subject to the maximum torque being not more than 150% of the rated torque of the motor.

- IV. To ensure energy efficiency of solar PV system and to maintain reliability of PV installation against aging effect, module mismatch with time, partial shading, etc., the desired USPC properties and configuration should be as follows:
 - (a) Static MPPT efficiency of USPC should be equal or more than 98% during operation of 10 to 100% of rated STC PV power, and average MPPT tracking efficiency in the dynamic condition should be greater than 97 % with hot and cold profiles when feeding the water pumping, hydraulic or heating loads, so as to maintain MPPT irrespective of variation in solar energy or irradiance.

(b) USPC efficiency should be as follows for the operation at 80% rated STC power of the PV array:

Sr No.	SPV pumping	Controller power efficiency should		
	system capacity	be more than or equal to		
1	3 HP	93.00%		
2	5 HP	93.00%		
3	7.5 HP	94.00%		
4	10 HP	94.50%		
5	15 HP	94.50%		

(c) Considering voltage variation over the year due to variation in temperature, irradiance and effect due to ageing, environmental damages to PV panels with time, USPC should have MPPT channels as an integral part of system (or externally connected part) with wide range of input PV voltage for MPPT tracking of the PV panels. Input voltage range variation should be tested as per manufacturer declaration (min, nominal or 90% of the maximum) or if no declaration is made than at least it should be tested as per the table given below:-

Sr	Motor Pump	Input voltage range			
No.	set capacity	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	
1	3 HP	(0.85*Vnominal)		(1.15*Vnominal)	
2	5 HP	(0.85*Vnominal)		(1.15*Vnominal)	
3	7.5 HP	(0.85*Vnominal)	Nominal	(1.15*Vnominal)	
4	10 HP	(0.85*Vnominal)		(1.15*Vnominal)	
5	15 HP	(0.85*Vnominal)		(1.15*Vnominal)	

- V. There should be Mode selection located on control panel of the USPC along with display and user should be able to select either to run motor-pump set of any other application. The software/firmware required to operate these applications must get automatically loaded when an appropriate position of the switch is engaged.
- VI. USPC must have at least four numbers of three phase output cables to feed power to the applications. The output power cable for specific application should get selected automatically upon selection of applications via keypad or via mobile or via remote control connectivity. The manual selector switch should not be used at the output to manage different loads. This is to ensure the hassle-free operation of applications by farmer with adequate safety.

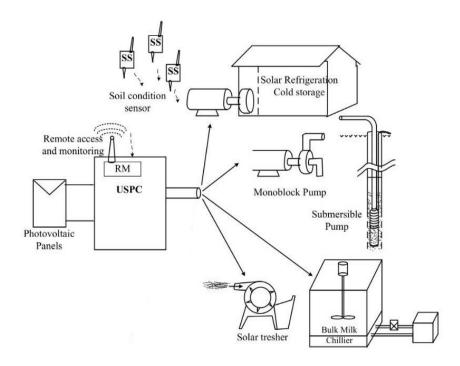


Fig. 1. USPC operation schematic diagram.

VII.USPC based Solar system must be equipped with Remote monitoring and remote fault identification:

- (a) Remote monitoring features should be integral part of solar pump controller and should provide time wise remote monitoring of PV voltage, PV Power, Water output, head, when used in solar pump mode. When operated in farm equipment mode, it should show, PV voltage, PV power, motor voltage, motor current and motor frequency.
- (b) Cumulative energy generation from PV panels for a month, year and 5 years should be provided.
- (c) Remote monitor should show current status of system like On, Off and fault.
- (d) Software associated with remote monitoring should also provide location of SPV pumping system.
- (e) Controller should have support of sufficient Internal memory/ SD card / memory card to support remote monitoring in case of network failure.

USPC must have IP65 protection.

Testing Procedure for Universal Solar Pump Controller (USPC)

USPC must be tested in two principle modes:

- 1. As an offgrid solar pump controller: the testing should be as per MNRE specifications and Test procedure.
- 2. As a controller to operate motorized farm equipment: The testing should be as described below.

To test the USPC in the second mode the test centres must have standard actual mode suitable for 4 loading modes. The input to the USPC must be from a solar PV simulator using the hot and cold profiles issued by MNRE. Following tests may be performed on USPC driving the agrarian load like Atta Chakki, Chaff Cutter and Deep Freezer under test. The USPC must be able to operate these motors of the attached agrarian load, so that they deliver the rated torque and are able to also operate till 150% of the rated torque for 30 seconds.

S. No	Test Performed	Expected result	Test Lab Observation	Remarks
1	Application description on screen and selection of applications	LCD screen provided on controller need to shows various applications which can be selected by keypad using up-down and enter key		
2	Mode operation of applications (Automatic: through keypad or remote / Manual: control switches)	Universal Solar Agriculture controller should come with multiple outputs which can be permanently connected to the application by selecting appropriate options for example following applications should automatically started by USPC by appropriate mean such as keypad or remote for selection. (i) Water Pumping (ii) Chaff Cutter (iii) Deep fridge/ Cold Storage (iv) Atta Chakki Manual changeover is not allowed.		

3	Application Specific output (Application specific software)	individual app software to a applications of and output of	d have inbut plication specificant the agraria other than pump of the controll itable for above plications	ic an ps er	-		
4	Input PV voltage range Minimum – Voc at STC Nominal – Voc at STC Maximum – Voc at STC						
5	USPC Efficiency	Efficiency of	the UPSC at	min	imum	VO	C
	measurement in Hot and cold profile should be measured as per BS EN 50530/IEC 62891	Load %	Charge controller eff (%)	Po tra	wer acking ficiency	Overa	ll charge ller efficiency
		10					
		25					
		50					
		75					
		100					
			the UPSC at N	lom	inal	VOC	
		10					
		25					
		50					
		75					
		100					
		T100 1 0	4 IIDGG 46		63.4	T 74	0.0
			the UPSC at 9	<u> </u>	of Max	V	OC .
		10 25					
		50					
		75					
		100					
		100	I	1		1	
		Dynamic MPPT Efficiency					
		Hot Profile					
		Cold Profile					
6	Ripple and distortion	Should below 5 % after 25 %					
	at output on full load	loading condi					

7	Measurement of Output voltage waveform	Three phase output with up to 440 V rms pure Sine Wave to be measured at least 4 times between 300W/m2 irradiance and maximum irradiance as per	CF value should be provided by lab for voltage and	
8	Operation at different output from array with all four load types (Array wattage as per MNRE model:	the irradiance profile. Above	Power value should be recorded by the lab with	Motor current should be recorded (for torque behavior) It must be
	Example 4800 Wp array) At 40% Power At 50% Power At 75% Power At 100% Power		all agrarian supported by USPC	almost constant irrespective of available DC power from array (motor running condition). This is for Impact loading condition (such as Chaff cutter) current variation need to be
9	Operation at different output from array with all four load types (Array wattage as MNRE model: Example 4800 Wp array) At 10 % Power At 25 % Power At 30 % Power	USPC need to run all the agrarian load in variable frequency at the lower irradiance value The load may be increased beyond 150% of rated torque to determine at what level the motor is stalling and stopping and it must trigger 'torque overload' alert. If it goes beyond 150% of the motor rated torque the USPC must trip indicating an 'overload tripping'.	Motor current should be recorded (for torque behavior) as it is a function of V/F ratio controlled by USPC	
10	Total circuit protection observation	 Soft Startup, low radiation protection, overload protection, Open circuit protection Reverse polarity protection 		

Expected output of individual applications must be specify as per their power rating and SPV capacity, such as:

- 1. kg/hour grinding of atta chakki, and granularity.
- 2. Volumetric Iceing of cold storage in x hours.
- 3. Output in terms of kg/hours for a specific capacity grass-cutter.
- 4. Output must be quantified in terms of rate of volume or weight as above for any other applications.

All the test labs authorised to conduct testing for off-grid solar pumping system as per MNRE specifications may also conduct testing of USPC as per procedure prescribed above and issue testing certificates.